

CANADIAN BATTERIES HAMMER ENEMY POSITIONS

RUSSIANS STORM SERIES OF HEIGHTS IN THE CARPATHIANS

FRENCH MAKE ANOTHER GAIN ON SOMME FRONT

Russians Storm Heights
In Carpathians Taking
500 Prisoners and Guns

Slavs Continue to Make Steady Progress Again in Galicia
Despite Stubborn Resistance by Germans, Austrians and Turks.

Petrograd, Sept. 9.—In the Carpathians, south of Baranoff, the Russians stormed a series of heights. They took 500 prisoners, the announcement says, and captured a mountain battery of several cannon, which had been thrown into the ravines.

STUBBORN FIGHTING.
Petrograd, Sept. 9.—Via London, 2:50 p.m.—German and Turkish troops are engaged in stubborn fighting with Russian forces in Galicia on the River Naraiuk, in the direction of Halicz, according to the official statement issued today by the Russian war office. A counter-attack made by the Turks and Teutons, the statement adds, was repulsed by the Russians.

THE BERLIN REPORT.

Berlin, Sept. 9.—By wireless.—Renewal of violent Russian attacks in the Carpathians is reported in the official Austrian statement of September 6. It is said that, except for some small advantages, the determined efforts of the Russians to advance were thwarted. East of Zlochoff, in Galicia, 40 miles east of Lemberg, the Russians attacked after heavy artillery preparation. They were repulsed by the Austrian artillery fire.

TIDE TURNS AT VERDUN;
GERMANS BEATEN BACK
BY RELENTLESS FRENCH

Slowly but inexorably Gen. Neville is Edging Forward Toward Vaux—Enemy Unable to Stand Before the Persistent Hammering.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, Sept. 9.—A New York World correspondent cables the following from Paris:

Although the French Somme battles have been lulled during the past 24 hours, the fierce conflagration kindled by the crown prince at Verdun, continues to blaze furiously, but the flames are blowing in the opposite direction and beating back the Germans.

Very slowly, but inexorably, Gen. Neville edges forward his lines toward Vaux, simultaneously with encroaching on the German occupation of the remnants of Chapelle wood, and enlarging his gains at Fleury.

Relentless Activity.
The daily roll of German prisoners in the Verdun sector indicates the relentless French activity. Although captured in smaller batches at Verdun than on the Somme, the taking of prisoners by Gen. Neville is more significant, as the Verdun operations comprise a consistent, interminable hammering, whereas the mighty Somme strokes are des-

SHARP FIGHTING
WITH BAYONETS
NETS A TRENCH

British Made a Further Gain
At High Wood, on the
Somme.

FOE SUFFERED GREATLY

Haig's Men Carried Out Successful Raids at Several Points.

[Canadian Press.]

London, Sept. 9.—1 p.m.—The British captured a German trench in High Wood, on the Somme front, after a sharp fight last night. It was announced officially today. German troops made several attacks during the night, but none of them in force. The statement follows:

"Last night there was some sharp hand-to-hand fighting in High Wood, where we captured a German trench, taking two officers and nineteen Bavarians. In this operation heavy casualties were inflicted on the enemy.

"There has been considerable hostile artillery activity against our front north of Pozières, and in the neighborhood of Mouquet Farm. In this sector small hostile infantry attacks were easily repulsed. A detachment of the enemy which attempted to advance from the direction of Courcellette, was stopped by our fire.

"Our troops carried out several successful enterprises in the neighborhood of Arras, and the Hoppenzelleren road and north of Neuve Chapelle. The enemy's trenches were entered, some prisoners were taken, and other casualties were inflicted."

STOCK ENTRIES
FORCE FAIR TO
EXTRA EFFORTS

Emergency Accommodation
Necessary to House Tremendous Rush.

AWAY TO GOOD START

Western Fair of 1916 One
Full Day Ahead of Previous Years.

VICE-PRESIDENT PAYS UP

Forgets Badge and Deposits
First Coin in New Turnstiles
Now in Use.

