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A PROTECTIONIST.
eb. 1850.

CHRONICLE.]
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A PROTECTIONIST.

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I am, Sir,
Yours &c.,
GEORGE WOODS.

Y STABLE,
Patrick street.
THE subscriber grateful for
the patronage he has at all
times received, respectfully
informs his friends and the
Public, that, in addition to his
Stage establishment, he has

RY STABLE,
all times Horses, and Sleighs,
teams, family conveyances &c.,
on, inferior to none in the City,
accordance with the times,
trusts, that by proper attention,
his customers with a good and
n out," to procure a share of
JAMES HEWITT.

Anderson,
RT PAINTER,
SFIELD STREET,
Science of P. Bernard, Esq.
1849.

ES! SASHES!
er is prepared to Manufacture
y extent, from 3d. a light up, for
packed for exportation.
Lights on hand. DOORS made

bricks, or Country Produce taken
J. E. TURNBULL,
Harding street.

OMAS MAIN,
Merchant & Commission
Agent,
STREET, ST. JOHN, N.B.

SALE.—A single pew in West
Church, Please apply to
JOSEPH FAIRWEATHER.

E Boards; 30M. Spruce Deals,
30M. Spruce SCANTLING; 2
30M. Shipping Shingles; 600
pers.
THOMAS HANFORD.

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THE CHRONICLE.

SAINT JOHN, MARCH 1, 1850.

THE ENGLISH MAIL of 9th February arrived here by Express on Monday afternoon. The packet, *America*, had a passage of 14½ days to Halifax. A press of other matter prevents our making very extensive extracts from the English journals. We subjoin the following, and will continue them in our next number:

Greece is blockaded by the British fleet, in consequence of that government not acceding to certain demands made by Britain of claims due they subjects, and satisfaction for outrages committed by Greeks.

DISTURBANCE IN PARIS.—France would appear to be almost at the point of another Revolution; the ministry have been left in a large minority. At Paris serious disturbances have occurred, in consequence of the removal by the Government of the liberty trees, planted at the time of the revolution, and the populace have come in collision with the troops. The former popular generals were hooted and assailed by the mob.

DESTRUCTION OF PIRATES.—58 piratical vessels, mounting 1200 guns, and manned with about 3000 men, have recently been destroyed in the China Seas, by the combined operations of H. M. ship *Columbine*, and the steamers *Fury* and *Phlegeton*.

Forty seven of the passengers and crew of the transport *Richard Dart*, were lost at the wreck of that vessel on Prince Edward or Marion Island, near the Cape of Good Hope, on the 19th of June last, the ship was from England, bound to New South Wales.

Twenty seven women were recently killed in the Limerick work-house, by one of the number giving a false alarm of fire on the premises, whereby the utmost confusion and consternation were created. The inmates rushed to the stairways and doors, trampling on the fallen bodies of their fellow beings, and besides the number suffocated on the spot, many others were seriously injured.

Twenty five lives have been lost in Holland by the breaking of the ice on the River I Ems, on which a party of skaters were diverting themselves. Five of the number first broke through, and the remainder rushing to their assistance, caused the dreadful catastrophe.

DOWNING STREET, Jan. 24, 1850.—The Queen has been pleased to direct that Her Majesty's Forts and Settlements on the Gold Coast do cease to be dependencies on the colony of Sierra Leone; and Her Majesty has further been pleased to appoint Sir William Winnpett, Commander in the Royal Navy, now Lieutenant-Governor of said Forts and Settlements, to be Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the same.

THE BHERING'S STRAITS EXPEDITION.—Amongst the latest visitors to the *Enterprise* and *Investigator*, just before they left Greenhithe, were Lord Templemore, the Hon. Mr. Upton, and Captain Washington, R. N. Among the latest presents sent on board were four boxes consisting of six dozen dolls, dressed in the latest English fashions, by Mrs. Washington, Mrs. Colonel Rowland, and some young ladies residing in Wood-street, Woolwich. It is gratifying to be able to announce that the Rev. Mr. Miertsching, late a Moravian missionary on the Coast of Labrador, joined the *Enterprise*, Captain Collinson, C. B., previous to her departure from Plymouth, as interpreter to the expedition when they arrive in Bhering's Straits. The liberality of the Admiralty, in furnishing the expedition with everything they can want, has been well seconded in this instance by the Rev. F. Latrobe, Secretary to the Moravian Mission in London, who has exerted himself to bring Mr. Miertsching from Germany in a few days' notice. Mr. Miertsching only returned from Labrador in October last. A vocabulary of the Esquimaux language, as far as the resources of the country will afford, has been compiled by Captain Washington, R. N., for the use of the expedition, in a small portable form, which cannot fail to prove serviceable, as the only vocabularies at present existing are contained in the quarto voyages of Parry, Beechy, and Ross, and consequently they are too cumbersome for daily use in the boats and for parties who may land to communicate with the natives. The vocabulary is divided into four columns, the first, English; the second, the Esquimaux language, suited to the natives of Kotzebue Sound or Western; the third, to Winter Island and Iglulik or Central; and the fourth, to Labrador or Eastern.

