

European Intelligence.

CEREMONY OF THE PROLOGATION OF PARLIAMENT.

Parliament has been prorogued by the King in person.

About one o'clock, the different diplomatic personages entered the House of Lords, which was already crowded with peers, ladies &c. The French ambassador was the first to enter, and without a single exception, the whole corps diplomatique, for every country in the world having amicable relations with England, were present. A great many foreigners were in the house, and a fair sprinkling of Americans.

The peers wore their robes, and among those present were the Dukes of Wellington, Norfolk, and Leinster, the Archbishops of Armagh and Canterbury, Lords Lyndhurst, Byron, Wharfedale, Dundas, Browlow, Charleville, Marston, Verulam, &c. The only Ministers in attendance were Lord Melbourne, Duncannon, Glenelg, Minto, and the Lord Chancellor.

A little after two, the King reached the House of Lords, and immediately passed to the robing room, being met on his way by the Premier, Lord Chancellor, Earl of Shaftesbury, Duke of Norfolk, &c. Lord Melbourne carried the sword of state, Lord Shaftesbury the cap of maintenance, and the Duke of Norfolk his baton as Earl Marshal of England.

The King when robed (in a purple velvet cloak with ermine tippet) entered the body of the house and took his seat on the throne—first bowing to the ladies. The Commons were then summoned; the King desired the Peers to be seated, which desire was complied with, but the Foreign Ambassadors did not sit down. While the Commons were coming, the King chatted with the Premier and the Earl of Shaftesbury.

The Commons entered the House of Lords when the Speaker made a long speech recapitulating all that the Commons had done, in the law making line, since the opening of the session. After this, the King put on his spectacles and read the following "most gracious" speech.

[This speech has already been published in the Standard.]

The Lord Chancellor having received, kneeling, His Majesty's commands to prorogue the Parliament, said, "My Lords and Gentlemen: it is His Royal will and pleasure that Parliament be prorogued to Thursday, the 20th day of October next."

The Speaker with the Member of Commons retired.

His Majesty rose and quitted the throne, proceeding in the same manner, accompanied by the Great Officers of State, as on entering the House. After descending the two steps from the throne, His Majesty recognized the Duke of Wellington, who was standing near, to whom he addressed a few observations. Lord Melbourne, who preceded the King with the sword of state, waited until His Majesty was pleased to go on. The other Noble Lords likewise stood still. The King with the Officers of State, then left the House.

A very amusing debate took place on Wednesday, in the House of Commons, on the proposal of £400 to be laid out in the erection of a gallery for the accommodation of the ladies. That they should be allowed to listen to the debates was conceded (in fun) to the motion of the Hon. Granville Berkeley. The Earl of Lincoln and the Chancellor of the Exchequer said that they personally objected to the ladies being in the House. Mr. Ewart said they were as much entitled to attend the House of Commons as any other place. Mr. Tooke (an old barrister) thought "the admission of ladies would interfere with the safe discharge of Members' duties." "Which duties?" Mr. Porter hoped the House would not treat the ladies "as mere play things!" He was afraid I suppose, that the young legislators would be for toying with the fair ones! Sir J. C. Hobhouse objected to the presence of ladies, because many things were said in the House which would be indecent for ladies to hear, and the ladies would, he thought, make home miserable, by renewing in the day the transactions of the ever night. (Oh, Sir John!) Lord Palmerston said this was quite a private question. He could see no inconvenience that could arise from the presence of ladies during the debate. For the first night or two some trifling inconvenience might perhaps be felt, but it would be nothing when the novelty were off! What would Madame Vestris say to this? "The novelty wear off," after "some little inconvenience for the first night or two!" The motion was thrown out, and so ladies will not be allowed to hear the debates in the Commons. Tant mieux! Let them stay at home and mind their household affairs. What do they want with dull and dreary politics?

ADDRESS TO HIS MAJESTY.

Previous to the commencement of the Egmont races His Majesty was most graciously pleased to receive a deputation of the gentry and inhabitants of the Town and neighbourhood, with an Address of thanks for his late munificent grant of a free plate of 100 guineas to the races; to which His Majesty was pleased to return a most gracious answer.

LIVERPOOL, August 22. After a great deal of changing and chipping, you see the newspaper duty has been reduced. The London and Liverpool papers will sell at 6 pence each instead of 7 pence, (except the *True Sun*, which will be sold as low as four pence) and most of the country papers will be 4d 1-2.

