The Clergy wanting, for their own private Libraries, standard Theological works, or Parochial or Sunday School Lending Libraries, will find some facilities ren-

dered them, on visiting the Depository.*

It ought to be mentioned, in connection with the Depository, that in a private letter received from the Secre-Assistant Secretary, he states—"Any arrangement that you may wish to make, for obtaining a regular supply of our publications, the Secretaries here will be most ready to carry out."

DISTRICT ASSOCIATIONS.

During the past year, an alteration has been made in the Distribution of the Diocese into Districts. Much inconvenience was found in the working of some of the District Branches, owing to their territorial extent, and the consequent distance at which some of the Clergy resided from the usual places of the meetings of the Committees. To remedy this, three of the Districts have each been divided into two parts, thus making in all 11 Districts, which are as follow .-

The Upper Ottawa D.A. St. Francis D.A. Lower Ottawa D.A. Three Rivers D.A. Beauharnois D.A. Port Neuf D. A. Mascouche D.A. Richelieu D.A. Megantic D.A. Gaspè D.A. Missisquoi D.A.

It is hoped that this subdivision of some of the more extended Districts will facilitate them in governing the Associations strictly in conformity with the provisions of the General By-Laws of the Society. When the systematic course therein described shall be uniformly adopted in all the districts, it is believed that it will be found more onvenient, and conducive to the advancement and prosperity of the Society and its Branches. That this on attained, the subject is again commended to the early and kind attention of the officers of the District

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read and agreed, r. Francis, ot. No. 27, l, in Mosa, ety of the hurch and

s Lordship on lot No. n the City e Church he endows

E DIOCESE

2 10 0

n:-

The amounts contributed during the past year in the two Cities, and within the bounds of the several District ssociations are as follow:-

In Quebec, Annual Subscriptions of Members £126 18 9

Donations 7 15 7

Life subscriptions 25 0 0

Parochial Associations, being annual subscriptions and do annual subscriptions and donations 8 17 7

£168 11 111 Collections in the several Churches of the City, after Sermons on behalf of the Widows and Orphans' Fund, and on Quinquagesima Sunday:-

Widows and Orphans' Fund. Cathedral £42 12 9 £55 1 112
 St. Peter's
 1
 5
 1
 1±

 St. Paul's
 3
 3
 3
 10

 All Saints
 2
 5
 9
 3
 0
 £56 10 3½ £70 1 7

Total in Quebec, £295 3s. 10d. During the past year, St. Peter's Chapel, which had been destroyed by the first great fire in 1845, has been rebuilt on a larger scale. And contracts are under consideration for the rebuilding of St. Matthew's or the Free Changle at the P. Chapel, at the Burying Ground, which was destroyed by the second great fire.

The chief part of the expense of restoring to the parish.

these chapels will fall upon the members of the Church

merly Missionary of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, at the Côteau du Lac.† In the City of Montreal, the contributions to the Society, for the past year, are as follow:-

Annual Subscriptions Christ Church Association £ 78 7 6 Trinity Chapel " 41 0 0 sionary Association Fund 125 0 0 do. 5 0 0

Trinity Chapel Travelling Missionary Association, Donation for a Horse for the Missionary

Amount received after Sermons in the Churches of the City, both for the Widows and Orphans' Fund, and on Quinquagesima Sunday, for general purposes of the Society.

Christ Church £57 18 7 £ 0 0 0 Trinity Chapel 26 15 6 24 8 0

St. George's 15 0 0 8 0 0

St. Thomas' 12 1 3 0 0 0

St. Anne's 0 0 0 0 £111 15 4 £32 8 0

It will be seen by the foregoing statement, that the congregation of Trinity Chapel have taken upon them-selves the maintenance of a Travelling Missionary, in addition to Annual Subscriptions for the general objects of the Society. In thus devising liberal things, we may trust they will stand, and be prospered from on High.

The Minister, in officially communicating this information, says—" We have lodged in the Savings Bank, ready."

No Missionary having yet been appointed by the Bishop, to derive his maintenance from this source, from the difficulty of finding a suitable clergyman to undertake it, the first year's stipend has been placed, as mentioned in the above extract, at the suggestion of the Treasurer of the Church Society, that it may receive interest.

The sums paid to our Treasurer, on behalf of certain Home Societies, have been received, and will be remitted, in conformity with the 15th Article of the General By-Laws of this Society.

It will be perceived that no collection was made in Christ Church on Quinquagesima Sunday, for the Society. Christ Church on Quinquagesima Sunday, for the Society, as on former years. This arose from the large amount which the congregation has been engaged in paying to the Minister of St. Anne's Chapel, connected with the

Parish Church, and which was partly met by a collection made in the Church soon after Quinquagesima Sunday. †
On this account, with the sanction of the Bishop, the Quinquagesima Sermon for the Society was dispensed with. But his Lordship having been enabled to make some permanent provision for that Chapelry, from the Clergy Reserve Fund, the same diminution of receipts from Christ Church will not be likely again to occur.

The sermon at St. Thomas' was also dispensed with, on account of the financial difficulties of the Chapel. But this Chapel also has received aid from the Clergy Reserve.

this Chapel also has received aid from the Clergy Reserve rund, and will, therefore, it is hoped, exhibit no blank in the Report of next year.

UPPER OTTAWA DISTRICT ASSOCIATION.

Quinquagesima Sunday. Clarendon £0 18 11£0 0 0 Hull and Aylmer... 1 15 0

£1 15 0

£2 13 11

At Clarendon, the sum of £6 15. has been contributed towards the completion of the Church. And in the Mission of Hull and Aylmer, the sum of £67 has been raised; £42 10s. of which was contributed toward the completion of the Church at Aylmer. The Clergyman writes that a further sum of £130 will be requisite to complete the Church. The Central Board has granted a small sum, to enable. to enable them to prosecute immediately some needful re-

Amount contributed for the Society.....£ 4 8 1½

"Local objects and appropriated by the contributors ... 73 15 0 Total.....£78 3 1½

LOWER OTTAWA DISTRICT ASSOCIATION.

