read the 31th on th gs, and in their formation of this and kindred, and the undermentioned redy, and to qu

humble meed of praise to the their admirable behaviour, and

d by Lieut. Hanncock: adopted and printed. econded by Mr. George Beer,

ives much encouragement from of from the assurances given in ation of the Jews; and would shouring for their conversion. seconded by Rev. Dr. Kier: gratefully acknowledges the numble effort for the good of his tion, and to be assisted by the a Island; and prays that Chris-more and more. It Society's funds, amounted to

Mr. Thomas Metherell, at Cas-re at an early Hour on the mor-cannot state positively, how the it to the saving of hot ashes.---

wishes us to state, that Sweet and a Plaster made of the same cted, is an effectual remedy for

y's OFFICE, Feb. 19, 1852.

WARBURTON, Col. Sec'y.

OFFICE, Feb. 21, 1852. Jovernor in Council has been and Peter Macgowan, Esquires, o and for adding Hard Labour or Gason's County. LES DESBRISAY, C. E. C.

CUSTOM HOUSE, Iward Island, 23d Jan., 1851.

information of His Excelle

information of His Excellency we this day received an Order sers of Her Majesty's Castomy, arising Mr. Janus Pope, Con-lattee of Admeasurer of Shipping n Macgowan, Controller at Sou-'s County. instructions, Forms, and Instru-officers, as soon as they are re-

GEO. R. GOODMAN, Controller

OFFICE, February 23, 1852. 117, of the 5th of June, 1851, to June, 1851, both inclusive, will id, together with the Interest due

JOSEPH POPE, Treasurer.

r's Church, by the Rev. J. H. f Lot 16, to Miss Sarah Rayner,

B. Scott, Mr. John MacKenzie, Belfast. he Rev. John C. Sinclair, Mr. Mary M'Phenson, Lot 7. Mr. Edward M'Neill, Lot 7, to

honor to be, dec.,

rried.

n's County

iovernor has been pleased to ac-hinson, Esquire, as Justice of Visiting Magistrate, and Com-for adding Hard Labour to the

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, TUESDAY, MARCH 9, 1852.

NO. 1145.

TEMPERANCE. THE VOICE OF 133,519 PETITIONERS FOR THE

VOL. 22.

"MAINE LAW" IN MASSACHUSETTS.

"MAINE LAW" IN MASSACHUSETTS. In compliance with an official call from the Massachusetta Temperance "Central Executice Board," for that purpose, a Great Mass Temperance Convention was held in Tromont Temple in Boston on Wednesday, Jan. 21st, 1852, to present to the Legislature the "Manmouth Petition" of 133,512 cit-izens of Massachusetts, for the abolition of "drinking houses and ippling shops", within their borders. The Convention was called to erder at ten o'clock, A. M. by Rev. Mr. Otheman, the Chairman of said "Board." A very appropriate and impressive prayer having been of-fered by that venerable pionfeer of Temperance, the Rev. Dr. Lyman Beecher, Mr. Huntington, the President, on taking the Chair, addressed the Convention at some length elequently vindicating the pinciples, and provisions of the "Maine Law." and commending the speedy enactment of a similar statute in Massachusetts, as a measure absolutely necessary for the law-less rum traffic, and for the protection of the community against the counteless and could y assaults. He had been for many years Dustriet Attorney of a partion of the State, and well knew, he District Attorney of a portion of the State, and well knew, he

District Attorney of a portion of the State, and well knew, he said, the many defects of the *ndd*, and the great and urgent used of the proposed *nev* law. (Great Cheering.) The "Mammouth Petition,"—escorted by twelve of the city police, who, as tectoralers and members of the Temple of Honor, volunteered their services on the occasion,—was then brought into the Temple, and placed upon the rostrum with the greeting of three spontaneous and hearty cheers of the whole assembly. It was rolled on an axis, so suspended on a wooden frame, as to rotate freely, and was about three feet in dismeter, bearing the names of 133,512 politioners, of which 57,067 were those of legal voters of the whole Commonwealth, although about one third of the towns in the State had not then sont in their returns. sent in their returns.

