## VA社OUVER'S ISLAND-CONCLUDING REMARKS.

 or the soathern boundary of British America; and between $122^{\circ}$ and $127^{\circ}$ west longitude. It is about three hundred miles long, and between ninety and one hundred miles broad, and contains about twenty-eight thousand square miles. Though remotely situated, and comparatively uninhabited, (there being not more than twentiy thousand persons on it,) it will, it is' said, be the first island in im-, portance on the globe. It has a fine climate, being in the same latitade as the south of England, Germany, and the north of France: the soil is also of the best description. But it is not as an agricultural island that it will sarpass all others. The Western Continent; and particularly the northern part, say " wise men of the east," must eventually leave the eastern far in the distance, (a fact that should not be lost sight of by colored men; ) and that over the Pacific will the trade with eastern nations be prosecuted. It is important now as a stopping place for whale ships-visiting the Northern Seas; and is directly in the route to the East Indies, Japan Isles, and China, from Oregon and British America. The , overland route to the Pacific torminating near that point, the great-Atlantic twade of Western Europe and America will find there-the most practicable outlet and the shortest distance to Eastern Asia; consequently the: people there settled, of whatever complexion, will be the "rierchant princes of the world," and under the protection of Great Britain. Now, there are two weighty reasons why the people settled there should be colered principally; the first, because by that méans they would become more fully involved in the destiny of this Continent; any eastern move of magnitude, as for instance to Africa; if posetite would appear-a retrograde step, now- that the current of affanis is"se clearly setting:west : : and, secondly, in ne more effectual whyturith a check be given to the encrosichmeats of slavery on friegsoili.