The following amounts have been reported as received during the past year:

Annual Widows and Quing Subscriptions. Orph. Fund. St. Andrews. The Gore (Lachute) 0 0 0

BEAUHARNOIS DISTRICT ASSOCIATION. The following are the amounts contributed during the past year, in the respective Missions of this District:

Annual Widows and Quinquagesim Subscriptions. Orph. Fund. Sunday. Huntingdon and the

 Huntingdon and the Gore
 £ 2 10-0
 £ 1 12
 6
 £ 1
 7

 Durham
 0 0 0
 2 0 0
 2
 5
 2
 10-0
 2
 0
 0
 2
 5
 7

 Lachine
 5 15 0
 9 10 9
 8
 6

 St. Martin
 0 0 0
 3 0 0
 0
 0
 0

 Coteau du Lac
 0 0 0
 0 0 0
 0
 0
 0
 0

£7 5 0 £16 3 3 £11 18 11 In Durham the Annual Subscription amounts to £10, but has been wholly appropriated to Local Church pur

In the last year's Report, it was mentioned that subscriptions had been commenced for the erection of two new Churches near Huntingdon. The Missionary now states, that the foundation of one of the Churches has been commenced, and that contracts for the second are about to be completed. The deeds of both sites have been obtained and registered.

amounts for the Society......£35 7 2

"wholly appropriated....... 10 0 0 £45 7 2 MASCOUCHE DISTRICT ASSOCIATION.

Annual Widows and Quinquage Subscriptions. Orph. Fund. Sunday Mascouche and Terrebonne.....£0 0 0 £2 5 0 £2 10 Kilkenny 1 5 0 0 0 0 1 6 2 £1 5 0 £4 0 0 £7 16 2

At Mascouche the sum of £41 9s. 6d. has been raised during the year, for local objects. At Terrebonne, where (as was announced in a previous report) a sight for a new Church was granted by the Seigneur, some progress has been made during the past year. The sum of £50 has been subscribed in the neighbourhood, and a contract has been given out.

Amount for the Society £13 1 2 wholly appropriated ... 91 9 6 £104 10 8 (To be concluded in our next)

Arrival of the Hibernia.

From the N.Y. Courier & Enquirer. The British steamer Hibernia arrived in Boston at three o'clock this morning. The following summary of the markets,

&c., is from our Liverpool correspondent.

Liverpool, 4th Nov., 12 o'clock, M.

Corn, &c.—Best Western Canal flour, 28s. to 29s. per brl.;

Richmond and Alexandria, 28 to 28s. 6d.; Philadelphia and

Baltimore, 28s. to 28s. 6d.; New Orleans and Ohio, 26s. to

27s.; Canada, 27s. to 29s.; United States and Canada sour, Wheat, U. States and Canada white and mixed, per 70lbs., 7s. 6d. to 8s. 4d.; red, 6s to 7s. 6d. Indian Corn. per qr., 32s. to 36s. Cora meal, 15s. to 15s. 6d. Per brl. Oat meal, per 240lbs., 25s. to 27s. Oats per 45lbs., 2s. 6d. to 3s. Barley, per 60lbs., 3s. to 4s. Peas, per 504lbs.. 39s. to 40s. Since the departure of the last steamer the corn market has een greatly depressed by a slackened demand from the interior, which, with other causes, has considerably deadened its activity. Flour has fully receded from 6d. to 1s. per barrel; while Indian corn and corn meal have been greatly depressed. The latter are in a very sluggish demand for Ireland. In the London The Treasurer at Quebec received, in March last, the sum of £100 currency, from the hands of the Lord Bishop of the Diocese, being the amount of a donation to the Society, from the Rev. J. Leeds (since deceased), formerly Missionary of the Society for the Production of the Diocese will doubtless for the present open are in a very sluggish demand for Ireland. In the London market yesterday, although the arrivals of English wheat for the week had been very limited, the business transacted was scarcely noticeable, save for some selected parcels, which brought average prices. The introduction to the market of home farm produce will doubtless for the present open are in a very sluggish demand for Ireland. In the London market yesterday, although the arrivals of English wheat for the week had been very limited, the business transacted was scarcely noticeable, save for some selected parcels, which brought average prices. reign importations.

Provisions.—Beef: prime mess, per tierce 304lbs., new, 84s. to 90s., ordinary, 70s. to 80s., old, not quoted; mess, per brl. 200lbs., 40s. to 48s., ordinary, 40s. to 42s.; prime, 30s. to 34s.; extra India family, &c., per tierce 336!bs., 95s. to 100s. Pork: prime mess, new, per brl. 200lbs. 56s. to 62s., old, 30s. to 40s; mess, 60s. to 65s.; prime, 30s. to 42s. Bacon—duty free: dried and smoked, old, per cwt., 30s. to 40s.; long middles free from bone, in salt, 30s. to 50s. Hams, smoked or dry in canvass, duty paid, 20s. to 50s. Hams, smoked or dry in canvass, duty paid, 20s. to 50s.; in casks, salted, 25s. to 35s
Tongues: ox, in pickle, duty paid, per doz., 10s. to 16s.; pigs,
per cwt., 15s. to 25s. Butter: U. S., not quoted; Canadian,
70s. to 80s. Duty paid cheese: fine, 46s. to 50s. per cwt.;
new, 42s. to 45s.; ord., 30s. to 40s. Lard: fine leaf in kegs,
per cwt., 50s. to 54s.; do. in bbls., 49s. to 52s.; ord. to mid.,
45s. to 48s.; inferior and grease, 29s. to 32s. Rice—duty free: 46s. to 48s.; inferior and grease, 29s. to 32s. Rice-duty free 18t quality, per cwt., 19s. to 22s.; 2nd quality, 16s. to 19s. Metals: U. S. lead, in bond, £15 10s. to £16 10s.; British bar iron, per ton, £9, cargo in Wales bars, £8 10s., Welsh pig, £55, Scotch do., £3 6s., tin plates, I. C., best charcoal, 30s, to

36s. per box. Miscellaneous .-- Tallow, duty paid, per cwt., 42s.6d. to 45s.6d. Commercial and Financial.—The perceptible improvement which has taken place in the aspect of business generally, at the departure of the last steamer, continued steadily to advance until the close of the last week, when in consequence of the announcement of additional failures, many of them of startling magnitude, a state of gloomy apprehensions was produced upon the public mind. This feeling, however, operated upon by a variety of curative causes, the importation of large amounts of variety of curative causes, the importation of large amounts of specie, the absence of further failures this week, and the reduction of the rate of discount by the Bank of England to 6 per cent., as well as the increasing liability indicated by the banking establishments of the country at large, is now considerably abated, and business has assumed a firmer and healthier tone. Distrust at the same time is far from being allayed. The monetary restrictions upon trade have undergone no very material relaxation, and merchants and manufacturers are alike unemancipated, but a reaction for goods has taken place, and The Minister, in officially communicating this information, says—"We have lodged in the Savings Bank, ready to be paid, when required, into the hands of your Treasurer, £135, being £125 for one year's stipend for the Missionary, and £10 given as a donation towards the purchase of a horse for his use. I must add that one kind friend has given a sleigh, and another a new saddle and bridle."

