

General Cadorna's Army Hurls Back the Austrians in an All-Day Battle of Intense Violence

The Daily Standard

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THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 13, 1917.

FAIR AND WARM

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PETROGRAD READY FOR HOSTILITIES; ANTI-HUN RIOT IN BUENOS AYRES

KORNILOFF'S TROOPS NOT NEAR LUGA

Fourteen Bodies of Revolving Troops Arrive and More Coming.

THE GOVERNMENT SENDS SOLDIERS

Situation Remains Complex and Definite Conclusion Not in Sight.

PREMIER KERENSKY STILL OPTIMISTIC

Defense of the Russian Capital May Be Difficult Because of Food Shortage.

Military news is still overshadowed in importance by the Russian internal situation which remains complex with a definite conclusion not in sight.

Petrograd's provisional government, while admitting itself unable to announce the final overthrow of the Korniloff revolt, nevertheless expresses optimism concerning the situation in general.

It was reported in late despatches that General Korniloff's march on Petrograd had been checked, his troops outmaneuvered and their retreat cut off. One unconfirmed report said part of the army was surrendering.

In the Moscow district the trouble is apparently accentuated, as martial law has been declared there. Government spokesmen announced that the army commandments in the Caucasus and Romanian fronts had declared their allegiance to the government, that the loyalty of the commander on the Russian western front was counted upon, but that the attitude of General Klembovsky, commander of the northern front, the sector nearest to Petrograd, was still enigmatical.

The constitutional democratic party has offered to participate in the creation of a cabinet in order that civil war may be avoided. Premier Kerensky will become temporarily commander-in-chief of the Russian armies.

Petrograd Evacuation. Washington, Sept. 12.—Shortage of foodstuffs in Petrograd may make more difficult the defense of the Russian capital by the Kerensky government against the troops led by Gen. Korniloff. Despatches to the state department from United States Ambassador Francis said that an evacuation of Petrograd by a part of the civilian population was under way and gave as a reason the scarcity of supplies rather than military reasons.

Regarding the recent developments in the movement headed by Korniloff the state department today had received no information.

Korniloff's Army. Petrograd, Sept. 12.—The newly formed temporary military committee which had been sitting all night, today received the following information: "Fresh Korniloff troops, consisting of three Sotnia of Cossacks and two batteries of artillery, have arrived at Luga, and have been despatched to the village of Zaravits, 15 versts distant. Altogether fourteen schools have arrived at Luga and many more are on the way."

"The provisional government is in touch with Luga and is taking measures to get into communication with the revolting troops.

The central executive committee of the council of deputies have sent orders to Kronstadt and Viborg to despatch to Petrograd a considerable part of the local forces, all of which are true to the government. Some of these troops already have arrived.

General Batoff, commander of the Dvinsk military district, has assured the government of his support.

General Feodoroff, president of the military league, has been arrested. The council of deputies at Viborg telegraphs that the garrison there as well as the garrisons at Minsk, Smolensk, Orsha and Polotsk stand firm for the government."

(Continued on page 2)

FOUND GUILTY OF KILLING GIRL

Mrs. Alvina Kenniston Convicted at St. Johnsbury, Vt.

St. Johnsbury, Vt., Sept. 12.—The jury which has been hearing the evidence in the trial of several persons on charges of being implicated in the murder of eight year old Alice Bradshaw, returned a verdict of guilty in the second degree against Mrs. Alvina Kenniston, who was arrested with Miss Etta Hicks on July 6. The jury was out forty minutes. A hired man has confessed to being an accessory.

LORD CHIEF JUSTICE IS IN AMERICA

Comes on Special Mission Connected with Finances—Victory Ultimately Certain, He Declares.

An Atlantic Port, Sept. 12.—Viscount Reading, Lord Chief Justice of England, announced on his arrival today that he was on "a special mission in behalf of the British war cabinet" having to do with finances.

He was accompanied by Col. E. D. Swinton, an assistant secretary to the British war cabinet and J. M. Keynes, of the British treasury. "I need not enlarge to you upon the encouragement we and our allies derive from the entry of America into the war. Great as is the material assistance you are contributing to the cause, it was not of greater value than the moral stimulus to those who for more than three long years have been engaged in continuous conflict and have made daily and hourly sacrifices of blood and treasure, surpassing the wildest notions of pre-war prophets.

"Whatever these sacrifices, we have never faltered in our determination to achieve our object; and depend upon it, we shall not falter, assisted and encouraged by your genius and resources, and by your unconquerable spirit the allies must win.

