

June 29, 1881.

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for the train that connects with the Fall River boats. It has been a day of brightest sunshine. Mrs. Rogers is sleepy and Edith shares the bed...

"Bless the child!" she exclaims. "Charity! As if any one ever thought of such a thing. It's just like me, however, to make a mess of it. I mean well, but somehow I always do make a mess of it. And my prophetic soul tells me, the case of Sir Victor Cameron will be no exception to the rest."

FESTIVAL OF ST. JEAN BAPTISTE. THE CELEBRATION—THE PROCESSION—AN IMPOSING SPECTACLE. Many persons in this, our city of Montreal, were awake from their slumbers this morning by the music of a brass band as it led one of the various French Canadian Societies to the appointed place of rendezvous where the procession was to be formed...

and in every contingency perilous to the life and health of women—youthful or aged, married or single—this great regulator and renovator of the secretive organs and the nervous system is an immediate cure. Their purifying qualities render them invaluable to females at all ages. They are searching and cleansing, yet invigorating, a few doses will speedily remove every species of irregularity in the system, and thereby establish health on a sound and firm basis.

RECEPTION OF THE ARCHBISHOP OF HALIFAX. His Grace the Archbishop of Halifax arrived at Rimouski on Saturday morning last by the Parisian, and reached Amherst on Sunday morning at four. He remained at Amherst over Sunday and came to Truro by the St. John train, where he remained about an hour. The special train conveying the Archbishop to the city reached North Street depot at twenty minutes to nine. His Grace was accompanied by several priests, and by a number of Catholic gentlemen who went to Truro by the midday train for the purpose of escorting him to the city.

spected and accomplished Mayor of the city. He said he did not know how to thank them, nor how to show his gratitude for the magnificent demonstration of friendship so much appreciated by him. This happy reception and the address presented to him were the fitting complement of the many evidences of confidence and esteem shown to him by the Catholics of this city during his long residence among them, and never manifested so often nor so marked a manner as since his appointment to be their Chief Pastor. Had he consulted his own feelings he would have declined this reception, and several weeks before he left Europe, in view of such an event, he wrote to the respected Administrator to discourage such a receipt as it intended; and that he would go to the Cathedral quietly to thank God for his safe return. His Grace said that he had received so many and such striking proofs of the confidence, veneration and respect of his people that he had not any additional evidences of it. It was, however, a source of no ordinary gratification to him to see that after so long an absence their feelings towards him were unchanged, and he accepted the demonstration, in the language of the address, as an evidence of their loyalty to their spiritual head, and of their confidence and good-will to him, and of the sincerity with which they welcomed him. He said that his visit to Rome was to him a source of unalloyed pleasure. It enabled him to perform the duty imposed on every Prelate in the church of visiting the Tombs of the Apostles, and certain points of interest, of seeing churches, sanctuaries and shrines hallowed for centuries, but, above all, of having the unspeakable gratification of being able to tell the holy and learned Pontiff, Leo XIII., of the zeal, generosity and piety of the Catholics of this city, of their devotion to his sacred office and person—of their deep, earnest and warm sympathy with him in his trials and persecutions to which he is subjected. The long period allowed for an interview enabled him to speak in detail of the institutions, the schools, the religious societies of every kind—the friendly relations which exist in the Province between the Catholics and the Government, and the various religious denominations. No one, said His Grace, can live in Rome for any time who must not see that the head of the Church is a captive in his own Palace, and that to leave it would only subject him to insults and indignities from a government without honor or principle. Within a few feet of the stairs by which the Vatican is entered stand the soldiers of the traitor King. It was needless to tell them, as they were all familiar with it, of the thousands of religious of both sexes driven out on the world, their churches and homes confiscated. His Grace said that he would be able to refer to these things more at length at some future time from that pulpit, as also the other scenes and places visited by him. During his stay in England and Ireland he had much intercourse with the bishops, priests and people. He had visited several of their institutions, educational and other, and had got much information that would be of benefit to him in his future administration of this Diocese. He had brought one priest with him, and several others would follow, thereby enabling him to supply the spiritual wants of his flock. He knew it would be a source of gratification and delight to those present when he informed them that the Pope, at his request, had been pleased to bestow upon the very Rev. Canon Power a marked distinction, that the purple had been bestowed upon him as well as the title of Monsignor. He felt certain that the people among whom Father Power had so zealously labored for the last thirty years, and who knew his great worth would be rejoiced at this distinction. He paid a marked compliment to the recipient of the honor, and spoke in eloquent terms of his worth as a man and of his zeal in the discharge of the sacred duties of a priest. His Grace concluded by again thanking the committee and people for the labor they had taken in getting up the magnificent demonstration, and said he would remember it to the day of his death. After the ceremonies were over a number of gentlemen paid their respects to His Grace at the Globe House. In the presence of those and the priests also assembled he handed to Canon Power the paper conferring upon him his title. He was then clothed in his new robes (which were brought out by Rev. Father Murphy) and received the hearty congratulations of both priests and laymen.—Halifax Chronicle.

