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CONTENTS

1	Security Indexes
Reply to Khrushchov	A 1 T
South African Envoy Visits P.M	Labour Income
Wholesale Price Index	Naval Inventor Rewarded5
Eastern Arctic Patrol	Federal Employees in Ottawa 5
astern Arctic Patrol	U.S. Editors Tour Ontario
Trade Pact Ratified	
Buffalo Hunt 3	Municipal Finance 5
Soya Support4	New Peace River Bridge
Forest Fires Reported4	Highest COTC Profit ' 6
July 1 in Sinai	
Pi A	June Price Index
Electric Energy4	The eterogery besives and the target the

Interest Nations on Secretary 18, To WHRUSHCHOV TO KHRUSHCHOV TO VOICE WAS SECRETARY OF WHICH TO WHEELE AND TO WHE

On July 2, Prime Minister Diefenbaker made Public his letter to Nikita Khrushchov, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the U.S.S.R., in reply to Mr. Khrushchov's message dated June 27, 1960, concerning the recent breakdown of disarmament negotiations at Geneva. The text follows:

"Ottawa, June 30, 1960.

His Excellency Nikita S. Khrushchov, Chairman of the Council of Ministers, The Kremlin, Moscow, U.S.S.R.

Dear Mr. Chairman:

I have received your letter of June 27 announcing the decision of your Government to discontinue its participation in the work of the Ten-Nation Disarmament Committee. The action of the Soviet delegation and the delegations of Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, Poland, and Roumania in leaving the Committee without warning gives cause for serious regret and concern. I find these developments deeply disquieting.

At the outset, let me dispose of the charges you level at the positions taken by the Western delegations, particularly by the Canadian representative. Your remarks seem to me not so much concerned with the conduct of the nestiations as with the aim of creating differences among the Western delegations.

If your allegations against the Canadian Government are seriously meant, they consittute a transparent misrepresentation of Canada's position. The Canadian Government has throughout adopted in the Ten-Nation Committee a strong and independent stand in support of balanced concessions leading toward agreement. Furthermore, despite all setbacks we have not ceased to advocate in other fields the continuance of a policy of negotiation with a view to the restoration of mutual confidence between the Soviet and Western worlds.

The seriousness of the Canadian Government's interest and purpose in embarking on the disarmament negotiations has been amply demonstrated. On a number of occasions, most recently on June 24, the Canadian delegation made detailed suggestions designed to bring the Ten-Nation Committee to grips with the task of real negotiation. Unfortunately, the Soviet Union and its allies did not respond to these suggestions or to a number of other Western proposals to move towards specific measures of disarmament.

Indeed I find it difficult to understand the logic of your Government's action in discontinuing these important talks at this juncture. At the time of the failure of the summit meeting, the Canadian Government took the view that all the other East-West negotiations then proceeding automatically assumed greater importance, since they constituted a useful means through which the deterioration of international relations could be checked. In