

1830.

Brue's Atlas Universel de Geographie. Published by Ch. Picquet, Paris, 1830. (Library of Parliament, Canada).  
Map of North America. (Map No. 37).

All the islands between Greenland and Alaska, south of Smith sound (which is as far north as the map extends) are coloured as British territory. The colour on the whole of Greenland does not accord with the colour on Canada or the United States.

1830.

Weiland's Map of North America, showing possessions. Published at Weimar in 1830. (Geological Survey Department, Draughtsman's Office).

All the islands between Greenland and Alaska, south of Smith sound (which is as far north as the map extends) are coloured as British territory.

1831.

Russell's Atlas of the World. Published by Fisher, Son & Co., London, England in 1831.

(Office of Chief Astronomer, Ottawa, Ont.)

(a) Map of North America.

All the islands south of Lancaster sound are coloured as British territory. North of Lancaster sound to Smith sound (which is as far north as the map extends) the islands are uncoloured.

(b) Map of British dominions in North America.

All the islands south of Smith sound (which is as far north as the map extends) are coloured as British territory.

1837.

Stieler's Hand-Atlas. Published by Justus Perthes, Gotha, 1837. (Office of Chief Astronomer, Ottawa, Ont.)

(a) Polar Map (Plate No. VIII.). Engraved in 1837.

All the islands between Greenland and Alaska, south of Smith sound (which is as far north as the map extends) are coloured as British territory. The western coast of Greenland from the entrance of Smith sound, southerly, to latitude  $71^{\circ}$  is uncoloured. The colour on the remainder of the western coast of Greenland is distinct from that of Canada or the United States.

(b) Map of North America (Plate No. LIV.). Corrected to 1835.

Same as (a) except that the western coast of Greenland from Smith sound, southerly, to latitude  $74^{\circ}$  (approximately), is coloured as British territory.

1840.

Black's General Atlas. Published by Adam and Charles Black, Edinburgh, 1840. (Office of Geographer, Department of the Interior, Ottawa.)

Map of North America (Plate No. XLV.).

This map extends only as far north as Smith sound. Northern Greenland, southerly to Melville bay, and all the islands are shown as British territory.

1840.

Arrowsmith's London Atlas, exhibiting the physical and political divisions of the various countries of the world. Published by John Arrowsmith, London, 1840. (Office of Geographer, Department of the Interior, Ottawa.)

(a) Map of America (Map No. 39).

Northern Greenland and all the islands between Greenland and Alaska, south of Smith sound (which is as far north as the map extends) are coloured as British ter-