After a short, but stirring address from Professor Stowe, of After a short, but stirring address from Professor Stowe, of Brunswick, Me., in which he comparatulated the Convention on the broad diameter of the "Manemouth Roll" before him, and assured the people that the "Maine Law" continued to work beautifully and perfectly in Maine, and would not, and could not be repealed, the procession was formed under the direction of Col. R. Cowden, as Chief Marshal, and at about 11 o'clock hereas the mean on in a "mandia war" to the State Herea began to move on its "wending way" to the State House. The procession was headed by the large" "Jeany Lind" sleigh, drawn by four spirited steeds, and bearing the Petition, and the presentation committee, with a basner waving aloft, announcing in large capitals—

PETITIONERS FOR THE MAINE LAW"

PETITIONERS FOR THE MAINE LAW" Then followed Bond's Cornet Band, whose sweet music was harsh discord to the runseller's cars, —the "Central Exec-utive Board,"—Grand Division Sons of Temperance, —subor-dinate Divisions, of which Shakespeare Division of Boston bore of the palm in regalia banners, and numbers, —other tem-perance organizations, —inembers of the Mass Convention, and other eitizens, making in all a long and solid column, four a hreast, of about 5000 petitioners, that made the spiritmongers, as it moved along in front of their stores, feel, and look much more sober, and blue, than their "hybrid fires" were in the habit of making their customers victims.

more sober, and blue, than their "liquid fires" were in the habit of making their customers *victims*. The procession, in passing through Bowdoin, Mt. Vernon, Charles, and Bearon streets, having completely surrounded the State House, arrived in front of the same about half-past 19, when the Petition, accompanied by the Committee, and greeted by the cheers of the thousands, who thronged the bal-conies, porches, and spacious yard of the State House, was horag through the dense multitude, into the Representatives Hall, and placed in the open area in front of the Speaker's Desk. "*Monster*" as it was, this huge "Roll" was evident-ly, neither an unexpected, nor an unwelcome guest to the House. It counteously suspended its business, and unanim-ously granted leave for the immediate presentation of the pe-tition, which was very handsomely done by Mr. Horace E. Smith, a member of the House from Chelsea, in the following address, viz

Smith, a member of the House from Chelses, in the following address, viz: Mr, Speaker: —Leave has been asked and granted to intro-duce a petition, —may I not say the petition, —of a large por-tion of the inhabitants of the State, and it seems proper to make at least a brief statement of the character of the petition-ers, and the nature of their prayer. It will be seen at a glance, that the petition is one of no ordinary magnitude. I believe that is point of numbers, it has never been equalled in this country, and I confidently affirm, that, in point of character and respectability, it has never been surpassed in any country. It enrolls the names of more than 130,000 of the best citizens and inhabitants of the Common wealth, among whom more than 57,000 are known to be legal voters. And it is believed, also, that many more of the signers are of this nature, though owing to various circumstances that fact is no stated. also, that many more of the signers are of this nature, though owing to various circumstances that fact is not stated. Stand-ing at the head of all the names is the bonored one of George N. Briggs, and following his are those representing all clas-ses, all professions, all trades in the Commonwealth. Woman also is tepresented, and rightly too, for she has peculiar claims to the sympathy and protection of the Legislature, as being the subject of laws in whose enactment she has no voice—but in the represented, and reparty too, for the map pectitine claims to the sympthy and protection of the Legislature, as being the subject of laws in whose enactment she has no voice—but more as the peculiar subject of the dire evils which the traffic-in intozicating drinks has brought upon community. It is right, therefore, that her voice should be heard. The peculiar subject of the dire evils of heart or the state of the dire evils which the traffic-in intozicating drinks has brough upon community. It is right, therefore, that her voice should be heard. The peculiar subject of the dire evils of heart or the state of the state of the state of the state trans, but for protection for commerce, agriculture or manufac-tures, but for protection to man, to religion, to our halls of learning, our temples of legislation, our courts of justice, and above all to our domestic altars.—They believe that the traffic in a dota spliting, our grave, yards,—with uncounted nem-bers of premature victims.—They further believe that the Legislature has the power to remedy the evil, and having that power, it ought to exercise it. The boon they ask is no sel-fish one, and this petition of theirs is the resolt of the pulsation of the great heart of the Commonwealth. And, sir, I trust T may be permitted to express the hope that their prayer will find a response here. I present, Mr. Speaker, the pulsation of due great heart of the male and female twelters of the Wea-leyen Academy in Wilbraham, of the teachers and pupils of Annheart Academy is of the officers and also these several other potitions of the smale and female twelters of the Wea-leyen Academy is of Special Committee. This motion was usualmontly adopted, and the "Joint Special Committee," has an expensioned, and the "Joint Special Committee," has an expensioned, and the 'Joint Special Committee," has an expensioned, and the 'Joint Special Committee," has an expensioned, and the 'Joint Special Committee," has an expension in the source of the state of a Joint Special Commit

