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H. H. WILLIAMS & CO., 23 King Street East, edit

PROBS—Westerly gales, becoming colder; snow flurries.

Senate Reading Room Jan. 7, 1915 SENATE P O

TWELVE PAGES—THURSDAY MORNING JANUARY 7 1915—TWELVE PAGES

EXCHANGE

Client will exchange a four-family Apartment House in Rosedale for central property.

H. H. WILLIAMS & CO., 23 King Street East

VOL. XXXV.—No. 12,475

The Toronto World

GENERAL ADVANCE BY THE ALLIES

Gains Made in Argonne as Battles Proceed in Alsace and Woevre

RUSSIANS CAPTURE OR DESTROY 100,000 TURKS

THREE ZEPPELINS ON WAY TO ENGLAND

ALLIES' GAINS EXTEND OVER ENTIRE FRONT

A National Policy in Nickel!

The "unanimous" article from the Conservative papers printed in this column yesterday came from the "Made-in-Canada" propaganda of the manufacturers' association, not from the nickel trust! It shows how easy it is to make "unanimous" opinion.

But the manufacturers missed the whole point in their missionary work when they failed to begin at nickel-mined in Canada, smelted in Canada, refined in Canada, and in case of war—destined made and directed in Canada! We do not see why even the Mond Company should be allowed to refine outside of Canada. Making the enormous profits they are making from Ontario nickel, why should they not put in all the work in Canada, and buy all the associated material that they possibly can in Canada?

This is the only way to control the export and also to receive a proper royalty! Mr. Hearst is casting about how his government may find new sources of income or what existing ones can be refreshed and improved!

We say to him, measure up in detail what known stores of nickel we have left in the crown, and what would be a fair tax or royalty on it after it has been finished and refined in Canada. Did it ever strike you that if we had such a monopoly as we have we might, under the plea of national policy, enforce not only refining, but the making of all nickel compounds in Canada! But it takes some courage and some devotion to national policy. Nevertheless, Mr. Hearst can get a big revenue from the nickel refined in Canada. Does he say he can't force such a policy? We do not think he will. The federal government will sooner or later find a way to collect what Mr. Hearst seems disposed to let pass by. But Mr. Hearst must be careful who helps him to frame his policy and who writes his statutes! It is surprising how the drafting of our laws here in Canada, federal and provincial, has been manipulated by professed friends who happen in the public seems always to be ignored when this work is going on. The bankers had their lawyers about when the Bank Act was taking shape. We wonder who drafted some of the orders-in-council re nickel now on the records!

The imperial government is bound to accept the assurance of the Dominion Government no matter how discouraging it may be. The imperial government could not come out and say to the Dominion Government that "we are dissatisfied with your nickel policy and we insist on your preventing its export into the United States." For if Great Britain did this, the United States would find it out and might construe it into an act of hostility and certainly an unfriendly act. But they could not so construe it if done by the Dominion of Canada for imperial reasons and national policy reasons following the example of the States' 88, for the Ottawa government to see that the imperial government is satisfied with the assurance of the Dominion combination is overstraining a delicate relation. We have heard a good deal about communications that have passed from the imperial government to individuals very much in favor of a national policy by the province and by the Dominion that would keep the control of the nickel product in Canada. The Stratford Herald is calling on superstitious imperial journals like "The Montreal Star" to say where it is on the nickel business. The point is well taken.

SOME MORE NEWSPAPER OPINION

NICKEL REFINING.

Montreal Evening News, June 5: There can be no valid argument against nickel refining in Canada as a sound economic policy, based upon our control of the largest nickel deposits in the world. The cheapness of handling nickel shipped out of the country is a factor. Let us admit that a prohibition of export in nickel is not another—the greatest. Why cannot a remelter be run as cheaply at some point in Canada as in Norway or Wales? And, again, why should we not have them? There is a doubt as to the destination of the refined nickel. Refining in Canada would remove it. Let us have Canadian refineries that the nickel, which are also those of the empire, call for the stippling. The call should not be in vain. It is a call with the best public thought behind it.