He adds, "The sum of £12 has been placed in my hands by some friends of Israel's descendants, to be paid to the London Society for promoting Christianity among the Jews, for the benefit of the Institution at Liverpool. Also, £1 for the Church Missionary Society, and £1 for Parts."

No Missionary having yet been appointed by the Bisher of the Mark of England, which holds upwards of ten millions of the bank charter act of 1844, by expanding the spirit of accommodation, has led to a manifest resuscitation of confidence, which nothing save unforeseen and improbale mischief can destroy. The state of the funds which since our last advices has been tolerably steady, with a direct upward tendency. Yesterday the quotations for money closed at 85 grants."

No Missionary having yet been appointed by the Bisher of the Missionary having yet been appointed by the Bisher of the Missionary having yet been appointed by the Bisher of the Missionary having yet been appointed by the Bisher of the Missionary having yet been appointed by the Bisher of the Missionary having yet been appointed by the Bisher of the Missionary having yet been appointed by the Bisher of the Missionary having yet been appointed by the Bisher of the Missionary having yet been appointed by the Bisher of the Missionary having yet been appointed by the Bisher of the Missionary having yet been appointed by the Bisher of the Missionary having yet been appointed by the Bisher of the Missionary having yet been appointed by the Bisher of the Missionary having yet been appointed by the Bisher of the Missionary having yet been appointed by the Bisher of the Missionary having havin

General Intelligence.—The British Parliament has been for some days engaged with the subject of trade, and the financial condition of the country. It is expected that measures of a salutary character will be introduced. The state of Ireland is truly frightful. The land reeks with assassination from one end to the other. Government has propounded a coercion bill of a very mild and moderate character.

In Switzerland the civil war has been virtually terminated, by the surrender of Lucerne to the troops of the Federalists The Sunderbund is dissolved, and thus the hopes of the Jesuits

are fully prostrated. The affairs of Italy are in a fair way of adjustment. The Pope has opened the new Council of State at the Vatican, and his speech has elicited unmixed approbation.

The Royal Bank of Liverpool, the stoppage of which caused o much excitement a short time since, has resumed business under favourable circumstances. Asiatic cholera is stated to have advanced to the Prussian

A French paper, the *Presse*, states that the U. S. Government had purchased the island of Lyra from Greece, and will at once pay off the mortgage due.

The Southampton steamer arrived at Southampton yesterday

The J. R. Skiddy, Fidelia, Ivanhoe, and New World packet ships, have respectively arrived in 14½, 15, 16, at 17 days. Additional arrivals—the royal mail steamer Caledonia, on the 29th ult.; Montezuma and Garrick on 24th. Sailed-Jane H. Giddon and Henry Clay, on 25th ult.

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH was presented on the 18th Nov., and read by the Marquis of

Lansdowne: it is as follows :-My Lords and Gentlemen-

Her Majesty has ordered us to declare to you the causes which have induced her to call Parliament together at the pre-

Her Majesty has seen with great concern the distress which has for some time prevailed among the commercial classes.—

The embarrassments of trade were at one period aggravated by

Stormont.—Alexander McLean, Esq.† ... 1

Simcoe.—Hon. W. B. Robinson* ... 1

interests has been mitigated.

The abundant harvest with which this country has been

blessed has alleviated the evils which always accompany a want of employment in the manufacturing districts. Her Majesty has, however, to lament the severe distress in day, Mr. Macdonald had 386 votes and Mr. Mackenzie 84—

e people.

Her Majesty trusts that this distress will be materially re-

The Lord Lieutenant has employed with vigour and energy the means which the law places at his disposal to detect offenders, and to prevent the repetition of offences. Her Majesty feels it, however, to be her duty to her peaceable and well-disposed subjects to ask the assistance of Parliament in taking further precautions against the perpetration of crime in certain

further precautions against the perpetration of crime in certain counties and districts of Ireland.

Her Majesty views with the deepest anxiety and interest the present condition of Ireland, and she recommends to the consideration of Parliament measures which, with due regard to the rights of property, may advance the social condition of the people, and tend to the permanent improvement of that part of the United Kingdom.

Her Majesty has seen with great concern the breaking out of civil war in Switzerland.

Her Majesty is in communication with her Allies on this

Her Majesty is in communication with her Allies on this Her Majesty is in communication with her Allies on this subject, and has expressed her readiness to use, in concert with them, her friendly influence for the purpose of restoring to the Swiss Confederation the blessings of peace.

Her Majesty looks with confidence to the maintenance of

ne general peace of Europe. Her Majesty has concluded with the Republic of the Equator a treaty for the suppression of the slave trade. Her Majes-ty has given directions that that treaty should be laid before

" Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

Her Majesty has given directions that the estimates for the next year should be prepared for the purpose of being laid be-fore you. They will be framed with a careful regard to the ex-igencies of the public service. My Lords and Gentlemen,

Her Majesty recommends to the consideration of Parliament the laws which regulate the navigation of the United Kingdom, with a view to ascertain whether any changes can be adopted

with a view to ascertain whether any changes can be adopted which, without danger to our maritime strength, may promote the commercial and colonial interests of the empire.

Her Majesty has thought fit to appoint a Commisioner to report on the best means of improving the health of the metropolis, and her Majesty recommends to your earnest attention such measures as will be laid before you relating to the public health.

