THE TRUE WITNESS AND CATHOLIC CHRONICLE.

mine ?' she said. "And are these the graces hey teach you to cultivate in the Franch

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schools ?' "Let me finish my speech," he said, with a quict laugh. "Next, I am commissioned a quiet laugh. Andalusian, than whom I met no truer gentleman in all Paris, to lay at my sister's feet the homage of a devotion which I know to be respectful, and be'ieve to be most true and most chivalrous." "Is this from your heart, Charles ?" she

asked, in a low voice.

asked, in a low voice. "From my heart, as I am your most lowing brother," he replied, tendelly knowed her. "You are my own dear old Charley," she said, returning his caress. "I cannot tell you how much your coming comforts me." "Because I bring you pleasant news?" he

asked "No; not so much because of that," she answered. "And yet that gives me great hopes for the Count de Lebrijs. But I am

very anxious about darling mamma. And, very anxious about daring mamma. And, oh, Charley, I wish we were all together again at Fairy Dell." "I find mother very bright and happy," the brother said. "Seville is a paradise for

the brother said. "Seville is a paradise for invalids, and the delightful spring weather will soon restore her strength." "I hope so," she said. "Did you ever hear of one person's life being accepted for the recovery of another?"

"Yes. But why do you ask ?" he said, topping and looking down into the eyes in which thars were trembling. "Have you been offering your life for mother's re-COVETV ?"

"Why should I not ?" she replied, warmly. "What is my life worth when compared to hers?"

"Have you been doing this, Rosette ?" be again asked, in a voice of admiring tender-

ness. "And if 1 had, Charley, would it not be doing all our dear ones, and all the people at Fairy Dell, a priceless service to preserve one so necessary to all of you ? '

so necessary to all of you? "Durling," said Charles, while the words stuck in his threat, "I always find some thing new to admire and love in you. No, we cannot afford to lose either dear mother

or our Rosette." "God will decide that," she answered, quietly. "It is now in His own hands. "I Count de Lobrija, a true Christian gentle-

toil to the service of the wretched and the saffering.

The two had just arrived before the windows that opened into their mother's room. Stopping Rose for a moment, Charley whisp-ered in her ear: "There is one whom you could help to undertake and accomplish great things. Would you leave him to faint and fall away at the very beginning of the work after having yourself pointed it out to him? "Spare me, Charley," she entreated. "Pray for your poor, weak little sister." And she entered the room, he following her.

CHAPTER XVIII.

THE BLESSED ANGEL, DEATH.

The day fixed upon by the physicians was the 21st of December, kept in all the churches of Andalusia as the feast of St. Thomas Apostle. Mr. D'Arcy and Charles were up long before the sun, and spent in earnest supplication before the mercy-seat a time that appeared very short to themselves, long as it was in reality. Then, with the Archtroubled elsep of the young and sinless, for

he served her with all the gallantry of a knight waiting on his lady-love, pouring forth an unceasing fire of pleasantry with Rose and the younger girls, in which Mrs. D'Arcy took, as of old, a willing part, as well s her father in law. The spring of Irish wit and drollery had

ad never been weakened in any of the gen rations of the D'Aroy family. Francis D'Aroy and his' son, Louis, seemed, in their hours of genial home injoyment. as racy of the soil of Green Erin as if they had been born and reared there. And the vein of native wit was just as rich in Gaston and Charles,-indeed, in every one of the girls. And so was the undying love for Ireland, and their lofty pride in the name they bore. To hear the family circle, on some joyous evening at Fairy Dell, organize itself into an Irish circle of punstars, jokers, or story tillers, -- or to hear one after the other sing some of the joyous songs of the dear old Fatherland far away,—one would swear that every tongue in the [merry assemblage

had been enriched with the most genuine brogue of Munster or Connaught. And on this morning Charles, inspired or impel.ed by the very fears he could not betray, did excel himself, while Rose vied with him in wit, keeping the table in a roar, and

making Mrs. D'Arcy forget everything but the inimitable drollery of the pair, and the charming picture her sick-room presented in the light of the balmy December morning. The meal ended, the girls pressed Charles to accompany them on their drive into the country around Seville, painting to him all the charms of the landscape, as well as the delightful hospitality that awaited them at the Duke's villa. But Charles had, he said, most important business to seitle with his mother and grandfather, and he must be content to wait for another opportunity, when,

perhaps, they might all go together. And then the girls overwhelmed their mother with caresses, while the fond mother, flushed with the great hope that killed fear in her heart, lavished on her darlings all the tenderest expressions her tongue could find.

