Poetry.

THE TRUMPET.

BY FELICIA HEMANS.

The trumpet's voice hath roused the land,
Light up the beacon pyre!
A hundred hills hath seen the brand,
And waved the sign of fire.
A hundred banners on the breeze
Their gorgeous folds hath cast—
And hark!—was that the sound of seas?
—A King to war went past.—

The chief is arming in his hall,
The peasant by his hearth;
The mourner hears the thrilling call,
And rises from the earth,
The mother on her first-born son
Looks with a boding eye—
They come not back, though all be won,
Whose young hearts leap so high.

The bard hath ceased his song, and bound
The falchion to his side,
E'en for the marriage—alter crown'd,
The lover quits his bride.
And all this haste, and change, and fear,
By *earthly* clarion spread!
How will it be when kingdoms hear
The blast that wakes the dead?

Varieties.

MONTEGO BAY, October 19, 1836.

The Brigantine Empresa, (under the command of Lieutenant Tyndall, R. N.) a prize slaver to H. M. S. Vestal, came to anchor in this port on Sunday last, in order to obtain a supply of water and provisions. She had been captured off Grenada on the 28th of September last, after a chase of four hours, having on board 436 slaves, for the Cuba market, of which number eleven died on the passage from Grenada here, and when our reporter went on board there were seven or eight not expected to survive, of these two have since died. The original cargo had been 450, so that 21 had died before she was taken. The Vestal had also captured on the same day the Portuguese Brigantine Phoenix, with 480 of these unfortunate people on board, and on the week preceding (the 21st) a schooner of the same nation, named the Nigarita, with 336 slaves. The cargoes of the two latter vessels had been landed at Grenada, and the vessels were sent under the command of Messrs. Lays and Ash, midshipmen to Sierra Leone. The sight of these poor wretches on board the Empresa was sickening and deplorable. They were strewed about the decks with but a few exceptions in a state of nudity, insensible, apparently to moral principle, which seemed to be obliterated from physical suffering, or public exposure—of these 48 were females; the remainder boys and young men. Greatly to the credit of the apprentices who had repaired on board to see these poor wretches, they distributed handkerchiefs among the females, by whom they were appropriated to the purpose intended; this laudable example has been since followed by the inhabitants generally with presents of clothing, buns, &c. to a considerable extent. It was painful to see the fruitless attempts made by the female portion of these unfortunate people to screen themselves from the gaze of the spectators present on the anchoring of the vessel! The only relief to this distressful spectacle was in witnessing the many little acts of tender affection with which some tried to alleviate the sufferings of his fellow captive, either by making room to allow a change of posture, or in distributing a few boiled peas, hoarded, perhaps from a former meal. Here might be seen one with a face brightening with an evanescent smile of hope, there another with his head drooping on his bosom completely weighed down with despair and sickness. The majority, however, were cheerful, the change which had been wrought in their condition from "hope deferred," had no doubt been communicated to them. The master of the captured vessel (which had been fitted out at the Havanna) is a Spaniard named Manuel Cabollo, a fine young corsair looking fellow. He sat on the boom of the vessel, looking on his victims with the greatest indifference, his eye now and then lighting up, with a smile of derision and defiance—again he chatted with great vivacity to those around him. "This" he said, "was his seventh voyage; the former were more successful, and had it not been for the calma, (calm) la Englesa never would have taken him; but what matters it continued he, shrugging his shoulders it is but 15 or 16 thousand dollars gone! Cabolla seemed to have little doubt of being speedily released from his imprisonment at the Havanna, when he said he would try his luck in another trip to Africa! The Empresa is of Baltimore build, and was formerly employed as a Packet between Cadiz and the Havanna—this is her second voyage in the slave trade. She sails remarkably fast, and was armed with a 12 pounder on a pivot, in midships, and manned with four men, exclusive of the Captain. The height of the space allotted for the Africans in the hold was but two feet eight inches. It thus appears that the Slave Trade is as brisk as ever; and the curse seems to dwell upon Spain and Portugal, for while the surrounding nations are at peace with each other, the internal broils of these unfortunate natives indicate the immoral nature of the spirits of which they are composed, and the blood-stained traffic in which they are engaged for the sake of the filthy lucre of besotted avarice. It appears to us that Spain is working her own destruction, as, with all her warnings, no reform in this respect, seems likely to result in the termination of her nefarious, cruel, and demoralizing intercourse with benighted Africa. A little longer, and our great nation will cease to be merciful. Cuba may yet find a debt to pay that will outweigh her prosperity, if not to accomplish her total annihilation.

Mr. Nettleton, a Midshipman, under Lieut. Tyndall, deserves the highest credit for his affable, communicative, and Gentlemanly demeanour.