THE SONS OF TEMPERANCE.—On Sunday last, this body received a deputation from the Queen's Division, No. 1, of the honourable Order of the Sons of Temperance, Liverpool district, which is in unity with the Grand National Division, Philadelphia, United States, and a temperance meeting for that purpose was held in the Catholic School-room. The meeting was addressed by Mr. Ogleshaw, Mr. Jas. Crosby, M. W. C., and Mr. J. A. Bennet P. W. P. The latter speaker explained the objects the Order had in view by advancing a step higher up the temperance ladder, requiring those who become candidates for the order to produce a certificate of good health and moral character; and by the payment of sixpence weekly, members will be entitled to medicine and medical attendance from the date of initiation, and at the expiration of one year will receive a weekly sum of twelve shilling in case of sickness. At the death of a member or his wife, the division also allows a sufficient funeral amount to insure respectable interment. A member of the temperance society, on producing his travelling card, will also be entitled to all the benefits at home and abroad. On Thursday evening, the same officers also met at Mr. James Ord's Temperance Hotel, Marshpee, for the purpose of organizing the St. Michael's division, No. 8, of the new order. After the election of officers, more than thirty members were made, and the new division was installed, and fully empowered to act as a subordinate division of the honourable order.

OPENING OF PARLIAMENT.

HER MAJESTY'S SPEECH.

The following Speech of Her Most Gracious Majesty was delivered by Royal Commission by the Lord Chancellor:—

"MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN,

"We are commanded by Her Majesty to assure you that Her Majesty has great satisfaction in again having recourse to the advice and assistance of her Parliament.

"The decease of her Majesty Queen Adelaide has caused Her Majesty deep affliction. The extensive charity and exemplary virtues of her late Majesty will always render her memory dear to the nation.

"Her Majesty happily continues in peace and amity with Foreign Powers.

"In the course of the autumn differences of a serious character arose between the Governments of Austria and Russia on the one hand, and the Sublime Porte on the other, in regard to the treatment of a considerable number of persons who, after the termination of the civil war in Hungary, had taken refuge in the Turkish territory.

"Explanations which took place between the Turkish and Imperial Governments have fortunately removed any danger to the peace of Europe which might have arisen out of these differences.

"Her Majesty having been appealed to on this occasion by the Sublime Porte, aided her efforts with those of the Government of France, to which a similar appeal had been made, in order to assist by the employment of her good offices in effecting an amicable settlement of those differences, in a manner consistent with the dignity and independence of the Porte.

"Her Majesty has been engaged in communications with Foreign States, upon the measures which might be rendered necessary by the relation of the restrictions formerly imposed by the Navigation Laws of this country.

"The Governments of the United States of America and of Sweden have promptly taken steps to secure to British Ships in the Ports of their respective countries, advantages similar to those which their own Ships now enjoy in British Ports.

"With regard to those Foreign States whose Navigation Laws have hitherto been of a restrictive character. Her Majesty has received from nearly all of them assurances which induce her to hope that our example will speedily lead to a great and general diminution of those obstacles which previously existed to a free intercourse by sea between the nations of the world.

"In the summer and autumn of the past year the United Kingdom was again visited by the ravages of the cholera, but Almighty God, in His mercy, was pleased to arrest the progress of the mortality, and to stay this fearful pestilence. Her Majesty is persuaded that we shall best evince our gratitude by vigilant precautions against the more obvious causes of sickness, and an enlightened consideration of those who are most exposed to its attacks.

"Her Majesty, in her late visit to Ireland, derived the highest gratification from the loyalty and attachment manifested by all classes of her subjects. Although the effects of former years of scarcity are painfully felt in that part of the United Kingdom, they are mitigated by the present abundance of food, and the tranquility which prevails.

"Her Majesty has great satisfaction in congratulating you on the improved condition of Commerce and Manufactures. It is with regret that Her Majesty has observed the complaints which in many parts of the kingdom have proceeded from the owners and occupiers of land. Her Majesty greatly laments that any portion of her subjects should be suffering distress. But it is a source of sincere gratification to Her Majesty to witness the increased enjoyment of the necessaries and comforts of life, which cheapness and plenty have bestowed upon the great body of her people.

