Jesus Calls Four Discpiles.

Commentary.—1. Jesus teaching the people (vs. 1, 3).—1, The people pressed. Leaving Nazareth our Lord went to Capernaum and perhaps abode in the house of Peter. The power of his preaching drew crowds, which pressed upon him as he was walking along the white beach which forms the margin on Lake Gennesaret. To hear There was a good prospect for a glorious revival of religion. There were times in the life of our Lord when thousands were anxious to hear the louse of Peter. The power of his preaching drew crowds, which practices the property of th

draught-Let down your nets for the taking of fish. 5. Master— This is the first time that the word here translated master is used in the New Tostament, and it is used only by Luke. The other evangelists call him Rabbi or Lord.—Darnes. Note how familiarly Peter addresses Jesus. Toiled all night—Peter says this to show how unlikely it was that they would catch anything; and it is no doubt reported by Luke to cause the miracio to appear all the more strik-ing. "There were certain kinds of fishing always carried on at night." Thompson. At thy word-No doubt Peter was weary and comewhat discouraged, but he had faith enough in Christ to lead him to go at the direction of his divine Master.

6. Their net brake-"Their nets were breaking."-R. V. There was such a multitude of fishes that a snap in some weak part of the net warned them that they must have assistance or lose the entire "catch." "The miracle was an acted parable, of which the significance is explained in Matthew xiii. 47."—Farrar. 7. heckoned—made signals. The distance evidently being too great for the voice to reach. They came—James and John with their ship. Began to sink—The boats would hardly hold as much as the nets. "By this vast draught of fishes Christ intended, I. To show his dominion in the (Psa. viii. 8). 2. To confirm the been almost exterminated in Cawn-doctrine he had just preached. 3. To gve those who were to be his ambasations. adors to the world a specimen of the success they might expect."—

the success they might expect."—
Henry.

Henry.

III. The disciples astonished (vs. 8)

3). 8 saw—it seems that it was not till Peter saw the boats beginning to sink that he realized the greatness of the miracle. Fell down—The common posture of a supplicant. Depart from me—Peter saw that the same vade the depths of his human heart and know its secret s ns. In his hasty agony as an impure man, and not for any special crime or sin, he almost sinul y prays, but that his soul might be parified to endure the glance of the great Searcher, but that the symmetry of the great Searcher, but that the symmetry of snakes killed for reward was 72,505. For the described withdraw his eye and leave him, alas! in sn.—Whedon. A sinful man—Peter saw himself a very sinful creature. When we get near Christ we will see that in our hands greater that the same and others who did not claim the legal reward. very sinui creature. When we get near Christ we will see that in our all legenerate state we are without moral beauty or holiness. 9. Was astonised—"Was amazed." Human-ity stands "amazed" before the power

IV. Forsaking all for Christ (vs. 10, One Girl's Room Decorated With 11). 10. Sons of Zebedee—The children and wife of Zebedee are often refreed to, but in this transaction only do we meet with Zebedee himself (Mat. iv. 21). Fear not—He calmed their fears and stilled all their true-

do we meet with Zebedee himself (Mat. iv. 21). Fear not—He calmed their fears and stilled all their troubled feetings. From henceforth—He cafter. Catch men—Literally, thou shalt be catching alive. This seems to imply the contrast between the fish that try glittering there in deadheaps, and men who should be captured not for death, but for life.—Cam. Bib.

11. Ships to land—They drew them up on the beach for a final abandonment. Forsook all—Although it was not much which they had to leave, yet it was all they had even all their living. "It was an allusion to this by Peter that called forth the memorable promise of the hundredfold" (Luke Nyii. 28:70 Mark x. 29. 0) Followed Him.—They returned again to their occupation as fishermen after the crucifyion, and were again called to abandon it and devote themselves by a second miraulous draught of Jesus. After Pentecost they never resumed their former secular calleg.

—Willcock.

PRACTICAL SURVEY.

The prople of Gellee were awakting to the fact that a prophet worthly the name was among them. They

were thronging to his ministry. On this memorable morning at the seashore Christ sought a pulpit from which to address the people. The loan of Smon's tout was called for and the request made to push out a little from the thore. Small events are o'ttimes far-reaching in results. The people were listening to the world's greatest preacher, and Simon with his fellows were at the turning point in their lives. John's cry at Jordan, "Behold the Lamb of God," had excited their admiration, but they were now to hear and see what would cause them to leave their nets and seek men.

