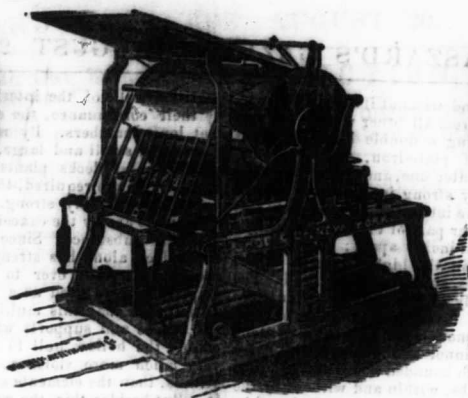


HASZARD'S

FARMERS' COMMERCIAL PUBLISHED ON EVERY



GAZETTE

JOURNAL & ADVERTISER. WEDNESDAY & SATURDAY.

Established 1823.

Charlottetown, P. E. Island, Wednesday, August 20, 1856.

New Series, No. 369.

HASZARD'S GAZETTE
Published by Haszard & Owen
Queen Square,
Is issued twice a week, at 15s. per year.
AND CONTAINS,
THE LATEST NEWS, AT HOME & ABROAD.

Harness and Coach Hardware.
EDWARD DANA,
MANUFACTURER & IMPORTER
29 Kilby Street, (near State), Boston.
OFFERS for Cash at low prices, Springs, Axles, Bolts, Spokes, Rims, Shafts, Enamelled Cloth, Patent and Enamelled Leather; all of first quality. SUPERIOR malleable Iron on hand, and furnished to order and pattern. Full assortment American Harness, Hardware. PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO ORDERS.

COALS! COALS!!
40 CHALDRON PICTON COAL, Just arrived and for Sale by
JAMES PURDIE.
Charlottetown, Dec. 5.

EDUCATION.
A Rare Chance for Young Men.
MR. A. A. MACKENZIE wishes to inform the Young Men of this City, that he has opened an Evening Class in the Temperance Hall, and is prepared to give instructions in the following branches, and on the following Terms per Quarter of 48 Evenings each, namely:—
1st, Reading, writing and arithmetic, £0 10
2d, Grammar and composition, 0 15
3d, Practical Geometry and mensuration, 0 15
4th, Trigonometry and mensuration, 1 0
One-half of the Quarterly Fee to be paid on entering.
Those studying the first three Branches would require to be in attendance at 7 o'clock, and those in the others at 8.
Mr. McK. flatters himself, that his long and well-tried experience in the practice of teaching Evening Classes, will enable him to convey a far greater amount of practical knowledge to his pupils in a given period of time, than has been communicated by any of his predecessors.
Charlottetown, Feb. 21st, 1856.

JOHN HARPER,
Antiquarian and Commission Merchant,
(Queen-St. in Mr. Desbrisay's Buildings.)
Solicits the patronage of the public, and will endeavor to merit the confidence of all who may favor him with business in the above line. Feb. 11, 1856.

Carriage Bolts.
HASZARD & OWEN have received a large Stock of the above of the following sizes:—
LENGTH. DIAMETER.
1 1/2 inches by 3/4 3-8
1 3/4 " " 7/8 3-8
2 " " 1 3-8 3-8
2 1/2 " " 1 7/8 3-8
3 " " 2 3-8 3-8
3 1/2 " " 2 7/8 3-8
4 " " 3 3-8 3-8
4 1/2 " " 3 7/8 3-8
These Bolts have neatly turned heads and are offered for sale at from 25 to 50 per cent lower than they can be made for on the Island.

COPAL VARNISH.
A FEW Tubs of superior COPAL VARNISH for sale by
H. HASZARD,
Charlottetown, July 24, 1856.

PASTURE TO LET.
CATTLE will be taken in to graze for the season on the Royal Agricultural Society's farm, from the first June next, at the following rates, viz:—
All under 3 years old, 20s.
All over 3 years old, 30s., paid in advance.
All fence breakers will be turned out. Apply to
WM. W. IRVING,
Secretary of the Royal Agricultural Society, E. A. Society.