Her Majesty has deeply sympathized with the sufferings which afflict the labouring classes in the manufacturing districts in Great Britain, and in many parts of Ireland; and has observed with admiration the patience with which these sufferings have been generally borne.

ings have been generally borne.

The distress which has lately prevailed among the commer-The distress which has lately prevailed among the comider-cial classes has affected many important branches of the reve-nue. But Her Majesty trusts that the time is not distant when, under the blessing of Divine Providence, the commerce and industry of the United Kingdom will have resumed their wonted activity."

Lord Stanley opened the discussion, on the address, in the House of Lords, after it had been read, by assailing portions of it and especially its omissions. On the West India question he spoke at length assailing strongly what is understood to be the government policy towards the W. I. colonies. He ascribed much of the monetary distress to the alteration of the Corn Law. The Marquis of Lansdowne in reply attributed the difficulty to the famine and

Lord Ashburton expressed a hope that means would be used to take the opinion of Parliament on the subject of the Bank Charter Act, And he hinted at the necessity of considering the repeal of the usury laws; for if interest went to rule so high as 8 per cent it must destroy the commerce of the country.— He did not agree with those who said that the repeal of the Corn-laws had contributed to the distress which had been felt throughout the year; because the Corn-trade would have been pretty much in the same state as it had been during the last twelve mouths, even if the repeal of the Corn-law had not taken place. The purchase of corn which had been rendered necessary had east the balance of trade against this country, but not to any very great or serious extent, because the entire amount of bul-lion sent to America for corn had not exceeded four or five millions. Such an abstraction from the coffers of the Bank, at a time when the Bank held fifteen or sixteen millions of bullion

could produce no distress whatever.

The real debate, however, on the Monetary affairs of the ne The real debate, nowever, on the Monetary affairs of the na-tion took place on Tuesday the 30th of November, when the Chancellor of the Exchequer moved for a Committee to inquire into the causes of the late commercial distress. He said the Government adhered to the principles of the act of 1844 and thus vindicated it from the charge of not having prevented the distress.

When that act was first brought into operation, it was ender lic distrust to such an amount of panic as existed six weeks ago; and he therefore asked what system could have guarded against events so completely out of the ordinary range? It was therefore no fault in the principle of the act of 1844 that it had not guarded against a contingency against which no other act of the Legislature had hitherto provided. DEPARTURE OF THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA.

PORTSMOUTH, Thursday .- The Earl of Dalhousie, the newof the South-Western Railway, to embark in Her Majesty's steam-frigate Sidon, 18 guns, Captain W. H. Henderson, C.B. for Alexandria, en route overland to the seat of his government. The distinguished party comprised the Earl and Countess
Dalhousie, the Marchioness of Douro, the Right Honble, Fox
Maule (Secretary at War.) Captain O'Brien (formerly of the
Board of Trade.) Mr. Watson, Mr. Laurentz Campbell (Secretary of the South-Western Railway Company.) who also served with Lord Dalhousie in the Board of Trade, &c. Captain

Henderson received his distinguished charge under a salute of 17 guns and manned yards, and at 3 p. m. left the anchorage

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH. Arrival of the Caledonia.

FIFTEEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE. The Market in Breadstuffs improving-The Money

Market easier. Buffalo, January 5, 1848.

The Caledonia arrived at Boston late last evening, with 15

Best Western Flour, 29s. to 30s.; Richmond and Alexandria, 28s. to 29s.; Philadelphia and Baltimore, 28s. to 29s.; United States and Canada sour, 23s. to 24s. 6d. Wheat, U. States and Canada, for 70lbs., white and mixed, 7s. 6d. to 8. States and Canada, for 70lbs., white and mixed, 7s. 6d. to 8s. 6d. Indian Corn, 32s. to 35s. 6d. per quarter. Corn Meal, 14s. to 15s. 6d. per barrel. Oat Meal, 25s. to 27s. 6d. per 240lbs. Barley, 3s. to 4s. per 60lbs. Rye, 3s. to 3s. 7d. per 60lbs. Peas, 28s. to 34s. per 504lbs. Money Market generally improving. Cotton, Mobile, ordinary to middling, 3\frac{3}{4}d. to 4\frac{3}{4}d. per lb. R. O. ordinary to middling, 3\frac{3}{4}d.

Colonial.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT. MEMBERS RETURNED.

Brockville. - George Sherwood, Esq. Cornwall.-Hon. J. H. Cameron Dorchester.-R. Lemieux‡..... Essex.—Col. Prince§ 1 ...
Frontenac.—Henry Smith, Jr., Esq.* 1 ...
Glengarry.—J. S. Macdonald... Montreal (County).—A. Johin
Missisquoi.—Hon. J. Badgely, Atr'y. General East 1
Megantic.—Hon. D. Daly
Montreal (County).—A. J. Badgely, Atr'y. General East 1
Megantic.—Hon. D. Daly Norfolk.-H. J. Boulton, Esq. Northumberland. - A. H. Meyers 1 Ottawa.—J. Egan
Oxford.—F. Hincks, Esq.||... T. C. Aylwin, Esq. The embarrassments of trade were at one period aggravated by so general a feeling of distrust and alarm, that her Majesty, for the purpose of restoring confidence, authorized her Ministers to recommend to the Directors of the Bank of England a course of proceeding suited to such an emergency. This course might have led to an infringement of the law.

Her Majesty has great satisfaction in being able to inform you that the law has not been infringed; that the alarm has subsided, and that the pressure on the banking and commercial in the law has not been infringed; that the alarm has subsided, and that the pressure on the banking and commercial is the law has not been infringed; that the alarm has subsided, and that the pressure on the banking and commercial is the law has not been infringed; that the alarm has subsided, and that the pressure on the banking and commercial is the law has not been infringed; that the alarm has subsided, and that the pressure on the banking and commercial is the law has not been infringed; that the alarm has subsided, and that the pressure on the banking and commercial is the law has not been infringed; that the alarm has subsided, and that the pressure on the banking and commercial is the law has not been infringed; that the alarm has subsided, and that the pressure on the banking and commercial is the law has not been infringed; that the alarm has subsided, and that the pressure on the banking and commercial is the law has not been infringed; that the alarm has subsided, and that the pressure of the law has not been infringed; that the alarm has subsided, and that the pressure of the law has not been infringed; that the alarm has subsided, and that the pressure of the law has not been infringed; that the alarm has not been infringed; that the alarm has not been infringed; the law has not been

Her Majesty trusts that this discress will be materially relieved by the exertions that have been made to carry into effect the law of the last session of Parliament for the support of the law of the law of the last session of Parliament for the support of the law of the last session of Parliament for the support of the law of the law of the last session of Parliament for the support of the law Although, we, with all others who had anything like a cor-* The Depository has been removed (November, 1847) to the establishment of Mrs. Walton, Great St. James Street, Montreal.

