

will be need for "both specialized administrative machinery capable of taking immediate decisions, and machinery for the general exchange of views on objectives and methods of approach."

It is for this second function that the ILO is considered peculiarly appropriate, as being representative of large sections of the world's population, and because of the fact that the delegates are representatives of "organized social forces having a real stake in the questions of social policy under consideration."

In a comprehensive survey of a possible program of action in the social field for the next five years, the ILO draws attention to the following problems: the organization of employment from war to peace; social security; wage policy; freedom of association and collective bargaining; housing and rebuilding programs; building standards for factories; model safety codes for industry; industrial health; education and vocational opportunity; the maritime work of the ILO; the agricultural work of the ILO; agrarian policy and unemployment; social policy in Axis countries occupied by the United Nations; restoration of economic activity and international trade; professional workers; migration; international comparisons of living costs and standards; relationship between international investment and standards of living; and minimum standards of social policy in dependent territories in regard to such matters as slavery and forced labour, land policy, health, housing, social security, prohibition of color bars, employment of women and children, wages, hours, holidays, industrial and co-operative organization.