

suggesting that he should come out to him, but the answer was practically "don't come and don't write so often, as correspondence worries me." The case will likely take up the rest of the week.

## THE HIGH SCHOOL STAFF

### Remaining Two Masters Were Named by School Board Last Night.

### Proposition to Introduce Tonic So-Fa System of Music in the City Schools.

The school trustees met last night and after disposing of a number of matters completed the faculty of the new collegiate institute, as the high school is now called. Chairman Hayward presided. Trustees Lord, Saunders and Glover were present.

From our own correspondent. Ottawa, July 23.—Parliament was postponed to-day by Lord Aberdeen. One telegraph to the Times about all that I could read as to the ceremony connected with prorogation. It was the same today as it was at Confederation, same today as the innovation which Lord Aberdeen has introduced in having positions attached to the vice-regal earlships on the run to and from Rideau Hall. The attendance at the closing ceremonies is never so large as at the opening, nevertheless there was a goodly number present to-day. There was a band from Nepentus and a mounted escort from Rideau Hall, the guard of honor at the main entrance to the buildings, and above all the scene of youth, gaiety and beauty in the senate chamber. Although always the same and carried out to an almost painful exactness as far as detail is concerned, it is nevertheless an enjoyable sight. Lord Aberdeen arrived from Kingsmere, in the Chelsea mountains, where he has been summering, to attend to the opening. He is attending to his duties for Halifax, and upon his return will probably go back for a short time to Kingsmere.

The session which has just closed has been 130 days long. Of these the committee has been engaged during the dying days of the session. Let me now point out some of the bills which were among the slaughtered innocents. There was a bill introduced by Mr. Thompson to make better provision for the judges of the Supreme court, and Mr. Haggart's bill to enable railway companies to have a better check on their conductors. Both bills met with strong opposition from the other side of the street, so that they had to be dropped. The government, however, expressed their determination to go on with the next session. Then there was the bill which had the act respecting the incorporation and regulation of joint stock companies. In all four government bills were dropped. There were 22 private bills which reached a second reading and one bill, to reduce from 12 to 7 the number of grand jurors necessary to find a verdict in the province of Ontario, which reached a third reading, but which was not passed.

Nearly five million dollars was voted away for railway resolutions. We are told that the revenue is declining, that the deficit is increasing, and that the government must do something to vote away nearly five million dollars towards assisting railway enterprises of a doubtful character. A few political wire pullers, who are being fed by the government, they next secure the promise of a subsidy and they look about for buyers who, for a price, take the road off their hands. They then set to work to see where another road can be worked in a similar manner, and they go to the government and find some justification for voting a subsidy. These railway subsidies in one way or another prove a powerful lever for the government about election time.

When a subsidy resolution was before the house on Thursday Mr. Laurier moved an amendment that before the money was paid to the railway company the auditor-general should investigate the accounts and also that a system of audits should be introduced to see that there was no crooked work after the subsidies had been paid. Sir John Thompson opposed this motion and he called on his majority to vote it down. "No; this amendment was introduced by the Conservatives, and it is a system of dealing between the government and the railway corporations or contractors who are often very generous in responding to the government calls about election time."

The Conservative majority by vote in the house have declared the government not responsible for the squandering of some \$250,000 on this celebrated work. Mr. Haggart is trying to throw the responsibility on the friends of the minister of public works, Mr. Oimet, while the latter holds that Haggart and his department should be held responsible. When I state that there is a family quarrel between these two members of the cabinet, it is not surprising that he believes to be a fact. Subsequent developments will establish that this is correct. There is an interesting little fight going on just now in ministerial circles. The Conservatives of Ontario were in arms over the way they have been disgraced by the Quebec Tories. They say that they had hardly got through defending the government in the McCreary-Connelley-Langevin scandal before they were asked to stick by the government in enacting there had been no crooked work in connection with the Curran Bridge job, and it did not end there. They had to declare that they had acted straight and not forfeited his seat in parliament. Then they had to whitewash Caron and his friends. Is it a wonder there should be some kicking?