To Rose, especially, she expressed again and again the happines Don Diego's truth and noble resolution gave ber. And Rose was in a mood to accept and cn joy her mother's embraces and feliciwish to see mamma spared, and Diego, the lations. And so the forenoon waned, and the dreaded noon approached. ີໂກອ girls, with the Marchioness d'Azara sul her of the All-wise and Al!-loving. The generous girl's heroic sacrifice was to be excepted, but not for the chief purpose for which it had been offered. A life cut short may be, in the mind of the person that surrenders it are the second and hills covered with the second mind of the person that surrenders it, as well and the vine, their own young hearts making as in the estimation of the world, much less nature's holiday ten times mers bright, and of a sacrifice than a life devoted in obscure the balany air around them ten times more fragrant and more buoyant.

(To be continued.)

WHAT WAS THE SPLENDOR OF A SEPTEMBER DAY.

It was a bright day in New Orleans, La. on Tuesday, Sept. 14, 1886, the 196th Grand Monthly (the Quarterly Extraordinary) Drawing of the world-renowned Louisiana State Lottery, when some \$522,000 was scattered to all quarters of the globe by the wheel of fortune under the sole care of Generals G. T. Beauregard, of La., and Jubal A Early, of Va. Every one wants to know aliaboutit. No. 31,583 drew the first Capi-tal Prize of \$150,000 (sold in tenths at \$1 each); one was paid through Clark County Bank of Osceola, Ia., to George W. Fouch there; one to Senor Amaro Arango Bibeiro, Boitin, Mass.; one to John Connor, care Cammack & Decker, 28th street, between I and K streets N. W., Washington, D.C.; one to Paul Bunker, Orients! Warehouse, F.r.t and Brannin street, San Fran-ciego California : another way maid it was in reality. Inch, with the Arch-bishop's special permission, the Holy Com-munion was administered to Mrs. D'Arcy in her sick room, the Duke, the Marquis de Lebrijs, Mr. D'Arcy, and Charles accom-panying the priest from and to the Cathe-dral. Rose was still enjoying the sweet, un-troubled elsep of the young and sinless, for of K. B. Olson & Co., 90 Superior street, and enjoy that power. In the eyes of men Chicago, Ill.; one to Mrs. J. C. Sullivan, more coldly critical than we care to be, this Chicago, Ill.; one to Mrs. J. C. Sullivan, Calcigo, Itl.; one was paid to J. G. Lalando, the runner of N. O. National Bank for a depositor there; two others were paid to Exchange Bink, of Dallas, Texas : the others are desirous of avoiding publicity. No. 72,480 drew the Third Capital Prize \$20,000; one halfof :t(\$10,000) washeld by Messrs. Eduardo Marquez del Pino and Luzaro Vils, No. 322 East 13th st, New York City, and the other half by T. R. Lee, Philadelphia. Nos. 58,613 and 72,973 drew the two Fourth Capital Prizes, \$10,000 each (sold in tenths at \$1 each); to parties residing in Cincinnati, O, Chicago III., Louisville, Ky., and Portland, Dak., &c., &c. The rest went flying about but the next drawing will occur on Tuesday, Nov. 9th, when the Grand Prize of \$75,000

OUR OTTAWA LETTER.

, From our own Correspondent.]

OTTAWA, October 12 .- Visible to the most superficial observer is the change that has taken place in the p litical atmosphere since the Haldimand election. Tory enthusiasm has all evaporated. A sullen ot stinacy has taken its place, as of men entering a conflict where a vic-tory is hopeless, and from which escape is im-possible. Haldimand was the Quatre Bras of the Imperial army of Macdonaldian; the general election will be its Waterloo.

THROUGHOUT HIS LONG CAREER

Sir John Macconald has been glorified as a man of infinite tact and resource. From the betrayal of John S. Cartwright, it the beginning, to the hanging of Riel at the closing thereof, the man whose power is now passing away forever has never allowed the weakness of friendship nor never allowed the weakness of friendship nor the acrimony of counity to stand in the way of the iron purp so of his ambition. With equal indifference to the feelings that ordin-arily prompt humanity, he could plot the overthrow of his friend Sir Allan McNab, and crouch to Sir Donald Smith, who had beatm and must still despise him. But the glamour of success no longer surrounds him So long as his tricks for "dish-ing the Reformers" succeeded, a large number of people enjoyed the exhibition and were not unwilling to lend him a hand. Out of these grew a political sect of Macdonaldites imbued with abso'ute faith in the man. They decried bis faults, admitted his offences, but clung to him on the Platonic princip'e of him on the Platonic princip'e of

"THE BEST POSSIBLE" PREMIER.

