

CABLE GOSSIP.

Concerning Royalty—Speculations as to the Succession to R. Hon. W. E. Gladstone.

Ex-King Milan Causes a Disturbance in a Ball Room—General Notes.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—Dr. Billroth, a distinguished German surgeon, is dead at Abazia of heart disease.

The commercial treaty between Germany and Russia shows that Russia made several concessions in reducing duties on German goods.

It is authoritatively stated that the Pope will shortly publish an encyclical on the union of the Western and Eastern churches.

The Duke and Duchess of Connaught are to go to Germany in April for a short time, and will be at Coburg for the marriage of Grand Duke of Hesse and the Princess Victoria.

The Emperor and Empress of Russia have invited the Prince and Princess of Wales to St. Petersburg for the wedding of the Grand Duchess Xenia and the Grand Duke Nicholas.

The Prince of Wales' racing yacht Britannia yesterday left Coburg for Gibraltar on her way to Marseilles.

Wales will not leave for the Riviera until the second week in March. He will return to London about April 9, about ten days before proceeding to Coburg.

A dispatch from Prague, Bohemia, says the Lieutenant Kolovitch, of the Austro-Hungarian army, quarrelled with a party of merchants in a beer house in Pilsen.

Kolovitch drew his sword, and after wounding two of the merchants ran it through another named Coten.

Mr. Goshen, who is accompanying his daughter to Brussels as the guest of Sir Francis and Lady Plunkett, was able to satisfy King Leopold as to the sensational reports of Mr. Gladstone's impending resignation.

The great gathering at the palace was one of the largest and most animated ever remembered.

In 1884 Signor Campanella, a prominent resident of Civita, Livorno, in a quarrel killed a man named Falcini in self-defence.

Campanella was to have been married this morning. Falcini's brother cut the throat of the expectant bridegroom.

placed the corpse in the nuptial bed that had been prepared and then gave himself up to the police.

An event of considerable interest was the marriage of Mr. Bruce Baillie and Hon. Nellie Liza Bass, daughter of Lord Burton, of the brewing company of Bass & Co. of Burton-on-Trent.

The bridegroom, who is a Scotch landowner, is a cousin of the Earl of Elgin, a Viceroy of India, and the bride is the daughter of a baronet.

Some time back her father, it is said, caused the break-up of an engagement with a wealthy commoner as he aimed at a coronet for his daughter.

It is announced that the French Minister of Marine has decided that Admiral Gervais shall be supplanted by the next admiral in command, he having, when Mr. Lockhart referring to the charges which he had brought in the Chamber against the navy, took occasion to praise its officers, interjected, very hotly: "The officers of the navy have no need of your praises, and I decline them in their names."

At that time the Minister of Marine declared that the matter had reached a stage which required to be discussed by the Government.

Regarding a report that a big pool had been formed on this side of the Atlantic by different steamship lines, the representative of one of the leading transportation lines said the statement was incorrect so far as the British lines were concerned, but the continental lines have already completed arrangements to pool Atlantic passenger earnings, and are negotiating to pool earnings of freight business.

The British steamship companies are likely to conclude an agreement with the continental lines which will diminish competition.

The Princess of Wales and her daughter left Sandringham on Saturday for Osborne on a visit to the Queen, accompanied by the Prince. Her Royal Highness is quite restored to health, and will probably pay a visit to the Duke and Duchess of Fife when she leaves Osborne.

The Queen has begged the Princess to postpone her departure for the Mediterranean until after the drawing-rooms to be held at St. James's Palace on February 27 and March 6.

The presence of the Princess at these functions is proof of the fidelity of the reports so recklessly circulated about her resolution to retire from society.

Ex-King Milan, accompanied King Alexander, his son, to the merchants' ball here last evening. It has been in the ball but a short time when General Gruitch, formerly Premier, approached him.

Milan once began a violent tirade against him, accusing Gruitch of plotting against the government and prompting the disloyalty of the radicals to the throne.

He spoke so loudly that his voice penetrated to all parts of the room.

The dancing ceased, and the guests listened to Gruitch's reply.

The ex-Premier stood still until Milan began to threaten him, and he turned and left the room without having made any answer to Milan.

There has been a revival of all the old speculations as to what will happen when Mr. Gladstone's resignation actually takes place.

There are two men marked out for first right to the leadership—Sir William Harcourt by priority of service, and Lord Rosebery by superiority of ability and popularity.