No stronger evidence of the discord that prevails in the cabinet could be afforded than the scene that took place in the senate on Thursday last between Sir Frank Smith and Minister Angers. The latter had charge of a government amendment. He proposed an amendment that had been moved in the commons by Sir John Thompson. Sir Frank, who is always a member of the cabinet, without portfolio, opposed it. Minister Angers saw Sir Frank that the amendment would not pass. Mr. Angers' amendment, telling his colleagues that he had only one leader. The amendment was, however, moved by Angers, but it was defeated. On the bill relating to the senate Sir John Thompson said that he would not insist on his

## WORK OF THE SESSION.

### The Faculty With Which Parliament Votes Great Favor for Railway Subsidies.

### Members of the Cabinet Who do Not Dwell Together in Peace and Unity.

amendment and thereby added another backdoor to the numerous ones recorded against the government this session. SLABTOWN.

### ANXIOUS FOR PEACE.

### British Government Wants Cleveland's Offer to Mediate, Accepted.

London, July 23.—The special cabinet council summoned last night for the consideration of the eastern question met this morning. The cables were burdened all night with long government dispatches. The Chinese minister received a dispatch from Tientsin at five o'clock this morning, which caused him to summon Minister Halliday McCartney an hour later. Both gentlemen were closeted with Lord Kimberley long before his usual office hours. Lord Rosebery then consulted with the foreign secretary, and several hours during the middle of the day. The American cable was almost monopolized with urgent messages between the state department at Washington and the British foreign office. They carried an arrangement whereby the Japanese say the transport Kow Shang was sunk while trying to escape. The Chinese say that the Kow Shang, though offering no resistance, was blown up. They also say that the Chinese warship Cheuen ran away, and assert that the officers of the vessels merely followed instructions. Chinese warships are protecting the transports, and have succeeded in getting them all safely to their destination except the Kow Shang. The Chinese fleet has been ordered to remain on the coast pending the development of Chinese movements.

San Francisco, July 30.—The steamer Gaelic arrived from Hongkong and Yokohama shortly before midnight last night, but brought no later advices than the Empress of Japan, which arrived at Victoria last Friday. The Globe characterizes the sinking of the Kow Shang as "a piece of barbaric butchery." The paper declares a prize crew should have been placed on the Shang and the vessel conveyed to some Japanese port, instead of a Shanghai dispatch states that it is reported that several Chinese steamers destroyed the Japanese warships blockading Taku.

Washington, D. C., July 30.—Retiring Japanese Minister Taniwa paid a farewell visit to the president to-day. He will leave to-morrow for San Francisco.

### UNIFICATION OF LABOR.

### Effort to Consolidate All Labor Organizations Under One Head.

Philadelphia, July 30.—The movement for a unification of the great labor organizations of the country, which was projected by the American Railway Union in this city some month ago under the auspices of Joseph R. Buchanan, the well known labor writer and advocate, has received an impetus from the recent visit of the Chinese minister to Washington. Taniwa paid a farewell visit to the president to-day. He will leave to-morrow for San Francisco.

### REHABILITATED CARGO.

### An Immense Shipment Taken from New Zealand to London.

The steamship Perthshire, which recently arrived in London, has brought from Australia and New Zealand the cargo of refrigerated goods ever imported. The cargo consists of 70,000 carcasses of sheep, 9,000 hams, 9,000 cases of 500 tons of frozen beef, 750 cases of butter, 150 bags of wool, and 100 bags of oatmeal and sundries. The holds have sufficient capacity to have accommodated 12,000 more carcasses of sheep. The shipment is an interesting one, says the London Engineer, as it is the first time that meat has been brought to England from Australia or New Zealand by means of an ammonia machine, and the excellent quality of the goods, as certified by the consignees, is sufficient evidence of the success of the Lynde machines, by which the holds were cooled. Until recently only cold air machines were used, occupying far less space and applying the cold in a much more efficient manner, besides greatly reducing the consumption of steam. The plant on the Perthshire consists of two independent refrigerating machines, each machine consisting of a compound ammonia compressor and an ammonia condenser combined on one bed plate, with a compound steam engine. The refrigerant consists of a series of coils of wrought iron tubes, wound in a compact spiral, and connected by means of a wrought iron tubing in the installation. The air is circulated by means of fans, which draw the warm air from the holds, pass it over the refrigerating coils and returns it to the holds through suitable trunks. It is claimed for this system that the air is delivered into the holds pure, dry and free from snow or mold. There are no pipes in the hold whatever. The active circulation of air thus insured enables the temperature to be kept extremely even. The variation between different parts of the hold does not exceed about five degrees Fahrenheit.