"GENTLEMEN OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS,

"Her Majesty has directed the estimates for the year to be laid before you. They have been framed with a strict regard to economy, while the efficiency of the various branches of the Public Services has not been neglected.

"Her Majesty has seen with satisfaction the present state of the Revenue.

"MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN,

"Some of the measures which were postponed at the end of the last session, for want of time for their consideration, will be again laid before you. Among the most important of these is one for the better government of the Australian Colonies.

"Her Majesty has directed various measures to be prepared for the improvement of the condition of Ireland. The mischiefs arising from Party processions—the defects of the Laws regulating the relation of Landlord and Tenant—the imperfect state of the Grand Jury Acts—and the diminished number of electors for Members to serve in Parliament—will, together with other matters of serious consequence, form the subjects of measures to be submitted for your consideration.

"Her Majesty has learnt with satisfaction that the measures which have been already passed for the promotion of the public health are in a course of gradual adoption; and Her Majesty trusts that both in the metropolis and in various parts of the United Kingdom you will be enabled to make further progress in the removal of evils which affect the health and well-being of her subjects.

"The favour of Divine Providence has hitherto preserved this Kingdom from the wars and convulsions which, during the last two years, have shaken so many of the States of the Continent of Europe. It is Her Majesty's hope and belief that by combining Liberty with Order, by preserving what is valuable, and amending what is defective you will sustain the fabric of our Institutions, as the abode and the shelter of a free and happy people."

EARL GREY'S DESPATCH.

While the people of this Province are suffering for want of *Protection*, Earl Grey and the Whig Government seem determined to force upon us the disastrous consequences of *Free Trade*. If our Fishermen cannot compete with Foreigners without the aid of bounties, we must either grant those bounties, or the fisheries will be to us of no value whatever. The capital of this Province consists chiefly of *Labour*; and if, for want of Protection, that labour cannot find employment, the Province must necessarily *go down*, and the people go where they can find remunerating employment. If the Legislature thinks the granting of bounties essential to the prosperity of the Province, let them embody those grants in a seperate Bill with a suspending clause, and send it home with a strong Address from both Houses. Much better devote their time to *useful legislation*, than discussions about an Elective Legislative Council—it is this everlasting *constitution tinkering* which is a principal cause of our present depression. We have told Great Britain that we do not wish to be any longer under her control, but preferred governing ourselves. She granted the baneful request, and, as a natural consequence, withdrew her Protection. The advent of that fraudulent system called Responsible Government, has been coeval with the ruin of these Colonies. It is time to *try back*; for we have already gone nearly to the brink of separation.

Truly Mr. Grey, we think your interference is only calculated to disgust the inhabitants of this Province, still more, if that were possible, with Downing street interposition in what are solely local matters of Legislative consideration.

AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE.—While protection to Home Industry occupies a large portion of public attention, the necessity of establishing a Manufactory and Warehouse for the sale of Agricultural Implements in this Province should not be overlooked, and as might very properly be given by the Legislature, if it could be judiciously effected. A large amount is yearly taken from the country to pay for these items, which will be greatly increased as Agriculture becomes more generally practised. We have mechanics fully competent to the task of their construction, but their cheapness would necessarily depend upon the erection of extensive machinery for the purpose, when Agricultural Implements could be produced here cheaper than in the neighbouring States. An effort ought at once to be made by the different Agricultural Societies, through the Legislature, to procure the erection immediately of such a desirable establishment.

TO BOSTON.—The steamer *Maid of Erin* and the *Admiral*, have commenced running on the line to Boston, for the season. The former vessel left here yesterday, and met the Admiral at Eastport, returning in the evening. Both steamers have been put in the best possible state of efficiency, and their commanders the most experienced on the line, Capt. JOHN LEAVITT has still charge of the Maid of Erin, and Captain HUTCHINS, and Mr. SPEAR, Clerk, are the officers in charge of the Admiral.

PROMOTION.—Lieutenant W. J. S. Pullen, formerly in the *Columbia*, on this station, has been appointed to the rank of Commander.

"Commander William John Samuel Pullen, (24th Jan. 1850), passed his examination on the 20th July, 1844, and after serving in that capacity in North America, on board the *Columbia*, steam surveying-vessel, was promoted to the rank of Lieutenant, Nov. 9, 1846. He was re-appointed to the *Columbia* in the capacity of additional Lieutenant, Feb. 3, 1847, and continued employed in her until paid off in 1848. On the 12th of May of that year he was appointed First Lieutenant of the *Plover*, and proceeded in her to Bhering's Straits, where his services have been so highly approved of that he has deservedly been promoted to the rank of Commander."—*Woolwich Gazette.*

What is the object and use of a House and Estate Agent in this place? is a question often asked of late, and not always, perhaps, satisfactorily answered—we will give all the information we can on the subject.