So far as preparedness is concerned, the Western Fair of 1916 has beaten all previous records by one full day. Friday was the grand moving-in day, and by this forenoon a surprising orderliness and entire lack of confusion prevailed.

This year there is to be no crushing and delay at the entrance waiting to obtain tickets. Admission for adults is in one way, and one way only, by dropping a quarter in the slot at the new turnstile gates. Four of these turnstiles are in operation at the Dundas street entrance and two at King street. Men were on the gates at seven this morning, and, as luck would have it, the first visitor to arrive was J. H. Saunders, chairman of the gates and ticket committee. Now, in his haste, Mr. Saunders had left home without his director's pass and there was nothing for it but to drop a quarter in the slot or stay outside.

The only tickets sold will be children's, and some arrangement will be made to have money changed, though the public is advised by the Exhibition management to have quarters ready and avoid delays.

Grounds Look Fresh.
Grass and foliage, fresh and green after the recent rains, flower beds a riot of color and buildings as shining as paint can make them, the grounds this year present a particularly clean and inviting appearance. The drive-ways, moreover, have already been oiled and every precaution taken to keep down the dust.

Tents have sprung up like mushrooms in the past 24 hours. "Society Row" is in its same old place, many of the booths being ready for callers with the entrances wide open, revealing cozy interiors with tables already piled with literature.

The golden orange and the pink lemonade and the dozen and one thirst-quenchers and palate-ticklers are already displayed to tempt the passers-by. Things are beginning to be done on the midway, and palmistry booths galore give every assurance that no man, woman or child who attends the exhibition need come away without learning all about his past, present and future.

In the main building every single section is being used to indicate it has been reserved. In some cases the full exhibits are arranged while in others Continued on Page 3, Col. 7.

"Every Day For
Every Fair" Held
in Past 49 Years

This Is Record of Present
Treasurer of Western
Fair.

If anybody should know everything that is to be known about that historic institution, the Western Fair, it is Treasurer D. Mackenzie. On his way out to the Fair grounds this forenoon, Mr. Mackenzie remarked: "Well, I have seen a good deal of the Western Fair sooner or later. I have attended every Fair since the first one and attended every day. In one of the few of the Old Guard that is left."

The first Fair, in 1868, Mr. Mackenzie attended in the role of exhibitor, and thereafter in the same capacity until he became a member of the board in 1875 or 1876. He has been treasurer for the past 35 years.

War Reports From Various Fronts

Both French and British took the offensive on the Somme front last night, although their operations were confined to comparatively small areas. The French war office reports the capture of a small wood east of Bellefleur, in the direction of the German line, since September 3, and that a great number of German dead were found on the field and in trenches after the unsuccessful counter-attacks of the Germans yesterday. The attack of the British was made in the vicinity of High Wood, where, London announces officially, a trench was captured, and heavy losses were inflicted on the Germans.

On the Verdun front the Germans renewed their counter-attacks, but the French war office announces they were beaten back.

GREAT BRITAIN AND FRANCE
POOL MIGHTY RESOURCES

(Canadian Press.)

London, Sept. 9.—2:10 p.m.—Satisfactory conclusions were reached at a series of conferences held this week between the French and British ministers of war and ministers of munitions, says a British official statement issued this afternoon, regarding the most effective employment of the joint military resources of France and Great Britain.

21 BULGARIAN BARGES SUNK
BY RUSS TORPEDO BOATS;
CARRYING FOOD FOR TEUTONS

(Canadian Press.)

Petrograd, Sept. 9.—Russian torpedo boats. It is declared, bombarded the Rumanian port of Baljick on the Black Sea, sank 21 barges in which the Bulgarians, who had occupied the seaport, were shipping bread.

THE TEUTON ADVANCE.

(Canadian Press.)