Important Discovery—Modes of Erasing Writing from Paper.—We are about to ring in France, and afterwards in England, a revolution of a most extraordinary character. The discovery of a simple preparation by which the writing with all sorts of ink (except Indian ink used for drawing) can be effaced, so as not afterwards to be known that it has been so, is about to be made known to the public. The moment this discovery is so made known, there will be no security for any one against having his simple signature to a letter being made a signature to a bill of exchange or obligation for a large sum of money. For this discovery which has been made has this peculiar characteristic about it, that a portion of the writing may be effaced, and such portion as the effacer thinks fit preserved, and yet the portion of the paper from which the writing has been effaced, looks precisely the same as to colour and appearance, and be just as easily written upon afterwards, as if it had never been effaced at all. The discoverers of this terrible secret have already played off some most extraordinary tricks on the government and on the merchants and bankers of this city—in order, not to defraud them, but simply to open their eyes to the appalling situation in which this discovery places the whole of society. The other day, one of them applied at the prefecture of police for a passport: it was duly filled up and sealed. The next day, one of these gentlemen went with the passport to M. Gisquet, and said to him, "Well M. Gisquet, your people have given a passport without being filled up;" and showing him the passport, horrified the prefect by the production of a passport *en blanc*. "No wonder," continued the gentleman, "that Don Carlos can go through France to Spain, when such tricks as these are played off, and such negligence shown at the prefecture of police." M. Gisquet was confounded. He called the secretary. He vowed that he had never delivered any passport duly signed as this was without it being filled up. Clerk after clerk was examined, and dismissals were talked of, when the gentleman explained; that by the simple washing of the passport with this newly discovered liquid, the writing had been effaced, and the passport restored to its original state as before written on. M. Gisquet then examined fully the subject, and came finally to the conclusion, "that, from henceforth, passports would be useless, and that the police would be unable to do its duty."—Another anecdote was yesterday related to me of a merchant of eminence in this city, who refused to believe that the discovery could be the means of defrauding to any extent. In order to open his eyes to the state of danger in which society is now placed by this discovery, and by its promulgation, one of the gentlemen effaced all the writing of a letter which had been addressed to him the previous day by this banker, except his signature and the day of the month and year.—These were left as signed. Then over this signature, on the place where the letter had been written, he wrote an order, as though coming from the merchant to his cashier, ordering him to pay to the bearer 100 francs. The gentleman presented the order to the cashier, and duly received the money. He afterwards proceeded to the merchant's house, told him what he had done, asked him to examine his cashier and the order, and to say how he could avoid being drawn on to any amount by this means. The merchant was horrified at his position, and admitted that he might be thus ruined in a few days. The discoverers of this liquid, are the inventors of a paper called *papier desmrite*, which is very little dearer indeed than the ordinary paper, and which, if written on, cannot possibly be washed without changing the colour of the paper, so that the fact of it having been washed would be at once detected. The ink can be washed off this paper as well as off other paper—but when so washed, all must be washed off, or none, for the fact of the washing is instantly evident. The *papier de surete* is now of course the subject of general discussion at Paris, and when once the secret of washing all other papers shall be known, it will follow that no one will write on any other but this. The French government has at once ordered it to be used in the government offices. I have been told, that in consequence of this discovery, the French government has lost near a million of francs in the sole article of stamps during the past year; for persons wash old bills of exchange and promissary notes, which have been paid and done with, at so much per dozen, so perfectly, and make them look so completely the same as when new, that instead of purchasing new stamps for bills and notes, and even for deeds, the old ones are used, after the paper is washed, over and over again. The French government, to prevent the continuance and increase of this fraud, will be obliged to pass a law that the stamps shall always bear the date of the month and year in which they are purchased, and must be used in that same month and year. Unless something of this sort be speedily done, the moment the method of washing shall be universally known, the stamp duties would not produce more than one-half of what they have hitherto done. I will keep you *au courant* as to this matter, which appears to me as likely to lead to little short of a social revolution all over the world, unless some discovery be made of some ink which cannot be extracted by any simple process like that which is now applied with so much success. The inventors of this washing liquid defy the potentees of all existing inks in the world (except Indian ink, which cannot be used for general purposes on account of its sediment), and maintain that no ink hitherto invented can resist their discovery.—*Letter of a Paris Correspondent.*

SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

HULL, September 27.—Left this port, on Monday morning, the South Australian Company's fine bark Sarah and Elizabeth, Captain Wakeling, bound on a whaling voyage to the South Seas, and thence to the above new colony, where her oil is to be landed, and sent home for sale, while the vessel again refits for the fishery. Our readers are doubtless aware that this vessel was considered one of the favourite ships out of Hull, and we therefore cannot but regret that she has become the property of a rival seaport. We, however, hope that this beginning of our trade to South Australia will lead to a constantly increasing intercourse with a colony enjoying the fairest prospect of success that ever dawned on a rising settlement. The Sarah and Elizabeth has been placed in most thorough repair, and liberally supplied with the best stores, under the superintendence of her owners, in connexion with their agent here, our esteemed townsman, Mr. George Greenwood; and we hope prosperity will attend both the vessel and her crew, a large portion of whom belong to this town, and who, sailing under so experienced a commander as Captain Wakeling, who has spent nearly the whole of his life in the southern whale fishery, may, under the Divine blessing, reasonably expect to make their new undertaking a more profitable enterpsise than a trip to Greenland or the Straits. We are informed that the Sarah and Elizabeth will be the eleventh vessel that has left England for South Australia; and, by the arrangements of the colonization commissioners for that province, any of the sailors who are married have the privilege of a free passage for their wives who will settle in the colony. Two more ships, with emigrants, are about to leave London for the same destination, and they will be followed almost immediately by another of the company's vessels, with an additional number of settlers; and it is expected that in five or six months' time the population of the new colony will be between 2,000 and 3000.—*Hull Rockingham.*

