

**SWEET
CAPORAI**



CIGARETTES
STANDARD
OF THE
WORLD

SECURITIES.

London
Dec. 1.

	Closing	Price
British Columbia, 1917, 4½ p.c.	100	102
1941, 3 p.c.	76	78
Canada 3 per cent. loan, 1938	82	84
2½ p.c. loan, 1947	72	74
3½ p.c. loan, 1914-19	97	99

Shares RAILWAY & OTHER STOCKS.

100 Atlantic & Nt. West 5 p.c. gua. 1st M. Bonds	107	109
10 Buffalo & Lake Huron £10 shares	11½	12
Do. 5½ p.c. bonds	122	125
Can. Northern, 4 p.c.	90	92
Canadian Pacific, \$100	230½	231½
Do. 5 p.c. bonds	101½	102½
Do. 4 p.c. deb. stock	97	98
Do. 4 p.c. pref. stock	93	94
Algoma 5 p.c. bonds	107	109
Grand Trunk, Georgian Bay, &c., 1st M.	...	...
100 Grand Trunk of Can. ord. stock	23½	23½
100 2nd equip. mg. bds. 6 p.c.	104	106
100 1st pref. stock, 5 p.c.	106	107
100 2nd pref. stock	97½	98½
100 3rd. pref. stock	52½	52½
100 5 p.c. perp. deb. stock	114	116
100 4 p.c. perp. deb. stock	91½	92
100 Great Western shr., 5 p.c.	112	114
100 Quebec Cent., 3½ p.c. deb. stock	82	84
T. G. & B., 4 p.c. bds., 1st mtg.	93	95
100 Well, Grey & Bruce 7 p.c. bds. 1st mtg.	120	124
100 St. Law. & Ott. 4 p.c. bds.	93	95

Municipal Loans.

100 City of Montreal 4½ p.c.	101	103
100 City of Ottawa, 4 p.c.	91	93
100 City of Quebec, 3 p.c., 1937	77	79
redeem, 1928 4 p.c.	96	98
100 City of Toronto, 4 p.c. 1922-28	93	94
3½ p.c., 1929	87	89
5 p.c. gen. con. deb., 1919-20	106	103
4 p.c. stg. bonds	87	89
100 City of Winnipeg, deb. 1914, 4 p.c.	101	103
Miscellaneous Companies.		
100 Canada Company	21	24
100 Canada North-West Land Co.	10½	10½
100 Hudson Bay	10½	10½
Banks.		
Bank of England	225	230
London County and Westminster	20½	21
Bank of British North America	75	76
Bank of Montreal	...	...
Canadian Bank of Commerce	£20	21

MOTOR BUS vs. RAILWAYS

From the railway point of view the motor-bus situation in England is getting to be a serious matter. An elaborate scheme for making England a net work of motor-bus routes has already been put forth and serious work is being done to make it a reality.

Since it is a fact that the motor bus with its great weight and fairly considerable speed tears up roadbed at a very serious rate, one is inclined to the opinion that local authorities may very well lay the restraining hand on the new vehicle until such time as in return for its passenger-carrying rights it makes some adequate contribution to the up-keep of the roads on which its activities are exercised.—(Electrical World.)

STANDARD TIME.

Father Time's young offspring Standard Time, was born thirty years ago, when the new system for measuring time was adopted throughout the United States and Canada. Charles F. Dowd, of Saratoga Springs, N.Y., was the father of standard time, having been the first to suggest the principles on which the system is based. Dowd's scheme, when put into effect, established six standard meridians for the United States and Canada, the 60th, the 75th, the 90th, the 105th, the 120th and the 135th, each being the centre of a region fifteen degrees wide

within which the time conforms to one standard, while it differs one hour in each successive region. The various divisions are known as intercolonial, eastern, central, mountain, Pacific and Sitka time. When it is noon in the intercolonial time belt, it is 11 a.m. eastern time, 10 a.m., central time, 9 a.m. mountain time, 8 a.m. Pacific time and 7 a.m. Sitka time. Intercolonial time is four hours and eastern five hours, central time six hours, mountain time seven hours and Pacific time eight hours west from Greenwich, the central meridian.

Standard time, which has now been adopted by nearly all civilized nations, is a great convenience to all, but especially to railroads and travellers thereon. Before the introduction of standard time there were nearly three-score standards in use in the United States and Canada.

PICTURE EDUCATION.

How to get on or off street cars, the right and wrong ways to cross streets, the right and wrong ways to change seats in a boat, typical accidents on street car systems, fire drills to save life, factory fire brigade in operation and scores of other subjects are shown in motion pictures every day.

Motion picture exhibitions of industrial conditions are regular features at conventions, and meetings in works, held by safety engineers.

Canadian Insurance Companies.—Stocks and Bonds—Montreal		Quotations Dec. 1st, 1913.	
Name of Company.	No. Shares	Last Dividend per year.	Amount paid per share.
British American Fire and Marine	15,000	3½-6 mos.	350
Canada Life	2,500	4-6 mos.	400
Confederation Life	10,000	7½-6 mos.	100
Western Assurance	25,000	5-6 mos.	40
Guarantee Co. of North America	13,372	2-3 mos.	50

BRITISH AND FOREIGN INSURANCE COMPANIES.—		Quotations on the London Market. Market value per pound.	
Shares	Dividend	NAME	Share
250,000	12s. per sh.	Alliance Assur.	20
450,000	12s. per sh.	Do. (New)	1
220,000	7s. 6d. per sh.	Atlas Fire and Life	24s.
100,000	20	Brit. Law Fire, Life	10
20,000	18s. per sh.	Cler. Med. and General	25
295,000	90	Commercial Union	10
100,000	15s. per sh.	Employers' Liability	10
10,000	28s. 6d. per sh.	Equity and Law	100
179,996	10	Gen. Accident, Fire & Life	5
10,000	10	General Life	100
200,000	10	Guardian	10
67,000	16 2-3	Indemnity Mar.	15
150,000	8s. per sh.	Law, Union & Rock	10
75,000	8s. per sh.	Do.	1
100,000	24s. per sh.	Legal Insurance	5
245,640	110	Legal and General Life	50
35,862	20	Liverpool, London & Globe	10
105,850	50	London	25
66,765	15	London & Lancashire Fire	25
40,000	42s. 6d. per sh.	Lon. and Lanca. Life and Gen.	5
50,000	7½	Marine	25
110,000	40s. per sh.	Merchants' M. L.	10
300,000	40	North British & Mercantile	25
44,000	30s. per sh.	Norwich Union Fire	10
309,755	37½	Phoenix	10
689,220	10	Royal Exchange	St.
294,468	83 1-3	Royal Insurance	10
843,800	4	Do. 4% Deb. Red.	St.
264,885	17½	Scot. Union & Ntl. "A"	20
240,000	14s. per sh.	Sun Fire	10
48,000	10	Sun, Life	10
111,314	50	Yorkshire Fire & Life	5
20,000	60	Do	1

is bec
part
any o
ty, w
that
produ
this lo
egg is
shows
produ
respor
turers
metho
profici
ducer
petent
moder
consist
the ne
and st
for egg
pack a
new la
eggs fo
all of
even s

The
as alre
tical m
duction
and ha
demon
sary fo
pacity
the far
values
out. W
alone w
which
increase
no mat
farmers
specialis
tion wil
of the
tend to
and pro

Produ
subject
the res
pecializ
specializ
is the r
Canada
our pro
Until su
zation o
deceptio
markets
of our n
zation, a
lic with
ters of
will have

The g
will ther
practical
food pro
can be
and cons
of the pl
is to pro