The Agent's first object is to obtain an office in a central position, and then open books in which are entered the particulars, as to value and capabilities of all properties placed in his hands, either to sell, let, or exchange; in a short time, if supported, this Register becomes valuable, from the number and variety of properties entered therein; and landholders and persons desirous of selling find it to their interest to support it—Because, by this means, their premises are always in the market, without any expence to themselves, and as tenants and purchasers will save time by going to the Agency, to learn where they can be suited, the office becomes a place of resort for investors and tenants. No commissions are usually levied unless a negociation is effected, and the rates then charged are generally low, in proportion to the advantage derived, thus we have a saving of time and labor which is invaluable. But let us look at the saving of inconvenience to families in house hunting.

Under our usual system from the 1st February till the 1st May every one is going over every one's house, to see if it will suit, causing endless annoyance to the present tenants, and many useless visits to the house seekers. Under the Agency plan a house to let has a neat sign, or bill, placed about the premises, stating that they are for sale or to let, application to be made to the owner or the Estate Agent, enquiries being made at the Agency, the applicant receives sufficient information to know whether or not the place will suit—if it will, he receives a card of admission, addressed to the occupier, in the following shape, say—admit bearer to view the premises, between the hours of 2 and 4, P. M., or such days and hours as are named to the Agent, by the occupier, as being convenient to admit strangers, and none need be admitted without the ticket; here we have at once a remedy for all our woes, in this particular; now this is the system proposed, and we are glad to see that some have already availed themselves of the Agency established.—SEE ADVERTISEMENTS.

So useful are these Agencies in England and the United States, that nearly all business of the kind is transacted through them, and as no less than 70 Estate Agents are now doing business in Boston, we should think our city capable of making business for one, at least, if not more. We hope to see it encouraged, and are convinced of its utility.

Married.

On the 4th instant, by the Rev. B. Sheridan, at the residence of the Bride's father, William Carvill, Esquire, of this City, to Eliza Maria, only daughter of John Crosthwaite, Esquire, Woodpark House, Kingstown, Ireland.

On Saturday evening, 23d inst., at McGarrigle's Hotel, by the Rev. R. Cooney, Mr. James F. McMullin, to Mrs. Eliza Jane Clements, both of Yarmouth, N. S.

On the 26th instant, by the Rev. Robert Irvine, Mr. Robert Bedell, to Miss Charlotte Giggey, both of the Parish of Portland.

On the 17th inst., by the same Mr. John Ratter, to Miss Elizabeth Campbell, both of the Parish of Sussex, County of King's.

Died.

On Saturday morning, at Indian Town, Captain William Eagles, in the 77th year of his age.

On Monday morning, Mr. James Hannah, aged 46 years.

At Bonsoucie, on the 16th instant, Charles K. Smith, Esquire, Justice of the Peace, aged 37 years, deservedly respected and esteemed by all who knew him.

At Campbell Settlement, King's County, on Thursday the 21st inst., after a lingering illness, Rosa, wife of Mr. Felix Birn, in the 26th year of her age.

At Detroit, United States, on the 8th February, in the 40th year of his age, Mr. William Bowes, formerly of this City.

Marine List.

PORT OF SAINT JOHN.—ARRIVED.

Friday—Schr. Columbine, Tilley, Philadelphia, 5; Allison & Spair, flour and corn.

Saturday—Schr. Relief, Fritz, Alexander, 7; J. V. Troop, wheat and corn.

Wednesday—Schr. Snob, Sawyer, Belfast, (me.) 5; T. McHenry, bal.

Thursday—Steamer Maid of Erin, Leavitt, Eastport.—T. Parks, passengers and merchandize.

CLEARED.

Feb. 22d—Schr. Eagle, Evans, Portland, scantling, &c.; Pandora, Whelpley, Boston, scantling.

23d—Schr. Echo, McMullin, New York, boards and scantling.

26th—Schr. Emily, Wood, N. York, scantling.

27th—Hero, Flewelling, Eastport, brandy.

RUM, GIN, AND BRANDY.