New Goods.

The Subscribers are now landing, ex Saint Patrick, from Liverpool;

6 BALES Prints; 10 do. Slops;
8 bales Cloths and Cassimers;
10 bales white and grey cottons; 3 do. cotton warp,
4 cases Muslins;
4 cases dress and frock coats, pantaloons & vests,
8 casks boiled and raw Oil; 200 kegs Paint;
10 boxes Starch; 60 boxes Candles;
32 pipes and quarter casks Wine;
41 pipes and hogsheads Brandy;
40 crates EARTHENWARE;
15 Iron stock Anchors; 15 chain Cables;
Topsail Sheets and Ties and Rafting chains,
200 boxes Soap; 4 bales Flannels.

Ex Scotia, from Liverpool,

217 coils cordage; 10 bales canvas,
4 bales Slops; 4 cases Mermos,

Ex ship Glasgow, from Greenock,

4 bales Grey Paper; 2 do. carpets;
3 hogsheads LOAF SUGAR.

Ex Barlow, from London,

13 Packages of BRITISH GOODS.

Ex Edward Thorne, from Liverpool,

650 Barrels fine Dantzic FLOUR.

In Store, 20 barrels Pork, 15 hhds. Sugar, 20 chests Tea. The whole of which will be sold at very low rates for cash or approved Notes by

ROBERTSON & HATTON.

October 21, 1836.

Just Published,

A TREATISE ON INFANT BAPTISM,

Shewing the Scriptural grounds and Historical evidence of that Ordinance; together with a brief exposition of the Baptismal offices of the Church of England.

By the Rev. James Robertson, A. M. Missionary from the Venerable Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in foreign parts. Price 6s. 3d.

Printed at the Nova Scotian Office, Halifax, and for sale in this city at the store of Messrs. J. & H. Kinnear, the Circulating Library, and at the different Book stores. October 21, 1836.

Cheese, Raisins, &c.

1,500 LBS. good Cheese, 15 fr. Butter,
50 boxes prime Raisins,
20 dozen Homespun Socks, 100 bbls wheat Flour,
Which will be sold low for cash, by

G. M. BURNS,
Nov. 4. South Market Wharf.

Commissariat.

THE following Notice to the Out-Pensioners of His Majesty's Royal Hospital, Chelsea, is published for the information and guidance of the Out-Pensioners residing in New-Brunswick.

Notice to the Out-Pensioners of His Majesty's Royal Hospital, Chelsea,

(Including the Ordnance Military Pensioners) who reside in the Colonies and are paid their Pensions through the Officers of the Commissariat Department.

It having been determined that in future a solemn declaration shall be substituted in lieu of the Oath hitherto required to be taken by the Out-Pensioners of the Royal Hospital at Chelsea, Notice is hereby given by the Lords and others, Commissioners for managing the affairs of said Hospital, that henceforward a Declaration according to the following form shall be made by the Out-Pensioners, instead of the Affidavit heretofore required.

FORM OF DECLARATION.

Name of the Pensioner ——— ———
Regiment or Corps, ——— ———
Rates of Pension. *s.* ——— *d.* ———

I , do solemnly and sincerely declare, that I am an Out-Pensioner of His Majesty's Royal Hospital at Chelsea, and that I was admitted on the Pension List on the day of from the above Regiment, commanded by that I was then aged about years, and had served in the Army years, as under, and was discharged in consequence of and that I am not in the receipt of any other Naval or Military Allowance or Pension from the Public besides the Pension I receive from the said Hospital, at the above rate per diem (except) and that I now reside at And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously, and believe the same to be true.

STATEMENT OF SERVICE.

Number of Years.								Other services not allowed to reckon for Pensions.
Regimental.	Sergeant-Major.	Quarter-Master.	Sergeant.	Corporal.	Drummer.	Trumpeter.	Private.	Indies	Total Service.	

Declared before me, one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for this day of

FORM OF RECEIPT.

s. d.

Regiment of *per diem.*

I do hereby acknowledge to have received of T. C. Brooksbank, Esq. Agent for the Out-Pensioners of Chelsea Hospital, by the hands of acting on behalf of the sum of being the full amount of my pay, as a Pensioner of the said Hospital, for days from the day of to both days included, *5 per cent being deducted, pursuant to Act of Parliament, passed in the 28th year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Second.