The commund, Launch out into the deep, was all unexpected, What could

word, "Thou shalt catch mean Even here is a gimple of Pentecost.
The obedient disciples immediately left all to follow such a wondrous Being. Had they left the nets when discouraged at lack of results they mught have been charged with following Chair for gain but reging lowing Christ for gain; but going when the acts were full proved them believers in the majesty of Christ's kingdom. Wesley F. Matthewson.

VICTIM OF WILD BEASTS.

Thousands of Persons Were Slain i Indian Jungles Last Year.

The Indian Government reports chronicle the ract that during 1903 more human beings were killed by wild animals than in any year since 1875, except one, and reached a

wild animals than in any year since 1875, except one, and reached a total of 3,651, while last year it was 2,836, and the number of deaths from snake bite was 23,166.

Tigers killed 1,016 persons, of whom 544 perished in Bengal, sixtybeing in a single district. This was due to the depredations of a man eater, for the distriction of which a special reward was offered, without avail. In another district, says the London Times, where forty-three persons were killed, most of them fell victims also to one man eater. ater

Wolves slew 377 persons last year A campaign was undertaken against these animals in Rohlikhand, and the Allahabad division, and they have been almost exterminated in Cawn-

Eleven thousand, one hundred and thirty deaths took place in Bengal alone from snakebite, 3,528 of these

sportsmen and others velaim the legal reward.

OUEER WALL PAPERS.

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce

Gum 25 cts. bottle.

Cures Coughs

GRAY'S SYRUP does that one thing, and does it well. It's no "cure-all," but a CURE for all throat and lung troubles. GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM stops the irritating tickle—takes away the soreness—sooths and heals the throat—and CURES COUGHS to stay cured.

None the less effective because it is

Detroit Free Press. Mrs. A. (at the 'nhonal—Wait a min-ute till I ask Bridget. If she has no objections I'll be delighted to hunch with you to-morrow. (A moment later): Oh, hello! Mrs. B., yos. I can. Bridget says I can. Isn't it lovely? Thanks, ever so much. Good-by. Mrs. B. (sol loquizing enviously)— What wouldn't I give for a cook like that!

THIS CLIMATE IS 6000 enough for anybody with weak lungs. You can get well here with the help of Aller's Lung Bal-am, taker frequently when coughing, or shortness obreath after exercise is noticed.

Buffalo Commercial.

"Do you not sometimes have soulful yearnings which you long to convey in words, but cannot?" asked the

"Yes, Indeed," replied the young man. "I was once dreadfully anxions to send home for money, and I didn't have the price of a telegram."

Fossil Pills.—The demand is proof of their worth. Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are teating out many fossil formulas at a quarter a box. They're better medicine, easier doses, and 10 cents a vial. A thousand all-ments may arise from a disordered liver. Keen the liver right and you'll not have

Irish Meat for Great Britain During the last six months Ireland sent to Great Britain 148,101 more cattle, 108, 60 more sheep, and only 742 fewer horses than were received from all the rest of the world.

The fellow who wants a soft berth generally has to oust someone else out of it.



Young women may avoid much sickness and pain, says Miss Alma Pratt, if they will only have faith in the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I feel it my duty to tell all young women how much Lydia E. Pinkham's wonderful Vegetable Compound has done for me. I was completely run down, unable to attend school, and did not care for any kind of society, but now I feel like a new person, and have gained seven pounds of flesh in three months.

"I recommend it to all young women who suffer from female weakness."—Miss Alma Pratt, Holly, Mich.

FREE MEDICAL ADVICE TO YOUNG GIRLS. All young girls at this period of life are earnestly invited to write Mrs. Pinkham for advice; she has guided in a motherly way hundreds of young women; her advice is freely and cheerfully given, and her address is Lynn, Mass.

Judging from the letters she is receiving from so many young girls Mrs. Pinkham believes that our girls are often pushed altogether too near the limit of their endurance nowadays in our public schools and seminaries.

Nothing is allowed to interfer with studies, the girl must be pushed to the front and graduated with honor; often physical collapse follows, and it takes years to recover the lost vitality,—often it is never recovered.

A Young Chicago Girl Saved from Despair. "DEAR MRS, PINKHAM: — I wish to thank you for the help and benefit I have received through the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills. When I was about seventeen

years old I suddenly seemed to lose my usual good health and vitality. Father said I studied too hard, but the doctor thought different and prescribed tonics, which I took by the quart without relief. Reading one day in the paper of Mrs. Pinkham's great cures, and finding the symptoms described an-swered mine, I decided I would give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a

trial. I did not say a word to the doctor; I bought it myself, and took it according to directions regularly for two months, and I found that I gradually improved, and that all pains left me, and I was my old self once more. — Lille E. Sinclair.