Her Majesty laments that in some counties of Ireland atrodays afterwards, sent a second sum of £150 urrency to his Lordship, for other religious and charitable purposes.

Amounting to £29 98, 6d,

**The Depository has been removed (November, 1847) to the establishment of Mrs. Walton, Great St. James Street, Montreal.

Her Majesty laments that in some counties of Ireland atroday, however, when a benighted day, for our friend, may yet dawn, however, when a benighted day, for our friend, may yet dawn, however, when a benighted counties of the above Property will be sold together it decouragement to "Equal rights" and "Justice to all." A better day, for our friend, may yet dawn, however, when a benighted counties of the above Property will be sold together it decouragement to "Equal rights" and "Justice to all." A better day, for our friend, may yet dawn, however, when a benighted counties of the above Property will be sold together it decouragement to "Equal rights" and "Justice to all." A better day, for our friend, may yet dawn, however, when a benighted counties of the above Property will be sold together it decouragement to "Equal rights" and "Justice to all." A better day, for our friend, may yet dawn, however, when a benighted counties of the above Property will be sold together it decouragement to "Equal rights" and "Justice to all." A better day, for our friend, may yet dawn, however, when a benighted day, for our friend, may yet dawn, however, when a benighted day, for our friend, may yet dawn, however, when a benighted day, for our friend, may yet dawn, however, when a benighted day, for our friend, may yet dawn, however, when a benighted day, for our friend, may yet dawn, however, when a benighted day, for our friend, may yet dawn, however, when a benighted day, for our friend, may yet dawn, however, when a benighted day, for our friend, may yet dawn, however, when a benighted day,

majority for Macdonald, 302. Against this Mr. Mackenzie has

thas been circulated that a large majority of Mr. e's friends had been mesmerized by a certain Professor alt Science, and kept in the Magnetic sleep until the ad terminated. We are authorized by the Professor in question to give this report an unqualified contradiction.— The Processor has too much respect for Mr. Mackenzie to play him such a dirty trick; and too great a desire to apply the Science of mesmerism to beneficial purposes than to wield its power against "Equal Rights," and "Justice to All."—Argus.

UNIVERSITY QUESTION.

In our last we briefly expressed our satisfaction, that our contemporary the Colonist had arrived at the conclusion, to which we were persuaded that any fair and unprejudiced enquirer into the subject must come, that "the Church of England was exclusively entrusted with the educational endowment of King's College." We shall now consider more at length than our like prequitted, the ricers taken by King's College." We shall now consider more at length than our time then permitted, the views taken by our contemporary of the progress of what is now known as "the University Question." We shall adopt his own division into three stages.—
"First, the letter and spirit of the original charter. Second, the cause why its exclusive intention in favour of the Church of England was abandoned. And last, the proposed endowment according to the Bills of last session."

As to the first, there is no difference of opinion between us.

At the time the charter and endowment were granted, not only was the Church of England regarded as "the Church in Eng-land, Ireland and the Colonies," but no similar institution had up to that time, been established, under Royal authority, in which religion was not an essential part, or which was not closely connected with an established Church.

The greatest difficulty, indeed, which was experienced during the negotiations in England relative to the Charter of King's College, was that an instrument was required more open and liberal in its provisions than had ever been issued under the Great Seal. In Oxford and Cambridge, as is well known, no to admission as a student. Now let us enquire whe

First-Students of any denomination were admissible without any religious test or qualification. Secondly—Degrees might be taken by the members of any denomination without any religious test or qualification, except in one Faculty, that of Divinity, in which they were restricted to the members of of Divinity, in which they were restricted to the members of one Church, as it was obviously absurd that the licence to teach, which is conferred by the degree, should be given by the same University to the disseminators of different or contradictory. Theological tenets.—Thirtly—The members of every denominaton were eligible as Officers or Professors without any religious test or qualification. The only restrictions were as to the President and Members of the Cosneil, who were required to be members of the Church of England.

But let us eass on to the second stars.

be members of the Church of England.

But let us pass on to the second stage.

"The reason for abandoning the intention of the original charter," (writes the Colonist) "was the neglect on the part of the Church to implement its prescribed stipulations, and the misappropriation of the funds. The investigation of Lord Durham decided the propriety and necessity and propriety and necessity of some legislative measure to alter the original charter, in such a way as to secure the legitimate application of what

still remained of the original grant."

Neither of these assertions can be substantiated, for they are both contrary to fact. In the first place, there were no prescri-

both contrary to fact. In the first place, there were no prescribed stipulations—in the second place, the Church did not neglect her duty as to the realizing the intentions of the founder of the instution, and in the third place, Lord Durlam never made any investigation into the appropriation of the funds, nor was he connected with any decision "on the propriety or necessity of some legislative measure to alter the original charter."

But it may be asked—Why was not the institution brought into operation before the Act amending the Charter was passed? To this the plain answer is—because Sir Johu Colborne, during the period of his administration of the Government of Upper Canada—from 1828, soon after the granting of the Charter, to 1836, the year before the Act was passed—opposed every effort to bring it into operation, by refusing to exercise the power, which he possessed as Chancellor under the Charter, of iniating the necessary statutes.

the necessary statutes.