£ Sterling. Place. Date.
Witness. Pensioners' Signature.

* In some instances 2 1-2 per cent is only to be deducted—and in others, of Ordnance Military Pensioners, discharged prior to the year 1831, the Pension is to be issued without any deduction, the receipt must be altered accordingly in such cases.

With a view to prevent any misapprehension on the part of the said Pensioners residing in the Colonies, as respects the mode and periods of making the Declaration in question, and of obtaining the payment of their Pensions, they are advised to pay particular attention to the following Instructions, viz:

The Declaration according to the above form is to be made by the Pensioner, in the presence of, and to be subscribed by, one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, on or immediately after the 1st day of *January, April, July,* and *October*, in each year, and with the receipt appended thereto, is afterwards to be delivered by the Pensioner to the Commissariat Officer of the District or Station in which he resides and who will thereupon issue to him his pension in the usual manner.

In order to ensure the punctual payment of pensions in the Colonies, the Pensioners who are permitted to reside there, should, upon their arrival at the District or Station fixed upon for their residence, present themselves to the Commissariat Officer in charge of such District or Station, and produce their Instruction Papers and the Certificate, furnished from Chelsea Hospital, shewing the periods to which their Pensions have been issued prior to their quitting the United Kingdom, and they must afterwards, at the commencement of each quarter, regularly comply with the directions above specified as respects the execution of the Declaration, and the delivery thereof to the Commissariat Officer.

Royal Hospital Chelsea, 27th July, 1836.

Printed Declarations according to the above form, for the Pensions due on the first of January next, may be obtained at the Commissariat Office at St. John, and from the Commissariat Issuers at Fredericton and St. Andrews.

Commissariat, New Brunswick,
St. John, Nov. 15, 1835.

RYE Flour & Corn Meal.—200 Barrels landing ex brig 'Tom Cringle,' from Philadelphia, for sale by

Nov. 11. RATCHFORD & LUGRIN.

Wheat and Flour.

3000 BUSHELS WHEAT; 50 barrels Super Fine Danzic FLOUR:
For sale by W. H. STREET & RANNEY.
October 7, 1836.

Port Wine.

A SMALL supply of 'Hunt's' very superior Old PORT WINE, just received, and for sale in cases, hogsheads, and pipes, by

Nov. 11. RATCHFORD & LUGRIN.

William James Corbet,

HAS just arrived from England, and is now opening at the store formerly occupied by Messrs. Robertson & Hatton, in Prince William Street, a splendid assortment of

BRITISH GOODS,

—consisting of—Cloths, Cassimeres, Buckskins, Petershams, Bearskins, Pilot Cloths, Ladies' and Gents' Cloaks, silk Handkerchiefs, Gauze and crape do., Mufts, Tippets, Boas; London and Manchester Prints; challi Dresses; Lace Veils; Blond Gauze; Laces, Edgings; Book, Jaconet, and other Muslins; Mermos; plain and figured Gro-de-Naples; Irish Linen; Diapers; Lawns; French Cambrics; Ribbons; Jewellery; Dressing Cases; Work Boxes; Writing Desks; Gents. fine Beaver Hats; kid, lace, and silk Gloves and Mitts; Hosiery; Stays, &c. &c. Which are offered for sale wholesale and retail at unusually low prices.

A few very superior Gents. Frock and Dress Coats, Vests and Pantaloons.

October 21.

Whiskey.

JUST received, and for sale by the subscriber, by wholesale or retail, 3 Puncheons of first chop Inishone WHISKEY, very high proof.

Also, 5 Quarter casks of fine Old SHERRY WINE, with a choice selection of Liquors generally.

Nov. 11. JAMES NETHERY.

TEA.

A FEW Chests of Fine Bohea, just received from the *E. I. Company's Warehouse*, at Halifax, for sale by JAS. T. HANFORD.

October 14

TENDERS (until further notice) of *Mexican* or *South American Dollars*, in Exchange for Bills, drawn at thirty days, upon the Right Honorable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, London, will be received by the Deputy Commissary General, at his office, until noon on the 15th and last day of each month.—The Tender to state the number of Pence Sterling at which the Dollar is tendered.

COMMISSARIAT, NOVA-SCOTIA,
Halifax, 28th July, 1836.

NOTE.—The number of Bills required and amount of each to be stated in the Tender.

☞ Tenders (as above) may also be made of Dollars payable into the Military Chest at Saint John, N. B.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform his Friends and the Public generally, that he has commenced the

Cabinet Business,

in all its various branches, in Princess-street, nearly opposite the residence of *B. L. Peters*, Esq. where, from strict attention to business, he hopes to merit a share of public patronage. P. DRAKE.

N. B. Ships Wheels made to order.

October 7, 1836.