17 E. 22d St., Chicago Ill."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the one sure remedy to be relied upon at this important period in a young girl's life; with it she can go through with courage and safety the work she must accomplish, and fortify her physical well being so that her future life may be insured against sickness and suffering.

55000 FORFILIT if we cannot forthwith produce the cripical letters and signstures of above technonical, which will prove their absolute gonumeness.

Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Tyno, Mass.

The Markets.

Toronto armers' Markets
Thoughterings of grain on the street to-day were far, with prices as a rule if in. Wheat is unchanged, with sales 1 200 bushels of red winter at 360, and .00 bushels of red winter at 360, and .00 bushels of goose at 75-12-10 of 1-20. Oats are unchanged, with sales of 200 bushels at 33-12-10 340. Barry f.m., 1,500 bushels seling at 46 to 43.

General con. try produce in fair supply, with prices steady. Chickens is good demand at 11 to 120 per ib. Uboke butter, is to 21c. Eggs, new laid, 25 to 400 per dozen.

Hay in moderate supply, with sales of 25 loads at 89 to 311 a ton for timot y, and at 85,050 to \$6 for mx d.

Straw uncina ged, three loads selling at \$9 to \$10. Dressed 18 gs are unchanged at \$6.75 to \$7.25, the latter for light. Folkwing are the quotations; Wheat, white, bush, \$6 to 86%c; do red. bush, \$6 to 86%c; do. spring, bush, \$6 to 88. Eags, new laid bogs, \$6.75 to \$7.25, the conditions; wheat, white, bush, \$6 to 86%c; do red clover, bush, \$5.50 to \$6.25; do. timothy, 103 lbs., \$2.25 to \$3. Apples, bush, \$1 to \$2. Eggs, new laid bogs, \$6.75 to \$7.25, Eggs, new laid bogs \$6 to \$8; do forequarters, \$4 to \$6. do choice, carcase, \$6.70 to \$7; do medium carcase, \$5.50 to \$6. Duesce! hogs, \$6.75 to \$7.25. Lamb yearing, \$7 to \$8. Mutton, per cwt., \$5.50 to \$6.25. Veal, per cwt., \$7 to \$9.

Liverpool Apple Markets. Woodall & Co. cabled Eben James: Thirteen thousand barrels sold, Sound parcels met with strong demand at top figures, Greenings, 15s to 17s; Egldwins, 18s to 24s; Spies, 18s to 22s; Russets, 20s to 26s; Ben Davis, 17s to 22s 6d; seconds, 5s less; Scotlan Reds, 16s to 17s; Greens, 14s to 17s 6d; Russets, 18s to 20s; seconds, 3s less.

Toronto Hog Markets. Toronto dealers report the mar-

ket unchanged, that is, selects \$5.12½ and fats and lights at \$4.37½. Prices at Peterboro' and eastern points during the past week, paid to farmers, have ranged from \$1.90 to \$5 per curt., f.o.b. cars. Leading Wheat Markets.

· Cash. May. New York 92 8-1

Bradstreets on Trade.

Trade is showing a little more activity in some lines at Montreal this week. Sales in number of departments are aftend on this period inst year. Values of staple goods are very firm. One of the leading cotton mills this week issued a new price list, showing advances in the prices of 5 to 10 per cent.

There has been some develorment at Toronto in the demand for agring goods. Orders so far are gen-erally alread of last year. Prices of domestic starle cotton and woolen. goods are firmly held. Cut nails have been reduced 10:. Payments on maturing raper are being well met.

At Quebec, business is much the same as the preceding week. Orders to the week have been numerous. Country rayments are fairly good and the general outlook appears

At Victoria, Vancouver and other British Coumbia centres, there is a steady improvement in the mining catlook and confidence is felt in the lumediate future of the industry. Trace at Winnipeg is fairly active for Januray. It is estimated that the re are 0. 03,000 bushels of wheat in the elevators at the head of Lake Surerior and at Manitoba interior Foints. The outlook for business is

good.

Trade for the string season is dedeveloging nicely at Hamilton, as reported to Bradsticet's. Considerable shipments have already been made to various country trade centres. Reports from travellers indicate that stocks are not heavy, and much buving has yet to be done by the retailers. The advances in the prices of staple dry goods have stimulated the demand in that department of trade. Values generally are steady to firm.

London wholesale trade is very active for this season. The business so far booked for the spring compares well with former seasons at this time.

this time.

The outlook for the string trade at Ottawa is encouraging. The orders since the turn of the year have been coming forward fairly well.