Mr. Goldwin Smith formulated the creed of this sect in an article on "The Political History of Canada," which appeared in the Ninetcenth Century magazine a couple of months ago. The deliverance is remarkable and doserves quotation :-

"He (Sir John Macdonald) has been com-pelled to resort to corruption in all its protean forms and in all its varied applications, though his own hands are b leved by all to have remained cleas. Probably no fisher of votes ever had a stranger medley of fishes in his net. Roman Cathol cs and Orangemen go to the polls for him t gother. An effective opposi-tion to him cannot be formed, because there is nothing for it to be formed on. He stands not upon principle, but upon management. In management he has no rival, and counter prin-ciple there can be none. It is needless to say that the system is demoralizing as well as ex- of this place waded a distance of a mile in pensive. Its existence depends on the life of a the water, three feet deep, to the United man past seventy, after whom there is a fair prospect of political chaos."

IN THE WHOLE KANGE OF POLITICAL DISQUISITION it would be impossible, perhaps, to find a more astomshing declaration than is contained in the above extract. Yet we receptize in it an ex-pression of the sort of faith reposed in the Bremier by his supporters. But, for Goldwin Smith, who affects to look down on our politics Smith, who affects to look down on our politics from an ethical altitude far above the clouds of party prejudice, to formulate this libel on our country is more astoni hing than all. Mr. Smith says Sir John Macdonald "has been empelled to recort to corruption in all its protesn forms." Who compelled him? Why was be compelled? The fact is indisputable, but why? There is but one answer:—To obtain and retain power in his o vn hands. Mr. Smith's statement, though he may not have intended it, means that Sir John Macdona'd could not commend himself to popular approval; that he was never trusted nor believed, and that the only way he cou'd nor believed, and that the only way he cou'd

secure himself in his position was to resort to corruption. It also implies that government by honest method, would have been carried on by his opponents, and, to overcome them. he had to

TAKE THIS COURSE.

(F. iendship, pity, or a desire not to paint too black a picture, must have induced the Pro-fessor to add that touch about "clean hands." McSmith must have insgmed he was addressing an audience of marines. For forty years Sir John Macdon 11 has been living on the emolu-ments of office. He has permitted his wife to accept a fortune subscribed by public contrac-duction of the subscribed by public contrac-

AN AUTUMN HURRICANE

CAUSES MUCH DANAGE ALONG THE OTHE OF MEXICO-GREAT DESTRUCTION IN THE VICINITY OF NEW ORLEANS.

GALVESTON, Tex., Oct. 12.—The storm which was reported by the signal service as entering the Gulf of Mexico Last Saturday night reached here to day, and at this time (Spm.) a furicus gale is blowing from the north at the rate of forty-five niles an hour. The tide on the gulf side of the island has been very high since Saturday, and the waves were so powerful to day that they washed along the streets for five squares right in the teeth of the gale from the north.

This extraordinary tide is undoubtedly due to the hurricane prevailing in the West Indies, and the north gale has done much towards checking the encroachment of the gulf on the island. Two barges from Houston, each laden with 1,000 beles of cotton, are being submerged by the waves, and the cotton will be mined. Along the gulf side the waves have torn up the street railway track, and submerged sevenal houses. The barometer has talten 60 points since 7 o'clock, indicating that the storm centre is very near Galveston. Telegraphic communication with the mainland will likely be entirely suspended before morning as the gale seems to increase in velocity every moment. Since sunset the wind has shifted slightly to the west. The

is blowing fiercely. NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 12.—Telegraph, tele-phone and electric light wires suffered considerable damage by last night's storm. No trains arrived or left here by the Louis-ville & Nashville railway to-day. A special from the Mississippi quarantine station says : one of the most terrific and damaging harricance since 1850 prevailed in this neighbor-hood yesterday and last night. For thirty-six hours the wind blow a regular hurricano from the northeast, driving the water from the bay and destroying the property of farm-ers in this place, who had only become re-conciled to the idea of having no orange crop, caused by the heavy frost of last year. This storm leaves a majority of the most indus-trious people penuless. The cyclone was of such violence as to tear away old levees of soven years, carrying destruction to late rice plantations. Lust night all the inhabitants of this place waded a distaace of a mile in States Custom house for protection. Disressing news has been received from the lower clast regarding the effects of last night's storm. The water in the town of Pointe a La Hache in Planquemin parish, is several feet deep, having been driven in from the gulf. Many persons took refuge in the court house and jail. The water rushed in with such force that it carried everything before it. The levees, which along this section are very low, were overflowed and swept away and the water rushed into the Mississippi river, carrying with it all the rice staked on the farms in the vicinity of Pointe a La Hache, and a distance of twenty miles below. The damage is put at \$100,000. MORILE, Oct. 12. - The storm last night

was heavy along the coast, and vessels were detained from sailing. The tide rose higher than ever before known. The telegraph office at Fort Morgan, at the entrance to Mobile bay, was flooded, and the operator reached dry land by swimming.