FOR AN EXPORT DUTY AND HOME REFINING.

Hamilton Spectator, Dec. 27: A fuller statement thereof of the nickel refining industry will be in order whenever the question of the nickel product in Canada after the end of the war. We are not so much concerned with the nickel refining of the nickel "at the point of production, the mines," as we are about securing it anywhere within the borders of the country which is the original source of all the wealth. For European trade, what advantages can there be in New Jersey that could not be found, say, here in Hamilton?

SUBSIDIARY IS FOR NATIONAL POLICY.

From The Sudbury Mining Times, Jan. 1: The above statement of President Monell of the International Nickel Co. re the subsidizing export of their product from U.S. should convince the most skeptical that the Dominion Government has taken all necessary precautions to prevent the exportation from the United States of nickel to Germany, and no doubt the understanding between the Canadian Government and the International Nickel Company will be carried out in letter. This, however, has nothing to do with that part of the question pertaining to turning out the finished product in Canada. President Monell speaks about certain "economic conditions" which render it advisable to refine down New Jersey way, which no doubt is quite correct from his outlook, but what of Canada, Ontario and Suburbia? Are their views not worth consideration? Suppose for instance that the situation were reversed. How long

STIR CAUSED IN ROME BY REPORT OF ARREST

Vatican Loth to Believe Report of Cardinal Mercier's Detention.

Rome, Jan. 6.—(11.21 p.m.)—The reported arrest of Cardinal Mercier by the Germans at Brussels, because of a pastoral letter lately issued by him has created a profound impression in Rome, which is especially marked at the Vatican. The Vatican, however, has received no confirmation of this report, and considers it improbable.

GARIBALDI LOST LIFE FIGHTING GALLANTLY

President Poincare Sends Sympathy to Father of Italian Heroes.

Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World. PARIS, Jan. 6.—(Via London)—President Poincare today wired Gen. Garibaldi at Rome as follows: "I received your noble telegram when I learned of the glorious death of the second of your sons in Argonne Forest, where the Italian legion is every day proving its bravery and heroism. Please accept my renewed and ardent sympathy."

CANADIAN AID HIGHLY VALUED BY KITCHENER

"Fine Regiment" at Front and Contingent at Salisbury Praised.

ALLIES ARE TRIUMPHING

Turkish Defeat and German Reverse in Poland Highly Important.

Canadian Associated Press Cable. LONDON, Jan. 6.—Lord Kitchener made a slight but highly interesting reference to the Canadian regiment already in the field in his speech in the house of lords tonight. His lordship read his speech, which summarized operations taking place since last he spoke in the lords.

The following was his reference to Canadians in the field: "Altogether, as I said, there has been a continuous series of trench operations, the only important engagements between the British forces and the Germans was on the 20th of December, when the trenches held by the Indian troops were violently attacked at Givenchy. The Indians were to a certain extent surprised by the enemy and some of their trenches captured, only to be retaken the following day with considerable loss to the enemy by the first army corps, which had been in reserve. The line thus reassumed has since been entirely maintained, and the Indian units have enjoyed a period of rest from the trenches. Sir John French's force has been increased by a number of territorial units and by another division, attached to which is a fine Canadian regiment."

It will be noticed that Lord Kitchener made no reference to these latest reinforcements having been under fire.

Canadians Cheerful. The final paragraph of Lord Kitchener's speech was as follows: "The training of the Canadian contingent and the new armies has been carried out under the most favorable conditions, but in spite of this a great deal of extremely good work has been done during the past month. Discomforts and hardships, due to the

(Continued on Page 2, Column 4.)

KAISER'S MIND IMPAIRED BY WAR'S TERRIFIC STRAIN

German Emperor Refuses to Undergo Operation—Clamors to Go to Front.

Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World. COPENHAGEN, Jan. 6.—The Kaiser is mentally impaired by the strain under which he has been suffering since the war began and constant friction exists between him and the German general staff.