Berlin, Sept. 9.—By wireless to Sayville.—Correspondents with the Bulgarian and German forces which are invading Rumania, report that along the Black Sea coast an advance of 30 kilometres (about 50 miles) beyond the frontier already has been made. They express the opinion that the progress of the invaders, who have occupied several important positions on the coast and elsewhere in Dobruja, explains the irresolution and comparative inactivity of the Rumanian forces, which, having invaded Transylvania, are now merely sitting out small detachments to reconnoitre.

Not only Rumanians but Russians have been defeated by the Bulgarians in Dobruja, the correspondents say, and this destroys the legend that Bulgarians will not fight Russians.

NEW YORK STRIKE
LIKELY TO SPREAD
TO OTHER UNIONS

Central Federated Union To
Support Traction Men.

SEND FOR MR. GOMPERS

Surface Lines Give Men Until
This Afternoon To Return
To Work.

New York, Sept. 9.—John P. Riley, president of the District Council of the International Longshoremen's Association, said today that he had instructed the 1,800 members of the Tidewater Boatmen's Union not to handle any barges laden with coal destined for Interborough Rapid Transit Company's powerhouses.

The order, Riley claimed, also affected coal destined for the city's Interborough system, which includes the subway and elevated railroads of Manhattan and the Bronx.

[Canadian Press.]
New York, Sept. 9.—Both sides in the street railway strike expected a crisis today when the traction company tried to re-establish service by sending surface lines through the use of strike-breakers. The strikers have been notified that by renouncing allegiance to the union they may get their jobs back up to 1 o'clock this afternoon. After that the company reserves the right to use strike-breakers to fill the places of employees whose desertion has reduced the number of "green line" surface cars in operation by about 50 per cent.

Promise Regular Service.
The New York Railway company, which operates the surface lines, which were closed last night, but when the cars were sent out again this morning the company announced that hereafter a regular 24-hour service would be maintained.

The striking carmen were encouraged today by the promise of moral and financial support from the Central Federated Union, representing a half million trade unionists in New York city. It is announced that plans, still indefinite, have been made to call strikers in other branches of labor to support the traction men, on the ground that their fight involves the main principle of organized labor, and their defeat would mean the beginning of a move to break down labor unionism throughout the country through the medium of the individual contract.

At its meeting last night the Central Federated Union adopted a resolution requesting Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, to come here and take charge of the situation.

EXPERIENCED BABY-KILLER
CAPTAINED LOST ZEPPELIN

Had Received Iron Cross for Various Raids Over England.

[Canadian Press.]
Esbjerg, Denmark, Sept. 9.—The Commander of the airship which was brought down in England during the raid of a week ago was Capt. Schramm, a native of Hameln, Prussia. The captain received the Iron Cross of the first class for various raids over Nancy, Dunkirk and England.

Canada's War Loan

(Canadian Press.)

Ottawa, Sept. 9.—The details of Canada's new war loan were made public today.

This issue is for \$100,000,000 at 97½, bearing interest at five per cent and running for fifteen years.

The last war loan was for \$50,000,000, but double that amount was subscribed.

On Tuesday subscriptions will be taken.

HEAD OF HUN CHURCH
APPROVES ZEPPELIN
BABY-KILLING RAIDS

Would Like To See 100 Airships Attacking England.

CALLS IT A CHRISTIAN ACT

Socialist Organ Takes Exception To Lutheran Pastor's View.

(Canadian Press.)

London, Sept. 9.—A Berne dispatch to the London Morning Post says:

The German newspapers are again discussing zeppelin raids. Theodore Kaftan, general superintendent of the Prussian Protestant Church, publicly expressed the hope that hundreds of zeppelins would drop bombs on England, on the ground that it would be the best way of serving the cause of world peace.

The Vorwaerts, the central organ of the Socialist party, stigmatised this announcement as the doctrine of "the war of Christians."

Church Organ Approves.
The Reichsbote, the organ of the Lutheran pastors, defended the superintendent and stated "what he said in the interpretation also of our innermost thoughts."