## MORE FIGHTING REPORTED

### Japanese Fleet Blockading Taku Said to Have Been Destroyed by Chinese.

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### THE TRIUMPH NEARLY LOST

### Narrow Escape From Going on the Rocks in Akutan Pass—Lost Four Anchors.

The collier Willamette arrived here this morning, seven days from Unalaska. She went north with a cargo of coal for the vessels in the United States Behring Sea patrol, and discharged at Unalaska, where she had been for a month past. She did not make a stop here, going right on to Nainaimo and Comox, but Dr. Emmons, one of the passengers, managed to get ashore in the middle of the night. He is now at Seattle, and is on his way to Seattle. He was seen this afternoon by a Times reporter, and said:

"We had a very pleasant run from Unalaska, and but for the giving out of one of the boilers of the steamer would have been here yesterday morning. We were making twelve knots before the mishap, but of course had to slow down. The boiler which received the blow, was the No. 2, and was of the type of the Triumph, Beatrice, Ainoko, and three other British sealers, one of which was the Walter L. Rich, I believe, were in port. They were all ready to get away this morning, but the boiler of the Willamette gave out at 12 o'clock on Wednesday morning. They are nearly all going about 120 miles to the westward of St. Paul Island, where seals are said to be very plentiful. The reports received from the Willamette indicate that there will not be many seals at the Behring straits this year, and it is doubtful if the Commercial Company can kill as many seals as the sealers or as permitted by the whaler California, which arrived at Unalaska on July 20 from the Asiatic side. She ran through here after her most, of which appeared to be going to the Russian islands. The Collier had five sperm and one bone whale, and appears to have done better than any of the fleet, so far as reported. Some of the whales are back from the Arctic within a single whaling. The whaler William is being held at Unalaska to await the arrival of a British man-of-war. She was, as has been stated, seized for an infraction of the regulations. I suppose they will give her over to the custody of H. M. S. Phœnix."

### AMERICAN NEWS.

### How Some of the Citizens of the Republic Spent the Day.

Columbus, Ind., July 30.—Dr. C. Beck was visiting his sweetheart, Miss Grace Cohee, at Newborn last night, when she took it into her head to frighten him by playing ghost. She left him in the verandah, saying she was going for a drink. She threw a sheet over her head and came upon him suddenly from around the house. Dr. Beck drew his revolver and called on the figure to stop. He called three times, but the girl stopped him not. Then the doctor shot twice. One ball entered Miss Cohee's abdomen and another entered her leg. She will probably die.

Little Rock, Ark., July 30.—Jesse Johns, 18 years old, a member of a prominent and influential family in Indiana, owes his escape from the gallows to the uncertainty of a commutation of the judge's charge. Johns was charged with the murder of two brothers named Hibdon, with whom he travelled through Arkansas. They camped at night on February 13th in an unoccupied house. Next morning the charred bodies of the Hibdon brothers alone remained. On April 9th Johns was sentenced to death. A stay was secured pending an appeal. The opinion of the supreme court, which came in Saturday, points out that owing to the misplacement of a comma in the judge's charge the jury appears to have made an error. There is dissenting opinion, but Johns' neck is saved.

Moscow, Ala., July 30.—Forty young men were swimming in the Tombigbee river, when Walter and Hinton Wright, brought James Whitehead, and held him under the water until he was drowned. Walter Wright and Whitehead were in love with the same girl, who had discarded Wright for Whitehead. The Wright boys are in jail for murder.

San Francisco, July 30.—A severe earthquake shock was felt in Los Angeles, Mojave and Santa Ana last night. No damage is reported.

New York, July 30.—During a squall last night a yacht capsized in the Hudson river off Hastings. Three persons were drowned.

