

- ruxplex and dplex systems, 353; arrangement for branch offices, 359; quad-ruxplex and single circuit combination, 361; arrangement for neutralizing current induction, 362; induction between parallel lines, 363; double transmission in the same direction, 364; early methods of simultaneous transmission in the same direction, 364; Bernstein's method, 365.
- R** **EACTION** effect of induced currents, 179.
 Resonant devices, effects of, 183.
 Remarks on the theory of the telephone, 289.
 Receivers, telephonic, 219.
 Researches in telegraphy by Edison, 218; Reiss, 55, 251.
 Reiss's telephone, 251.
 Rheotome, 78.
 Ruhmkorff's coil, 78.
- S** **ALEM** lecture reported by telephone, 76.
 Silvertown Company, 94.
 Scott's, Léon, phonograph, 63, 295.
 Signalling apparatus for telephones, 29, 239.
 Sound, characteristics of, 7, 95, 293; convertibility into electricity, graphic representations of, 8; velocity of, 243; Tyndall's lectures on, 240; sound waves converted into heat waves, 234; vibrations of, 5.
 Sounds of the human voice, 97; Helmholtz, analysis of vocal, 235; produced in iron wire by passage of electricity, 122; produced by molecular changes, 233.
 Sonorous undulations, 99.
 Specifications of telephonic inventions filed in the United States Patent Office, February 14, 1876; Gray's, 203; Bell's, 205.
 Speaking telephone, invention of, 201.
 Sympathetic vibrations, 87.
- T** **ALKING** phonograph, 232.
 Telephone, articulating, 15; audibility of, 38; American speaking company, 46; application of permanent magnets to, 259; accessories and connections of the carbon, 227; Bell's, 17, 50, 205; battery, 32; Baille's, 47; Breguet's, 237; Bourselle's, 147; Bendley's experiments, 225; correlation of forces illustrated by, 42; carbon, 34, 223; caveat for, 217; currents produced in, 291; conversation of English scientists about, 82; Channing, Dr. William F., inventions, 277; Dolbear's, 19, 75; double diaphragm, 33; duplex, 21; distance over which it can be worked, 81; Edison 35; Edison's researches, 218; electro-static, 231; electro-harmonic, 187; Gray's, 15, 73; Gray's telephonic researches, 152; Gray's electro-harmonic, 187; Gray's caveat, 217; handle, 276; innumerable uses of, 45; illustration of correlation of forces by the, 42; improvements by Channing, Blake, Peirce and Jones, 275; E. S. Jones, handle, 276; limit of audibility, 38; musical, 9; Morse combination, 41; magneto, 221; magnetic cores for, 177; Phelps's duplex, 21; Peirce's monthpiece for, 275; pill box, 90; Reiss's, 9, 148, 251; repeater, 89; receivers, 193, 219; remarkable phenomena, 281; siphon recorder, 279; signalling apparatus, 29, 239; sensitiveness of, 285; switch, 40; speaking, invention of, 201; Thomson's report, 93; tones produced by electric currents, 111, 139; theory of, 288; vibratory bell, 41; vibrating diaphragm, 16; vibratory plate, 43; working through cable, 81.
 Tone, 6; simple and composite, 8.
 Tracings of air vibrations, 91; from phonograph records, 303.
 Transmission of composite tones, 139.
 Transmitting reeds, 181.
 Tyndall's experiments, 156; lectures on sound, 240.
- U** **SES** of the phonograph, 203.
 Undulatory currents, 53, 83, 208.
 University, Boston, 72.
- V** **ARLEY**, Cromwell F., researches, 62.
 Various forms of transmitting reeds, 191; telephonic receivers, 193; transmitters, 197.
 Velocity of sound, 243.
 Vibrating plate, 43; rods, 239.
 Vibratory circuit breaker, 59; movements and molecular effects determined in magnetic bodies by the influence of electric currents, 117; currents, peculiarities of, 173; motions of fluids, 241.
 Vibrations, propagation of compound, 247; of Trevelyan's bars by the galvanic current, 113; of sound, optically exhibited, 68.
 Vibrational forms, Fourier's law of, 249.
 Visible speech, 68.
- W** **AGENER**'s hammer, 140.
 Watson's, Thomas A., assistance in perfecting the speaking telephone, 71, 77.
 Wartmann's researches in telephony, 55, 113.
 Wertheim's researches in telephony, 55; on the elasticity of metals, 123; analysis of the mechanical effects manifested in magnetism, 124, 125, 139.
 Western Electric Manufacturing Company telephonic apparatus, 31, 32, 33.
 Working telephones over artificial lines, 108.
 Wheatstone's instruments, 104.
 Wilson's, Charles H., method for overcoming current induction, 362.