

### THE YORKTON SEED FAIR.

The Yorkton Agricultural Society held its first seed grain fair in the Town Hall here on 28th. February. In Red Fye wheat their were eight competitors, 1st. going to John Hourie; 2nd. F. W. Bull; 3rd. R. Kousay. The first prize wheat weighed 63 pounds to the bushel, 2nd. 63, and 3rd. 62. These three exhibits represented 9,000 bushels of seed. Wheat (any other variety), 2nd. prize, A. Waterfield; 3rd. A. P. Simpson representing 1,700 bushels of seed. Contest in white oats was keen, there being eight entries. 1st. W. K. Cowan, weight 44 1/2 pounds to the bushel. 2nd. F. W. Bull, 42 1/2 pounds to the bushel, 3rd. John Polick, 43 1/2 pounds to the bushel. The heaviest sample in this class was shown by W. Simpson, Jr. of Wallace, which weighed 45 1/2 pounds to the bushel and was turned down on account of it containing wild oats. This was the heaviest sample weighed by the judges at any seed fair this season, and samples above mentioned represented 24,000 bushels of seed. There were four entries in barley. 1st. A. P. Simpson, weight, 52 1/2 pounds to the bushel; 2nd. W. D. Brown, 45 pounds to the bushel, representing 400 bushels of seed. A great number of exhibits were thrown out on account of their being affected with wild oats. Geo. Mawson of Wallace exhibited a magnificent sample of white hullless barley, the best the writer has ever seen, and W. D. Dunlop of Yorkton exhibited 1 bushel of rye grass seed. The crop from which it was threshed made five tons of hay to the acre and is a partial solution to the provender question, which must be considered by our farmers within a very few years. The afternoon meeting was a decided success. The speakers were Messrs McFayden and Reedy, their subjects being clean seed and soil cultivation respectively. The addresses called forth a good deal of criticism and discussion, taken part in by Messrs Mawson, Reid, Clark, Hourie, Chrysler and others. The directors of the society are to be congratulated on the successful outcome of the first fair of the kind held here.

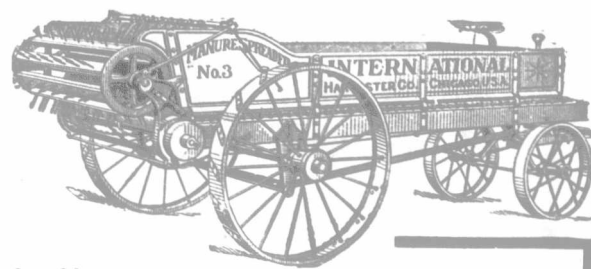
### RE SALARIES OF RURAL POSTMASTERS.

EDITOR FARMER'S ADVOCATE:

I notice in your issue of February 27 an article under the title of "Canada's Experimental Postmasters" in which you criticise the order from the Postmaster General that newspapers be folded quarter size. This order I believe is issued by virtue of a request from the Postmaster's Association. The Postmasters object to the work of folding the papers preparatory to placing them in the post office boxes. I think the postmasters are justified in asking to have the papers folded to quarter size, as it simplifies the work of the postmasters very much. I do not think, however, that the FARMER'S ADVOCATE is in any way difficult to handle, as it rolls up very easily and naturally, and its size does not make any inconvenience. It is not classed as one of the offenders in my office. The Winnipeg papers, generally speaking, are very free from objection, as all the important ones are folded to quarter size. I thank you on behalf of the postmasters for your contention that the Post Office Department pays the local postmasters scandalously low salaries. That is the feeling of the postmasters throughout the whole Dominion, and it is to remedy that and other matters that the Association of postmasters was organized. The postmasters throughout this province will be glad to know that the FARMER'S ADVOCATE is on the side of the very much underpaid country postmasters. The only requests that I know of the committee of the Postmasters' Association making to the Department with respect to the newspapers was one with respect to the folding of the newspapers and another with respect to the address tag. We asked the Department to insist on the name tag being so prominent that we could see it without a magnifying glass, and so placed that we could find it without a search warrant.

POSTMASTER

## These Are Facts It Pays To Remember When You Buy a Manure Spreader.



**I. H. C. SPREADERS—Corn King and Cloverleaf**—one lever controls every operation. Operator can remain seated from time he leaves the barnyard until he returns.

Self-adjusting, vibrating rake levels the load and brings the manure up squarely to the cylinder.

Cylinder is large and runs easily, and the teeth are long, square, high carbon steel.

Apron is equipped with three sets of rollers attached to slats, running on steel tracks. Is driven from both sides and cannot bind.

Apron drive clutch is automatically thrown out of gear when load is fed out and again when apron has returned. No attention required.

Range of feed is three to thirty tons per acre with ten speeds.

Ends of apron slats are protected so that no manure can work in and bind or clamp the apron.

Driving axle is extra large—made of cold-rolled steel.

Front axle is attached to frame by means of ball and socket joint.

Chain drive, direct from rear axle to cylinder, gives easy transmission of power.

The wheels are steel with staggered spokes. Both rear wheels are fitted with lugs, affording ample traction in wet or frozen fields.

Seat is hinged so it can be turned forward and kept clean while loading.

Box is attached to frame by means of heavy steel cleats.

Frame is made of carefully selected lumber re-enforced at corners by metal braces.

That's a good deal to say of a manure spreader, and yet that is by no means all you should know about I. H. C. Corn King and Cloverleaf Spreaders before you buy.