As to the misappropriation of the fund, about which so much has been said by the enemies of the Church of England, there can be but little doubt that we should have heard nothing on this subject, if it had not suited the political intrigues, at the time the measure for uniting the Provinces was in preparation When that act was first brought into operation, it was under circumstances of an adverse character, which had been unprecedented for years past, and which he hoped would be vithout parallel for years to come. We had not seen any such expansion of credit as had taken place either for the importation of corn, or for the construction of public works—we had not seen any such inability on the part of the commercial world to meet its engagements—we had not seen on any former occasion public distrust to such an amount of panic as existed six weeks ago; lie distrust to such an amount of panic as existed six weeks ago; appropriated by persons of high standing and character, by which the members of the College Council have ever been distinguished, (and those persons, too, of opposite political sentiments, in-cluding almost all the leaders of the different parties,) is what no reasonable man would believe, and a charge which our con-temperary, we think ought to have left for circulation to those who are regardless of the truth or of falsehood of what they inted Governor General of India, arrived at this port rooon, at 50 minutes past 12 o'clock, by express train by the Council, they have taken promt measures to punish the guilty parties, and prevent a recurrence of the offence.

As to the hill of last session, we have to little space at our As to the bill of last session, we have to little space at our disposal to say much. We caunot conclude, however, without expressing the opinion which we have before stated, that much as we regret the partitioning of the noble endowment, we should infinitely prefer that scheme to either of those that preceded it,—if for no other reason, at least for this, that it would afford the Opport. It was a making religion what it noigh to be the best of opportunity of making religion what it ought to be the basis of the education of our youth.—Patriot.

Annual Parochial Meetings of the Newcastle District Branch of the Incorporated Church Society have been appointed to take place as follows:-

 Cavan, (St. John's)
 Monday, Feb'y. 14,... 6, F.M.

 Do. (St. Paul's)
 Tuesday, "15,... 10, A.M.

 Hope, St. Paul's, Perrytown, Do. "3, P.M.

 Grafton
 Wednesday, "16,... 11, A.M.

 Colb.
 Do. "6, P.M.

The Clergy and Lay Members of the Church in the United Districts of Gore and Wellington are hereby informed that the Parochial Meetings of the Church Society, in the respective Parishes of the said Districts, will be held at the time of the Archdeacon's Visitation, as already notified in The Church.—
The Annual Meeting of the District Branch, in Hamilton, will not be held before Thursday, the 17th February, 1848.

J. G. Gedden.

"to employ all lawful means in his power to collect and diffuse information on the subject of Education generally among the people of Upper Canada," and in order to supply to some extent one of the widely-felt intellectual wants of the country, proposes to establish and to conduct gratuitously, assisted by Mr. J.

GEORGE HODGINS,

A MONTHLY JOURNAL OF EDUCATION.

To be devoted to the violence of the people of Upper Canada, and in order to supply to some extent one of the widely-felt intellectual wants of the country, proposes to establish and to conduct gratuitously, assisted by Mr. J.

To be devoted to the violence of the violen

Society. The Members of this Association are hereby informed that

the Members of this Association are nereby informed that the next Annual Meeting will be held (D. V.) in St. George's Church, St. Catherines, on Wednesday, the 19th Jan., 1848,

It is particularly requested that the Chairmen of the several Parochial Associations will transmit to the Secretary of the District Branch, at latest by Jan. 14th (when the Report will District Branch, at latest by Jan. 14th (when the Report will be made up), a detailed account, not only of the monies raised by the Associations, but also of other matters connected with the Charch Society that have occurred therein, which may be deemed interesting, in order that the District Association's Report may be in accordance with the tenor of, and be based upon the Reports from the several Parochial Associations.

The Managing Committee are requested to meet at the same place and on the same day at 1 o'clock, P.M. T. B. FULLER,

Secretary, N.D.B.C.S.D.T. Thorold, Dec. 9th, 1847.

BRONTE MILLS FOR SALE.

HEPROPERTY consists of Sixteen Feet privilege on the Twelve Mile Creek, on the Lake Shore, in the Township of Trafalgar, and about Seventy five Acres of good cleared Farm Land. A large Stone and Frame Woollen Factory, 82 feet by 32, and three Stories high, capable of being easily converted into a Flouring Mill. A Grist Mill with one run of Stones, Smut Machine and all requisites. Two Say Mills with Charles Says and Lumber Yard Bailway. Saw Mills with Circular Saws and Lumber Yard Railway.—
A Blacksmith's Shop and several Dwelling Houses. This Property is now Let to a yearly tenant for £200 per year, and would bring on a Lease £250. PRICE £2500; of which £1000 would be required down, the residue might be paid by Instalments as agreed upon. -Also-

A PRIVILEGE on the same Creek of 12 feet next above the Mills, with about 75 or 80 Acres of Land, mostly cleared and in cultivation, and an excellent Mill Site, with good Roads.—
PRICE £1000; of which £300 would be required in Cash, the

-Also-ADJOINING the above, a Farm of about 70 Acres, in full Cultivation, with a large unfinished Dwelling House thereon, and an Orchard of 4 Acres of Grafted Fruit Trrees. Price £700; of which only £200 would be required immediately, the rest in ten years.

10th of January next.

The Transfer Book will accordingly be closed from the 1st to the 8th inclusive.

Re order of the Board.

45-546-26

King's College, Toronto.

University, Upper Canada College and District Scholarships.

ESTABLISHED BY THE COLLEGE COUNCIL, OCTOBER, 1846. A T AN EXAMINATION, held on October 11th, 12th,

Scholars: -	Scholarshins.	Where
		emmenten.
1. Evans, C. M	University Math L	П. С. С.
3. PALMER, GEO.	Wellington District	U. C. C.
4. BARBER, G. A	U. C. College	U. C. C.
5. Hutton, Joseph	Victoria District	U. C. C.
		AD 1616

SUBJECTS OF EXAMINATION FOR 1848 Homer, Iliad, B. I.

Euclid, Bb. I. II. III. IV. Odyssey, B. IX. Xenophon, Anabasis, B. I. Def. V. and B. VI. Algebra, to Quadratic Equa-Lucian, Vita, Charon, and Virgil, Æneid, B. II. Sallust, Bell. Catilin. Horace, Odes, B. I. Ovid, Fasti, B. I. Translation into Latin Verse and Prose.