The Germania, the Berlin organ of centre party and the Prussian Roman Catholics, now expresses complete acquiescence in the views of the Protestant Church dignitary on this subject, and in reply to the Socialist indictment writes:

"It is repugnant to the notion that there is anything in aerial warfare (which is, moreover, a perfectly legitimate means of attack, and in our case doubly justified for well-known reasons when applied to England) that Christianity can condemn. There can be absolutely no question of that."

"It is true that for the Christian, war is a bitter and hard trial ordained by God, and that he prays and implores God that it may be brought to an end speedily. This cannot, and must not, however, prevent a Christian from regarding himself as an instrument of God in this same war and from making use of all permissible means at his disposal in order to gain victory for his country."

SERBS TAKE HEIGHT.

(Canadian Press.)

Paris, Sept. 9.—The Serbians on the Macedonia front took the offensive last night in the region of Lake Ostrovo. The war office announced today that after a violent engagement they captured a height west of the lake.

GOOD SHOOTING BY CANUCK ARTILLERY
WRECKS POSTS AND DISPERSES THE FOE;
SMART WORK BY SNIPERS AND PATROLS

TURNED TIDE OF
WAR AT VERDUN



Gen. J.C. Joffre

FRENCH MAKE
FURTHER GAIN
ALONG SOMME;
CAPTURE WOOD

Joffre Renews His Assaults
Against Germans.

STOPS ATTACK AT VERDUN

French Have 7,700 Prisoners
in West Since Sept. 3.

(Canadian Press.)

Paris, Sept. 9.—Noon.—Renewing their assaults on the Somme front last night, the French made a further gain. The capture of a small wooded area is reported today by the war office. German attacks in the Verdun sector were repulsed.

The woods captured by the French on the Somme front are situated east of Bellefleur.

Prisoners taken by the French since September 3, the statement says, number 7,700, including 100 officers.

After the unsuccessful German attacks of yesterday a great number of German dead were found on the field and in communicating trenches.

On the Verdun front the fighting occurred in the handling of an airship, for the first time in the war, where the French successfully defended their positions.

AIRMEN OF BRITISH
BOMBARD TURK CAMP

(Canadian Press.)

London, Sept. 9.—Three British aeroplanes, says a British official statement, reported military operations in Egypt, again bombarded El Mazar yesterday. Eleven of the 20 bombs dropped were seen to take effect in the enemy camp.

DUTCH SOLDIERS WING
A GERMAN AEROPLANE

AMSTERDAM, via London, Sept. 9.—3:30 a.m.—According to the Maestricht

Nouvelles, a German monoplane, after being hit in the wings and petrol tank by bullets of Dutch soldiers, while flying over Dutch territory, landed in the Dutch village of Roosteren. The aviator, who was uninjured, and his machine, were interned.

The newspaper says the aviator probably lost his way while on a reconnaissance.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 73; lowest, 61.

The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 64; lowest, 46.

Sir Max Aitken Records Week's Activities Along the Canadian
Line in Flanders and France—New Brunswick, Vancouver and Montreal Men Distinguish Themselves in Patrol Raids.

(BY SIR MAX AITKEN.)

Canadian Headquarters in France.—Via London, Sept. 9.—During the past week the enemy's artillery displayed increased activity. On several occasions, sections of our front systems were subjected to short but severe bombardments, and our rearward at times was also heavily shelled.

Little damage was done. The retaliation of our artillery was invariably prompt and effective, covering the German trenches, strong points and approaches.

Combined Shots.
A few combined shots by our artillery and trench mortar batteries were organized. In one such instance heavy fire was maintained by our guns for over four hours on a wide front. Several enemy observation posts and gun emplacements were struck by our shells. One very cleverly constructed observation post near the rear was completely demolished by one of our 60-pound mortar shells.

Broke Up Parties.
Enemy working parties were more numerous and persistent than for many weeks, particularly opposite Observatoire Ridge. At several points casualties were inflicted upon them by our shrapnel fire. In one case our observers reported that a large power explosive shell had fallen right among a party numbering about fifteen and that the whole party appeared to have been wiped out.

