

scapular region, and complete immobility of the shoulder-joint.

The points discussed were whether it was myopathic, neuropathic, or myelopathic in origin. Drs. Bethune, Wood, and Irving thought that the shoulder was dislocated. The rest of the members did not concur in this view.

Dr. Elliot (Brucefield) showed a specimen of ovarian cyst that he removed from a woman four months pregnant, who recovered without a bad symptom. Two years before any cyst could be detected she had a phantom tumor, that disappeared completely under chloroform. It was pointed out that the last twelve abdominal sections performed in the county were successful. These included two removals of diseased tubes, eight ovariectomies, one hysterectomy, and one nephrectomy.

Dr. Bethune (Seaforth) presented a boy with Potts' curvature in the dorsal region, who recently had a pleurisy with effusion. He thought the chest deformity was largely due to the pleurisy.

Dr. Worthington read the history of a case he has now under observation. A man, sixty years of age, had prominent symptoms of articular rheumatism and sciatica. A few weeks later he showed signs of a small pulmonary abscess, which broke and was expectorated.

Drs. Graham, Campbell, and Gunn, thought that the lung trouble was the primary disease, and the joint symptoms were septic in origin.

Dr. Campbell read the report of a *post mortem* on a patient whom he presented before the association at a previous meeting.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Dr. Smith (Seaforth), president; Dr. Armstrong, vice-president; Dr. Gunn, secretary; Drs. Elliot, Graham, and Wood, pathologists.

The next regular quarterly meeting will be held at Clinton.

## Reviews.

*The Physicians' All-requisite Time and Labor-saving Account Book.* Designed by William A. Seibert, M.D., of Easton, Pa; F. A. Davis, Publisher, Philadelphia and London.

This may be described as a combination of a day book, journal, and ledger. It is so arranged that very little time and space is

required for posting, and yet, after the entries of particulars are made, a reference to each account at any time will furnish ample information as to names of members of family who were ill, nature of illness in each case, dates and number of visits, and payments made.

As the title would indicate, it will save much time and labor when compared with any system of book-keeping for physicians with which we are acquainted. Some of our doctors in Toronto who have tried it have expressed themselves as being thoroughly satisfied with it.

## Pamphlets Received.

*Cephalotoma Verum Externum.* By Howard A. Kelly, M.D., Professor of Gynaecology in the Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore. Reprinted from the Transactions of the American Gynaecological Society, September, 1890.

## Personal.

DR. G. A. PETERS, who recently returned from England, has resumed practice in Toronto, and is located at 171 College Street.

MR. VICTOR HORSLEY, of London, England, has resigned his position as Professor-Superintendent of the Brown Institution.

PROFESSOR RUDOLF VIRCHOW will be seventy years old on the 13th of October. He will, on that date, be presented with a golden portrait medal by his professional brethren.

THE *Medical Record* announces that Professor T. G. Thomas will deliver four lectures on "The Pathology of Uterine and Ovarian Diseases," at eleven o'clock on the mornings of February 27th, March 2nd, 6th, and 7th, at the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New York.

DR. FRANK P. FOSTER, editor of the *New York Medical Journal*, has been appointed Librarian of the New York Hospital Library.

DR. A. T. CARSON, of Toronto, was in Mentone at last accounts, much improved in health.