The number of vacancies will be Twenty-four-one for each liberal in its provisions than had ever been issued under the Great Seal. In Oxford and Cambridge, as is well known, no one can even take a degree without subscribing the 39 articles. In the former University this subscription is necessary previous enjoy, in addition to the above, the privilege of Kooms and Commons without charge during the same period. The only sisted the greater openness and liberality of King's College, Commons without charge during the same period. The only which caused so much difficulty and delay in obtaining its qualifications for election are stated in the subjoined extract from the Regulations :-

1. The Candidates for the District Scholarships to be required to produce Certificates of the residence of their parents or guardians in their respective Districts during the year previous to the Examination—of their having themselves received instruction within the District, whose Scholarship they desire

before the day of examination.

2. No Candidate to be elected Scholar, unless he shall have been placed in the first class in one department, (either Classics or Mathematics), and not lower than the fourth class in the

other (either Mathematics or Classics). The Examination in 1848 will take place in October 18th, 19th, 20th, and 21st.

H. BOYS, M.D., Registrar, King's College.

Upper Canada College WILL RE-OPEN, after the CHRISTMAS VACATION, on WEDNESDAY, the 5th of January.

TERMS: Day Scholars.
£ s. d.
Preparatory Form - - - 6 0 0 per annum College Forms - - - 9 0 0

Boarders. # s. d.

Preparatory Form - - - - - - - - - - - - 30 16 0 per annum.

College Forms - - - - - - - - - - - - 33 0 0 " Optional Branches-(Extra.) £ s. d.

Hebrew or German - - 1 5 0 per quarter Hebrew and German - - 2 0 0
Ornamental Drawing - - 1 0 0
Vocal and Instrumental Music - 1 0 0

J. P. DE LA HAYE, Collector U. C. College. 41-545-3 The following papers will please give three insertions, and send their accounts to the Collector:— The Church, Patriot. Herald, British Colomst, British Canadian, Globe, Cobourg Star, Kingston News, Statesman, Hamilton Spectator, Brant

ford Courier, London Times, Chatham Gleaner, and New York

BISHOP'S COLLEGE.

LENNOXVILLE.

THE COUNCIL OF BISHOP'S COLLEGE beg to announce to the public, that LENT TERM commences on FRIDAY, the Twenty-first January, 1848.

Candidates for Matriculation and Vices: Sledges and Hammers. Blister Council Sheet Lead; Anvils and Vices: Sledges and Hammers. Blister Council Sheet Lead; Anvils and Vices: Sledges and Hammers. Blister Council Sheet Lead; Anvils and Vices: Sledges and Hammers. Candidates for Matriculation are requested to present themselves on that day to the Principal for examination, and to give him immediate notice of their intention of so doing.

Dec. 17, 1847.

Senert: Ende, Grain Lin; Lead Pipe; Sheet Lead; Anvils and Vices; Sledges and Hammers; Blister, German, and Cast Steel; Ropes; Glass; Paints; Oils; Spirits Turpentine, &c. &c.

Toronto, 16th Dec., 1847.

34-546

EDUCATION. THE business of the Home DISTRICT GRAMMAR SCHOOL will be resumed, after the Christmas Recess, on Thursday, the 6th of January next, at the usual hour.

A few vacancies for Boarders. Terms for both Day Pupils

A few vacancies for and Boarders very moderate.

M. C. CROMBIE, Principal. MRS. CROMBIE'S Young Ladies' Seminary will also be re-opened on the same day. Toronto, Nelson Street,

THE MISSES MACNALLY beg to inform the Parents and Guardians of their Pupils, that business was sumed on Monday, the 3rd of January, 1848.
36, Wellington Street West, Toronto.
44 545-1

PROSPECTUS

OF A MONTILY JOURNAL OF EDUCATION

UPPER CANADA.

The Niagara District Branch of the Diocesan Church in respect to them; to accounts of systems of public instruction in other countries, both European and American; and to the the efficiency of Schools and the duties of all classes of diffusion of information on the great work of Popular Education

> After much consultation on the subject, it is believed that After much consultation on the subject, it is believed that a monthly will be preferable to a semi-monthly Journal of Education—the same amount of matter being contained in the former as had been proposed to be given in the latter.
>
> Each number will contain 32 closely printed large octavo

pages. The first number will be issued in January, 1848.—
School and Book Advertisements will be inserted.

Terms—One Dollar per annum, in all cases payable in advance. No subscription received for less than one year, commencing with each volume.

District Superintendents, Clergymen, and others friendly to the objects of the publication, are respectfully requested to act as Agents—retaining one-tenth of the amount paid them in remuneration for their trouble. As the whole amount of subscription paid will be devoted to the support and improvement of the Journal of the Jou of the Journal, independent of editorial management, it is hoped that no exertions will be spared in extending its circulation

The correspondence of some able and experienced gentlemen has been promised; and that of others is requested.

All communications to be addressed to J. George Hodgins, Esq., Education Office, Toronto; and all letters, not containing

emittances, must be post-paid. Education Office, Toronto, Dec., 1847.

BANK OF UPPER CANADA. NOTICE is hereby given, that the Fiftieth Dividend of this Bank, being for the balf year ending 31st instant, has been this day declared at Three and a half per cent upon the Capital Stock paid up, and will be payable at the Bank and its

Offices, on and after Monday, the 10th day of January next.

The Stock and Transfer Books will be closed from the 28th instant to the 1st January next, inclusive. By order of the Board, THOS. G. RIDOUT.

Bank of Upper Canada, Toronto, 22d December, 1847. BRITISH AMERICA

remainder by Instalments. The option of this part of the Property is offered to the Purchaser of the first, and if not taken, it will be sold separately.

FIRE & LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Dividend, at the rate of Eight per cent. per annum, on the Capital Stock paid Eight per cent. per annum, on the Capital Stock paid in, was this day declared for the half year ending the 31st inst., and that the same will be payable on and after Monday, the

> By order of the Board. T. W. BIRCHALL,

VALUABLE FREEHOLD PROPERTY

FOR SALE. HE Proprietor intending to return to Europe, offers for Sale the following Property, viz:-

THE GRIST AND OATMEAL MILL, together with One Hundred Aercs of good Arable Land, situated in and about the VILLAGE OF NEWMARKET, near the Yonge Street Macadamized Road, 28 miles from Toronto.