VALUABLE IMPORTATION OF GOODS,

Per Norval, Harkness, from Liverpool.

The Subscriber begs to inform his Friends and the Public in general, he is opening part of his FALL SUPPLY, by the above Vessel, consisting of—

11 BALES of broad and narrow CLOTHS, viz: blue, black, mulberry, purple, imperial, invisible green, &c. &c.; fancy Cassimeres, fancy Pelisse Cloths, Kersey, Pilot Cloths and Padding;
8 Casks HARDWARE, consisting of German Silver Table and Desert Forks; Table, Desert, Tea, Salt, and Mustard Spoons; Britannia Metal Bed Pans; do. Ink Stands; Patent Wire and Block Tin Dish Covers; Wire Fire Guards; Patent Wire Lanthorns; Plated Snuffers and Trays; Brass Lamps; do. Chair Nails; do. Toddy Kettles, with or without stands; Travelling Desks; Tin Spice, Cash, and Dressing Boxes; Jack, Trying, and Smoothing Planes, &c. &c.
1 Cask Brushes, containing Plate, Paint, Crumb, Turk's-heads, scrubbing, wash, fancy, stove, and bannister brushes, &c.
10 bundles BASKETS, viz: Reticules, Fishing, Plate, and other Baskets;
100 boxes CANDLES, Mould and Dipt;
60 ditto Brown SOAP; 2 ditto Windsor ditto;
6 bundles tin'd Frying Pans; 5 do. Wooden Shovels; 411 barrels Fine Middlings FLOUR.

Which with his present Stock on hand, will be sold low for cash or approved payment.

Also, on hand, A few barrels Superfine FLOUR for family use; Canso HERRINGS, &c.

EDWARD C. WADDINGTON.

Merritt's Buildings, Water street,
7th October, 1836.

Flour, Raisins, Candles.

Per Dorchester, from Quebec—

200 BARRELS FINE FLOUR.
Per Aid de Camp, from London—
100 Kegs Blasting POWDER;
20 Barrels Raw and Boiled LINSEED OIL;
6 do. Salt Petre; 5 Carrotels Dried Currants;
12 barrels Red Smyrna RAISINS;
100 boxes London MOULD CANDLES;
60 do. fine Smyrna Raisins;
25 do. SPERM CANDLES.

Oct. 7. J. & H. KINNEAR.

Received on Consignment:

3 PUNCHEONS MALT WHISKY.
W. H. STREET & RANNEY.
October 7, 1836.

Jamaica Rum,

SUGAR, Lime Juice, Hides, Pimento, Lignumvitæ, &c. received by late arrivals, for sale by

Sept. 30. RATCHFORD & LUGRIN.

FRESH TEAS.

Ex barque 'Glasgow,' from Greenock:—A very superior parcel of Teas imported into the Clyde, from Canton, in June last.

300 BOXES Congo TEA: 200 packages Souchong, of a very superior quality, 6lb. nett.
100 Packages of Young Hyson, 13 lb. nett,
100 Packages, ditto, 6 lb. nett,

The whole of the above will be disposed of on moderate terms while landing, and the quality will be found worthy of the attention of the public.

Oct. 14. JOHN ROBERTSON.

CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

PRINCE WILLIAM STREET.

JUST RECEIVED, per ship Aid-de-Camp, from London: Eight Cases of STATIONERY, BOOKS, &c. with complete Sets of the Saturday Magazine, the Penny Magazine, and a choice assortment of PERFUMERY, &c. Also, A fresh supply of Books for the use of the Library.

October 14, 1836. A. R. TRURO.

LONDON HOUSE.

WINTER IMPORTATION,

Per 'Woodman,' and 'James Lemon,'

73 BALES and Cases, containing: Merinos, single and double width; plain and figured SHAWL DRESSES; red white, and Salisbury Flannels; Serges; Shalloons; Woollen CLOTHS; striped and plain Kerseymeres, Waistcoatings; Bombazetts; Sattinetts; Moleskins; Figured and Plain Norwich and Thibet SHAWLS; Handkerchiefs; lin'd Gloves; FURS,—Muffs, Boas, Vigonia Mitts; lambswool, mohair, and silk Hose and half Hose; Ladies' Winter Boots and Shoes; grey, white, and printed Cottons; Muslins, Sheetings, Osnaburghs, Hollands, Regatta Shirtings, Linens, Diapers, Towelings, Draggets, Ginghams, Tickings; a large assortment of Buttons, &c.

The above are offered either wholesale or retail.

HOLDSWORTH & DANIEL.

Market Square, October 7.

Just Received,

By the Glasgow, from Greenock:

8 HHDS. LOAF SUGAR, 2 puns. Whiskey, 2 hhds. very superior BRANDY;
20 bags Barley; 8 casks Tea Kettles;
60 pieces Grey Cottons; 20 do. Furniture Check,
10 do. Tartans; 30 dozen Scotch Bonnets.