Sir William will not serve under Lord Rosebery and Lord Rosebery will not serve under Sir William.

Shrewd students of politics hold that a good humored man of no importance, such as Mr. Campbell Bannerman has the best chance of success to the leadership, if the Liberals should come back victorious from the polls.

When military and naval officers are ordered to active service the extra premium demanded by the insurance offices is a very serious consideration.

As instances, Gen. Henry Brackenbury had to pay £25 for every one hundred pounds insured, at the outbreak of the Ashantee war, and Gen. Wolsey had to pay £25 for every one hundred.

Elaborate calculations have since been gone into as to the risks of officers from a life assurance point of view, and the board of Grosham have adopted a set of premium rates within easy reach of officers.

For instance, in case of the outbreak of war for policy covering risks of climate and warfare an officer aged 30 would pay only 8s. 8d. per hundred pounds more than a civilian in London.

CHATHAM, Feb. 6.—Alfred W. Brown, colored, was sentenced here yesterday to six years imprisonment for the larceny of jewels from the residence of Mrs. Beattie.

NEWS CONFIRMED.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—In the House of Lords today the Marquis of Ripon, Secretary of State for the Colonies, stated that despatches had been received confirming the reports of an engagement between a body of British military police and a French force, in the Sofia country, in the interior of Sierra Leone, in which six of the French troops were killed. According to the despatches, the French were the aggressors, having attacked the British.

It is virtually certain that the encounter between the British and French military police, reported in a despatch from Sierra Leone yesterday, occurred about forty miles north of Freetown, where the French and British frontiers touched. As there is no expedition in that locality, it is probable that the two bodies that came into collision were native police and not Europeans.

SOCIALIST SUPPORT.

BERLIN, Feb. 6.—The question of salaries paid to officials in the Home office was debated in the Reichstag to-day in connection with the vote of supply. Herr Bebel, the Socialist leader, in referring to the emigration bill, spoke of the exportation of German girls, chiefly Jewesses, for immoral purposes.

He declared that in order to enable progress to take these girls into Russia, they were baptised by force at Hamburg.

Dr. von Boettcher, Secretary of the Imperial Home Office, declared that he was ignorant of the facts stated by Herr Bebel, whom he thanked for calling his attention to the matter, promising that the traffic in girls would, as far as possible, be stopped instantly.

The Socialists supported the vote of supply for the new Ministry of the Home Office, Herr Bebel saying that his party was justified, as the post was specially formed to carry out the work of the Socialists. The National Liberals and the members of the Centre party refused to support the Government, holding that the demand was not necessary.

TORONTO TOPICS.

TORONTO, Feb. 7.—(Special)—A prohibition convention was held here yesterday and to-day. A deputation, headed by Rev. Dr. Potts, interviewed Mr. Mowat in the evening.

Sir Oliver made a reply to the gist of which is contained in the closing sentences as follows: "If the decision of the Privy Council should be that the province has jurisdiction to pass a prohibitory liquor law, as to the sale, will introduce such a bill the following session."

then head of the Government. If the decision of the Privy Council is that the province has jurisdiction to pass only a partial prohibitory liquor law I will introduce such a prohibitory bill as the decision will warrant.

The convention held a jubilation meeting afterward.

Robert Hodgins, a letter carrier of this city, has been arrested for stealing registered letters.

Charles Chamberlain, who cut such a prominent figure in the bye-election in Winnipeg on November 22 as an election poster and alleged impersonator, has been arrested by Detective Burrows, and will be taken back to Winnipeg for trial.

CABLE NEWS.

PARIS, Feb. 3.—Official communication with the Government of the United States having in view the reduction of duties on French wines, is progressing favorably.

ROME, Feb. 6.—The court-martial which is sitting in Massa di Carrara to try the anarchists implicated in the last outbreak there and in Carrara, sentenced yesterday seven of the most conspicuous leaders to terms of imprisonment between two and three years.

The insurgent leader, Nicotoni, and thirty-two of his followers, all notorious house-raiders, were arrested yesterday at Noceeto, near Parma.

PARIS, Feb. 7.—The French Government has decided that canned goods for the army shall hereafter be furnished only by French manufacturers. These goods were formerly supplied by an American firm.