Very expensive law charges are spoken of for Ireland. The Master of the Rolls, Mr. W. M'Mahon, is to have an English Peerage (Viscount) and a pension of £3000 a year for life. Sergeant O'Loghlin's place of Attorney General, and Shiel (the Quaker) will

be made Solicitor General. O'Loghlin and Shiel are Catholics.—These appointments will give satisfaction to the mass of the Irish people. In England they will not be so popular as the "No Popery" feeling is prevalent here.

The Lord Lieutenant of Ireland (Mulgrave) has been travelling through the South of Ireland, and at each large town has been received with the *cent mille félicités* (hundred thousand Welcomes). At Waterford on Monday, he dined at the Town Hall, with the citizens. Previous to the dinner, an attempt was made to burn down the building.

O'Connell is in the full tide of agitation. He has again thrown by what he calls "the cry for Repeal" and is strictly in favour of the Ministry. He goes further, however, than they will ever go, because he says that now he will not be content with less than a reduction of 50 per cent in tithes, and the total separation of church and state. He pledges himself to bring forward a measure next session for the total repeal of the English Church rates.

He has published an address to the people of Ireland, from the General Association of Ireland, calling upon them to put an end to faction fights (at faras, &c.) which disgrace the character of the country, and afford a pretext to the Tory judges for the enforcing of the most harsh laws. This address is powerfully written, and will certainly do much good.

The cost of collecting the public revenue of England is £3,559,338;—this includes all expenses of the collection for the five branches, viz: Customs, £1,356,725; Excise, £1,072,392; Stamps, £203,815; Taxes, £209,372; and Post office, £115,401. The ratio between the expense of collection and the gross receipts of the national revenue is at 1 to 13.

The Benevolence of a Miser.—Early in life Mr. Robert Gordon, a gentleman of good birth and family, determined to relieve the indigence of decayed merchants, a class whose poverty is emulated by the recollection of better days, by endowing an institution for the education and maintenance of their sons. To do this he devoted a life of self denial and privation; scorned and laborious days. He resided in a miserable garret, without attendance; he used to pick up every trifling article on the street that would turn to account, and so warm himself and save a fire. The cold winter nights he would walk through his room with a bag full of stones on his back. After his death the little bits of twine he had collected off the streets sold for several pounds. He left an endowment of £100,000 in Aberdeen known by the name of Robert Gordon's Hospital.

BANBURN.—Earl Spencer is presently on a visit to Lord Panmure, at Brechin Castle. The Earl is enthusiastically fond of cattle, and Lord Panmure, with the view of gratifying his Lordship, as well as placing before the eyes of a prize, the animals reared by the breeders in this quarter as the best, got a number of the beasts exhibited at the agricultural show last week brought to Burchill Park last Wednesday, when they were inspected by the Noble Agriculturist. His Lordship, we believe, expressed himself in terms of high commendation of the cattle exhibited, but thought, nevertheless, that the breed of some of the kinds was still capable of being improved by crossing. Lord Panmure, we understand, also takes Earl Spencer up to Milneden to the grouse shooting. Brechin Castle has also, this week, been visited by Lord Lynedoch.

An Act of Parliament has just passed, which settles a disputed point in regard to bills of Exchange, and which ought therefore to be known to men of business generally. The point alluded to is that respecting acceptors of referees for honour, in which no uniform practice existed, some houses presenting the bill so marked on the day when they became due, and others on the day after. It is now declared, however, that it shall not be necessary to present such bills of exchange until the day following that on which they become due, and if the address of the acceptors or referees for honour shall be in any other place than that in which the bills shall be made payable, they need not be forwarded until the day succeeding that in which they become due. If the following day shall be either Sunday, Good Friday, or Christmas Day, they need not be presented or forwarded until the day succeeding such day of non-business.—*London Times.*

WAR OFFICE, Aug. 19.—724 Foot—Major General Sir Colin Campbell, KCB, from the 90th Regiment of Foot, to be Colonel, vice Lt. Gen. Sir J. Hope, GCH, deceased, dated Aug. 15, 1836.

OFFICE OF ORDINANCE, Aug. 15. Royal Regiment of Artillery—Captain and Brevet Major H. A. Scott to be Lieutenant Colonel, vice Kettlewell, placed on the retired List; second Captain, vice Scott; First Lieutenant T. G. Higgins to be Captain vice Scott; First Lieutenant T. C. Robe to be Second Lieutenant A. S. Dickson to be First Lieutenant, vice Robe, Aug. 10.