To arrive, per Harriet, from Liverpool—
4 HDS. Martell & Co.'s finest Brown BRANDY;
3 do. do. do. do. Pale;
14 qr. casks Rizzis do. do. Brown;
9 do. do. do. do. Pale;
10 hhds. best Holland's GIN, Tucker's Brand;
3 pipes. fine Old Jamaica RUM;
2 do do Demerara do;
5 hhds. containing 1200 Bath BRICKS;
6 bbls. ROMAN CEMENT, finest quality.

Received per "Tweed" from New York—
5 pipes of very superior Holland's GIN.
For sale by THOMAS MAIN
Commission Merchant,
Jan. 4. *Nelson Street.*

TO LET,—*from 1st May next.*
THAT pleasantly situated House on the corner of Dorchester and Sewell streets, now in the occupation of C. H. Jewett, Esq.
Also—Several other HOUSES in the same vicinity. Please apply to
Feb. 15. JOSEPH FAIRWEATHER.

Last Night's Stage.

THE LEGISLATURE.

(By Webber & Co's. Express.)

WEDNESDAY, February 27.

Sir—After the journals were read the House resolved itself into Committee on a Bill to incorporate the Fredericton Gas Light Company. Passed without debate.

Mr. Hayward, by leave, brought in a Bill to incorporate the Sunbury Agricultural Society; also, a Bill to erect part of the Parish of Sheffield, in Sunbury, into two seperate townships or parishes, both of which passed a first reading.

Hon. Mr. Partelow gave notice that the Committee on the Revenue Bill would meet to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock to prepare a Bill.

The Consolidation Bill was then taken up in Committee of the whole. Hon. L. A. Wilmot moved for a reconsideration of the 10th section, which had reference to the river and lake fisheries. He wished to make provision to prevent obstruction to the fish ascending to the rivers and lakes. He said the overseers of the fisheries were not in the habit of doing their duty in this respect, which tended to injure the people in the country. He intended that this should be obviated by the present Bill. A table of fees not having been prepared, the Committee reported progress and asked leave to sit again.

The House then, in Committee, took up the Bill to incorporate the St. Stephen and Calais lower bridge company.

(Two petitions had been presented, one in accordance with the object of the Bill, and the other praying the Bill not to pass. Whereupon Mr. Street moved that the Bill be postponed for three months—carried.)

Hon. Mr. Fisher by leave brought in a Bill to tax wild lands in this Province, read a first time.

A Bill to appropriate a part of the public revenue to the ordinary service was read a second time.

Mr R D Wilmot asked leave to bring in a petition from T Allan, Henry Chubb, and 1231 others, praying the House to pass such a Revenue Bill as would afford protection to the different branches of industry in this Province; also, praying for a bounty as an encouragement to prosecute the fisheries. [What says Earl Grey's Despatch.]—*Ed. News.*

His Honour the Speaker did not think that a petition of that description was receivable after the Committee on Ways and Means had reported. This was a parliamentary rule in England.

Mr R D Wilmot said such may be a parliamentary rule in England, but he would not like to see it established here. The petition which he held in his hand was a very important one; and it would be unjust not to hear the prayer of so large and respectable a body.

(His Honour the Speaker referred to the journals of the House of Commons where a similar petition was rejected. For the petition, 221; against it, 222.)

Mr. Ritchie said as the division in the House of Commons stood so nearly equal on a similar case he would go for the right of receiving the present Petition.

His Hon. the Speaker said the rule of this House has been, not to receive Petitions of this kind after the Committee on ways and means had reported, and he did not wish to see the practice altered.

Mr R D Wilmot said if this has been an established rule it was a wrong one; and he would like to see it broken down. We had every right to hear our constituents and to receive their Petitions.

Hon Mr Fisher would not deviate from the established rule. If they did so the House would be inundated with Petitions until the end of the Session from all parts of the Country.

Mr Barbarie said the people of St John had sufficient time to send in their Petitions before the time for receiving those documents expired, and he would not deviate from the Parliamentary rule. If it was done in this case it must be done in every other case.

Mr Jordan said these were exceptions to general rules and he thought, this instance should be made an exception. This Petition was numerously and respectably signed and it should in justice be received.

Mr Wark protested against infringing upon established rules. Fourteen days had been allowed to receive Petitions and that was quite sufficient. There were many other parts of the Country besides St John that would Petition if they knew the privilege was extended, and they would have as good a right to be heard as the people of St John; and to receive this Petition would be doing an injustice to others.

He (Mr W) would make no exceptions.

Messrs. J. Earle and Gilbert supported the reception of the Petition.

The House then divided;—for the Petition 15; against it 11.

Mr. Street presented a Petition from Miramichi, praying that a duty of not more than 4 per cent be imposed on British importations in addition to the one per cent already imposed.