This statement is made by an American engineer who has just reached this city after a two and a half months residence in Berlin. The Kaiser is now in Berlin, but he is restrained with difficulty from returning to the front. His physicians have advised him that an operation on his throat will be necessary and that he will have to rest and regain his strength before it can be undertaken.

TWO TURKISH CRUISERS MANAGED TO ESCAPE

Canadian Press Despatch. CONSTANTINOPLE, via London, Jan. 6, 6.18 p.m.—An official communication issued today says: "Two Turkish cruisers were in action yesterday in the Black Sea against a Russian fleet of 17 units. Despite the Russian's numerical superiority our ships were not damaged."

KILLED BY FALL DOWN STAIRS. SARNIA, Ont., Jan. 6.—Thomas Finlan, 50, is dead, as the result of falling down a flight of steps at the Belknap Hotel. The man's skull was fractured.

THE SOLDIER'S LETTER HOME



"All Goes Well," He Writes from the Battlefield

ZEPPELINS MAY BE ON WAY TO ATTACK BRITAIN

Three Reported to Have Headed Across Channel Near Dunkirk.

DRIVEN AWAY BY GUNS

Six Aeroplanes Tried in Vain to Bomb French Port.

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Jan. 7.—2.55 a.m.—A correspondent of The Daily Mail in France reports that a Zeppelin airship skirted the French seacoast near Gravelines, twelve miles southwest of Dunkirk, Wednesday morning and then turned westward towards England and that it is rumored that two other Zeppelins precede it.

"Thereafter through the whole day," the correspondent adds, "Dunkirk was subjected to German aeroplane raids and attempts to drop bombs; but owing to the vigorous fire of the town's guns but few bombs fell. At one moment six aeroplanes were hovering over the town, but were compelled to retreat. Apparently no damage was done."

MONEY WAS IN ADDITION TO TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS WORTH OF FLOUR.

Twenty thousand dollars in cash and a hundred dozen heavy men's sweaters were sent from Toronto yesterday to Belgian consul-general at Ottawa. The money and sweaters represents a portion of the amount collected in Toronto by the board of trade and is in addition to \$20,000 worth of flour sent some time ago, which now is being distributed to the starving people of Belgium.

Yesterday's contribution was sent by C. Marriott, as treasurer, and T. G. Morely, as secretary of the Toronto Board of Trade Relief Fund. The money will be cabled to Belgium and the sweaters will be sent to Halifax for shipment on the next relief ship. The board of trade fund is still open, and contributions will be accepted up till April. Mr. Marriott will be very glad to receive subscriptions for any amount, and everyone who subscribes will know that every cent of the subscription will be sent to the Belgians.

ROLE ASSIGNED TO THREE CORPS. "The tenth Turkish army corps was then to advance in two columns, the first including one division proceeding towards Id by the Oti-Chal valley. The second, two divisions strong, was

GOEBEN IS DAMAGED BY RUSSIAN MINES

Turkish Cruiser is Out of Action for Several Months.

Canadian Press Despatch. COPENHAGEN, via London, Jan. 6, 5.45 p.m.—A special despatch to The National Tidende from Constantinople says the former German cruiser Goeben, which now flies the Turkish flag, struck two Russian mines in the neighborhood of the Bosphorus, and was seriously damaged. She has two big holes in her water line and it will take two or three months to repair her.

This fact, the despatch adds, has been kept secret from the people of Constantinople.

HEAVY SWEATERS ALSO

That Amount Sent to Ottawa by Toronto Board of Trade.

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Money Was in Addition to Twenty Thousand Dollars Worth of Flour.

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(Continued on Page 2, Column 1.)

RUSSIANS FOIL TURKISH PLAN OF CAMPAIGN

Two Entire Corps of Sultan Almost Annihilated in Ten Days' Combat.

BATTLED IN MOUNTAINS

Enemy Well Equipped and Supported by Disaffected Inhabitants.