PARIS, Feb. 7.—A train from Paris was derailed at Compiègne last night and it is reported that seven persons were killed and twenty or thirty, more or less, injured.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—The Queen last night gave a large dinner party, at which were present the Empress Frederick of Germany, the Prince and Princess of Wales and their daughters and Prince and Princess Henry of Battenberg. The Queen is in the best of health.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—The price of bar silver to-day reached the lowest point ever known; it was quoted at 29 3/16 an ounce.

PERORIA, Ill., Feb. 7.—Orders have been sent out from whisky trust headquarters raising the price of spirits two cents a gallon.

BERLIN, Feb. 6.—Official and private reports on the recent revolt of the natives in the Cameroons call attention to the great heroism of Margaret Leue, a Sister of Mercy, who passed through the thick of the fighting armed with only a revolver, and attended to the wounded in the midst of a hail of bullets.

ROME, Feb. 6.—Three more anarchists implicated in the recent outbreak in Carrara and Massa di Carrara, were sentenced to-day, their terms of imprisonment varying from three years to eight years. In every case so far the sentence of the prisoner includes several months of solitary confinement.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—Another supposed infemal machine was found outside the Magazine du Printemps to-day. It was taken to the municipal laboratory for examination. The police believe it to be the work of some practical joker.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—M. Papillard, a writer on the staff of Le Libre Parole, wounded Deputy Oliver Baillon in the arm pit to-day. The cause of the duel was a certain article published by Papillard in Le Parole.

ROME, Feb. 6.—Three battalions of troops which were sent to Sicily on the outbreak of the recent troubles there, have returned to their former garrisons.

TORONTO, Feb. 6.—Returns from all parts of the province regarding the recent prohibition plebiscite are now in. Although they may be slightly changed by different classification in one or two instances, the figures show that the total majority in favor of prohibition is 81,730.

Many women find great difficulty in arranging their hair becomingly, because of its harsh and coarse texture. By the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor the hair becomes soft, pliant and glossy. The Vigor is the most cleanly of all hair preparations.

MONTREAL, Feb. 5.—The C.P.R. traffic for the week ending January 31 was \$394,000, and for the same week last year \$463,000.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Order-in-Council Signed for Non-Interference in Northwest School Question.

The Local Authorities Requested to Afford Relief to Well-Founded Grievances.

(From our own Correspondent.) OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 5.—Mr. McGee, clerk of the Privy Council, returned from Quebec to-night with an order signed by the Governor-General, leaving the Northwest public school ordinance to go into effect, but making certain suggestions to the Legislature for its improvement.

Three Lake Simcoe Indians have received bronze medals from the Royal Humane Society for bravery in saving lives last October.

All the local banks report that paper was well met for for.

The prohibition convention in Toronto will be asked to condemn the provision in the French treaty admitting wines at a low rate.

J. E. Miller has been appointed inspector of gas and gas meters at Vancouver; W. Wolfenden, do, New Westminster; H. L. Good, do, Nanaimo.

OTTAWA, Feb. 6.—The Governor-General yesterday signed the Order-in-Council for non-interference with the Northwest school ordinance of December, 1892. The minutes of council adopted embolden an extended reply to the complaints of certain petitioners.

Many of these complaints are discovered upon misapprehension as to the Federal power, inasmuch as the regulations in question were made under the old ordinances, which are now altogether beyond the scope of the Federal authorities.

The petitioners seem to be under the impression that an appeal lay to the Governor-General in Council, as in the case of the Provinces, for the purpose of having remedial orders passed. Such is not the case, but the Order-in-Council adopted meets the alternative prayer of the petitioners by requesting the Local Governor, Executive Committee and Assembly to carefully inquire into the complaints of the petitioners, in order that relief may be given by such amending ordinances or amending regulations as may be found necessary to meet any grievance or any well-founded apprehensions that may be ascribed to exist.

From communications which have passed between the Department of Justice and the Executive Committee of the Northwest, it appears that every precaution was taken by the Northwest Executive to protect the rights of the Roman Catholic minority, although it is evident from the petitions sent in that some people thought these rights had been unduly interfered with.

To-morrow is a departmental holiday here.

OTTAWA, Feb. 7.—Sir Adolphe Caron addressed a large meeting under the auspices of the Macdonald club, saying the Government would revise the tariff on the lines of the National Policy by still affording adequate protection to Canadian industries. He made an eloquent appeal for tolerance and fair play to all classes of Canadians.

The Alaska boundary commission cannot complete their work in two years, and have consequently asked an extension of the treaty provisions.

Representatives of the printing trades saw the tariff commission to-day. They want the duties on imported printing presses, and types to enter at ten per cent.