Bank Clearings

Bank clearings for the week ended yesterday at the coar Canadian cities so far reporting are of a mixel character. As compared with the corresponding week of 1903, Toronto clearings showed a failing off of \$263,000 and Montreal a decrease of \$1,024,000. At Winnipeg and this city, however, the week's exchanges ran \$657,000 and \$22,000 respectively ahead of those for the corresponding week of 1903. Winnipeg does not feel the depression in stocks as do the two bigger eastern cities, and, besides, it is the centre at present of the most active forward movement in Canadian settlement and development, and as for Hamilton, it has enjoyed of late a considerable industrial development.

Toronto Lattle Market. Bank clearings for the week end-

Trade for the test cattle was good, but the medium qualities were

but the medium qualities were inclined to be slow.

General lot of exporters, but no straight loads were offered. One choice lot of extra quality 1,380 mm each, changed hands at \$5 per cwt. and a few others sold at \$4.60 per cwt.

Stockers—One year to 2-year-old steers, 400 to 700 lbs. each, are worth \$2.75 to \$8 per cwt.; off-colors and of poor breeding quality of same weights are worth \$2 to

\$2.50 per cwt.
Milch cows—Milch cows and springors are worth \$30 to \$50. ors are worth \$30 to \$50.
Calvos—Calves sold at \$2 to \$10
each, or from \$4 to \$5.50 per cwt.
Sheep—Prices, \$3.50 to \$3.75 per
cwt. for ewes, and bucks at \$2.75

to \$3.00. Lambs—Prices ranged from \$4.60 to \$5 and \$5.25 to \$5.50 cwt., for choice ewes and wethers for export. Hogs—Lest select bacon hogs, not less than 160 lbs. nor more than 200 lbs. each, fed. and watered, are worth \$5.12½ per cwt.; lights and fats at \$4.87½; sows, \$3.50 to \$3.75 per cwt., and stags at \$2.00 to \$2.50 per cwt.

AUSTRIA'S EMPEROR.

For Fifty-five Years Has Ruled an Empire.

Following are the closing quota- Two Emeror of Austria, who, it is tions at important wheat centres said, at it visit the cli country in the to-day:

| Fring is, as to told Lord Methuen, The Emperor of Austria, who, it is string is, as te told Lord Methuen, indeed an old man for the rigors of travel He has outlived by three years the aliotted span of man, and or to years has ruled an emp re H s inauguration as Emperor of Austria took place this month in 1858; his coronation as Arostolic King of Hungary followed mneteen years later. Whatever the force of the say-ing, "Uneasy lies the head that wears c. crown," as applied in its meta-pi orical sense to the Kaiser, Tran-cic Lees he it toos not apply liter. cis Joseth, it does not apply literally. Perhaps the two most famous crowns in the world are those of the Emperor Joseph, but he wears leither. It were the cruellest tyranneither. It were the cruellest tyranny to expect him to support that of
Austria It weighs 14 ibs., and is
generally known as the Crown of
Charlemagne. In reality it is notaing of the sort, but is composed of
severat crowns relating to various
erocles. It is the chief treasure of
Vienna. But that of Hangary is more
remarkable still. It is the crown of
Str Stephen, and in its thousand
years history has been seen only at
a change of ruler. It is never touched by any but consecrated hands, never seen but by those who witness its descent on the head of an anointet King; never spoken of without the speaker raising his hat. Immediate-is the Coronation service, for which it has been brought to light is, con-cluded, it is bricked up and watched day and night by sentries, who per-form ceaseless vigil before its sanc-tuary; to Hungarians their crown is the most sacred object in the world.

> The management of the Pullman Company in controversion of the recent criticisms of the sanitary Company in controversion of the recent criticisms of the sanitary condition of their cars, has sent out this statement of just what the process of cleaning a Pullman car is: As soon as a Pullman car arrives at its destination it is entirely stripped, the carpets are beaten and aired and the interior of the car is thoroughly scrubbed with soap and water. The blankets are taken out of the car and are thoroughly blown out with compressed air at a 90-pound pressure. It is impracticable to wash them after every trip, but they go to the laundry several times a year, which is oftener than is the case with hotel blankets. All linen is renewed each trip. Every case of sickness in a car, however trivial is collowed by the antiscptic cleansing of the section occupied by the sick person and the entire car is sprayed with formaldehyde. As a further sanitary precaution in the newer cars of the compuny, purely decorative drappries are being omitted, and the necessary ones, such as better curtains, are being made

Bow a Pullma" Car is Cleaned

Receipts of live stocks were 27 cardonic common quality. There were new loads of grood to choice cattle, but the bulk of offerings were of medium to common quality. The supply was equal to the demand.