

- The Comisión Federal de Electricidad (CFE) is the country's sole generator of electricity and is the second largest government owned company after PEMEX and it employs 126,000 people. It has an installed capacity of 25,300 MW, a gross generation of electric energy of 107,000 GWH and electric energy sales of 85,000 GWH. Steam plants account for 45% of total installed capacity, hydroelectric plants for 30%, and coal electric plants for 5%, while combined cycle, nuclear and turbogas plants account for the balance.
- The Institute for Electrical Research (Instituto de Investigaciones Eléctricas - IIE) is a public decentralized agency, which directly depends from CFE, created in 1975 to improve the scientific and technological level of the electrical sector, to improve services of the sector, to increase the supply of locally manufactured products and services, to develop better methods for electrical energy transmission and distribution to increase efficiency of this industry, to improve the design of electricity generation systems, to increase the efficiency in the use of hydrocarbons, to reduce the emission of polluting into air and water, to develop alternate energy sources and to design their prototypes. CFE also has a large laboratory located in Irapuato, Guanajuato to conduct testing activities;
- The National Institute for Nuclear Research (Instituto Nacional de Investigaciones Nucleares (ININ) was created in 1971 to cover all aspects related to the national activities related to the use of nuclear energy for pacific purposes, such as the integral development of nuclear fuels, the development and activities related to the design, engineering and construction of nuclear installations, to promote activities related to the design deposits for radioactive materials, to develop security and inspection aspects of nuclear installations, to develop nuclear techniques to apply in the health, agricultural and industrial sectors, and to coordinate other nuclear research activities in the academic environment;
- The Instituto Mexicano del Seguro Social (IMSS), the Instituto de Seguridad y Servicios Sociales de los Trabajadores del Estado (ISSTE) are the two social security organisms in the country. Together, they have close to 60,000 members. Both also have research activities. Other public agencies that provide health services include the Health Secretariat (SS), the Naval Hospital, the National Defense Secretariat, PEMEX, the Federal District Department (DDF) and the National System for Integral Family Development (DIF), although to a lesser degree than the former ones.
- The Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México (UNAM) is the country's largest university and the most important center of higher education and research. It has a student population of some 200,000 students and its faculties cover all scientific specialties. It is estimated to purchase approximately \$400