Dr. MacFarlane is to be congratulated upon the excellent translation of this, the first of a series of monographs on Respiration and Circulation. The others will shortly appear, one on Tachycardia and Bradycardia and another on Angina Pectoris.

Paraffin in Surgery. A critical and clinical study. By Wm. H. Luckett, M.D. Attending Surgeon, Harlem Hospital, Surgeon to the Mt. Sinai Hospital Dispensary of New York; and Frank I. Horne, M.D., formerly Assistant Surgeon, Mt. Sinai Hospital Dispensary. 12mo; 38 illustrations; 118 pages. Surgery Publishing Co., 92 William Street, New York City. Cloth, \$2.00.

The authors have, in the above, undertaken to collate and analyze the literature relating to the subject of Paraffin injections, and to present the results of their personal observations.

The volume is small in size, printed on excellent paper and illustrated profusely, showing clinical results, and micro-photographs of tissues after injection.

The various chapters deserving special notice are those relating to the disposition of Paraffin in the tissues, its chemistry and accidents likely to be encountered.

In the second part is contained an analysis of sixty-four cases. Such various conditions as the treatment of hernix, incontinence of urine and the operation in cases of saddle-nose having been treated, the volume will prove of the utmost use to any surgeon who undertakes the use of Paraffin.

Modern Methods of Diagnosis in Urinary Surgery. By Edward Deanesly, M.D., B.Sc. (Lond.), F.R.C.S., House Surgeon Wolverhampton and Staffordshire General Hospital. London, W. C.: H. K. Lewis, 136 Gower Street. 1907.

The above is a small volume of about 100 pages, written by a general surgeon, describing the more recent methods used in the localisation and diagnosis of urinary diseases. In the earlier chapters are discussed the interpretation of symptoms and abnormal condition of the urine.

The physical examination of patient and urinary organs next receives attention. Radiography, the cystoscope and its application are then fully dealt with, and finally the differential collection of specimens of urine by means of separators, etc., is taken up. The book is intended to be of aid to the general practitioner for reference in cases of difficult diagnosis, when the older methods prove insufficient.