CATHOLIC NEWS.

Archbishop Tascheranu has resumed his pastoral tour. The Pope held a reception recently, which was attended by over six thousand persons. The ladies were all in black and wore veils, but no gloves. A decree of the Congregation of the Index Episcopalis, at Rome, condems Father Curich's last work. The decree adds that Father Curich has disavowed the book. Rev. Prot. Durocher, who has been connected with the Ottawa College for the past ten years, goes to Lachine, where he will engage in the mission work of the Church of the Holy Spirit. The English Catholic Hierarchy are said to be opposed to emigration to Canada, although some of the leaders are favorable. The Philadelphia correspondent to the London Times quotes Washington statistics, asserting that 12,000 Canadians emigrated during the month of May to the States. The urgent representations of the Pope's physicians have caused the Cardinals to be consulted whether the Pope should not quit Rome in the autumn. They replied that such a provisional change of residence would not imply a cessation of the imprisonment. The Villa of Duke Graciani at Frascati has been talked of for the Pope's temporary residence, but nothing has been decided. Leo XIII. on New Saints.—The Civita Cattolica says:—The pontificate of Leo XIII., like that of Pius IX., will be rendered illustrious by the glorification of a great number of saints elevated to the honor of worship on the altars of the Church. Amongst the many causes which have been, or are about to be, submitted to the examination of the Congregation of Sacred Rites, let us point out that of the cultus offered ad immemorabilem to St. Hilarian, a martyr priest of Espalion, in the diocese of Rodez, France. The cultus of this saint, who lived in the time of Charlemagne, was a disciple of Alcuin, and who was martyred by the Saracens, has come down through several centuries, and is now flourishing in the place of his nativity. Already by the order of the Holy See the process relative to this cause has been opened, translated and copied, and it is hoped that the other formalities previous to the discussion of the cause before the Sacred Congregation, will be soon fulfilled. A new phosphate mine has been opened in the Township of Portland, East, Ottawa County, by Messrs. W. S. Hunter and C. L. Kelso, of Brockville.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

At the Vatican, fears of war with France are entertained. Irving gave Booth three hundred dollars a night for playing at the Lyceum. The reported death of Abdulla Khan is confirmed by dispatches from Afghanistan. Negotiations are afoot for the removal of William Penn's remains to Pennsylvania. The House of Commons, by 175 to 79, has thrown out the bill for the abolition of capital punishment. The present tomb of Victor Emmanuel is said to be a national disgrace. A new one will soon be erected. Of the six thousand pictures sent to the Royal Academy this year, only two hundred were actually accepted. The population of the United Kingdom according to the recent census, is 35,000,000, an increase of 4,000,000 in the decade. Millais' portrait of Beaconsfield is said to be one of his very worst efforts. Nevertheless it has been sold for ten thousand dollars. Miss Rosina Vokes, now Mrs. Cecil Clay, has retired from the stage, but lately appeared in an amateur burlesque for a charity. Schuyler, the representative of the United States at Ponce, has arrived at Belgrade to conclude a commercial and consular convention with Servia. The British Admiralty is having plans prepared for the construction of an iron-clad of the size of the monster lately built for the Italian Government. Lady Beaconsfield, when a young girl, was employed as a shop girl in a millinery store. She married Disraeli three months after the death of her first husband. A London cable announces the appointment of Sir H. T. B. Mæxe as Governor of Newfoundland. Sir John Glover is appointed Newfoundland of the Leeward Islands. As a health renewer Burdock Blood Bitters acts like a charm. In Malaria, Bilious Complaints, Scrofula and all disorders of the Blood, Liver and Kidneys, this great combination of Vegetable Medicines proves a certain specific. A few doses regulate the bowels, and as a restorative Tonic it has no equal. Trial Bottles 10 Cents. 40-2