A CRITICAL STATE OF AFFAIRS. FHE SITUATION AT SOFIA ANYTHING BUT AS SURING-BULGARIA REPLIES TO RUSSIA--MUSCOVITE OCCUPATION AGAIN MORE THAN HINTED AT-GEN. KAUL-

BARS' DOINGS IN VIENNA.

BERLIN, October 13. - The Government has ecsived a long despatch from the German agent at Sofia. He describes the position of affairs as extremely critical. It is reported that Russia has notified the Powers of the necessity for the immediate occupation of Bulgaria

SoFIA, Oct. 13.—The Schranje will meet in fortnight. It is expected that General

colors. The ground for taking such action is found in the claim that until the seized vessel is released she is technically in possession of the Government making the seizure. This last incident is not regarded at the State Department as one likely to cause any serious trouble and may be passed over without further notice.

NORTHWEST AFFAIRS. WINNIPEG, Oct. 13. -- Messrs Wood and Small,

WINNIPEC, Oct. 13.:-Messrs Wood and Small, M. P.'s, left for the East this evening. Over sixty exhibits by Indians were entered for competition at the Regina fair. All were good, and many were excellent. The principal exhibits were wheat and potatores. A Port Arthur despatch says that about 3 wheat this meaning former of Ouron

A Port Arthur despatch says that about 3 o'clock this morning James Carson, of Owen Sound, employed as a watchman on the steamer City of Owen Sound, fell overboard and was drowned. His body was sent home by the Al-berta. This afternoon Wm. Smith, of Malachi-ville, Que., employed on the steamer Celtic, fell down the hold of the vessel and had his back broken. He was taken to the hospital, where he died.

Parties connected with the Canadian Pacific Railway are building 2 large new hotel at Banif Springs.

NORTHWEST COUNCIL.

LEUT.-GOV. DEWDNEY'S OPENING SPEECH-AGRICULTURAL MEVELOPMENT-EDUCA-TIONAL ADVANCEMENT - INDIAN ATTAIRS.

WINNIPEG, Oct. 23.—The Northwest council was formally opened at Regina this alternoon Licut. Gov. Develoey made a long speech. He vailway progress, and the fact that the terri-tories received a fair portion of western immi-gration. Satisfaction is also expressed with the result of the Ottawa delegation, more particularly with regard to the judicial systems of legislation promised.

EDUCATIONAL.

The school ordinance, which occupied so much of the time during the last session, has met with very general approval throughout the territo-rics. On the first of January last there were 48 Protestant and 11 Roman Catholie schools established in the territories, in all 58 schools established in the territories, in a 4.58 schools, To-day there are 76 Protestant and 14 Roman Catholic schools, in all 90, showing an increase of 31 schools. The 76 Protestant, schools repre-sent a school population of 2,253, and the 14 Roman Catholic schools 533, in all 2,786 pupils. In addition, five petitions are now pending for the erection of new districts with an estimated school population of 140. A redistribution of scats is recommended, with the view of giving a more complete representative character to the council. The hope is expressed that the council will urge the Dominion Government to recurwill urge the Dominion Government to recure the permanency of the Colonial exhibition. Reference is made to the visits of Dominion Ministers, and more particularly the vi it of Sir John Macdonald, and also to the sending of the Indian chiefs east.

INDIAN AFFAIRS,

The following reference is made to Indian affairs :- "I am happy to be able to congratulate you upon the present condition of Inlian affiirs, and to assure you that there never was a time when the Indians were more contented, cheerful or better disposed to their white brethren than at present. The feeling of uncertainty which, in consequence of the late rebellion, existed when we last met, has entirely subsided. The few rumors which have been circulated of late indicating the existence of a rebellious feeling among Indians across the line have been wrongly attributed to Indians of our territories. Measures are being taken to prevent such confusion of identity recurring. It is observed with plearure that many of our Indians are beginning to evince a sincere attachment to the pursuits of civilization. Their successful endeavors in agriculture have been demon-

strated at the exhibition held in this town a ew days since.

NOT READY FOR MARTYRDOM.