Hon Mr. Fisher would put it to Hon. Members to say, if there was any use to establish fixed rules for the guidance of this House. He knew well if the rules was once infringed upon Petitions would continue to inundate the House from all directions. He cared not who the Petitioners were or what was their standing or respectability, he would protest against breaking through Parliamentary and salutary usages.

The Petition was received;—Yeas 17, Nays 9.

Mr. R. D. Wilmot then presented a Petition from a large number of Boot and Shoe makers in St. John, praying the House to impose a duty on Boots and Shoes imported into this Province.

The House again divided;—Yeas 11; Nays 13.

Mr. Street presented a Petition from J. Cunard and others praying for aid to improve the navigation of the Miramichi river. For the Petition 12; against 16. Rejected.

Mr. Wark said he did not think the Committee appointed to prepare the Revenue Bill was fairly composed. Four of the members for St. John were on that Committee. He (Mr. W.) would add hon Mr Fisher to the Committee.

Mr. R. D. Wilmot said he was quite willing to have all Free Traders on the Committee if it pleased hon members. He was ready to name a day to bring in a resolution in order to test the House on the question of Free Trade or Protection.

(Considerable dissatisfaction seemed to prevail with regard to the Revenue Bill Committee. Several hon members were named to act on that Committee, and some were rejected. Messrs Carman and Fisher were added. Mr R D Wilmot named Mr J Earl, but he was rejected. Mr Wilmot then said he wished his name withdrawn. He would not act.)

The Attorney General—There is no necessity for the hon member to withdraw his name; there is nothing compulsory in this House to compel members to act on Committees against their consent.

The House then went into Committee on a Bill to repeal all the Acts of Assembly relating to Bankruptcy in this Province.

(After some discussion which amounted to little more than a legal explanation, Mr R D Wilmot moved that the further consideration of the Bill be postponed for three months, which was negatived by a large majority.)

Mr. Ritchie thought that another section should be added to the Bill, in order to make it fully efficient.

Hon Mr Fisher said that in order to meet the views of the learned member from St. John, he would report progress, and to morrow he would be prepared to go into the Bill. The Committee then reported progress.

Hon Mr Partelow by command laid before the House two Despatches from her Majesty's Government, touching the boundary of the County of Carleton, and also the division of that County into two separate Counties.

Mr Barbarie, from the Committee appointed to wait on his Excellency relative to the Post Offices throughout the Province, brought in a report to the effect that his Excellency was pleased to comply with the wishes of the House in furnishing the desired information.

The Consolidation Bill was again taken up, and proceeded with, but no discussion.

A. J. McPHERSON.

For Sale,
And possession given on the 1st of May next.
A Two Story *HOUSE* situated on the South side of Princess Street, a few doors below BENJAMIN L. PETERS, ESQ., to be sold either at private or Public Sale at or about the 20th March. The House is capable of containing four Families with a neat *SHOP*; the Home is new, only 8 years old, good Yard and Wood houses; enquire on the premises.
Feb. 25—2w MRS. T. BOWEN.

Office of the St. John Water COMPANY,
12th February, 1850.
PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that a General Meeting of the Stockholders of the St. John Water Company will be held at this office on THURSDAY the 14th day of March next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purpose of taking into consideration certain important matters relative to the future operations of the Company, and such other business as may be brought before the meeting. The subscribers for new Stock are likewise requested to attend.
By order of the Board of Directors,
JOHN DUNACN, *President*

CHARLES L. STREET,
House and Estate Agent and Stock Broker,
HAVING Agents in all the principal Towns in the British Provinces and the United States, gives particular attention to the Sale, Purchase, exchange or Letting of HOUSES, FARMS, &c.—Obtaining and Investing MONEY on MORTGAGE—The SALE of BANK and other STOCKS and the COLLECTION of RENTS, NOTES and ACCOUNTS.
Prince William Street,
St. John, 28th Feb. 1850.

LANDLORDS
APPLICATIONS are made daily for well situated HOUSES, and Flats of HOUSES, at rents from £20 to £30 per annum.
CHARLES L. STREET,
House and Estate Agent
28th Feb. [Obs. 1 in. News 3 ins.]

20 Dollars Reward.
THE Store of the Subscribers, in Water street, was entered by thieves on Tuesday night last, and property amounting to about £40 in value taken therefrom. It consisted of Broad Cloths, Cassimetts, and Satinetts, Silks and Satins, Plaids &c. &c.
The above reward will be paid to any person who will discover the perpetrators of this robbery, and effect the restoration of the property.
BARTLETT & LESTER.
St. John March 1 1850.