"The struggle is stern and costly, but the cause is great and worthy, it is the vindication of right and the protection of the weak. Victory, delayed perhaps, but ultimately certain, will bring the triumph of the peoples' will over autocratic will, and will dig the graves of unscrupulous schemes of world aggression and of military tyranny. Then and then only, will there be lasting peace."

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OUTBREAK IN CAPITAL OF ARGENTINA

German Business Blocks Set on Fire in Buenos Aires.

GERMAN CLUB IS ATTACKED BY MOB

Great Britain Makes Representations to Swedish Government.

Buenos Ayres, Sept. 12.—The downtown section of the city was the scene of the wildest disorders tonight in connection with great anti-German demonstrations, in which thousands took part. Many of those in the mobs carried firebrands and scores of buildings were set on fire. Several blocks of German business houses were destroyed.

Among the structures attacked were the German Club, one of the finest edifices in the city, and the building of a German daily, La Union.

"In several instances police, who were attempting to shoot at those wielding torches, were set upon by the crowds and disarmed. It was officially announced today that if Germany failed to disavow the action of Count Von Luxburg's action Argentina would recall her minister at Berlin.

British Protest. London, Sept. 12.—The British minister at Stockholm called at the Swedish foreign office yesterday, drew attention to the charges made against the Swedish government by the state department at Washington and expressed his amazement that it was possible for such charges to be brought after the formal assurances given Great Britain some time ago.

The minister added that the British government was surprised that it had not yet received any official explanation from Sweden.

800 U. S. AIRMEN TRAIN IN CANADA

Many Are College Graduates and Sons of Prominent Men.

Tenonto, Ont., Sept. 12.—There are more than 800 members of the United States flying corps in training with the Canadian branch of the Imperial (Royal) Flying Corps in Canada. They are nearly all graduates of U. S. A. universities, including Princeton, Harvard and Yale. There are about 800 being trained as pilots; they are now cadets.

Arrangement was made by the British war office and the war department of the United States for the training to be carried out in Canada. Many of the American lads are sons of families prominent in the financial, industrial and social life of the United States. One of the cadets is the son of a Congressman. They are all going to France when the migration of the Royal Flying Corps south takes place.

NEWFOUNDLAND TO CO-OPERATE

Hon. P. F. McGrath of Food Commission at Ottawa.

Ottawa, Sept. 12.—There is to be close co-operation between the Newfoundland and Canadian food administrations. The Hon. P. F. McGrath, chairman of the Newfoundland Food Control Board, and president of the Newfoundland Legislative Council, is at present in Ottawa, and has had a number of conferences with representatives of the Canadian food administration. He declares that Newfoundland's food control policy will be so derived as to harmonize with the policy adopted by the Canadian food controller.

BULGARIAN QUEEN DIES IN SOFIA

Sofia, Bulgaria, Sept. 12.—(via London)—Queen Eleonora of Bulgaria died here this afternoon. She had been ill for some time and recently King Ferdinand and Crown Prince Boris and Prince Cyril were summoned to her bedside.

Queen Eleonora of Bulgaria was the second wife of King Ferdinand. She was Princess Eleonore of Rouss-Koestel, and was born Aug. 22, 1868. She was married to King Ferdinand Feb. 24, 1908.

BISHOP FALLON OF LONDON INSTITUTES SUITS FOR LIBEL

Prelate Was Charged by Ford Parishioners with Disregarding \$7,000 Claim.

ACCUSED OF OTHER MISDEMEANORS

Charges Were Contained in Letter Which Congregation Made Public.

London, Ont., Sept. 12.—As an aftermath of the trouble at Ford City following the appointment of Father Laurendeau, Bishop Fallon of the London diocese has started libel actions against prominent members of the congregation of the Church of Our Lady of the Lake.

Following the announcement of Bishop Fallon that Father Laurendeau would have to be accepted as the priest in charge, or the church would be closed, the congregation made public a letter to the bishop, in this letter charges were made that he had disregarded a claim of \$7,000 secured in ecclesiastical courts by the late Father Beaudoin, that he had refused an allowance to Father St. Cyr and that he was responsible for the whole trouble in the diocese.

The instructions have been sent from Baltimore, where Bishop Fallon is now preaching, and follow the riots of last Saturday afternoon at Ford.

MUST RESIDE IN CANADA TO BE A VOTER

Debate on Franchise Bill in Committee Ended at Two o'clock This Morning.