Parliament will meet either the 8th or 15th March.

The city is very quiet to-day, this being a statutory holiday.

PRINCESS COLONNA.

PARIS, Feb. 7.—No trace has yet been found of the Princess Colonna, step-daughter of Mr. John W. Mackay, who is suing her husband for divorce and judicial separation. The Princess, who is residing in Paris, was ordered by the court to allow her husband to see the children; but when the Prince went to the hotel at which she had been living, she had disappeared.

It is reported that she has taken her departure for the United States, but both her advocates and her refused to-day to repudiate or confirm the solicitor of Princess Colonna will try to bring the matter before the tribunal in Paris to-morrow.

The Prince has obtained a writ in a suit he had instituted in Naples, demanding that the Princess return to the marital home, and that she be placed under the protection of the court.

The Prince has appointed guardian of the children. The case will come up for hearing on February 10. There is reason to believe that the Princess was in the south of France about a week ago.

The deduction now is that she is either at Mentone, at which the court gave her permission to reside for the benefit of the health of her children, or that she has taken passage on the North German Lloyd's steamer, which sailed from Genoa last Wednesday for New York.

MONTREAL MATTERS.

MONTREAL, Feb. 6.—(Special)—The examination of ballots in the recent contest for the mayoralty, in which Ald. Villeneuve was declared elected by a majority of 176 votes, was finished by the city clerk and shows that 1,400 ballots were rejected by the returning officers. Hon. James McShane, Mr. Villeneuve's opponent, will now make application for a re-count and has strong hopes of winning the election.

It is rumored in political circles that Hon. Mr. Nantel will shortly retire from the Quebec cabinet and will resume editorial control of La Presse.

The provincial government has the question of reducing the tariff of advocates' fees for consideration.

MR. GLADSTONE.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—Sir Algernon Edward West, Mr. Gladstone's friend and companion in Biarritz, arrived here this evening. He said, in an interview, that he left Mr. Gladstone in the best of health. Gladstone had enjoyed his sojourn in Biarritz greatly and was gratified by the benefit which he derived from his vacation. He would return to London probably on February 10. He had been surprised upon learning that a definite report concerning his retirement had been published in London, especially as there was no more ground for it than was to be found in the uncertainty of an aged statesman remaining in office after he had become conscious of his falling health.

MARTIAL LAW OVER.

Brazilian Affairs to Resume Their Ordinary Course—Presidential Elections Next Month.

A Doubtful Report—Peixoto Said to Have Thrust Numbers in Prison.

RIO JANEIRO, Feb. 7.—The Government has decided to decree that martial law shall cease on February 8, and that the presidential elections shall take place on March 1, in accordance with the constitution. Dr. Prudente de Moraes, president of the senate, is the only candidate named for the Presidency. He is a civilian from the state of Sao Paulo. It is possible that he will be acceptable to both sides.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.—The Herald's Montevideo cable says that its correspondent in Rio sends word under date of January 30 that da Gama intends to take no aggressive steps at present, unless Peixoto's newly purchased fleet arrives off Rio bay, and in that case he would fire upon the city with all his ships and make a desperate effort to land his forces between San Ramon and the Custom House.

A prominent Government official says that every man in Rio who is unfriendly to Peixoto has been thrust into jail. Three thousand of these, all told, are now in confinement, including many Portuguese merchants and other foreigners, and they are crowded like sheep in filthy prisons.

The secret police of Peixoto infect all the hotels and cafes and with their ears and eyes wide open ferret out and arrest "suspects."

THE KAISER'S SPEECH.

BERLIN, Feb. 7.—The members of the Reichstag who attended the Parliamentary banquet given on Monday night by Chancellor von Caprivi, are gradually divulging in the lobby of the Reichstag the details of the speeches made on that occasion. It is said that Emperor William filiosophically praised the Czar, saying: "He is a Prince of Peace like myself."

Continuing, His Majesty is reported to have said that his relations with the Czar were excellent and of the most intimate nature, yet should the Reichstag reject the coming treaty its enemies would immediately damage Germany. In conversation with one of the Conservative members of the Reichstag, the Emperor said that he had carefully studied the agricultural distress and anxiously considered remedies to relieve it. Nevertheless, he maintained the duty on grain of half a mark would be sufficient for the protection of the German farmer. Ten years ago, he added, the farmers would have considered such a protective tariff beyond the range of possibilities.