and from Cape Cod to Berkshire;—and thus too, on the \$1s of January, 1859, was achieved "glory enough for one day." in rolling on the cars of the legislative servants of the people, the longest, and the loudest peal of petitionary, instructional, and admonitory thunder, that has ever yet been beard in any legislative Hall on the continent of Auserica.—If it be duly headed, well will it be, both for people, and for their proxies; —but if not, the flery and retributionary *bolts* will inevitably follow, and launched from the electric, and marky cloud of ballot boxes, will fall in due time upon those, who, in refusing the long needed, and now unequivocally domandel legislative protection against the rum traffic, shall have sacrified the great, leading, and paramount interests of the Commonwealth for the mousing, pairty, contemptible, and as we think, surely *fallacious* hope of riding into *political* power and place, apon the back of a barrel of *New England Rum*, or upon the should-ers of a *demijohn of brandy* !—*Massachusetis Cataract*.

ALAPI

TEMPERANCE ANNIVERSARY.

TEMPERANCE ANNIVERSARI. The anniversary of the Murray Harbor Benevolent Total Absti-nence Society, was held in the Salem Chapel, on Friday evening, January 30th, and was very respectably attended, the Rev. Mr. Batcher, President of the Society, presiding on the occasion. After some appropriate observations from the Chairman, relative to the objects of the meeting, the Secretary read the Report for the past year, of which the following is a copy: UEDEAT:

REPORT:

In accordance with the rules of this Society, the time has arrived when your Committee are called upon to submit their first Annual Report; which, by the Divine blessing, they are enabled to do, with thankfulness for the past, and humble but cheering hope for the future.

when your Committee are called upon to submit their first Annual Report; which, by the Divine blessing, they are enabled to do, with thankfoldess for the past, and humble but cheering hope for the future. The meetings of the Society, during the past year, have been respectably attended, and the thanks of your Committee are due to the Rev. Mr. Whitlock, Willium Sanderson, Esq., and Mr. Archibald M-Neill, for the valuable assistance they have afforded in delivering several highly interesting and deeply impressive lectares, on the subject of temperance; and your Committee induge in the hape, that their " work of faith, and labour of love," have extended a highly beneficial influence over the Keomyunivity, resulting in the an-rolment of 119 members of sobiety, who have joined the ranks of the noble army enlisted under the banner of temparances; whose object is to arrest the progress, and constranct the influence of the gratitude for the past, it also supplies motives of encouragement for the future; that instead of despondency being created by a view of the future; that instead of despondency being created by a view of the future; that instead of despondency being and the resulting in traumentality.employed for effecting it, faith should be attrangthened hone enlivened, and love enlarged. The cause of Temperance is so great a cause, that it must prevail. Whatever difficulties it may be called upon to endure, it can never fail of overcoming them all. Can the social and moral condition of the poulful mind be early imbued with sound and religious know-icdge, and intemperance remain unchecked? Can the youthful mind be early imbued with sound and religious know-iedge, and intemperance remain unchecked? Can the Sound in the operative machine of a coming respite. The eye of reason can almost piecetive that a being so glo-rious in his capabilities as usan, will sot fee aver grovel in the Ways of politour, and can begin to trace sonte symptoms of a coming respite its holy influence on all the passions and parsmits of ma

Murray Harbor, Feb. 7, 1852.

TO THE INHABITANTS OF P. E. ISLAND ;-

I beg to call your attention to an important subject, viz: the putting down the trade in strong drinks. You all know what a curse it has been to the Island. The means proposed for re-moving this vice are legislative enactments, in order to obtain which, it will be necessary to petition the Legislature. There are many and weighty considerations which will in-duce you to exert yourselves in this humans and good cause.