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, Sept. 12.—The debate in committee on the franchise bill concluded in the Commons at two o'clock this morning under the closure rule and now stands for third reading. The debate on the third reading will take place today, and if the Liberals show signs of obstruction the government will give notice of closure and the vote will take place on Friday. The bill will then go to the senate on Saturday. There was no reason for compelling the government to resort to closure. A useful day was spent on the bill, and some important amendments were made. P. B. Carvell claimed that in New Brunswick a man might vote tonight if he was a resident of the province or not provided his name was on the list, and Hon. Arthur Meighen, who has charge of the bill, moved an amendment that a man to vote must be a resident of Canada. Mr. Carvell expressed gratification at the acceptance of his suggestion.

Another important amendment came to the table to be opened at six o'clock in the morning instead of nine o'clock in the city. This will accommodate the laboring class, commercial travellers, etc.

There was a good deal of discussion as to the votes for the Canadians in the naval service. Hon. J. D. Hazen showed readiness to meet the views of the opposition in this regard, and as a result the female relatives of the cadets in the royal naval college at Halifax will not be allowed a vote.

REPAIRING CABLE

The residents of Grand Manan will soon have cable connection with the mainland after a few weeks of delay. The Canadian Government steamer Tyrish, Capt. Dickson, had gone to the island from Halifax and is taking up the cable running from the southeast shore of Campbell Island where the break was located.

Special to The Standard. Yarmouth, N. S., Sept. 13.—A rather sudden death occurred at the Yarmouth Hospital, when Private Charles Matheson of Mattapan, Boston, passed away after only three days' illness. The deceased was for some time employed in the stewards' department of the Prince Arthur and was generally liked by all. A few weeks ago he resigned the position to take up arms and fight for his country's liberty. He enlisted in Boston and from that city he went to Fredericton, where he associated himself with the New Brunswick Kitties.

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ELECTION ACT TO BE VOTED ON SATURDAY

Laurier and Pugsley Decline to Hasten Bill and Closure Applied.

LIBERALS CAN ASK QUESTIONS

Female Relatives of Men in Canadian Naval Forces Can Vote.

Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 12.—Consideration of the war-time election act was resumed in committee on the Commons this afternoon, under the closure rule. Sir Robert Burden said he would not move closure and would allow today, Thursday and Friday for consideration in committee provided the opposition would give assurance that the bill would receive a third reading on Saturday. Sir Wilfrid said he could not undertake to guarantee a third reading by the end of the week.

Thereupon the closure rule was invoked and the bill was taken out of committee later, when the discussion automatically ceased. Under closure the third reading should be reached by two o'clock on Saturday morning.

During question time, Hon. Arthur Meighen, solicitor-general, answered a couple of questions on the order paper, standing in the name of Mr. Fortier. He said that Colonel, the Rev. Father Burke, had not been either to Washington or to Cuba on special missions for the government. He explained that Father Burke is at present on leave and receives the pay of his rank, but has dereliqued a claim of \$7,000 secured in ecclesiastical courts by the late Father Beaudoin, that he had refused an allowance to Father St. Cyr and that he was responsible for the whole trouble in the diocese.

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KILTIE MEMBER DIES SUDDENLY

Private Matheson of Boston Passes Away in Yarmouth.

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ANOTHER ANTI UNDER ARREST

Fernand Villeneuve Made Inflammatory and Treasonable Address.

Montreal, Sept. 12.—The anti-conscriptorial oratory of Fernand Villeneuve came to sudden termination tonight at a gathering of "ants" in La Fontaine Park, in very inflammatory words. He was quickly arrested and taken away without any disturbance at the meeting. It was not for his speech tonight that Villeneuve was taken into custody by the authorities but for previous addresses. Though his address tonight was especially vehement, he said that when the time was ripe it would be better for the Canadian people to raise the flaming flag of a free republic over the parliament buildings at Ottawa than to stay under the tyranny of the Union Jack.

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GIRL JUMPS IN FRONT OF TRAIN

Love Sick Miss Kills Herself Instantly.

Waterville, Me., Sept. 12.—Disappointed over a love affair Mary Elizabeth Sallen, aged sixteen years, threw herself in front of a passenger train on the Maine Central Railroad and was instantly killed.

The girl was a ward of Mrs. Ada F. Hunt, state agent for children. The suicide left a letter telling why she had decided to kill herself.

QUEBEC STANDS BY COMPULSION MEASURE WELL

Most Remarkable Feature of Situation is Way New Law is Working Out in That Province.

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, Sept. 12.—Rapid progress is being made with the arrangements for putting into effect the military service act. The first proclamations were issued yesterday. They simply named the places where the local tribunals will sit, but the actual locations in the larger centres are not set forth.

The selective committee appointed by parliament to name one of the members of each of the local tribunals will meet on September 24, when it is expected that all the nominations for the tribunals will have been made.