The Radical newspapers express strongly their approval of the Emperor's forcible action in favor of the Russian commercial treaty. Eugene Richter's Freisinnige Zeitung is even inclined to impugn Herr von Letzow, president of the Reichstag, for developing views hardly in harmony with the Emperor's.

The Conservatives regard the Emperor's words as an intimation that the Reichstag to-day discussed, and not by Herr von Grober and Richter to amend the election regulations with a view to making them more secret. The motion that an isolated room shall be furnished in which the electors shall write their tickets and place them in themselves. The motion was generally supported, except by the Imperialists and Conservatives.

THE KAISER.

BERLIN, Feb. 7.—Herr Levinson, president of the Reichstag, has submitted to the Emperor the grievances of the farmers against the financial reform bill. His Majesty listened attentively, and then repeated that the passage of the bill was of high political necessity. By passing it the Reichstag would show the lasting gratitude of the Germans. He concluded by saying patriotism and responsibility forbade its rejection.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—The correspondent of the Telegraph at Berlin says the Emperor's outspoken support of the policy of Caprivi, given by his speech at the dinner for the Reichstag, is highly significant as proving that he does not intend to alter the course hitherto followed, and that there is no chance of a change as a result of the reconciliation with Bismarck. If a struggle occurs it will be between the agrarian opposition and the crown. The Emperor's speech has caused a great impression in political circles.

J. J. HILL'S OPINIONS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—President J. J. Hill, of the Great Northern railroad, in an interview said: "The lumber business of the North Pacific has been depressed on account of the falling off in the export trade by ocean to South America, Australia and other places. It is being rapidly replaced by rail shipments to the East. The single item of the shipment of cedar shingles amounts to 100,000 cords a day. The only question is the furnishing of cars. The agricultural business of the Palouse country has suffered because of the heavy rains during the harvest, which injured the quality of the wheat. The mining business is picking up. In Washington and Idaho the greater attention to gold prospecting is leading to the opening of new gold fields. The same thing prevails to even a greater extent in Montana. Montana merchants quite generally paying cash for purchases. The money comes largely from the mines. There is a movement from the cities to the new lands west of Lake Superior. People who are leaving the manufacturing centres and taking up homes in the West. It is new and the resources are not exhausted."

"This section of the country will recover from the hard times more quickly than the section east of Chicago, because it has fewer manufacturers. It produces things that people must have for food, shelter and for paying their way. Agricultural products, lumber and precious ores are produced. What is not used will be exported. The prices are low enough for breadstuffs. Nobody would go hungry on account of the cost of the necessities. In the large manufacturing districts east of Chicago people will have to wait for natural forces to readjust them. I look for very little railroad building this year. There is no large area of new country to open up. In fact, the country is provided with railroads for a long time to come. So far as the Great Northern is concerned, there has been a lifting off its earnings in certain localities, but a small

gain is beginning to show in others, which, with the general reduction of expenses, make net results satisfactory. I look for an important new development on the Pacific coast very soon. The Puget Sound contains large deposits of the ore and good cooking coal, which are beginning to attract attention. It will be but a short time before the Pacific coast will be supplied with the best iron and steel as cheaply as elsewhere."

WINNIPEG WIRINGS.

WINNIPEG, Feb. 7.—(Special)—The provincial Y.M.C.A. convention was opened to-night with a mass meeting. The debate on the budget continues in the legislature and will not probably be concluded before the end of the week. It has been decided by the government to abandon the compilation of the judicial bill this year. This is expected to greatly shorten the session.

The body of an unknown man, aged about 45, hanging from a tree. Evidently the case was one of deliberate suicide.

A private telegram from Montreal to-day reports suspension of Lieut.-Col. Houghton, D.A.G. of this district, for writing in reply to General Middleton's remarks on the Batsche Light.

The Winnipeg spring assizes open on March 13.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

(Special to the Colonist.)

VANCOUVER, Feb. 7.—A small store opposite the Hotel Vancouver has been burglarized to the extent of two sacks of flour. Seventy dollars in the open till was undisturbed.

A man snatched a coat and vest hanging in front of Chubb & Stewart's to-day, and got away with them.

At a special meeting of the Council last night \$5,000 were appropriated for the relief of the unemployed, resident in the city for the past six months. All are to be put to work on public improvements. The said men are to receive \$1.75 a day and the single men \$1.25. None but those without any means of support will be given employment.