October 14. JAMES OTTY.

Sheathing Paper, &c. per Glasgow.

10 BALES of Sheathing Paper, of good quality, 1 bale of brown Wrapping PAPER.

October 14. *JOHN ROBERTSON.*

Rise and progress of Methodism.

THE Subscriber has ready for the Press, and will publish without delay: The Rise and Progress of Methodism in the Province of New-Brunswick, for— years from its commencement. As this work was not prepared for emolument, it will be sold at the cost of paper and printing.

Oct. 12. STEPHEN HUMBERT.

Pork, Flour, Corn Meal.

200 BARRELS Irish Prime Mess PORK.
4 do. India, do. do. very fat.
20 Do. Canada Prime Pork, 150 do. Nova-Scotia, do.
20 Tierces Irish Prime Mess BEEF.
20 Do. do. India, a very superior article for family use. JOHN ROBERTSON.

St. John. Sept. 30, 1836.

Just Received,

Per ship Aid-de-Camp, from London:

2 CASKS of PICKLES & SAUCES, viz: Mushroom and Walnut Ketchup; Harvey and Reading Sauce; Burgess Epl. Anchovie, French Capers; Onions; Walnuts; Girkins and Piccalilla, &c. &c.; which will be sold low for cash, or approved payment.

EDW. C. WADDINGTON.

St John, October, 7.

PHILADELPHIA MIRROR.

THE splendid patronage awarded to the Philadelphia Saturday Courier, induces the Editors to commence the publication, under the above title, of a quarto edition of their popular Journal, so long known as the largest family Newspaper in the United States, with a list of over 26,000 Subscribers. The new feature recently introduced of furnishing their readers with new books of the best literature of the day, having proved so eminently successful, the plan will be continued. Seven volumes of the celebrated writings of Captain Marryatt, and eighty-seven of Mr. Brooks' valuable Letters from Europe, have already been published without interfering with its news and miscellaneous reading. The Courier is the largest and cheapest Family Newspaper ever issued in this country, containing articles in Literature, Science, and Arts; Internal Improvement; Agriculture; in short every variety of topics usually introduced into a public journal. Giving full accounts of sales, markets, and news of the latest dates.

It is published at the low price of $2. For this small sum, subscribers get valuable and entertaining matter each week enough to fill a common book of 200 pages, and equal to 52 volumes a year, and which is estimated to be read, weekly, by at least two hundred thousand people, scattered in all parts of the country, from Maine to Florida, and from the seaboard to the Lakes. The paper has been now so long established as to render it too well known to require an extended prospectus.

THE QUARTO EDITION,

Under the title of the *Philadelphia Mirror*, commenced with the publication of the Prize Tale, to which was awarded the prize of $100, written by Miss Leslie, editor of the splendid Annual, the Token, and author of Pencil Sketches and other valuable contributions to American Literature. This was followed by a tale from the talented pen of Miss Sedgwick, and author of "Hope Leslie," "The Linwoods," and several other of the most popular American works. A large number of songs, poems, tales, &c. offered in competition for the $500 premiums, and procured from writers of acknowledged talent, will add value and interest to the succeeding numbers.

This approved family Newspaper is strictly neutral in religious and political matters, and the uncompromising opponent of quackery of every kind.

MAPS.

In addition to such other attractions as they may be enabled to impart to both publications, the publishers intend furnishing their patrons with a series of engraved Maps, embracing the twenty-six states of the Union, &c.; exhibiting the situation, &c. of rivers, towns, mountains, lakes, the seaboard, internal improvements, as displayed in canals, rail roads, &c., with other interesting and useful features, roads, distances, &c., forming a complete Atlas for general use and information, handsomely executed, and each distinct map on a large quarto sheet, at an expense which nothing but the splendid patronage which for six years past has been generously extended to them, could warrant.

TERMS:—The Philadelphia Saturday Courier is still continued in its large form, at the same price as heretofore. The Philadelphia Mirror, being a quarto edition of the Saturday Courier, with its increased attractions, and printed on the best fine white paper of the same size as the New-York Albion, will be put at precisely one half the price of that valuable Journal, viz: three Dollars per annum, payable in advance, (including the Maps.)

☞ Four copies will be sent for Ten Dollars.

M'MAKIN & HOLDEN, successors to WOODBURY & CLARKE,

Sept. 10. *Philadelphia.*

New and Fashionable Goods.