Those are the main points, and they are sufficient to indicate the superiority of the I. H. C. line. They tell you not to buy a spreader until you have seen the Corn King and Cloverleaf Spreaders.

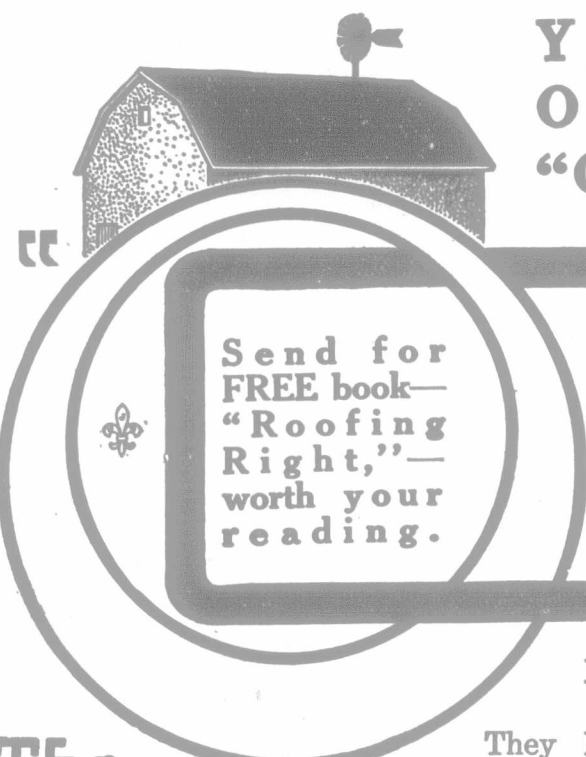
The key-note in the I. H. C. line is strength and simplicity of construction. Strength in every part means much, for a manure spreader has hard work to do. Simple construction means that it will not get out of order, that it will have light draft and be easily operated. Those are the things you want in a manure spreader.

I. H. C. spreaders are made in two styles, Cloverleaf, an Endless Apron machine, and Corn King, a Return Apron machine; each is made in three sizes.

Call on our local agent or write nearest branch house for catalogue.

CANADIAN BRANCHES: Calgary, London, Montreal, Ottawa, Regina, St. John, Toronto, Winnipeg.  
INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY OF AMERICA, CHICAGO, U. S. A.  
(INCORPORATED)

## Your Grandsons Will Be Old Men Before This "Oshawa" Roof Wears Out



Send for FREE book—"Roofing Right,"—worth your reading.

Roof your buildings with "Oshawa" Galvanized Steel Shingles this year, and that will be a GOOD roof in 2007. We will give you a written guarantee, backed by \$250,000, that such a roof, properly put on, will need no repairs and no painting for at least twenty-five years.

### SHAWA GALVANIZED STEEL SHINGLES

make roofs water-tight, wind-proof, weather-proof, rust-proof, fire-proof for a century,—our plain guarantee keeps it so for 25 years without a cent of cost to the man who buys it.

Made in ONE QUALITY ONLY,—of 28-gauge, semi-hardened STEEL double-galvanized

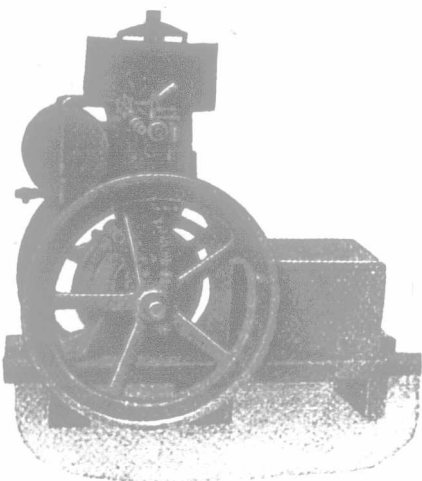
The Pedlar People of Oshawa

Get the facts before you roof a thing.

They lock on all FOUR sides—the ONLY METAL shingle that need NO CLEATS. Easy to put on—a hammer and a snips (tinners' shears) are tools enough. Cost LESS and last longer than any other roof. Tell us the surface area of any roof on your place and we will tell you exactly what it will cost to roof it right.

Montreal 321-3 Craig St. W. Toronto 11 Colborne St. Ottawa 423 Sussex St. London 60 Dundas St. Winnipeg 76 Lombard St. Vancouver 615 Pender St. 208

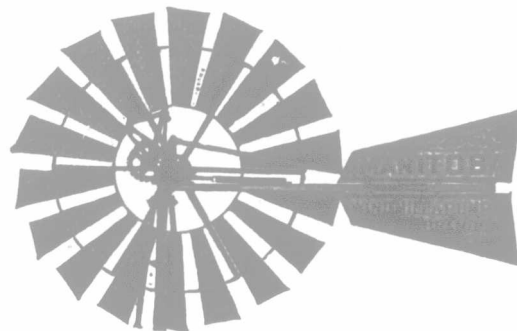
## THE TEST OF EXPERIENCE proves the strength and efficiency of THE MANITOBA WINDMILL AND THE MANITOBA GASOLINE ENGINE



We are constantly receiving letters which bear testimony to the good work done by these machines.

WRITE FOR CATALOG

It's quality that counts—ours is a QUALITY PRODUCT



Manitoba Windmill and Pump Co. Ltd.

Manufacturers, Box 301, BRANDON, Man.