The sugar refinery will resume operations at once on account of the arrival of the ship British General from Samarang.

H. J. Gamble, C.P.R. civil engineer returned from the East to-day.

A locomotive and two passenger coaches for the Victoria & Sidney railroad arrived last night. The locomotive weighs 35 tons. To-day they will be loaded on scows and taken to Victoria in tow of the Tepic.

NANAIMO, Feb. 7.—On Saturday evening a public meeting is to be held in the Opera House, when labor questions will be discussed. Premier Davie and a number of the other members of the Legislature have been invited to attend.

On the 15th inst. the local Reform club gave a smoking concert in the Co-operative hall. The election of officers for the ensuing year will take place the same evening.

The Grand Council of the Royal Templars of Temperance were in session all day. The treasurer's report showed the income in the general fund to be over \$600, with an expenditure of less than \$450; income, sick commission on the latter fund recommended that the entrance fee be as follows in future: from 10 to 13 years of age, \$4; from 13 to 15, \$5; from 15 to 17, \$6; from 17 to 19, \$7; from 19 to 21, \$8. A resolution memorialized the Dominion Council to raise the amount of insurance in the select degree to the maximum of \$5,000. The per capita tax for brothers and sisters was ordered to be twenty and fifteen cents respectively.

REVELSTOCK.

(From the Kootenay Star.) Messrs. Duchesney and Walkem, C.P.R. engineers, are taking soundings just below Revelstoke bridge for the final selection of the location of the proposed steel structure over the Columbia, on which work will be commenced in the fall.

The snowfall in Revelstoke this winter has been the heaviest on record. The weather has been fine on the whole, with nothing like the cold experienced last winter.

The Revelstoke Lumber Co. has commenced work on a contract for 30,000 ties for the Revelstoke & Arrow Lake railway, south of the Green Slide.

When J. T. Nault's scow was laid up at the big bluff near the Green Slide last November on account of the ice jam, she carried among her cargo a quantity of brandy, whiskey, and Hudson Bay rum in barrels. William Mr. Nault was away making arrangements for handling the cargo down to the head of the lake the whole of the liquor was taken away, the barrels being left. It has never been discovered who the thieves were.

E. P. Dunn, during the week, has been the means of adding 45 names to the voters' list. This added to the 79 who have registered since the publication of the August list, brings the total for Revelstoke division up to 360, with another hundred to hear from.

The steamer Lytton is anchored in Nakup Bay, while the scow steamer Arrow is doing the passenger work between that town and the head of the lake. The Marion is at the Hot Springs, and the Illeallawet on the beach above Cariboo Bar.

Pete Walker, Loochie McDonald and Tom Downs fitted out and left for the Silver Cup claim early this week. They are going in for development work in a thorough manner, and will have a big dump of the high grade ore ready for shipment by the time the wagon road is open to Trout Lake.

While going from Thompson's Landing to Hall's Landing on the ice over the N.E. river last week, two of Mr. Cleveland's horses were lost.

(From the Inland Sentinel.) At the annual meeting of the Yale-Lillooet Pioneer society, Mr. A. C. Semlin, M.P.P., was re-elected president, Mr. W. B. Bailey, secretary, and Mr. W. Gladwin, treasurer.

The contract for the construction of the Nicola Valley railway will be let early next month.

Harry Smith, son of Hon. Frank Smith, who while out shooting lost his way, reached home on Saturday, in a weak condition. Meanwhile a party had been organizing in the city and was about to set out when the good news came. Dr. Farrer went out to attend to the invalided man, and he soon recovered. He had nothing to eat for five days, and how he survived is a miracle.

Hall's Hair Restorer contains the natural hair and color-matter for the hair, and medicinal herbs for the scalp, chafing, grayness, baldness, dandruff, and scalp scurf.

ABROGATION DAY.

How the Anniversary of the Hawaiian Revolution was Celebrated at Honolulu.

Proceedings in Congress Regarding the Actions of Willis and Blount.

HONOLULU, Jan. 19, (per barkentine W. H. Dimond).—The observation of abrogation day passed off with perfect good order. The American League raised a new American flag. The military paraded and a noon salute was fired. Public reception was held in the council room. Illuminations and fireworks were displayed with a brilliancy unprecedented here. All closed with a very enthusiastic mass meeting. The executive building was swarmed with visitors to the reception. No uniforms were seen except a few of the local military. A few oceanic and naval officers were present in ordinary garb.