Just received by the ship *Aid de Camp* from London, and now opening at the stone building in Prince William street:

Part of his supply of FALL GOODS,

CONSISTING OF:

10 ENDS black, blue, rifle, mulberry, and Russel brown BROAD CLOTHS;
10 do. fancy Buckskins, Cassimeres, and Russel cords; 4 do. drab and brown Kersey;
8 do. black, blue, olive, brown and rifle ladies' cloth;
13 do. black and blue Cambletts and Tatan Plaids;
4 do. claret and black Bearskin.—*Waterproof Cloth;* 14 do. blue, black and olive *wool dyed* Petershams and Pilot cloths;
8 do. Kidderminster and Venetian CARPETING,—best superfine;
150 dozen black, grey, white and colored Worsted, Lambs' wool and merino hose and half hose, of all sizes and qualities;
10 do. white, black, and colored silk Hose and half Hose;
20 do. white fleecy, Merino and chamois shirts and pantaloons;
80 do. ladies' and men's Danish, Paris, Leipsic, striped and shaded Worsted Cravats;
20 do. Filled, Chenille, Cameron, Thibet, Cloth, printed Worsted, and black Saxony Shawls;
16 pieces crimson, drab, green & scarlet moreens;
50 dozen green, drab, crimson, and scarlet bullion Fringe and Orris Lace;
20 gross silk, lisle, cotton, and worsted lace;
20 dozen patent Thread, No. 22 and No. 25;
10 pieces colored and black Paramatto;
6 ditto black Bombazine;
150 dozen black, white and colored kid, fleecy lin'd Berlin, Norwegian, and real buck Gloves, Mitts, &c.;
30 ends rich satin, check and figured silk velvet, cassimerette, and Valentia Vesting;
10 do. Livery Vesting;
1 case fancy, mourning, spotted, and cap Blond Quilling; colored Lisle Gauze, Gymp, Lisle and Blond Edging and Lace; 4-4 white, plain and figured Blond for sleeves; fashionable Caps; harness book for Window Curtains;
1 rich French Imperial CLOAK;
1 do. Circassian Cloak;
1 case Artificial FLOWERS, Plumes, rich figured satin Bonnets; corded robes, down sleeves, silk fringe, gymp and braid;
1 case blue, black, brown, and Mole Beaver BONNETS.—plaited Beaver, white under;
3 do. galloons, sarsnet and satin plain and fig'd Ribbons and Bedlis;
1 do. Mantua, Cêlili, and other fancy Dresses;
1 do. Gauze Handkerchiefs, Scarfs, and Veils; Lace Veils; Muslin and Lace Collars and Capes; fancy Frills; oiled silk Aprons; black embroidered and printed silk Aprons; black Bandannas and Barcelonas; fancy Bandannas, Cravats, silk and satin stocks in great variety;
1 do. Persian, plain and figured Gro de Naples and Damask figured Satin;
1 do. Damask and worsted Cloths and Covers; 6-4 and 8-4 carpet covering;
1 do. *Brooks'* Royal Spool and Cotton Balls;
1 do mixt Pins, in 1 lb. ½ lb. and ¼ lbs.;
40 pieces white, red, and yellow Flannels, Patent and Welsh Flannels and green Baize;
1 case TOYS;
1 truss Patent CALF SKINS;
1 case *Mackintosh's* India Rubber Cloaks, Capes, and Soles;
Cases Ladies SHOES and BOOTS; Spanish Fur Boots; Gentlemen's Patent Leather and cloth Boots, snow boots, &c.
Cases Gentlemen's fashionable oval waterproof Beaver HATS;
1 case Jet Necklaces, Bracelets, and shell Side Combs; 1 do. assorted Curls, Frizzets, and Medora Bands;
1 do. Slates, Writing Fluids, and cards of Pens for copying Music and for engrossing;
2 hogsheads FURS: Ladies and children's muffs and Boas, Capes, French Shawls, Gros and Satin Cleopatras; Fur Trimmings in great variety; Gentlemen's CAPS and BOAS, consisting of Mock Sable, Mink, Lynx, Ermine, Chinchilla, Black Bear, Swan, Bush Martin, Jennet, Racoon, Isabella Hare, and Creamer; black and grey Crimea Skins.

All which, along with the Stock of choice Goods on hand, form an assortment well worthy the attention of the public.

The remainder of his Fall Supply daily expected, consisting of Prints, Grey and White cottons, Bedtick, Muslins, Cambrics, and Merinos.

☞ *Wholesale and retail.*

WILLIAM ROBERTSON.

St. John, 21st October, 1836.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, That a second and final Dividend of seven shillings in the pound, (making in the whole seventeen shillings in the pound) has been this day declared upon the Estate of Thomas S. Warne, late of this City, Merchant, and will be paid to the respective creditors who are parties to the Deed of Trust, upon application at the Office of George Wheeler, Esquire, where also will be exhibited to any of the said Creditors, the accounts of the Trustees.

ANGUS M'KENZIE,
E. DEW. RATCHFORD, } Trustees.
N. SMITH DE MILL,

St. John, 23d September, 1836.

Notice.

THE Subscribers having taken the necessary measures for the importation, *direct from Canton*, of **5,000 Chests Tea,** contracted for to be of equal quality in the several denominations to the East India Company's best; and having despatched a Ship, which sailed for Canton in June last: Give notice, that the same will arrive at this Port about the 1st March next, and is to be sold at Public Sales, on days as will be declared and appointed; which they trust will secure the confidence of the Trade, that it may by this means be supplied with an unexceptionable quality, and embracing advantages which the recent indirect importations have not afforded.