Church Society.
A MEETING of the Executive Committee of the Diocesan Church Society will be held (D V) in St. John, at the Trinity Church Sunday School, on Wednesday the 6th of March, at 12 o'clock.
1st March. W. Q. KETCHUM, *Secretary.*

CONCERT.
MR. R. BENNISON'S Juvenile Singing Class will give a CONCERT in the Hall of the MECHANICS INSTITUTE, on WEDNESDAY Evening, March 6th.
☞ Performance to commence at 8 o'clock.—Admission 7d½. March 1.

CALIFORNIA OUTFITS.—for sale at the Pantechnetheca, corner of King and Cross streets. March 1.

For California.
A few CARPENTER'S TOOL CHESTS—fitted complete, with useful Tools of the best quality suitable for that Market, a profitable article for exportation.
EDW. DRURY, TOOL STORE,
March 1. Market square.

Webber & Co.'s Boston Express.
WILL leave Saint John on THURSDAY morning next, at 7 o'clock. Parcels, Packages &c., forwarded as usual.
March 1. WEBBER & CO.

Favor's Express!
FAVOR'S PACKAGE EXPRESS will leave per steamer "Maid of Erin," on THURSDAY morning the 28th inst., at 7 o'clock.—Orders to purchase Goods, Notes and Bills for Collection will receive the personal attention of Mr. Favor.—For further particulars apply to
L. H. WATERHOUSE, Agent.
St. John, March 1st, 1850.—3i. *South Wharf*

GUNNISON'S EXPRESS.
A SPECIAL MESSENGER will be despatched with Gunnison & Co's Express, on TUESDAY, per *Maid of Erin*, to connect with the *Admiral*, at Eastport.
Small Packages and Parcels forwarded as usual to any part of the United States; also to San Francisco, Sacramento, and Stockton California.
☞ Goods forwarded to *Dye House* in Boston, and back to this City.
THOMAS HANFORD *Agent, St. John.*
J. B. HALL *Rail Road Exchange, Boston.*
St. John, March 1, 1850.

To Let.
A FLAT of the Subscriber's Brick Building in Duke-street, suitable for a small family. There are three Rooms, a Kitchen and Scullery, with a suit of well finished Garret Rooms.
Apply on the premises to
28th Feb. CAPT. PETER BURNS.

To Let.
THE HOUSE and Premises at present occupied by Mrs. McCarkey, adjoining the property of Mr. Hennigar, at the head of Rocky Hill, nearly opposite Trinity Church.
The House and premises adjoining the Catholic Church.
The House and Premises at present occupied by Mr. Henry Austin, on the corner of Leinster and Carmarthen Streets.
The House and Premises occupied by Mr. J. B. Sulis, and others, in Leinster Street, adjoining the property of Adam Jack, Esq., near the Centenary Chapel. Possession given on the first day of May next.
Mar. 1. 1850. GEO V. NOWLIN.

TO LET, from 1st May next—
THE First Flat and Basement of the subscriber's House in Horsefield street, with Wood-house, Stable, and Workshop attached. The Company's Water is in the house.
1st March. L. W. DURANT.

TO RENT, from 1st May next,
A PARTMENTS in the subscriber's Dwelling House, corner of Duke and Charlotte streets.
1st March. E. DURANT.

TO RENT, and possession given 1st of May next—
FOUR new HOUSES situated at the corner of Great George and Pitt Streets, furnished in plain neat style embracing all the modern improvements, and particularly adapted for small genteel families, each House contains eleven rooms with suitable pantries, good frost proof Cellars, yards, and comfortable out houses.
GARRETT & SKILLEN.
March 1. Corner of King and Cross Streets.

TO BE LET.
A two story Dwelling HOUSE in Wellington Row, two doors to the southward of saint John's Church. It contains 10 rooms two kitchens, frost proof cellar, well of excellent water, woodhouse, &c., and has a garden attached. It will be let entire, or to two families.
ALSO—A two story Dwelling HOUSE, in Princess street, a few doors eastward from Germain street, a desirable residence for one family.
Also—a BARN in Dorchester street.
February 8. W. R. M. BURTIS.

TO RENT—*From 1st May next;*
THE Upper FLAT of the subscriber's brick building in Prince Wm. street.
Feb 8. [cour] WM. MAJOR.

FLOUR! FLOUR!—50 Barrels superfine FLOUR—For sale low while landing.
January 25. J. CROUCH.