Religion, humanity, justice and merry call on you; the widows' teats and orphans' crice, whose husbands and fathers have gone to a drunkard's grave, call on you. The blood of thuse who have been murdered by drunkards, crieth to you. Sunk in poverty, misery and crime, the poor, debased and wretched drunkard calls on you.

wretehed drunkard calls on you. The fruitless wallings of the lost through strong drink, where there is not one drop of water to cool their tongue, in thrilling and awful accents, cry to you simultaneously to arise and basish the accursed traffic in intoxicating liquors from the

the several Members, from whose districts they eminated, to be provided for as they may deem proper, out of the Read Money, which was agread to. "Bon. Nr. CDLES moved, that the over due Notes of Hand, for Seed Grain, &c., advanced by Government in 1848, to be handed to the Commissioners of Reads; and, after some discussion, the follow-ing Resolution, moved by the honorable Member. was agreed to. *Resolved*, That the Notes of Hand, taken by the different Com-missioners for the distribution of Seed Grain and Meal be sent to be Read Commissioners for the collection of the same; payment to be demanded, and taken in work on the Roads at I ive Shilings per day, or by Contract, and that the Commissioners be allowed to appoint Oversteers to superintend the ame, and to pay each Over-seer Siz Shilings, per day, for superintending the work so to be done out of the Notes placed in his hands for collection : And that all Petitioners having just claims on the Goversment, be paid in their own Notes, as far as they go.

MORNING SITTING. FRIDAY, 20th.

FRIDAY, 20th. This being the last day appointed by the House for the receiving of Petitions, the Morning Sitting was principally consumed in their reception and disposal. Mr. HAVILAND presented a Petition from Georgetown, praying the re-enactment of an Act to prevent the running at large of Swine and Gezes in the Streets and Squares of Georgetown. The Peti-tions having been received and read, the honorable member asked leave to introduce a Bill on the subject. On motion, hy Mr. Montgomery, the Bill to anneed the Act for compelling persons owning lands adjoining each other to their share of Fencing, was read a second time, and committed to a Com-mittee of the whole House; and some time having bees spent there-in, the Chairman reported progress, and asked leave to sit again.

SATURDAY 21st

MORNING SITTING. SUMMARY.

Mr. MOONEY moved, that the time for receiving Petitions be extended to this day only, which being agreed to, several were pre-sented, received, read, and referred to the Committees appointed to report.

AUDITING OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

AUDITING OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS. Hos. Mr. COLES, by command of His Excellency, laid before the House Certificates, Reports and other Documents farnished by the Public Auditors. In doing so, the heatorable member stated, that the daties of the Additors now extended to all Offices receiving Public Money, a practice which had not been adopted, by former Governments to any satisfactory estent. The documents which he had the house of submitting, it would be seen, were a complete check upon the Public Officers, and afforded a real security to the public, that no defactions could estik without detection. Sir, em-public at no defactions could estik without detection. Sir, em-public, that no defactions could estik without detection. Sir, em-public at no defactions could estik without detection. Sir, and certificates are now before the House. These documents give a flat contradiction to that assertion, and must autificatefly prove to all unprejudiced minds, that the article alleded to is only a fair sample of much that index a place in that curvillous Paper—no-thing less than a malicions, whited, and forged essertion. Thon. Mr. WARBURTON said, calumnics were, nine times out of ten, as <u>without</u> alle, treated with contempt and they is handoros autors were in the long ran, pretty sure to find their slandscouse automaters recoil upon their own passes : yeat attacks of too gross a character, such as that which had just been alluded to by his hono-rable friend, ought der to be allowed to pass altogether with impa-nity; and, if redress could be had in the present instance, he (Mr. Warburton) would not fail to seek it. Mr. DOLSE appeared at the Bar of the House. Mr. DOLSE appeared at the Bar of the House in the nice on Ways and Means—greed to de y previou, on a Call of the House. Mr. HAVILLAND introduced a Barl to re-enact the Act to pre-vious, on a Call of the House. The honorable member pleaded indigonia she case; and. Mr. HAVILLAND introduced a Bill to re-enact the Act to pre-vent the war

On motion of the tron. set. Contact, in a property of the House. Mr. HAVILAND introduced a Bill to re-enact the Act to pre-vent the running at large of Swine and Geese, in the Streets and Squares of Georgetown, which was read a first time. Hon. Mr. POPE expressed his regret, that the honorable mem-ber had confined it to Georgetown alone, convinced as he was, that the running at large of Swine throughout the Island, was a great avil.

