

ready money, or a large bona fide subscript' list, and that neither of these was to hand. Dr. R. A. Reeve then offered the amendment that the publication be entered upon only when it may be deemed expedient. In this form the clause was carried.

At a later date we purpose giving our readers the full text of the amended constitution.

The annual meeting next year will be held in Ottawa. This we think was a very wise choice. It is now many years since Ottawa had a visit from the Association; it is the capital of the country, and has many points of attraction, and the Association next year will come under the full play of the new constitution. We hope the Canadian Medical Association will take on a new lease of life, and become a great power for good in this country.

The three addresses, namely, the presidential and those on surgery and medicine, were of a very high order of merit.

Dr. A. McPhedran, in his presidential address, covered a wide range of topics. He thought that the time had come when there ought to be a thorough reorganization of the Association, and that it should become much more national in character and move with greater activity on matters of importance to the profession and the public.

He pointed out the vast importance of sanitation and referred to the outbreak of typhoid fever at the Petewawa military camp. Such a condition, he thought, should not occur, and contended that Canada should do as well in such matters as Japan had done.

He made a strong appeal for the publication of a journal to officially represent the Association, and referred to the good work the journals of the British Medical and the American Medical Associations were doing.

He also urged the view of a continuous membership and that each member be asked to pay his fee whether he attended the annual meeting or not.

He then directed attention to the value and importance of research work. It was stated that this had been sadly neglected in the past. The time would seem opportune now to begin to do better. Every discovery, however small it might be, was an asset to the country. He felt that the Canadian Medical Association should take the lead in such work.

The question of a general registration for the whole country touched upon, and due praise was accorded Dr. Roddick for his labors in this regard.

The president referred, with pride, to the fact that all the medical colleges in Canada were the faculties of some University, and that there were not now any proprietary medical schools.