Books by Auction,
Commencing on MONDAY EVENING next, at 7 o'clock at the *VARIETY STORE*, King Street.
1000 VOLUMES Standard Works newly imported from London, among which are
Goldsmith's History of Rome, Greece and England
Ewing's Geography and Astronomy, with maps
Valpey's Homer—Johnston's, Walkers, Ainsworth's, Lempiere's and Entick's Classical DICTIONARIES.
Mental Arithmetics
Murry's ENGLISH READER
Elegant Gilt Church Services in cases
Watts' Hymns morocco and gilt, a variety of first class School BOOKS
1 set of Blackie and Sons Engineer and Machinist's Assistant, 1847
1 pair of GLOBES, Smith and Sons, 172 strand, London.
—ALSO—
1 case of American BOOKS, usual kinds, Maps Pictures, &c.
—ALSO—
2 pair CANARY BIRDS J. LORDLY.
march 1—(nbkr—courier.)

STEAM TO
Eastport, Bangor, Portland AND BOSTON.
THE sea going Steamer MAID OF ERIN CAPTAIN LEAVITT, will commence her trips to EASTPORT, leaving the North Market Wharf, on *THURSDAY*, the 28th inst., at *Seven o'clock* in the morning, to meet the splendid Steamer
ADMIRAL, Capt Hutchins,
which leaves Boston on TUESDAY, the 26th.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
THOMAS PARKS,
feb. 27 *Dock street.*

House to Rent.
THAT pleasantly situated HOUSE on Brunswick Terrace, Paddock Street, now occupied by William Doherty, Esq. Possession given on the 1st May next.—Apply at the Office of WILLIAM CARVILL,
feb. 13 Nelson-street.

TO THE ELECTOR'S OF KING'S WARD
GENTLEMEN—
AS the Annual ELECTION for the COMMON COUNCIL is drawing near, I beg to announce my intention of offering for the situation of ALDERMAN of *King's Ward*. Although this is the first instance in which I have sought the honour of being a public servant, I believe you all know me well enough to judge of my fitness for the situation. If, indeed, the Office were a *political* one, I should think it right to declare my political sentiments, and tell you whether I am a Liberal or a Conservative; tho', even then, I should not think a mere name of much importance. Because a man chooses to call himself a Liberal, it does not therefore follow that he is not a Tyrant. A true Liberal is not one who is merely liberal of the rights of others; but one whose natural benevolence and love of justice make him wish to see those who are in authority dispensing *equal justice to all*; although he may not, at the same time, believe "too much love of change" the surest path to national prosperity. There is one sentiment, however, which I think it proper to avow on this occasion—*whoever accepts a public situation, is thereby bound faithfully to discharge the duties of that situation.* He is the *servant* of the public, not their *master*; and if he will not discharge the duties; or will accept any other office or employment inconsistent with the efficient discharge of those duties, let him resign the situation. Public Offices are established for the good of the people, and their interests are to be looked to, not those of the occupants of those Offices. I may add, moreover, that it is the especial duty of those holding public situations to look after the interests of the poor, and to endeavour to promote peace and good will among all classes. Whether these sentiments are tory or radical, I will not undertake to say; but with these sentiments I intend to solicit your support at the coming election. I am,
Gentlemen,
Your Obedient Servant,
St. John, march 1, 1850. J. H. HARTT.

TO THE ELECTOR'S OF QUEEN'S WARD.
GENTLEMEN—
ON the first Tuesday in April, I shall at the request of a large number of the Electors of the Ward appear before you at the Hastings as a Candidate for the office of Alderman.
In giving Public Notice of my intentions at this early day, I do so for the purpose of affording you a sufficiency of time to judge of my fitness for the Office, and should you think my humble abilities such as will warrant you to give me your support and vote on that day, I can only promise to do all that I can for the benefit of the Ward and City generally.
I am, Gentlemen,
Your Obt. Servant,
march 1, 1850. S. K. FOSTER.
(All the City Papers.)

Notice.
THE Subscribers will receive Tenders to contract for the following work, viz.
The driving of all the SAW LOGS, now being got out on the Lancaster Mill Estate, immediately on the opening of the Rivers on the Estate; forms of Tender can be had on application to Mr. ARTHUR J. BAKER (if by letter to be pre-paid.) Tenders will also be received for the repairs of Lancaster Mill. Raising and extending the Wharves, and the building and repairing the Dams on the waters of the Estate. Also for sawing per thousand, specifying rate for 1 inch Boards, 2 inch Plank, and Deals and Scantling for the ensuing sawing season; or to work and take charge of said Mill by the year, i. e. at a yearly salary. All communications to be addressed to Mr. A. J. Baker at the Mill, post-paid, who will afford all necessary information, &c., to parties w