REPORTING.

Mr. DAVIES, subsequently to the presenting of a Petition rela-tive to the Charlotteown Ferry, embraced the opportunity of com-plaining of the report, as it appeared in the paper which he held in his hard (the Islander), purporting to be his speech on the debate to the Charlottetowgn Ferry, in which the Reporter had not only cartailed and misrepresented what he had said on the occasion, but he was sorry to say, had acted in a partial manner, (both as res-pected himself and his honorable colleague) on that question. What he (Mr. Davies) had said was in part left out, and what he did not any, occupied its place. did not any, occupied its place. His constituents were deeply con-cerned, in the question of the Ferry, and he, as in duty bound, was expected to protect their interests in this, to them, important matter, as well as in all others of a local nature; but this report ddn not shew, that he kept his promises, but the contrary. He should not have brought this under the notice of the House, had it not been for the fact, that he had been questioned by some of his friends, his supporters, who put unpleasant questions to him, such as, "What are you about? What ner you doing ? Your speeches appear very short in the papers, while those of other members are long." All he (Mr. Davies) wanted, was to be fairly and justly represented, which, he would again repeat, he had not been in this instance. All be (Mr. Davies) wanted, was to be fairly and justy regressented, which, he would again repeat, he had not been in this instance.
Then Mr. COLES. Many reasons existed to show, that it was becreasery to condense, the specches of honorable members. If they ware not condensed, it might appear, that the same thing had been repeated twenty times. It seemed from the latter part of the honorable member's remarks, that the People took an interest is watching the proceedings of ther Kepresentatives, and he was gliad thy did. He did not see what the honorable member had repeated the appear is the seme of from the latter part of the honorable member had proceedings of ther Kepresentatives, and he was gliad thy did. He did not see what the honorable member had pointed out the error, he was sure the Reporter the very reverse of partial : he had not before, siter a mouth's sitting, been complained of, and he (Mr. Coles) was guite we had the would not intentionally mirropresent any one. If the honorable member had pointed out he error, he was sure the Reporter the very reverse of partial : he had not before, siter a the would not intentionally mirropresent any one. If the honorable member had pointed out he error, he was sure the Reporter was est the matter in its proper light. In a deside of such length as the one referred to, it was stterly impossible to environ the full discrements from creeping in.
Mr. DOUSE could make all reasonable allowances; but he could not refain form asserting, but it was a partial report; and that justice and and the set was and as at the proceed as the amount of apprintion for the Read Service, had been placed to the screet, and the member had what it was an apartial report; and that justice of the moleculation of the publication of rank.
Mr. CLARK maid, what he had proposed as the amount of apprintion for the Read Service, had been placed to the credit of the honorable member, Mr. Wightman. He lad not to complan forthe work we left out alongather, is the about the inco

Mr. MOONEY replied. If the honorable member (Mr. Clark) turned to the speech placed to his account on the night he struggled to hard in defence of that City in which the inhabitants were so very few, he would see something to be proud of. Is would be a credit to him, when he was sambared with the dead. It was real-solutions. If as good a one appeared after he (Mr. Mooney), had photen, he would hay a pair of spectrales, and persons it until they southine. If as good a one appeared after he (Mr. Mooney), had photen, he would hay a pair of spectrales, and persons it until they is a state of the speech alluded to good account : such a done the homorable member for Prince Town (Mr. Clark), every issue, and placed the speech alluded to good account : such at east was in (Mr. Mooney's) opinio. Mr. COLES reminded the homorable member for Prince forvice, by different homorable members at nearly the same time bervice, with the non-achie members at nearly the same time structions in from whom each asprate propositions propositions which had been made for the Reported. SOCIETT OF BILLE CHARTIANS.

On motion of the Hon. Mr. COLES, the Bill to incarporate the Society of Bible Christians was read a third time, and passed. SALE OF CROWN LANDS.

