

SUPREME COURT ACT.

less otherwise herein provided for or afterwards provided for by general rules made in pursuance of this Act, be regulated by the practice and procedure of Her Majesty's Courts of Common Law at Westminster.

68. Issues of fact on the common law side of the said Court shall be tried according to the rules of the common law of England by a jury.

69. The procedure in suits in equity shall unless otherwise herein provided for or afterwards provided for by general orders made in pursuance of this Act, be regulated by the practice of Her Majesty's High Court of Chancery in England.

70. The procedure in Admiralty causes shall unless otherwise herein provided for by general orders made in pursuance of this Act, be regulated by the present practice of the High Court of Admiralty of England, on its instance side.

71. In actions at common law and suits in equity, brought in the said Court by the Crown, as representing the Government of the United Kingdom, or the Government of one of the Provinces, or of a British Colony, the proceeding shall be by information in the name of Her Majesty's Attorney General for the Dominion.

72. In actions and suits brought against the Crown as representing any of the Governments in the last preceding section mentioned, the procedure may be as nearly as possible according to the Act of the Imperial Parliament, known as the "Petition of Rights Act."

73. The said Supreme Court sitting in special term, may on a proper case and subject to the provisions as to jurisdiction hereinbefore contained, grant the prerogative Writ of Mandamus.

74. The process of the said Court shall run throughout the Dominion of Canada, shall be tested in the name of the Chief Justice of the said Court, and shall be directed to the sheriff of any County, or other judicial division into which any of the said Provinces may be divided, and the Sheriffs of the said respective Counties or divisions shall be deemed and taken to be ex-officio Officers of the said Supreme Court, and shall perform the duties and functions of Sheriffs in connection with the said Court and shall also perform the duties of the Marshall in Admiralty causes and matters.

75. The said Sheriffs shall receive and take to their own use, such fees as the Judges of the said Supreme Court shall by general order fix and determine.

76. The Sheriff of the respective Counties or district in which the said sittings of the said Supreme Court are to be held on the first Mondays of March and September, as hereinbefore provi-

ded for, shall in the same manner as jurors are struck and summoned according to the laws of the particular Province in which the sittings shall be held, for service on juries of the Superior Courts of the Province, strike a panel of thirty-six jurors and cause such jurors to be duly summoned to attend the said sittings for the trial of issues of fact, and the said Sheriff shall return the said panel into Court on the first day of the said sittings.

77. There shall be a Registrar of the said Court who shall reside and keep his Office at the City of Ottawa.

78. There shall be four Deputy Registrars of the said Court, one of whom shall reside and keep his Office at each of the said Cities of Toronto, Quebec, Halifax and Fredericton.

79. The proceedings in actions, suits or causes originally brought in the said Supreme Court or removed thereto as hereinbefore provided, shall be carried on in the offices of the said Deputy Registrars respectively.

80. The said Registrar shall be paid a salary of dollars per annum, and the said Deputy Registrars shall each be paid a salary of dollars per annum, and the said Registrar and Deputy Registrars shall be appointed by an instrument under the great seal of the Dominion of Canada to hold office during pleasure.

81. [Fees to be paid by stamps.]

82. The Judges of the said Court may appoint such persons as they may think fit, being Barristers-at-law of not less than three years standing, to be masters, referees and examiners in suits in equity depending in the said Court, to whom reference may be ordered, and who may take evidence in causes in equity depending therein.

83. The said masters shall receive and take to their own use such fees as the said Supreme Court may by orders made by the said Court in general term direct.

84. The Judges of the said Supreme Court may appoint such persons, being Barristers-at-law, as they may think fit, to be examiners to take evidence in suits in Admiralty, who shall receive and take such fees as the said Supreme Court shall by general rules or orders fix and determine.

GENERAL PROVISIONS.

85. [Reporter to be appointed.]

86. All persons authorised to take affidavits in any of the Superior Courts of any Province may administer affidavits sworn in such Province in the said Supreme Court.

87. All persons being Barristers or Advocates in any of the said Provinces shall be admitted by the said Supreme Court sitting in general term to practice as Barristers and Counsel at the bar