

example, the development of the UN Register of Conventional Arms' founding resolution is chronicled and the final draft is reproduced. It is concluded that the adoption of this resolution (46/36L) will "...represent the result of at least 25 years of varying attempts in the United Nations to begin to deal concretely with this question [transparency in armaments]" (p. 363).

208. Stockholm International Peace Research Institute. "The United Nations Register of Arms Transfers." In *SIPRI Yearbook 1992: World Armaments and Disarmament*, ed. Adam Daniel Rotfeld, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1992, pp. 299-301.

A brief summary of the details of the newly established UN Register of Conventional Arms is offered. The author also includes details on the amendments necessary to pass the transparency in armaments resolution (which created the Register), eventually adopted by the General Assembly by a vote of 150-0. For instance, the resolution was amended to include expansion in the areas of military holdings and procurement through domestic production. The creation of the Register, it is argued, marks an important advance in arms control. It will contribute to greater transparency and enhance global peace and security.