Spain.

MADRID, Aug. 23. The Town has been illuminated these three nights. The authorities have proclaimed the Constitution, and placed the stone in the Plaza Mayor, which is now christened Plaza de la Constitution.

The Queen arrived this day at half past six. She was greeted by at least 400,000 people assembled on the Prado and in the principal streets with the utmost enthusiasm. There is not the slightest appearance of any tendency to disturbance of the public peace.

United States.

At the annual meeting of the several Banks in this town, held on Monday, Oct. 3, the following gentlemen were chosen Directors for the year ensuing:

CALAIS BANK.—George Downes, President, William Pike, Samuel Kelly, Luther C. White.

WASHINGTON COUNTY BANK.—Rendell Whidden, President, Seth Emerson, Levi L. Lowell, Stephen Emerson, Elijah D. Green, Abner G. Chandler, Esq. declined a re-election.

SAINT CROIX BANK.—Cyrus Hamlin President, Noah Smith Jun. Jeremiah Curtis, D. B. Barnard, Geo. F. Wadsworth. The Board of Directors of the Washington County Bank, at a meeting held Oct. 30, declared a dividend of 5 per cent on the capital stock of said institution.

The Calais Bank likewise declared a dividend of 5 per cent for the last six months.—*Calais Advertiser.*

LATEST FROM THE SOUTH.

Houston elected President of Texas, and Lamar Vice President—Mexican prizes taken.—*Houston Reclamation.*—more Indian butchers in Florida—thirteen thousand Indians on their way to Arkansas.

By the steam packet at New York we have received our Charleston papers to Saturday.

TEXAS.

Gen. Houston has been elected President and Lamar Vice President of Texas. Another attempt had been made to rescue Santa Anna, by a Spaniard named Payes, who acknowledged he was in the pay of the Mexican consul at New Orleans. The army, 3000 strong had removed their encampment from Matagorda Bay to the Garcite. The Terrible had taken several Mexican prizes. General Houston has made a call for the organization of the militia to support Gen. Gaines' force. An attack from a body of Mexicans and Indians of the prairie being meditated on Nacodoches, and thereabouts.

BALLOON ASCENSION, AND UNFORTUNATE ACCIDENT.

Mr. Launier made an ascension on Saturday at ten o'clock at Rochester. There was an immense crowd collected, and all the houses in the neighbourhood of the amphitheatre from which he started, were covered with persons. A work-house, in which there was more than one hundred human beings, fell in with a horrible crash, made more fearful by the frightened screams of those upon it. The Rochester Daily Democrat, says: "We hastened to the scene, and beheld one of the most heart-rending sights that ever crossed our vision. Fifteen or twenty men and boys lay helpless among the fallen timbers, covered with blood and groaning in pain. Of the number, at least 6 had some of their limbs broken, while others were dreadfully mangled."

THE ART OF RAPID WRITING, by B. F. Foster, p. 104.—The author of this work has acquired much celebrity as an accomplished and successful teacher. He has embodied in his treatise the substance of his lessons to his pupils, the result of his practice as a penman, and of his experience as a teacher. He lays down the rules by which the art of writing may be obtained, points out the frequent causes of failures, and shows conclusively, that by means of a series of novel and ingenious exercises, adapted to develop, invigorate and discipline the muscular powers of the fingers and hand, the most confirmed bad habits of writing may be eradicated, and an elegant and masterly use of the pen obtained. His precepts are sound, and his remarks judicious and useful. This work may be had of the author at his rooms, 153 Broadway.

MARQUIS OF SLEGO.—H. B. M. frigate Belvidera, Chas. B. Strong Esq. commander, arrived off the Hook yesterday, last from Havana. She left Barbados on the 20th ult. with Sir Lionel Smith and suite, for Jamaica, to assume the government of that Island, and left thereon the 6th inst. with His Excellency the Marquis of Slego and family, late Governor of Jamaica, touched at Havana, and sailed for New York on the 14th. The frigate anchored on the bar yesterday, and will come up to Quarantine this morning, should the wind prove favorable. She is a fine looking frigate mounting forty two guns, and a crew of two hundred and sixty men. The Marquis intends going to England in one of our packet ships.

Nova Scotia.