Hardware Hardware!!
JUST RECEIVED from the United States, and for Sale by **HASZARD & OWEN**—
Mortise Locks and Latches, from 9d to 20s each.
Rim, western, store door and plate Locks, &c.
Small Locks, (a large stock),
Wardrobe, hat and coat Hooks, 4s a 2s 6d per doz.
Iron and wooden Bench Screws,
Clamp and Riggers' Screws,
Wilson's Braces, (gear-wheel'd), &c. 2s 3d a 16s,
Mineral, porcelain, silvered Door-Shutter and Drawer Knobs,
Mahogany, walnut and japanned Drawer Knobs,
Coal Chisels and Tinsmiths' Tools,
Pencil Sharpeners,
Grindstone Fixtures, from 7s 6d a 12s
Circular Saws and Arbors, and Leather Belting,
Hammers, (a large assorted Stock)
Hatchets, (chipping, claw, lathing, broad, &c)
Narrow and Broad Axes and Adzes,
Planes and Levels,
Screw Plates and Dies,
Web Saws and Handies, Liver Cawsets
India Rubber Packing, combs, toys, bat, ball, &c

STEAMER
Lady Le Marchant

PHILIPS F. IRVING, COMMANDER.
Under contract with the Provincial Government carrying Her Majesty's Mails.
THIS superior British built STEAMER—coppered and copper fastened, 212 tons Register, 90 horse power, classed at Lloyd's for 13 years, having superior accommodations for Passengers—will run regularly, during the season, on the line between Charlottetown and Pictou, and between Charlottetown and Shediac:—
Leaving Shediac, unless prevented by unforeseen circumstances, every Tuesday morning, at 6 o'clock, for Charlottetown; leaving Charlottetown for Pictou every Tuesday at 3 o'clock; returning from Pictou every Wednesday, leaving at 8 o'clock; will again leave Charlottetown for Pictou every Thursday morning, at 10 o'clock; will return from Pictou every Friday, leaving at 6 o'clock; and will go on to Shediac, leaving Charlottetown at 1 o'clock.
For freight or passage, apply at Richardson to the owner, **E. P. W. DESBRISAY, Esq.** in Shediac to **E. J. SMITH, Esq.** in Pictou to Messrs. **J. & J. YORSTON**—or in Charlottetown to
THEO. DESBRISAY.
June 12, 1856.

Tin & Copper Worker, GAS-FITTER, &c.
THE undersigned, grateful for the encouragement he has received since his return from California, begs leave to inform the Citizens of Charlottetown, that he has, in addition to the Copper and Tinsmith business, undertaken GAS-FITTING, (with the approval of the Gas Company, they having declined this branch of their business,) to which and his former business, the public may depend, he will give every satisfaction, and dispatch all orders with which they may favor him.
JAMES MILLNER.
Charlottetown, June 12, 1856.

FREEHOLD PROPERTY FOR SALE.
TO BE SOLD by private sale, a valuable freehold farm, containing two hundred (200) acres of land; fifty of which are in a state of high cultivation, on which is a new dwelling house finished, length 26 feet, by 26, with a Barn, finished also, 45 feet by 27, with a water convenient; a never failing stream runs through the rear, fitted for machinery or pasturage of cattle. This valuable property is situated 5 miles from Georgetown, and 22 miles from Charlottetown. For further particulars, apply to
PETER STEWART,
Notary Public, New Pictou.

A CARD.
HAVILAND & BRECKEN
Barristers & Attorneys at Law,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c. &c.
OLD CUSTOM-HOUSE BUILDINGS,
and near Water-Street, CHARLOTTETOWN.
P. E. ISLAND.
W. BRADSHAW, consulted a list of clients.

PEACE ADDRESS TO THE ENGLISH PEOPLE.

The following is a copy of the Address lately sent by the committee appointed at a meeting of the citizens of Philadelphia, in reply to the addresses of the citizens of Manchester and Liverpool to the people of the United States.

Address from the Citizens of Philadelphia to the Citizens of Manchester and Liverpool, and the other Inhabitants of Great Britain.

FRIENDS AND BRETHREN—We have received, with profound satisfaction, the letter addressed by you to the people of the United States, in relation to the difficulties existing between the two countries. There is not a sentiment, not a word, in that truly fraternal address, which we do not make our own. We feel, as you do, that Englishmen and Americans are substantially one. No two nations, of equal extent, are now, or ever have been, so closely bound together. No two nations, really independent of each other, ever had so many causes for being at amity; so few causes for alienation even, much less for war. We speak the same tongue, we are of one faith, we are of one blood. For every feeling, interest, custom, habit, mode of thinking or acting, in which we are at variance, there are a hundred, and those of a hundred-fold weight and importance, in which we are as one.