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## AT THE SHRINE OF ST. ANNE

### Miraculous Cures Reported by Returning American and Canadian Pilgrims.

Quebec, July 30.—Pilgrims from Ontario and the United States returned to this city from the shrine of La Bonne Ste. Anne report a series of miraculous cures during the religious celebration there in honor of the festival of the saint. St. Anne's day always witnesses immense numbers of pilgrims at the shrine, although organized pilgrimages are discouraged for the 26th of July for the church would be over-crowded. Numbers of the Peterboro, Ont., pilgrims who arrived on Tuesday remained over, however, and on Wednesday witnessed the arrival of several hundreds of pilgrims from the United States and Canada, all wearing a blue and gold badge. Very pitiful was the condition of some of the pilgrims who pressed forward to communicate or to venerate the relic yesterday, and great indeed was the sensation as various cures were reported. David McLean has been completely crippled and unable to walk or even stand for four years. Since May he has lived at St. Anne's, close to the church. McLean sits on a wheel chair, which he propels with his hands. He spends most of his time in church, and for days past has assured his friends he would be cured yesterday. Immediately after communicating he made an effort to stand and rose to his feet. He stepped forward a few feet, but was exhausted, and sat down again. In the afternoon after venerating the principal relic of the saint, he again got up and walked stronger than before, and expressed strong faith in an early and permanent cure.

### THE GERMAN EMPIRE.

### Excessive Heat Throughout the Empire—Socialist Meetings.

Berlin, July 28.—The heat throughout Germany has been intense, causing much suffering, and many sunstrokes have been the result. Outdoor work has often been suspended, and complete idleness prevails in this city to-day. Everyone who is able to do so has left town, and those who remain are sweltering in the torrid atmosphere.

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## PART 1.

"king of kings." One of this dynasty, a certain Pullman, is at the bottom of the present strike-war in the United States, and assuredly no caliph of Bagdad ever treated his subjects' repeated complacency and representations with more supreme indifference and contempt than has he of his employees. Nine times has he been supplicated to submit the points in dispute to arbitration, and nine times has he laughed his petitioners to scorn. Living in a delightful summer palace on Alexandria Bay, on the St. Lawrence, remote from the centre of disturbance and beyond the reach of personal danger, he sets a strong guard over his winter palace at Chicago, and then coolly summons to his support the entire police and military force of the republic, state and federal, and with more or less alacrity they obey him. Mammon nods his head on his throne, and his vast dominions are shaken from centre to circumference. Never did the world see such a spectacle of irresponsibility as the "Crow" and his associates may boast himself president of the United States, but the Mayor of the Palace, whom he and all his satellites, great and small, must obey, is George M. Pullman. There is no "mystery and magic" any more at the end of the beginning. The republic of the United States is essentially a private property protective association. The fell handiwork of rent-monger, interest-monger and profit-monger is everywhere visible to such an extent that it is calculated that one per cent of the population owns seventy per cent of the entire wealth of the United States, while the "mystery and magic" is left to scramble for the remaining twenty-nine per cent. So overrun is the land with mortgages on every hand that if the ancient Greek plan of recording them by the erection of stone tablets were had recourse to the United States would appear something like a vast cemetery. Between the mortgagee on the one hand and the bonanza farmer on the other, the once splendid prairie-monger country is being rapidly squeezed to death. Humboldt declared that the valley of the Mississippi alone could easily be made to feed all Europe, and now paradises of paradises is discovered that America is over populated, and the stream of emigration which so long flowed from the shores of the old world to the new has begun to flow back again with a steady current. Already the inflow exceeds the out-flow by sixteen per cent.

"Our American brethren have a terribly hard row to hoe, but they may be trusted, if any man can, somehow to work out their own salvation, and it may also be that of the European people. Christendom is wisely waiting for the social mot d'ordre, and if it is destined to come from the other side of the Atlantic, I for one will gladly concede to them the honor of hegemony."

### MORTON FOR GOVERNOR.

The Ex-Vice-President Anxious to Mingle in the Fray of Politics.

Saratoga, N. Y., July 30.—Ex-Secretary of the Navy, Tracy, who is a guest at the United States hotel, has received information regarding Hon. Levi P. Morton, which will interest Republicans generally. Ex-Secretary Tracy's information dispels all doubt about Mr. Morton's inclination to be a candidate for governor. Not only is he willing to run if he is nominated, but he is anxious to be here once more and to mingle in the fray. He has therefore arranged to sail for New York in a steamer which will reach that city about September 1st.

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"When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria." When she was a Child, she clung to Castoria. When she became a Woman, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

All cases of Cholera, Typhoid, and other diseases relieved in 30 minutes and cured by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. One dose convalesces. Sold by Geo. Morrison.