SALVATION ARMY CAPTAIN WHO BELIEVES DISCRETION THE BETTER PART,

FREEPORT, IU., October 14 .-- Captain W. T. Mills, who has been in charge of the Salva ion Army meetings at Forcestown for the past three months, came here this morning, on foot, nearly all the way through the woods, having run an the why through the woods, having tun away from Baileyville, for fear that he would be killed. He arrived in this city about four o'clock badly frightened and almost worn out with fatigue, as he had been on the tramp all night. The army meetings at Forrestown have been interferred with more or less for several weeks, but on Sunday night a crowd of young fellows entered the barracks and crowd of young fellows entered the barracks and made so much disturbance that the meeting had to be dismissed. On Monday three of them were arrested, and yesterday they were taken to Baileyville for trial. After the suit was ad-journed that avening, many in the crowd of ex-cited people from the towns in question yelled, "Cut the hearts out of the Salvationists !" Some of, them fired a revolver, and Captain Mills, afraid of being killed, flud to the timber, He was chased for some distance by the moly, and is afraid to return home for fear of violence and is afraid to return home for fear of violence.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate Admantageous in Dyspepsia.

Dr. G. V. DORSEY, Piqua, Ohio, says : "I have used it in dyspepsia with very marked bencht. If there is deficiency of acid in the stomach, nothing affords more relief, while the action on the nervous system is decidedly beneficial."

FEMALE JACK SHEPPARD.

SHE DIGS A HOLE THROUGH A JAIL WALL AND GAINS LEWERTY.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Oct. 14.—Mollie Hoey, of New York, a noted shoplifter, ercaped from the city jabl ere this evoning. She was under arrest for stealing an Indian shawl, valued at \$150, from a local dry Indum shawl, valued at \$450, from a local dry goods firm. The escape was a very clever piece of work. The woman, during her two weeks impri-onent, was continually quartelling with the other inmatus of the jail, and thus caused them to sham her during recreation time in the main corridor, which is on the first floor. She succeeded in making a hole in the brick wall at the side of a window lead-ing the struct. The side of a window lead-ing the struct. The side of a window leading to the street. The exit allowed her to pass to the ground below. The bricks were carried to the fourth tier of cells and placed in one that was unoccupied. While the woman was not at this work an oilcloth of the same color as the wall covered the hole. She took with her a boy configure for a votte of the same color as the confined for a polty offence, who had watched the turnkey while she was taking out the bricks. It was more than probable that her husband, Jimmy floey, who was cut or bail, had a hand in the business. A buggy was waiting outside, and the party drove away before the "break" became known.

IN GOOD REPUTE.

James McMurdock, writing from Kinsale, says : "B. B. B. as a remedy for diseases of the blood, liver and kidneys, has an excellent reputation in this locality. I have used it, and speak from experience, as well as observation. It is the only medicine I want, and I advize others afflicted to try it."

A PECULIAR AFFAIR.

THE BASEMENT OF A HOUSE IN SHENANDOAU TURNS INTO A YAWNING CHASM.

SHESASDOAR, Pa., Oct. 13.- About 8 o'clock this morning a girl named Honnessy, residing on West Coal street, went into the Lasement of on West Coal street, went into the basement of the house, and, resing at the foot of the stair-way what looked like a bar of iron, she tried to pick it up. The bar turned out to be a lead pipe which conveyed the corpy's from the water main to the rear of the house. She then opened a door, and when the light shone in she found herself standing on the brink of a cave-in, be foat in diameter and perhaps 100 feet deep. The whole bottom of the basement had fallen into the workings of the Onkilale colliery. The house is still standing, but fears are entertained not only for its safety, but for the safety of not only for its safety, but for the safety of other buildings in the neighborhood, and the people of that section of the town are terribly excited.

FATAL ATTACKS.

she had been up with her mother till a hour. The Duchess, who waited on her friend during the administration of the sacrad rite, could not withhold her tears. She wept the whole time, not because she believed there was imminent danger, but because she was moved to the very depths of her soul by the angelic fervor of her dear sufferer, and by the man'y piety of Mr. D'Arcy and his grandson. Nor were the Dake and Don Ramon, though much less accessible to religious emotions, unmoved by the living faith of their stranger friends.

Dona Teresa remained kneeling by Mrs. D'Arcy's couch, her face buried in the cover let, while the latter was absorbed in her t anksgiving,- the noble Spanish lady pour ing forth for her American friend the most e rnest prayers to the great Giver of health. At length she felt an arm stealing gently around her neck, and a low voice whispering to her : "I have wearied you, dearest and best of friends," it said. "Come, now, and let my heart thank you for all your most un deserved love and kindness to me and mine."

The Duchess rose instantly from her kncce. "Oh, I know God is with you, my sister,' she said. "For ever since I first met you you draw my heart more and more to Him. Surely, He will spare you to your husband and family, and to me and mine, to whom your very presence is a blessing, and to the Lebrijas, whom you have already won to nobler aims." And she again and again embraced her friend.