Society of Bible Christians was read a third time, and passed. BALE or CROWE LANDS. On motion of Mr. FRASER, the House went into Committee to resume the consideration of the future mode of disposing of the Crown Lands.—Mr. MOONEY in the Chair. Hon. Mr. FOPE, advocated the plan of the fature Sales being conducted by the Keeper of Plans, and taking place in Charlotts-town; whereby a considerable asving would be effected on the fature attained, as by throwing the daty on the aboulders of the Gro-verament, which he considerable asving would be effected on the fat-resume the one of the start of the start of the Gro-verament, which he considerable asving would be be right. Let the price be agreed upon, and make it a binding condition, that all purchasers shall settle down upon the portions they may by : then he would be willing for them to become possessors at the upset price. The Hon. the SPEAKER generally concurred in what had faller togo a little farther. He fully approved of the proposition to dis-pose of the Lands in Charlottelway, particularly as it could not in-convenience the public; for if they purchased on the spot, they would have, of necessity to come to Town on basiness connected with the purchase. Due notice of the Sales should be given by public advertisement, so as to allow fair play to all, and prevent ito tage to be given to the Acadian French, whom he considered should be ascertinined, and laid out, in order that the Government might be earbled to give good title. The Hon. the BFEAKER again spoke on behalf of the Acadians, the original recthamers of much of the Lands from their wildernees state; and who had subsequently reired. From them, thinking their that time. Before any of them is hould receive a preference, they would haver, be bound to make affidavit that they held no lands up the original recthamers of much of the Lands from their wildernees state; and who had subsequently reired. Form them, thinking their that time. Before any of them is hould receive a preference, they would haver,

that time. Before any of them should receive a preference, they should, however, be bound to make affidavit that they held no lands elsawhere. Hen. Mr. POPE said, he could not approve of the latter part of the Hen. Speakers' remarks. The parchaser should be bound to settle on his parchase. A simple affidavit would not be safficient to prevent the Lands from becoming a matter of merchandise and speculation, which must be garded against. He would go so far as to withhold the Deeds of Conveyance, till actual settlement had taken place. These lands are now the property of the public who have paid for them, and thay should not be given sway. The Hon. the SPEAKEE concurred in the proposition of strictly enforcing actual settlement, and weakl composition of strictly enforcing actual settlement, and would composite the property of the Crows. The British Government had done are to have justice dealt out to them. The hand was no longer the property of the Crows. The British Government had done are the Hose, it was their duty to do justy, and parsea a widely different course, from that which had previously been followed an affin the Hose, it was their duty to do justy, and that the Alanghty has looked down with displeasure on the lands in the Hose. The bland is viewed, and the situation of the people the stand, and that the Alanghty has looked down with displeasure on the doings of the farmer Government and the lands of witnessing any material improvement, unleas the present Government went with strong determination into the long-angelected rights of the people. Is (Mr. Davies) despired of witnessing any material improvement, unleas the present Government went with strong determination into the long-angelected rights of the people to hand the flands. The debate now tarned on what should be the upset price of the interest.

different lands. Mr. CLARK strove hard to lower the price, from the propositi

Dr. CLARK streve and to lower the price, from the propositions of other honorable members. Hon. Mr. POPE strongly advocated the policy of retaining pos-session of the lands, if a reasonable price could not be obtained in preference to fooling them away. On motion of the Hen. Mr. COLES, the Chairman reported pro-

gress, and obtained leave to sit again .- Adjourned

TUESDAY 17. AFTERNOON SITTING.

SOCIETY OF BIBLE CHRISTIANS.

SGasette.

he Rev. Ja ist., by the Rev. James Brauy, Point de Roche, to Miss Mary

gfield, on the 19th instant, by the Elemor's, Mr. William Weeks, and daughter of Thomas Haslam,

e 17th inst., by the Rev. Francis Leed, son of the late John M*Leed, daughter of Mr. John M*Pherson,

morning, by the Rev. Mr. Phelan, wn.

td, 10, to Hon. John Jardine, at St. Po-fargaret Jardine, widow, in the Dumfriesshire, Scotland, f small pox, so the 20th Docember wiy of Charlottotown, trader. Mr. to above place, on the first of Oc-

1

22d instant, in the 85th year of William Simpson, Cavendish. The emigrants to this country, having and, in the year 1770. 23d inst., Helen Simpson, relict ndish, aged 85 years and 6 months. othes, Murrayshire, Scotland, and year 1775. rear 1775. 1

tuger. ie, on Thursday, the 19th ormentine England.

se, Raisins, &c. ber, ex Euphemia, from Bor arket rates— CHAIRS, an CHEESE, IDER VINEGAR, LS and BROOMS,

(new fruit.) S. C. HOLMAN,

Store Hend of Pownal Wharf.