GYMNASTICS AS A CURE OF DISEASE.

Physical vigor is the basis of all moral and bodily welfare, and a chief condition of permanent health. Like manly strength and female purity, gymnastics and temperance should go hand in hand. An effeminate man is half sick; without the stimulus of physical exercise, the complex organism of the human body is liable to disorders which abundance and chastity counteract. By increasing the action of the circulatory system, athletic sports promote the elimination of effete matter and quicken all the vital processes till languor and dyspepsia disappear like rust from a busy ploughshare. "When I reflect on the immensity of hard-working people from the effects of wrong and over-feeding," says Dr. Boorhaave, "I cannot help thinking that most of our fashionable diseases might be cured mechanically instead of chemically, by climbing a bitterwood tree or chopping it down, if you like, rather than swallow a decoction of its disgusting leaves. The medical philosopher, Aesclepiades, Pliny tells us, had found that health could be preserved, and if lost restored, by physical exercise alone, and not only discarded the use of internal remedies, but made public declaration that he would forfeit all claim to the title of a physician if he should ever fall sick or die but by violence or extreme old age. Aesclepiades kept his word, for he lived upward of a century and died from the effects of an accident. He used to prescribe a course of gymnastics for every form of bodily ailment, and the same physical might be successfully applied to certain moral disorders, incontinence, for instance, and the incipient stages of the alcoholic habit. It would be a remedy ad principium, curing the symptoms by removing the cause, for some of the besetting vices of youth can with certainty be ascribed to an excess of that potential energy which finds no outlet in the functions of our own sedentary mode of life. In large cities parents owe their children a provision for a frequent opportunity of active exercise, as we often find antiepileptic diet in a malarious climate.—Dr. Felix Oswald, in Popular Science Monthly.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are admirably adapted for curing diseases incidental to females. At different periods of life women are subject to complaints which require a peculiar medicine; and it is now an indisputable fact that there is none so suitable for complaints of this nature as Holloway's Pills. For all the debilitating disorders incidental to the sex,

ODDS AND ENDS.

The comet is to be photographed from Greenwich Observatory. The Wimbledon team sailed to-day for England by the Polynesian. The population of Ireland is now 5,159,000, a decrease of 252,500 since 1871. The comet visible here is visible in England, but rather low in the heavens. The hay crop throughout Ontario this season, report says, will be a very heavy one. Luke Duchaine, who tried to shoot Gideon Gauthier, is wanted by the authorities, the Grand Jury at L'Orignal having returned a true bill against him. The amount of five per cent coupon bonds received at the Treasury for continuance at 5 1/2 per cent. to date aggregates \$51,000,000. The amount presented at the London agency is about fourteen millions. Mr. Gladstone, in defending the Transvaal policy of the Government, writes that it is impossible to ignore the powerful Boer sentiment that exists, and also that too much military help would be required. The wife of Benjamin Corporang, of Meteghan, N.S., gave birth, a few days since, to two boys and one girl, weighing respectively 3 1/2 and 4 pounds, all doing well. The woman has had five children in 11 months. Mr. W. H. Coo has discovered a new and extensive deposit of iron ore on his property in the 13th Concession of Tudor, Hastings County, Ont. It is 1,200 feet long by 70 feet wide, and the ore is of great richness. An Ottawa despatch says:—Ex-Alderman Clancy has men at work on the model of his flying machine. He has got it into shape, but it does not work well yet, but he hopes to have every thing "o.k." in a short time.