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Canadian Courier

THE NATIONAL WEEKLY



VOL. 5

Toronto, May 29th, 1909

No. 26

MEN OF TO-DAY

A Multifarious Mind

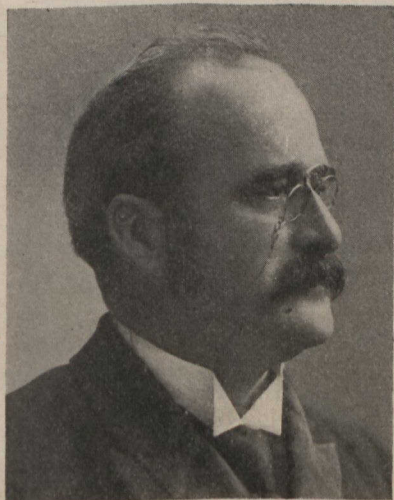
DR. ANDREW MACPHAIL—rather a “hoot-mon” name—has perhaps one of the most restless constructive minds in Canada. The Doctor is well known to the educational fraternity as the editor of the *University Magazine*. But that is merely one of the diversions in his day’s work. Dr. Macphail follows the good old Scotch science of medicine. But he has written essays and books enough to entitle him to a place in “belles lettres.” Latterly he has been inquiring into what British diplomacy has done for Canada. He has also written on Protection and Politics, the Psychology of Canada, the Patience of England—all of which are part of his book “*Essays in Politics*.” One of his earlier two books was “*Essays in Puritanism*”—which was not sombre but humorous. He has also written a novel. The novel was the outcome of the Doctor’s membership in the Pen and Pencil Club of Montreal. He is now said to be engaged on “*Essays in Fallacy*,” in which he will deal with the American woman—whom he has been investigating; as well as other subjects. In fact Dr. Macphail’s intellect is quite as omni-active as that of his confrere Professor Stephen Leacock.

Dr. Macphail was born in Prince Edward Island. That was a mere accident. His paternal grandfather was shipwrecked on the Island—when he came out from Aberdeen in a sailing vessel; being bound for Montreal. All the elder Macphail had with which to begin citizenship in Canada was a spinning-wheel and a copy of Horace. These must have been prophetic; the Horace of the satire which edged so many of the grandson’s writings; the wheel of restless activity. But there was scholarship in the Macphail blood. Seven of the Macphails are University graduates. Twenty-five years ago the Doctor entered McGill University. Seven years later he was a bachelor of arts and a doctor of medicine. But in that seven years he was a mental hustler; won a prize for an essay in defence of vivisection; wrote for American publications—amassing enough extra to take him off globe-trotting for two years, whence he picked up much; studied at the London Hospital and became a member of the Royal College of Surgeons; went to Spain, Italy, Egypt, China and Japan; and he came back across the Pacific via C. P. R. to Montreal again, where he began to practise medicine. He became professor of pathology in Bishop’s University College; and after ten years, when that medical faculty was incorporated into McGill he became professor of the history of medicine.

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An Investigating Judge

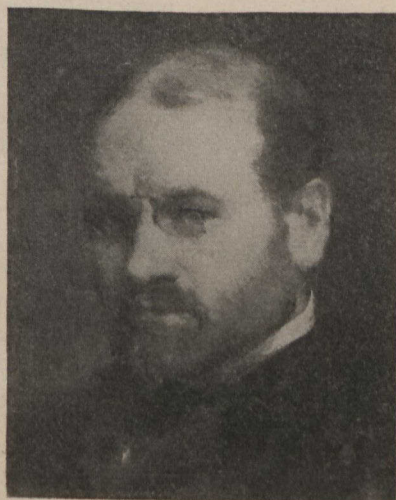
THE man who is trying to discover how bad municipal affairs may have become in Montreal is Judge Cannon. He may be no relation to Hercules who had a few labours of that kind to perform in his time, but he has work cut out that will last him some little while. Montreal is big enough and old enough to be able to stand a little house-cleaning at this season of the year. There have been mutterings and premonitions of this for some years now. Once a certain Toronto newspaper cast some reflections on the municipal council of Canada’s greatest seaport. The newspaper got into trouble. Just the other day another Toronto editor made some acrid and pungent remarks about the “bigness” of the Montreal Council. At present however Judge Cannon is supposed to know



Judge L. J. Cannon,
Investigator Montreal Civic Affairs.



Colonel E. A. Cruikshank,
Historian and Soldier.



Dr. Andrew Macphail,
Editor *University Magazine*.



Lt.-Col. Logie,
Who succeeds Col., the Hon. J. M. Gibson

more about what’s what and who’s who in that city than anybody else. He was born in Quebec in 1852—son of L. A. Cannon, City Clerk of Quebec; educated at Quebec Seminary and Laval University, from which he obtained the degree of LL.B. and LL.D. In 1874 he began to practise law in Arthabaskville, the native place of Sir Wilfrid Laurier; and for twenty-six years—until 1891—he remained in that capacity. In the latter year he was made assistant attorney-general for Quebec, and the following year was Dominion Liberal candidate for Drummond and Arthabaska. In 1897 he was counsel for the Province in the Fisheries case before the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council.

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A Military Pen Man

COL. CRUICKSHANK has gone West to take charge of Middle District No. 13, stationed at Calgary. This is a long way from the scene of most of the Colonel’s interest—for that was mainly along the Canadian frontier north of the great lakes. As a military writer he has done more to place on record the memorable and eventful tales of the frontier wars than any other living—or probably dead man. He has written almost a score of articles and books about the war of 1812. His chief business in life has been indeed with the quill rather than the gun; but he is good at both. As a civilian he was a newspaper man; hence his writing; though the choice of a war subject must be set down to his love of the battlefield. He was born in the Township of Bertie in the County of Welland, not very far from many of the scenes which he has portrayed in his writings. He was educated partly at St. Thomas, but entered Upper Canada College. In civil life he managed to accumulate not a few honours. He was Reeve of Fort Erie, and Warden of Welland County; Inspector of the Fort Erie House of Industry and Clerk of Division Court.

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Hamilton’s Chief Militia Officer

WHEN Colonel Gibson was transferred to Government House, Toronto, it was necessary to provide the Hamilton Infantry Brigade (15th) with a new commanding officer. The honour has fallen to Lieut.-Col. William Alexander Logie, who was the first commandant of the 91st Highlanders. Lieut.-Col. Logie is a barrister by profession, a graduate of Queen’s University, gold medallist in classics and Prince of Wales prizeman. He served with the 14th P. W. O. R., Kingston, as a private when an undergraduate. When he began to practice in Hamilton he became a private in the 13th. From the ranks to command of a brigade is a long step, but Lieut.-Col. Logie seems to have compassed it without difficulty. He is entitled to wear the Colonial Auxiliary Forces Long Service Medal and the Kindred Long Service Decoration for officers.

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Publicist, Financier, Sportsman

LIEUT.-COL. the Hon. J. S. Hendrie, M.P.P., inherits his business ability and his love of horses, but to a large extent his public life has been of his own making. A member of Ontario’s Hydro Electric Commission he has given much time to the public’s interests. As one of the owners of the Valley Farm Stables, which bred and trained “Shimonese” to win the Fiftieth King’s Plate, he has added to his bay leaves. His portrait on page nine shows him to be as handsome as a sportsman and cabinet minister should be. It is not often that any man other than Mr. Seagram wins this race.