"It will all be over in a few hours more," Mrs. D'Arcy said. "Our Father in heaven will direct all for the best. Oh, I am so happy in the assurance that His love will guard me and mine !"

"My sister, d'Azara, will take the girls out in my stead," the Duchess said, as she was bediide, "I must be near you while the doctors are here."

"Thank you, dearast friends,' Mrs. D'Arcy replied. "That is just like yourself.

"I only wish to be like you, dear one," said her friend. "And now I shall hurry home, and be back with you immediately after breakfast." And, kissing the pale cheek, the true hearted woman hastened to her own home.

Rose and her sisters now entered the sick chamber,-the latter all joyous excitement and expectation about their drive into the country, Rose quiet and subdued, experiencing a great feeling of heart-satisfaction at the tidings from Diego. But her satisfaction had about it a tinge of sadness that she could not account for. Mrs. D'Arcy received all three with dem-

onstrations of unusual tenderness. They re-membered in after years that their mother never appeared to them more radiant with happiness, or more lovely in her dress of pure white, with no other ornament than her blue ribbon and medal of Enfant de Marie, and the sapphire cross on her bosom, -- the gift of her husband, worn first on her wedding day, and which she now bore continually in mem-

ory of him. Mr. D'Arey and Charles soon joined them. The old gentleman, suggested that, in honor of the latter's arrival, they should all breakfast together in the sick room. And to this ______. It is affirmed by Mons. Lessenne that a sgreed upon previously the sick lady yielded needle puncture in the skin of a living person a ready content. Charles, however, demanded will close at once, and that if the puncture as his privilege to wait upon his mother.

may be had for \$5. For full information apply to M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La.

A VERITABLE SHE-DEVIL.

A WOMAN SHOOTS HER HUSBAND, CHOPS HIS HEAD OFF AND MAKES MINCEMEAT OF HIS BODY.

ALBANY, October 14.-The trial and con viction of Mrs. Roxalana Druse, for the killing of her husband, William Druse, December 18, 1984, while he was cating his breakfast, in Herkimer county, was reviewed before the Court of Appeals to-day. This murder was one of the most blooded that has occurred in this locality in many years. After Mr. Druse began to eat his meal Mrs. Druse procured a revolver, concealed it under hor apron, and then sent Frank Gates, her nephew, and George Druse out of doors. A rope had been procured and placed in readiness for the daughter, Mary Druse, to aid in in my stead," the Duchess said, as she was the horrible crime. This was thrown about preparing to summon Rose to her mother's the father's neck and held him down while Mrs. Druse shot her husband three times.

Then the boys came in and the mother con-manded Frank to shoot. He did so, and Mrs. Druse shot again. The wife then chopped the husband's head off. At the first blow the victim cried: "Oh, Roxy, don't." The head was rolled into a paper and carried into the parlor. Druse's body was then chopped up by the matter and carbin of head in by the mother and daughter and burned in the stove, as well as his clothing and steamer wheel, so as to throw off suspicion.

LITTLY AND LIVELY.

The times change and we change with them. Hardly larger than mustard seed but composed of highly concentrated vegetable extracts. Dr. Pierce's "Pleasant Furgative Pellets" have caused the old style, large drastic, exthartic pills to be abandoned by all sensible people. The little sugar-coated Pellets are a sure oure for constipation ; for persons of sedentary habits they are in-valuable. They are little and lively, pleasant and safe.

Anent of the English sparrow nuisance, a writer in Science stated that if red pepper be sprinkled: among the leaves of ivy or other vince it will soon rid them of the pests.

I remains open it is a sure sign of death,

deliverance would argue a moral obliquity on the part of the writer quite unbecoming.

A PROFESSOR OF HISTORY.

The British public is further informed that "Orangemen and Roman Catholics go to the polls for Sir John together." Why not? Party lines in Canada have never been drawn on religious grounds, though the Tories have done all they could of late in that direction. Catholics and even Orangemen, in a less degree, have been divided among themselves on party issues; and it would be a sad thing were it otherwise. If Sir John and his party have lost support anywhere, it is owing solely to the course pur-suel by himself and his organs. Were Motho-dists or Pre-byterians assailed by the Mail, as Catholies have been, could they be expected to emulate the sheep and

"Lick the hand just raised to shed their blood."

Mr. Smith proceeds-"An eff ctive opposition to him (Sir John) cannot be formed, because there is nothing for it to be formed on." It is an old argument that when a man makes a state-ment of alleged fact which is contrary to reason and experience, he must either be deceived him-self or he is utering an untruth. Mr. Snith cannot have been dece ved, for he tells us in the extract quoted above that Sir John Macdonald has been "compelled to resort to corruption in all its protean forms;" that "he stands not upon principle, but upon management;" and that "the system is demornlizing as well as expen-sive." Then, as if to cap the climax of this astounding revelation, Mr. Smith declares that, in opposition to these atrocious conditions, "counter principle there can be none."