TICE. JAMES PURDIE where a paid hat Full in grain or monoy, a respective Accounts before the ill be handed over to an Attern the star

The more spin transmission of the second sec

a received. Short and epirited addresses were then thes been not in motion a reformatory ball that will real jointly and Bonefloority through the length and benefit Common wealth, from New Hampshire to Connectment,

in thisteday | Swil

Island. Whom will you displease by uniting to put down this evil ! answer; The Devil. Ho, knowing that the trade in Rum, &c., &c., has greatly assisted him is peopling his dark domain, will rage furiously, while "he grins horribly a ghastly grin," and perchance will send a reinforcement of fiends to assist those trusty ones, who have had the supervision of the traffic for so long a, time. You may also displease some human beings, but you will be commended by all right-minided and right-hearted men and women.

Hoping that you will be shortly addressed on this momentous subject by much abler persons, I remain your true friend,

Charlottelown, Feb. 23, 1859.

Legislative proceedings.

THURSDAY, 19th. MORNING SITTING.

The appointed for time receiving Petitions being nearly expired, reat number were again presented, none of which were rejected. LIGHT HOUSE AT THE NORTH CAPE.

Hog. Mr. WARREUTON hid before the Bouse, several Des-patches, and other documents, concerning the erection of a Light House at the North Cape, which were ardered to be submitted to a Committee of the whole House on Thursday next. 1

SMALL DEBTS' BILL.

On motion of the Hon. Mr. COLES, the Small Debts' Bill was tend a third time; and on further motion, the Bill was passed. AFTERNOON SITTING.

For ALANDE BILL, and the BILL to provide a sum-edy for SERVICED FEMALES, were read a third time, and ary n

 that y removy are obsorded or an Anny, we read a second time, sub-passed.
 The ACCTRENTS by FIRE BILL, was read a second time, sub-mitted to a Committee, reported agreed to, and ordered to be en-greated.
 Mr. HAVILAND introduced a Bill, to regulate the service of Non-Bailable Process, in cases where Defendants are not within the jariadiction of the Courts of Law of this Island, which was read a first time, and its ascord reading ordered for to-morrow.
 Hen, Mr. POPE moved, that all Politions presented to the House this Session, relative to Roads, Bridger and Whatfs, its referred to this Session, relative to R.

on bed of a not find not

white whether the

HOUSE IN COMMITTEE ON THE REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE, APPOINTED TO REPORT ON EDUCATION.

(Continued.)

Mr. HAVILAND in the Chair.

(Continued.) Mr. HAVILAND in the Chair. The flow, the SPEAKER was not prepared to say, that he could an intermediate the flow of his constituents with regard to the measure, the flow, the SPEAKER was not prepared to say, that he could an intermediate the substituents with regard to the measure, Three of the Petitions which had proceeded from them, were op-protect to additional Land Tax for the support of the contemplated the flow, and two were in favour of it conditionally. That from Lat 18, was in favour of a moderate land-tax of is per 100 acress; and those who possessed no landed property be allowed to escape, and those who possessed no landed property be allowed to escape, and those who possessed no landed property be allowed to escape, and those who possessed no landed property be allowed to escape, and those who possessed no landed property be allowed to escape, and those who possessed no landed property be allowed to escape, and those who possessed no landed property be allowed to escape, and those who possessed no landed property be allowed to escape, and those who possessed no landed property be allowed to escape, and those who possessed no landed property be allowed to escape, and those who possessed no landed property be allowed to escape, and those who possessed no landed property be allowed to escape, and those who possessed to band the same an one of 200 per anomen, they is an of 200 per anomen, they are summarized the payment of 200 per anomen. For the trachers of commended the payment of a Govern-ment perify Salary of 218 and the same amount by their dever-ment yearly Salary of 218 and the same amount and the Govern-ment yearly Salary of 218 and the same amount and the forever-ment yearly Salary of 218 and the same amount and the forever-ment yearly Salary of 218 and the same amount and the forever-ment yearly Salary of 218 and the same amount and would per-top and Tavern Licences; by then, dweat perify or indirectly and concleand is the Petitions which has