The ship Acadia, Capt. Auld, arrived at Halifax on Sunday last, in 26 days from Greenock, bringing papers to the 29th August. There is nothing of importance in the papers in addition to our present advices.—Passengers in the Acadia—Rev. John Martin, Rev. D. M. Connachie, Rev. J. Fraser, W. B. Kinmer, Esq. Lady and Family; Miss Muir, Miss Miller, S. N. Binney, Esq.; H. A. Hart, M. D.; A. M. Coll, M. D.; Messrs A. Clarke, R. Lishman, R. Tait, &c.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.—This town was visited on Tuesday morning by one of the most destructive conflagrations which have occurred here for several years. The fire broke out a little after midnight in the premises occupied as a Brewery, by Mr. Peter Morrissey, in Albermarle Street and before any effective assistance arrived, had obtained such an ascendancy, as rendered it impossible to arrest its progress until 2 thirds of the entire square in which it originated were destroyed. It was nearly four o'clock before the flames were extinguished. Mr. Morrissey we believe, a severe sufferer—his property was insured for £1500, but this sum will cover but a small portion of his loss. Dr. Head lost two houses uninsured. Mr. Steel a house uninsured. Property owned by Mr. Luckey, supposed to be insured. A house owned by John Esson, insured for £250. Estate of Mitchell, (Carpetmaker's house insured.

ed. Mrs. Thomas—house insured for £2000. The African School house was pulled down. A great number of poor people were turned into the street by this calamity, and a good deal of property was destroyed, by persons occupying houses in the neighbourhood moving to prepare for the worst.—*Novascotian.*

(From the Pictou Etc.)

ALBION MINES.—TRADE OF PICTOU.—Owing to the greatly increased demand for Coal, we understand that the Albion Mining Association have it in contemplation to extend the Rail road from its present termination below New Glasgow to the loading station, and ultimately, to Abercrombie's point, opposite this town; when, in either case, Locomotive Engines will be employed in propelling the cars—and thus the enormous expense and delay occasioned by the present mode of conveyance down the river in Lighters, will be avoided. While we rejoice to see the company projecting measures commensurate with the importance of the Trade, in which they are engaged, we can perceive some important advantages that will accrue from the new arrangement; the expense of the doubtful scheme of deepening the river, will be rendered unnecessary; a much greater quantity of coal can be delivered on board in the same time and at much less expense than by the present mode, and if the railway is extended the whole distance we have mentioned, the additional advantages will follow, of their being able to ship a month or six weeks later, than they can now do in the case;—and there is a strong probability of their sinking a shaft or shafts at the north end of, or along the line of the Rail road, with equal success, as at their station up the river. There can be no doubt but that the coal fields extend along the whole line of the intended road.

We are happy in being able to inform our townsmen, that there is at present a strong probability of this port ranking first in the Province, in tonnage of shipping for the current year; and although our friends in Halifax, may exceed us in the value of their exports, yet the value of ours is vastly enhanced by the circumstance of its being created capital—it is wholly extracted from the soil, the set, or the bowels of the earth, by the industry and perseverance of the inhabitants; whilst the trade of the capital consists chiefly of the transit of goods from one country, to another.

We have to congratulate our farmers also, on the prospects there are, of their obtaining Cash and high prices, for every article of farm produce through the Winter. The hay crop has been all secured; and on the whole is as good in quality and quantity as that of last year. The potatoe crop makes fair promises. Country produce is at a good price, and finds a ready sale. Butter is scarce, and has been selling at a shilling a pound. The barter system of this place is rapidly giving way to cash business. This is as it should be, and all classes of the community will benefit by the change. Lumber, fish &c. have this year commanded good prices generally in the West Indian market—and the return cargoes of our vessels meet with a ready sale. Dry codfish, are still in demand at a high price.—*Yarmouth Herald.*

We learn that Judge Wiswell died on Saturday last at Digby. He was universally esteemed a worthy Man, and an excellent Judge.—*Id.*

Provincial.