HAS MR. SMITH LOST ALL FAITH IN VIRTCE.

because vice is sometimes triumphant? Is light not a counter principle to darkness? truth to error? honesty to roguery? purity to corrup-tion? manliness to cowardice? morality to im-morality? Edward Blake to Sir John Mac-donald?

Finally, with a pessimism natural tola man in the state of mind indicated by the foregoing exposition, Mr. Smith declares that "the existence" of this bideous system "depends on the life of a man past seventy, after whom there is a fair prospect of political chaos."

When a man has lost faith in God and virtue, it is not astonishing that he should regard the extinction of Lucifer as the return of chaos and primeval night !

RIDEAU.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Ca. tarrh, Asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a 100 live and radical ours for Nervous Dabili y and all Nervous Com-plaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. Novrs, 149 Power's Block, [11-19:00] Hochestan N.Y.

A well digger in Osco, Ill., found a hollow log 28 feet below the surface of the ground, and in the log a vigorous frog.

Kaulbars will curtail his tour and return to

Sofia about the 21st instant. The Government, replying to the Russian notes, says it will explain the speediness in conducting the elections, on the ground that they were justi-fied by the knowledge that armed bands were preparing to disturb the polling.

SOFIA, Oct. 13.-General Kaulbars, who is at Vienna, has exchanged visits with the foreign consuls there, and they have accepted invitations to take tea with him. General Kaulbars is awaiting orders as to whether he shall remain in Bulgaria or return to Russie. ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 13.—The Vicedomosti attacks the Bulgarian Government for deriding the envoy of the Czar and inciting mobs to assail the Russian consulates and to insult Gen. Kaulbars. It says :- "Russia was never more grossly affronted. A decisive word from the Czar must save the honor of Russia

PARIS, Out. 13. - The Temps says England will send a circular to the Powers preparing the way for more support to Bulgarian independence.

SOFIA,Oct. 13.-The elections in Bulgaria for members of the great Sobranje have re-sulted in the return of 480 Government candidates, 26 members of the Zankoff party and 15 adherents of Karaveloff.

Soria, Oct. 13 .- Enquiry shows the Russian conspiracy to raise rehellion in the two Bulgarias was of greater extent than at first b lieved.

THE ANTI-GERMAN FEELING IN FRANCE INCREASING.

PARIS, Oct. 12 .- The growth of the wa feeling in France has been again exemplified. The Boulanger party have begun the issue of two new journals, La Revanche and Le Soldat. They advocate an offensive policy in vindication of the old military prestige of France. Gen. Boulanger, however, disowns any con-nection with the papers. M. Laredon, the in conjunction with a staff officer of high rank for a continental campaign. The Milifor the purpose of recovering Alsace, nor to gratify personal ambition, but as a step leadstrictest taboo of everything German is being resumed. M. Tackray, minister of commerce, has ordered the police to prosecute all per-sons selling boxes of toys imported from Ger-

OFFICIAL VIEW OF THE FLAG IN-CIDENT AT SHELBURNE. WASHINGTON, October 12.-Advices re-

many and containing a map of France with

out Alsace.

ceived at the Department of State corroborate the published report of the hauling down of the American flag on the American schooner Marion Grimes at Shelburne by Capt. Quigley of the Canadian cruiser Terror. The ad tion of the captain of the Grimes in running up the colors while the vessel was in the cus

tody of the Canadian officers is deprecated at the department as likely to needlessly com-plicate the department in its efforts to reach a satisfactory settlement of the fisheries ques-tion. It appears that when the United States outter Corwin seized the British sealing versel in Alaskan waters the first official act of the captain was to haul down the Dritish I diseased ones,

NEW YORK, Oct. 13 .- At noon to day all the boodle aldermen who are not known to have "skipped" have been either taken in cuttody or surrendered themselves, except Wondell and Finck. Aldermon Farley and Miller, being unable to procure bail, were locked up. Shields, O'Reilly and O'Neill were arrested and locked up, making nine arrests. Michael Duffy, Frederick Finck, Itadolph Fullgraff and Louis Wendell are still at large. Henry L. Sayles, the boodle alderman, was not in court when called to day, and his bond was declared forfeited. It is believed he is in Montreal. Ex-Alderman Wendell evaded the police last night by sleeping in an emigrants' lodging house. He apologized to the detectives to-day and laughed heartily over the trouble he gave them last night. His bill bond has been in-creased to \$40,000, which he and ex-Aldermen Flack, Farley and Shields and the other indicated boodlers provided for.