Early notice is thus given, in order that those who may intend ordering shipments from Europe, may be aware of having to compete with a direct importation, ordered under circumstances which give assurance that the quality will be the best.

The arrangement is intended to be continuous, for the importation of one or more cargoes annually.

W. H. STREET & RANNEY.

St. John, 8th Oct. 1836.

Robertson & Hatton,

Offer for sale at very low prices, to close sales—

200 BBLS. PORK, (favourite brands,)
100 kegs Tobacco,
100 barrels Navy Bread; 20 barrels Pot Barley.

Peters' Wharf, 9th Sept. 1836.

SAMUEL M. CHAMBERLAIN

RESPECTFULLY informs the Inhabitants of the City of Saint John, that he will give private lessons on GLOBES to such young Gentlemen and Ladies as may wish to have their knowledge in Geography and Astronomy improved; and furnish them with globes to practice on.

Mr. C. is imboldened to recommend a familiar use of Globes, as by it the Student in Geography and Astronomy will be greatly improved: By it he will be more interested in contemplating the visible Heavens—an amusement innocent and delightful for the evening or the most lonely hours of night—But infinitely more important! by observations on the Celestial canopy; by the greatness of the scenery presented—he must be irresistibly led to the contemplation of the immensity of space, and infinite goodness of THE AUTHOR AND GOVERNOR OF ALL.

St. John, Sept. 23, 1835.

Canso Herrings.

JUST RECEIVED in Store:—A few Barrels No. 1, Canso (Gibbed) HERRINGS; which will be sold low if applied for immediately.

WETMORE & PATTEN.

Water-street, 22d Sept. 1836.

Ex PINK, from LONDON:

10 TONS CORDAGE of all sizes;
1 Ton Bolt Rope; 1 do. White Rope,
Hambro line, Marline, Houseline, Fishing Lines, Log Lines, Twine, &c.
260 Kegs white, green, yellow, black, and red PAINTS; 20 barrels Roman CEMENT;
35 Pipes, hogsheads, and quarter casks MADEIRA WINE;
20 Pipes, hogsheads, and quarter casks superior COGNAC BRANDY.

Sept. 9, 1836. *W. H. STREET & RANNEY.*

JUST RECEIVED BY THE SUBSCRIBER:

6 BALES Cotton Warp;
2 do. best English SOLE LEATHER;
2 do. Candle Wick; 10 ☞ Hemp Carpeting;
10 dozen Shovels;
3 bales of SLOPS, containing pea and monkey Jackets, Flushing Trowsers, red, blue, and striped Shirts, Guernsey Frocks, long and short Drawers, Woollen Stockings, Scotch Bonnets, Comforters, blue cloth Jackets and Trowers, Velvet Vests, &c. &c.

Sept. 9, 1836. JAMES OTTY.

Copper, Iron, &c.

4 TONS Bolt COPPER, 5-8 to 1 3-8 inch; 7 1-2, 8 1-2, and 9 inch Composition SPIKES; 50 Tons double refined round IRON, from 5-8 to 1 3-8 inch; 10 do. best Axe Iron,
10 do. common English Iron, 1-2, 5-8, and 3-4 inch, round; 2 do. Swedes do. flat and square, ass.
10 do. Iron Spikes, 4 1-2 to 12 inches.

Oct. 7. JOHN ROBERTSON.

Herrings and Pollock.

50 BARRELS Fat HERRINGS; 150 cwt. Pollock; for sale by

Oct. 7. RATCHFORD & LUGRIN.

Received per brig Emerald:

1 ROLL, of 14 cwt. SHEET LEAD, for Scuppers; *Also, in store,*
300 Barrels Superfine and Fine FLOUR,
100 ditto Corn Meal; 60 do. Canso HERRINGS.

Sept. 23. JAMES OTTY.

RUM AND SUGAR.

The Subscriber offers for sale, just landed:

50 PUNS. high proof Jamaica RUM;
20 hhds. and 100 barrels very choice SUGAR. *JAMES T. HANFORD.*

September 23.

Lines, Twines, &c.

JUST received, per *Pink*, from London: a further supply of Cod, Pollock, and Mackerel LINES; Salmon and Seine TWINES; and Herring NETS. For sale by

Sept. 23. JAMES T. HANFORD.

MOLASSES.

30 PUNCHEONS choice MOLASSES; just landed, and for sale by

Sept. 23. JAMES T. HANFORD.

Extract of Wild Thyme,

FOR the cure of Chapped Hands; broken Chilblains, excoriated Nipples, &c: For sale at the Circulating Library.

October 7. A. R. TRURO.

Blankets, Slops, &c.

The Subscribers have received on Consignment by late arrivals from Liverpool, the following:

BALES Winter Slops, Carpetings and