War between two such nations cannot possibly seem more horrible and unnatural in your eyes, than it does in ours. We desire, therefore, to assure you, with all the emphasis and solemnity which it is possible for words to give, that the government and people of the United States have no desire to be at war, or even at feud with Great Britain.

It is for this reason, that we have received with such special satisfaction the demonstrations of friendship and brotherhood contained in your address, and we desire to respond in the same spirit, without reserve, and with our whole hearts.

Our aims, our interests, our sentiments of humanity, the principles of our religion, all look to peace. War with any nation, and most of all with the people of Great Britain, which would be war with our own flesh and blood, is abhorrent to every cherished sentiment of the American heart. Friends and brethren, we go further. It is our desire, not only to avoid the dreadful extremity of war, but to live on terms of the most cordial friendship with you. If there is any one sentiment on which Americans are all of one mind, it is the wish expressed by our minister, Mr. Dallas, that between the government and people of Great Britain, and those of the United States, every cause of misunderstanding, and with it every shadow of alienation and distrust, should be at once and for ever banished.

Signed in behalf of the citizens of Philadelphia, convened in public meeting, at the Merchant's Exchange, July 2d, 1856.
ROBERT VAUX, Mayor of Philadelphia,
J. LEWIS, of one most sections of the city.
EDMUND A. SOUNDA, of another section of the city.
WM. C. PATTERSON, of a third section of the city.
JOHN S. HUNT, of a fourth section of the city.
HONNIS L. HAYLOWELL, of a fifth section of the city.
How to MAKE THE BOYS LOVE HOME.
I wish these boys loved to stay at home in the evening," said a mother, and the high and look of distress which accompanied

ed her words, told plainly, that her heart was deeply pained by their oft-repeated absence. They were industrious boys of sixteen or eighteen, just beginning to fancy they were too large to be longer subject to parental authority. I glanced around their home—a comfortable dwelling—where all the wants of the physical nature were well supplied; but as is too often the case, good food for the mind was less abundant. We cannot expect children to be like ourselves, steady, old, and careworn. If we enter into their sports in childhood, and take the lead of their pleasures in youth, we shall keep our own hearts young and joyous, make home the centre of attraction, and, while doing much to educate their mental faculties, we shall find a far greater satisfaction in their society than we can possibly find in the artless trust of infancy. Read to them, before they can read for themselves; explain what you read, and encourage them to converse with you about it. Teach them to observe the common phenomena of nature, and to study into the causes which produce the effects they see. A mother may do this, without being a philosopher herself. She may awaken their curiosity upon the objects around them, and direct them where this curiosity may be gratified, place within their reach useful and instructive books, and show by example, as well as precept, that she appreciates them; and the pleasures of home will be purer and sweeter to every member of the family, and the children will seldom have occasion to seek evening amusement away from the charmed circle of home.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN IN HIS GIG.—It is now about a century since Benjamin Franklin, Postmaster General of the American Colonies, by appointment of the Crown, set out in his old gig to make an official inspection of the principal routes. It was about eighty years since he held the same office under the authority of Congress, when a small folio, (now preserved in the department at Washington,) containing about three quires of paper, lasted as his account book for two years. These simple facts bring up before us, more forcibly than an elaborate description, the vast increase in post-office facilities within a hundred years; for if a postmaster general were to undertake to pass over all the routes at present existing, it would require six years of incessant railroad travel, at the rate of a hundred and twenty-five miles daily; while, if he were to undertake the job in an "old gig," he would require a lifetime for its performance. Instead of a small folio, with its three quires of paper, the post-office accounts consume, every two years, three thousand of the largest sized ledgers, weighing no less than one hundred cloths constantly employed in recording transactions with thirty thousand contractors and other persons. —Am. Paper.

Nearly all brave men have been of a finely organized and therefore nervous temperament. Julius Cesar was nervous, so was Bonaparte, so was Nelson. The Duke of Wellington saw a man turn pale, as he marched up to a battery. "That," he said, "is a brave man; he knows his danger and faces it."
Why is the letter L like a young lady giving away her sweetheart to another? — Because it makes one a lover.
There is a great deal of wit in the coarsest business. Quill thinks.
The man who "could not stand it any longer," has taken a seat, and now feels quite comfortable.
The Chinese have a strange antipathy to milk—but an amiable fondness for cats and mice, well cooked.