German Unsteady.
At night the Germans were suspicious and uneasy. Bursts of machine gun fire were frequent, but more especially in the northern section from Hill 60 to Hooze. In this area we successfully exploded a camouflaged, completely wrecking a German gallery and

Another night a patrol of a British Columbia battalion, under Sgt. Rowley, located a hostile wiring party. Our patrol was well furnished with bombs and at once attacked. After a brief but ineffective resistance, the enemy was driven back to his trenches. A patrol of a Montreal battalion, returning to our lines in the southern section of our defenses, surprised three Germans in the neighborhood of our wire. The enemy promptly ran away, but by quick action our patrol succeeded in intercepting one of them and took him prisoner. According to this man's statement, he had formed one of a large German party sent out to attack our patrols and obtain information, but with his two companions had lost touch with the main party and mistaken his direction in the darkness.

British Guns
Silence Enemy
on Struma Line

(Canadian Press.)
London, Sept. 9.—2:45 p.m.—"The artillery duel on our Dobruja front continues," says today's official account of the campaign in Greek-Macedonia. "On our Struma front, on Thursday evening, our artillery silenced an enemy battery which was shelling Orfajk bridge. Our artillery dispersed several parties of the enemy."

COULDN'T LAND ZEPPELS
SUCCESSFULLY IN STATES

Highly Trained Landing Crews Necessary, Says English Expert.

(Canadian Press.)
New York, Sept. 5.—The World prints the following cable from London today:

"The suggestion that zeppelins have been built to carry mails between Germany and the United States was ridiculed by an expert here. He said it was not at all probable that airships could get across the Atlantic, but that trouble would start when the zeppelin endeavored to land in the United States."

"The people have no conception what it means to land these giants," he said. "It is next to impossible to bring them down safely unless you have a big crowd of highly-trained men at hand. There is a great art in handling an airship, for the men have to work in perfect unison, and it is the easiest thing in the world to smash the whole affair."

I dare to venture that more zeppelins have been severely damaged and totally lost by mislanding, even on the part of their highly-trained German landing crews, than as a result of all other causes put together. That being so, it would be hopeless to expect amateurs to do the work successfully."

SOUTH AFRICAN NATIVES
TO HELP THE ALLIES

10,000 Will Go to France to Work as Dock Laborers.

(Canadian Press.)

Pretoria, Union of South Africa, Sept. 9.—Via London.—Gen. Louis Botha, premier of the South African Union, announced today that an arrangement had been made to send 10,000 natives to France for dock labor. The natives will be recruited voluntarily, and will be organized into five battalions of 2,000 men each, under military discipline with trusted officers. Each battalion will have a chaplain, and its own medical officers, while a fully-equipped hospital will be provided for the contingent. Gen. Botha said the scheme was the result of a request made by the natives to be allowed to assist in Europe as they had done in German Southwest Africa and German East Africa.

THE WEATHER

TOMORROW—PARTLY FAIR.

Toronto, Sept. 9.—8 a.m.

Forecasts.

Today—Light to moderate variable winds, line gradually clearing.

Sunday—East to south winds, becoming fresh, fair at first, local showers or thunderstorms in night.

Temperatures.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures for the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today.

Stations.	High.	Low.	Weather.
Victoria	42	48	Clear
Calgary	46	42	Cloudy
Winnipeg	48	48	Clear
Port Arthur	46	42	Cloudy
Park Sound	42	46	Clear
Port Stanley	42	32	Clear
Buffalo	48	32	Clear
Toronto	46	32	Clear
K Kingston	46	32	Clear
Ottawa	42	32	Clear
Montreal	46	36	Clear
Quebec	46	48	Fair
Father Point	42	46	Clear

Pressure is now highest over the great lakes, while another depression covers the West and Northwest States. Showers have occurred in Quebec and the Maritime Provinces; also over Alberta and in parts of Saskatchewan.