COALS.—We called the attention of the public lately to the high price of firewood, and we now have to advert to the dearth and scarcity of Coals. Some mornings during the past week have reminded us feelingly of the approach of winter, and induced us to look out for the necessary supply of fuel. But to enquire we found that coals are at 22 2s. 6d. to 23 5s. per chaldron, and not readily procured at those prices. It reflects disgrace on this Province, that containing as it does an abundant supply of excellent coals being got at and raised, that coals should be allowed to attain their present high prices. During the past season, coals have been delivered at the mines on the bank of Salmon River at Ten shillings per chaldron, and although raised in the most unscientific manner and almost without mechanical aid, they yielded a fair profit to the miner. Why then cannot some spirited measures be taken for working the mines? They will be sure to yield a good profit at all times on a small investment, and at present prices, prove a source of unbounded wealth to the fortunate proprietors. The great increase in the number of our Steamers, all consuming coals, has caused the present scarcity, and the supply which reaches us yearly from England falls far short of the demand. The time has arrived therefore when our coal mines can be worked to great advantage for home consumption; the export of the article would no doubt prove highly profitable also. We trust some enterprising individuals will soon take up this business, as we can promise them a speedy reward. Let our mines be once properly opened, and worked in a regular manner and on a sufficiently extensive scale, and we should soon see a large portion of that numerous fleet constantly coasting the dangerous shores of Nova Scotia and Cape Breton to obtain a supply of coals for the American market, bending their course to this harbour, and where they would at all times and open, and where they ought constantly to find an article equal in all respects to the best ever furnished from the Sydney Mines.—*Courier.*

NORTH AMERICAN COLONIAL SOCIETY.—The Commissioners for selecting and appointing a Scottish Clergyman for the new Church of St. Stephen's, in the City of Saint John, New Brunswick, North America, have chosen for that important station, Mr. William Andrew, Presbyter of the Gospel, Edinburgh.—*Gleaner.*

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The Saint Andrews Standard.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1836.

Charlotte County Bank.

Harris Hatch, Esq. President. Director next week, — Jas. Street Esq. Discount Day, THURSDAY.

Hours of business, from 10 to 2. If Bills and Notes for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier on or before WEDNESDAY, otherwise they must lie over until next week.

ALMS HOUSE AND WORK HOUSE.

Commissioner next week — T. Turner.

LATEST DATES.

Via N. York, Oct. 1	Via St. John's, Oct. 4
Have, Aug 24	Halifax, Sep 21
London, Aug 23	London, Aug 10
Liverpool, Aug 24	Liverpool, Aug 9
N Orleans, Sep 15	Quebec, Sep 9

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.

On Tuesday the 4th inst. a Court of Oyer and Terminer and general Gaol delivery was opened here under Special Commission by Judge Parker. After the preliminary forms were gone through, the following Grand Jury was impanelled.

THOMAS SIMS Foreman.
James Boyd, George M'ulloch, Dennis Bradley, William M'Lean, Hugh Cavan, John M'Curdy, Cornelius Connolly, Henry O'Neil, William Douglas, Peter Sims, Andrew S. Easton, Geo. N. Smith, James Hutchinson, Isaac Snodgrass, Benjamin Johnson, Thomas Turner, Wm. H. Mowat, David Watson, James M'Carthy, Joseph Walton, William M'Curdy, Samuel Watts.

Previously to delivering his charge to the Grand Jury, Judge Parker stated that there were two persons named in the Calendar whose crimes this Court was not competent to take cognizance of, as they could only be tried in the Court of Vice Admiralty; and that there only remained one case of indictment to be brought forward. The admirable charge which His Honor delivered to the Grand Jury, we have not yet got transcribed, but we shall give it next week; as well as a condensed Report of the trial of James Robinson for the murder of Matthew Lynch, which occupied the whole day and resulted in a verdict of acquittal.

The Grand Jury on being discharged presented the following address:—

To His Honor Judge PARKER;
May it please your Honor,

It is with no common satisfaction that the Grand Jury of the County of Charlotte approach your Honor, on this first instance of seeing you preside in the Supreme Court to which high station it has pleased His Majesty to elevate you.

Known as your Honor is, in this dependency of the British Crown, it might be deemed superfluous for a sectional body to reiterate the voice of the people, already expressed nearly throughout all its bounds, in testimony of your Honor's exemplary character, whether in a domestic, legislative, or legal point of view; but with reluctance, reasonable exceptions which your Honor's profession took to judicial appointments from the parent Country to this Province, the Grand Jury of Charlotte wish to express their admiration of that gracious countenance which His Majesty has not withdrawn from the legal profession of this loyal Colony, but has given his subjects here an earnest of his paternal consideration for their welfare, by conceding to their wishes the appointment of an upright and talented native of the Province, in the person of your Honor, to a seat on its judicial Bench.