Canadian Press Despatch. PETROGRAD, Jan. 6.—The following statement of the general staff of the army in the Caucasus was issued tonight:

"At the end of November the bulk of the third Turkish army was sent to the region east of Erzerum, preceded by two army corps besides a reserve corps near Hassan Kalah.

"In conformity with the plan of Enver Pasha the third army was to proceed as follows: The ninth and tenth army corps were to advance in the direction of Oti and form the offensive wing, whereas the eleventh corps had orders to hold its powerfully organized position and to attract, thru a strategic demonstration, the weight of our troops. In case the Russian troops took up the offensive energetically the eleventh corps had been ordered to fall back on the fortress of Erzerum, carrying along with it the Russian forces.

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(Continued on Page 2, Column 1.)

Conflict in Upper Alsace One of Most Violent of War.

VICTORIOUS IN ARGONNE

Long Line of German Trenches Blown Up—Steinbach Held.

Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—Successes along nearly the entire western battle front are claimed in today's report of the French war office. In Argonne the French blew up about 800 yards of German trenches, occupying half of them. At another point 300 yards of trenches were recovered from Germans. It is also asserted that gains near Steinbach, Alsace, have been maintained. Altho the Germans recaptured a trench on the height, the French say they still hold the summit.

The French trenches in the Argonne were occupied yesterday by German troops, and in upper Alsace the French troops were driven away from a position near Cernay, according to a German official announcement given out in Berlin this afternoon. In Poland, the Germans claim, to have advanced and taken 1400 prisoners.

Latest reports from Petrograd are that the defeat of the Turks in the Caucasus is complete and that one Turkish army corps was annihilated. This blow to the Ottoman forces has relieved Egypt of the fear of an invasion.

The Germans are handicapped by bad weather in the advance towards Warsaw, but Berlin asserts slow progress is being made. In the Austrian province of Bukovina, Russians, according to Petrograd despatches, are meeting little resistance. The frontier guards of Roumania are friendly, and it is believed in Petrograd that Roumania is likely to enter the war.

HEAVY FIGHTING IN ALSACE.

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Jan. 6, 10.40 p.m.—Apart from the Russian victory over the Turks in trans-Caucasia, interest in the warfare now lies chiefly in the stubborn fight which the French and Germans are carrying on for the roads to Cernay and Mulhouse, in upper Alsace.

The battle in that region, which has been raging for a week, is described in a Berlin despatch as the most violent of the war.

Along the rest of the western front the tide of battle continues to ebb and flow. On either side of Ypres, and particularly to the east of that harassed city, the French, according to reports, daily push their lines a few yards forward.

Another region where the French seemingly keep nibbling away at the German lines is in the Woevre, where the gains reported by them last night indicate, have gone a long way toward rendering the Germans' long occupation of a field on the Meuse less comfortable.

Turning Colder Tonight. One thing is very evident—we can't count on mild weather for more than a couple of days at a time this season. Every sensible man should be adequately prepared to resist the severe and treacherous weather that is ahead. In this connection it is extremely interesting to those who have not yet bought a new winter overcoat to find Dimeen's—140 Yonge street—selling their stock of smart overcoats below maker's cost and clear. Latest styles in overcoats, worth from \$25 to \$87.50, are offered as low as \$19.25. Such a price inducement is surely strong enough to bring those who have not filled their winter wardrobe requirements. Coon coats and fur-lined coats are also selling at prices that can't be duplicated in town.

OHIO COAL OPERATORS WILL DEFY STRIKERS

Mines Will Be Reopened After Nine Months' Inactivity.

Canadian Press Despatch. CLEVELAND, Ohio, Jan. 6.—Operators of east Ohio coal properties, this afternoon concluded a three-day conference here with the understanding that the mines will be opened despite the strike of the United Mine Workers of America.

Orders were sent by the many of the operators to mine bosses and superintendents to start cleaning up the mines for reopening after the nine month shut down.