THE LOSS OF THE CHAMBERLAIN. SHEBOYGAN, Wis., Oct. 14.—Capt. Greenly, of the lost steambarge Chamberlain, refuses to be interviewed concerning the disaster. He has also torbidden the surviving members of the crew from talking about it. Ho says he does not know the names of the men who lost their lives. The unfortunates were the second engineer, fireman and three deck hands. The Chamberlain was struck on the port bow and was cut down to below the water line. She immediately began to sink and Capt. Greenly ordered the boats to be lowered. Five men, who were lost, jumped into one of the boats, when the davits broke and they were dumped into the lake and drowned. The Chamberlain lies about three miles east of Sheboygan point. The captain of nection with the papers. M. Laredon, the military critic, writes to the Figuro that Gen. Boulanger has prepared a well conceived plan in conjunction with a staff officer of high in conjunction with a staff officer of high rank for a continental campaign. The Mili-caire says Gen. Boulanger desires war, not for the purpose of recovering Alsace, nor to gratify personal ambition, but as a step lead-ing to the solution of social questions. The strictest taboo of everything German is being resumed. M. Tackray, minister of commerce, Fayette Brown dritt off in the darkness after the collision.

DANA AND GRANT.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14 .- The Sun fulfilled its recent promise to pay the bill of E. Holmes & Co., of Saratoga, for embalming General Gran's body, if no one else would pay it. The itemized bill, amounting to \$500, is printed in the Sun this morning, together with a copy of the affidavit testifying to its correctness, and is receipted by E. Holmes.

THE CHICAGO CATTLE PLAGUE.

Among the most prevalent, fatal and sud-NEARLY ALL THE NEW YORK BOOD. don attacks of disease, are those incident to LERS IN THE TOILS. don attacks of disease, are those incident to the summer and fall, such as Chelera Morbar, Bilious Colle, Diarchara, Dysentery, etc , tiest often prove fatal in a few hours. That ever reliable remedy Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild S'rawberry, should be at hand for use in emergency.

MEETING AT BATOCHE

OF INDIGNANT HALF-BREEDS OF THE NEIGH-BORING PARISH.

PRINCE ALDERT, N. W. T., Ost. 12. At a meeting of the people of Bateche, held on Menday, the 11th instant, the following resclution was unanimously passed, and ordered to be transmitted to the press of the Province of Quebec :---

"At a public meeting of the inhabit ints of the parishes adjoining Batoche, held on 11th October, 1886, at Batoche, for the purpose of taking into consideration a certain letter signed by Phillippe Garneau, ex-secretary of the late Louis Ricl, and published in certain papers of Lower Canada, it was resolved un. der the presidency of Mr. Pierre Paranteau, sr. to contradict and repudiate the contents of the letter, and to decline to recognize, cu behalf of the residents of the district, the published letter, for the statements in which the citizens do not hold themselves respon-sible. They have always given their sympathies to the Conservative party, and look to that party now to guide them in the course of prudence. "Geo. A. FISHER, Secretary."

A MODERN MIRACLE.

In a recent letter from R. W. Dowton, of Deloraine, Ont., he states that he has recovered from the worst form of Dyspepsia after suffering for fifteen years; and when a council of doctors pronounced him incurable, he tried Burdock Blood Bitters, six bottles of which restored his health.

NOTES FROM OTTAWA.

TWO VESSELS SEIZED FOR INFRACTION OF CUS-TOMS LAWS-PERSONAL

OTTAWA, Oct. 14.--Mr. J. C. Patterson, M.P., had an interview with the Minister of Customs yesterday with reference to the seizure of two vessels at Amherstburg for an infraction of customs regulations. It appears they towed vessels from a United States port into Amherst-burg, and left without having reported to the Customs authority. either inwards or out-wards. The decision of the department has been reserved.

been reserved. Mr. Charles P. O'Connor, the "Irish peasant poet," for some time in the Department of the Interior, resigned his position. He sails to day for England, where he will make his home,

Take one of Carter's Little Liver Pills after eating, it will relieve dyspepsis, aid digestion, give tone and vigor to the system. They make one feel as though life was worth living. 🔆 🗠 tta

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13. —Commissioner Col man has received a telegram from Dr. Salmon, chief of the bureau of animal industry, in which he states that the investigations of the next week show that pleuro-pneumonia is wide iy scattered among cattle of Chiosgo. He is perfecting arrangements to secure a quaran-tine of exposed animals and the slaughter of diseased ones,

COMSUMPTION CURED.