That you may long enjoy that seat, and continue in your course of usefulness, is the unqualified wish of the Grand Jurors of the County of Charlotte.

Signed on behalf of the Grand Jury, THOMAS SIMS, Foreman.

Grand Jury Room, 5th October, 1836.

To which His Honor was pleased to make the following reply:

Mr. Foreman, and Gentlemen of the Grand Jury,

I beg to offer you my sincere acknowledgments for the honour you have done me on my first visit to this place, in the Judicial Office to which it has pleased our most gracious Sovereign to appoint me from the Provincial Bar.

The long and intimate acquaintance I have had during my professional life with this County, to which family connexions have given an additional interest; and personally with most of the magistrates and many of you, Gentlemen, make me feel that I am among friends, whose good opinion is peculiarly gratifying.

Fully sensible how desirable it is that persons called to the discharge of public duties, particularly those of a judicial nature should possess the confidence of the community, I have been rejoiced to perceive the sentiments of respect and esteem for the Bench of this Province, which prevail throughout the several Counties I have visited, to secure the continuance of these by a faithful performance of my duty will be my earnest and unceasing endeavour. I cannot omit this opportunity of thanking you for the very full attendance and

prompt attention you have given since of this Court; and express my good wishes for your well prospering of this loyal and impor

We congratulate the County on the pronouncement by Judge Parker on the forum observed in our Court House, dition to the good conduct of the audit attributable to the exertions of the Hon; not only sets the example of strict own duties, but enforces a full attendance constables and other officers of the C no trifling matter when properly taken deration, as it ensures the onerous duty enables jurors to hear the whole evidence by promotes the ends of justice.

NEW COLONIAL BANKING CO. bert Carter Esq., representative of Directors of the British North Bank, during his visit to St. John a provisional committee for the carrying into effect, in that City the concern instituted in London pital of a million.

Mr. Carter thence proceeded but what his success has been it yet to learn, as none of the paper about it. He then went to Miramictou, and it is probable that brian capitalists will avail then opportunity to participate in the facility which a well constituted sents, and which they have no joyed. On his return to Pictou will be entered into there, where can be advantageously establish perous and rapidly rising place

Shipping Journal.

PORT OF SAINT AND.

ARRIVED.

Oct. 1 Sch. Abigail, Nickerson, H. Parkinson & Roberts. Ego. Lord St. John, T. Todd. J. Allard & Co. Sch. Nelson, Cowell, Hall, kinson & Roberts. 2 — Minstey, Johnson, J. 4 — Conant, Crowell, H. 6 — Wm. Walker, Bran Fruit, P. Smith. 7 Brig Elizabeth, Hooper, E. 8 — Carroll, Crowell, H. & J. Allard & Co. Passengers in this Port, Lady, child also six other passengers.

DEPARTED.

Oct. 1 Brig Pericles, Stewart, De Sch. Oracle, Newhead, Do Bgn. Susan Jane, Strong, D Sch. Abigail, Nickerson, H. 6 — Morning Star, Patterson

Ship Corno, Lewis, at New York, upon slack, and threw a large pa overboard.

CHARLOTTE COUNTY Agricultural and Horticultural SOCIETY.

THE Members of the C. C. Society are requested to take next day next the 11th inst. is the regular Quarterly Meeting, which at 4 in the anti-room of Dr. F. By order of the President GEO. N.

Central Bank S.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby FOUR HUNDRED SHARES pounds each amounting to the sum

TEN THOUSAND POUNDS being additional Stock of the Central Bank, will be put up for public auction in lots of four shares Bank in Fredericton, on Thursday day of October next.—Sale to be o'clock, A. M. Five per centum on the said a tal Stock to be deposited with the Bank on Wednesday the 2nd day following, and to be forfeited if not retracted, or makes default in subsequent instalment, ninety five per centum on the whole premium be paid into the Bank on Wednesday of December next, during the ing hours.

H. G. CLOPPE Central Bank of N. B. Fredericton, 6th Sept. 1836



BY AUTHORITY

ORDERED, That in future no clerical services performed for, or as a Government in this or any other services have been performed.

ORDERED, That no Officer of the receipt of monies belonging to the Government, or any account of Government, being first duly examined to be paid by Warrant of the Lieut. Governor, in Chief of the Pro being, and not otherwise. By command