Smooth in Quebec. The most remarkable thing about the compulsory service situation is the way in which it is working out in the province of Quebec. Countless applications have been received from French-Canadians seeking to act as registrars under the legislation. Mr. L. J. Lavergne, one of the advisory boards appointed by the government to oversee the putting into effect of the measure, states that the thinking part of the population of the province realize the justice of the act and feel assured that it will be carried out with equity. He says that the recent trouble in Montreal was but the result of the outpourings of a few hotheads and by no means the expression of the sentiments of the French-Canadian race.

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NO NOVA SCOTIA APPLES ABROAD

Output Will Be Disposed of in Canada.

Ottawa, Sept. 12.—The British government cannot raise the embargo on Canadian apples and in order that the people of Central Canada will have a plentiful supply of apples this fall, arrangements are being made under the auspices of the food controller by the growers of Nova Scotia and the transportation companies involved, to ship a large proportion of the big apple crop of that province to points where the apple crop has been a partial failure. The Nova Scotia supply for home consumption will be 450,000 barrels greater this season, but the usual export of Nova Scotia apples to Great Britain will be impossible owing to lack of tonnage.

ANOTHER PEACE MOVE BEGUN

Meeting Called at Budapest on Sept. 23 to Declare for the War's End.

London, Sept. 12.—A meeting called on the initiative of a member of political leaders and ecclesiastical leaders is to be held in Budapest on September 23, for the purpose of expressing the view that the time has come for peace negotiations, says a despatch from the Hungarian capital today transmitted by the Central News correspondent in Amsterdam.

The appeal note, according to the view of the sponsors of the movement, indicates the surest way of bringing war to its end. The speakers at the meeting, it is stated, will include Matthias Erzberger, leader of the Catholic center party in the German Reichstag.

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, Sept. 12.—There are fourteen Canadian soldiers reported dead of wounds, one believed killed, one wounded and missing, and the balance wounded, caused or ill, in a casualty list of 127 names issued from the military department tonight. It is the lightest day's total in a month.

Maritime Names: INFANTRY. Wounded. L. J. Jack, Summerside, P. E. I. J. Chesbain, New Waterford, N. S. T. J. Kilty, Paradise, N. S. ARTILLERY. Wounded. Gunner J. Cavanaugh, Cape Station, N. B. Gunner S. C. Moran, Petticoats, N. B.

THE ITALIANS DRIVE BACK THE ENEMY

Austrians Makes Extremely Desperate Effort to Oust Adversaries.

BATTLE LASTED FIFTEEN HOURS

Furious Attacks Made by the Austrians Northeast of Gorizia.

FRENCH CAPTURE VILLAGE IN EAST

Berlin States that 8,900 Russians Were Taken at Riga.

Rome, Sept. 12.—The Austrians yesterday made an extremely desperate effort to drive the Italians from the position they occupy along the crest of Monte San Gabriele, northeast of Gorizia. The battle lasted from dawn until nearly night, when the Austrians, defeated in the struggle, gave up the effort, the war office announced today.

The statement reads: "The enemy yesterday made various attacks which were at once repulsed, against our lines on the Bainsizza Plateau, afterwards carrying out his greatest efforts northeast of Gorizia."

"After having kept up the most violent fire for several hours, the positions occupied by us along the crest of Monte San Gabriele and on the western slopes of the mountain, descending toward Balciano, he attacked them from the east and south. The bitter struggle, which began at dawn, became more pronounced as the thinking part of the population of the province realize the justice of the act and feel assured that it will be carried out with equity. He says that the recent trouble in Montreal was but the result of the outpourings of a few hotheads and by no means the expression of the sentiments of the French-Canadian race."

Paris, Sept. 12.—The official statement issued by the war office tonight reads: "There was no infantry action during the course of the day. Moderate artillery activity was displayed on the greater part of the front, more marked in Belgium and on the right bank of the Meuse."

"On September 11, four German airplanes were brought down by our pilots (on others fell badly damaged within their own lines. Our bombing airplanes dropped numerous projectiles on the railway stations at Boulers, Cortemarck and Staden, the aviation ground at Colmar, stations at Contans and Ferry and military factories southeast of Sarrebourg."

"Eastern theatre, Sept. 11: At the Cerna Bend, Italian troops repulsed an enemy detachment. In the lake region our troops continued their success, capturing by a brilliant attack the village of Fugradina, on the southwest bank of Lake Ochrida, and have driven back the enemy northward as far as Muntushita Height, four kilometers north of Pogradia."

Berlin, Sept. 12, via London.—Russian prisoners captured by the Germans in the battle of Riga amounted to 8,900, according to official announcement today by the general staff. The Germans also took 225 cannon.

CASUALTIES

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