The Grist Mill is four-stories high, 60 feet by 44, with four run of stones, with Merchant and Country Bolts of the very best description, and capable of manufacturing 100 barrels of

Flour in twenty-four hours.

The Stream is one of the best in Canada West, never failing.

summer or winter, with 15 feet head. £400 has been just expended in repairs to Mill and Dam, and is now in superior expended in repairs to aim and Dam, and is now in superior working order. Adjoining is a large substantial Stone, with underground Cellar of lime-stone, well calculated to carry on an extensive business. The Oatmeal Mill is a commodious building, fitted with Castings of the best description, together with a Drying Kiln, substantially built of stone and brick, with

The DWELLING HOUSE, built of brick, three-stories high, consists of Drawing and Dining Rooms, 20 feet by 19, lofty, with large French windows, and Breakfasting Parlour. On with large Prend windows, and Dicassassing Pariod. On second floor, three large airy Bed Rooms, with superior Attica.

The basement story contains Kitchen. Cellars, Pantries, &c.—
A Verandah, 9 feet wide, surrounds the house.

From Six to Eight Years will be given for the payment of the

purchase money, by instalments, with interest, on security being furnished. The following Lots of WILD LAND will be disposed of on

like terms, viz: 200 Acres in Township of Oro, Lot 17, 6th Con. 200 Acres ditto Medonte, 2nd Con.
200 Acres ditto Flos, 2nd Con. 50 Acres ditto Tiny, 2nd Con.

500 Acres ditto Nottawasaga, (block). The above Lands are of the very best description-Hardwood throughout.

Application to be made to Colonel Correr, Newmarket. Newmarket, Dec. 10, 1847.

HARDWARE.

No. 44, KING STREET. Corner Post Office Lane.

THE Subscriber, having received his full supply for the WINTER TRADE, begs to call the attention of his customers to his new and splendid stock of HARDWARE, which embraces almost every thing in the line, including Silver and Silver Plated Ware, Britannia Ware: Fine Table Cutlery; Coal Scuttles; Fenders and Guards; Fire Irons; Fire Grates,

Parties commencing House Keeping are particularly requested to call before purchasing elsewhere. T. HAWORTH.

Toronto, 16th Dec., 1847. To Carpenters and Joiners. JUST RECEIVED, at No. 44, King Street, an assortment of CARPENTERS and JOINERS AMERICAN EDGE TOOLS and PLANES, of the very best description, which

will be sold low for Cash. T. HAWORTH. 34-546 Toronto, 16th Dec., 1847.

To Coopers. JUST RECEIVED, by the Subscriber, from Rochester, a quantity of Tress Hoops; Heading, Hollowing, Stave, and Champer Knives; Levelers; Howels; Jointers and Shave Ups; of the most approved description.

T. HAWORTH. Toronto, 16th Dec., 1847. To Saddlers and Harness Makers.

THE Subscriber, having completed his assortment of SADDLERY MOUNTINGS, solicits a call from the Trade, to inspect his great variety of Stock, which consists of Common Japanned, Japanned Imitation, Malleable Brass and Silver Plated Mounting, of most recent styles, and complete throughout; English Bridles; American Skirting and Hog Skins; Patent Leather, all colours; American Gig Trees; Brockville Harness and Saddle Trees; Whips; Raw-hides; Shellac Varnish, &c. &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest

T. HAWORTH. ! |Toronto, 16th Dec., 1847.

FOR SALE,

WANTED: A GOVERNESS, who is well qualified to teach the ordinary branches of an English Education, together with French and Music. Apply at the Office of The Church

7th Dec., 1847. WANTED, SITUATION AS GOVERNESS, by an English Lady, A SITUATION AS GOVERNESS, by an English Lady, in a Private Family. She is capable of giving instruction in Vocal and Instrumental Music, French, and the usual branches of an English Education. She would prefer residing in the country. References given. Direct, post paid, A. B. Post Office, Upper Black Rock, Near Buffalo, New York.

November 5, 1847. RESPECTABLE FAMILY. residing convenient to

WANTED, BY A BOY, aged Twelve, who can take care of a Horse and Clean Knives and Shoes, a Situation in a Family.

E DUCATION. Studies resumed Tuesday, Fourth of January. Six Masters, One French, and Two English Resident Governesses statedly employed.

Toronto, Dec., 1847.

Foronto, Sept. 23, 1847. LIFE ASSURANCE.

prepared to effect Assurance upon Lives, and transact by business dependent upon the value or duration of Human

Albany Chambers, King Street West Medical Referee-George Herrick, Esq., M.D.

JAMES BICKET, ACCOUNTANT,

No. 2, City Buildings, King Street East, Toronto.

MR. WOOD, SURGEON DENTIST,

Toronto, January 6, 1848. BIRTHS.

DIED. On Thurday, the 30th Dec., Colley Foster, Esq., Barristerat-law, of this city, aged 32 years.

At Richmond Hill on New Years Eve, Julia, wife of Mr. Edwd. Hartney, and eldest daughter of Chas. M. Keller, Esq.,

In this city, on the 29th Dec., Mrs. G. B. Wyllie, of a In this city, at 44 King-St. West; on the 3rd inst., Mrs. R.

Clerk Division Court, aged 24 years. TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Upper Canada College, will receive three or four Colians, under sixteen years of age, as BOARDERS. Address (post paid) THOMAS CHAMPION, Esq., at this Office. Toronto, 17th Nov., 1847.

has a good character. He has a good character.

Apply, by letter, post-paid, to the Rev. H. J. Grasett,
M.A., Rectory, Toronto; or to Mr. Champion, at this Office.

Toronto, Dec. 23, 1847.

For particulars, apply to MRS. COATES, York and Adelaide Streets.

DOCTOR O'BRIEN Has Removed to 27, Bay Street, SECOND DOOR ABOVE WELLINGTON STREET,

THE CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY is

Agent for Toronto, EDMUND BRADBURNE,

Toronto, November 15, 1847.

TAS REMOVED a few doors West, to Mr. BERRY'S, on YORK STREET, the first Brick House North of

British America Assurance Office,
Toronto, 28th Dec., 1847.

Managing Director.

Owing to a press of matter, the notice regarding the Mission of Percé is unavoidably postponed to our next. The papers have been forwarded as requested.