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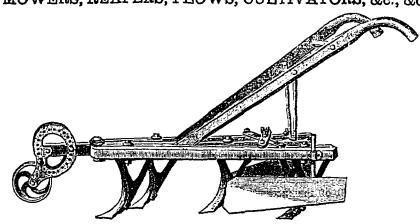
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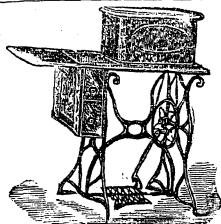
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QUEBEC, 18th October, 1877.

MR. JOHN BURNS:—
DEAR SIR,—The COOKING BANGE which I have purchased from you has given me the most entire satisfaction. I can highly recommend it to persons who may be in want of such, also, the BROILER, which I am much pleased with. You can use this certificate with my enire approbation.

Respectfully yours

Respectfully yours,
P. HENCHEY.

# Country People

That are coming into the City of Montreal to purchase Overcoats, Suits and Ulsters, are invited to call at I. A. BEAUVAIS before going elsewhere, to see our immensestock. Such bargains in our line never were known in the Dominion, or such cheap sales of ready-made Clothing. We have sold more Overcoats this Fall than all the other liouses together. Our sales of Overcoats were over 100 a day.

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Good Overcoat, Beaver for	.86.00
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Heavy Fancy Trimming Ulster ..... 89 SUITS. Tweed Suit, Scotch, for......87.50.

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\$66 a week in your own town. Terms and \$5 outfit free. Address H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.



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LETTER FROM ALBERT WEBER OF OF NEW YORK.

To the People of the Dominion of The Loretto Convent

Canada. I see by the Canadian papers that I am reported as about to "establish a piano manufactory in Kingston, Ontario, to employ 250 hands," &c., and this is given as a result of the recent advance in the Canadian tariff. I thought the Canadian people would have known there was already a "Weber" piano manufactory in Kingston. Why should they require two in the same town? This Canadian manufactory now turning out Weber pianos at Kingston by adopting my name, has done me and my agents in the Dominion great injury, and I now appeal to the good sense and houesty of the Canadian people against it.

Some years ago a piano factory was started in the town of Kingston, which turned out several pianos under the name of "Fox." It would appear that these planes were not very popular with the people of Canada, as the de-mand for the "Fox Piano" was very limited. The directors of the concern, however, got a new manager, who, it appears, was equal to the occasion, and to build up the reputation of their pianos adopted the name of Weber, procuring, as I am informed, a person of that name to work in the factory as a pretext for the great injustice of using my name on their instruments.

I do not insinuate that this Kingston piano is not a fair instrument. It is probably too good to continue any longer to sail under false colors, or to push itself on the public by adopting another maker's name. It is hardly in place here that I should tell the public how much time, capital and labor it has cost me to perfect an inst-ument that is now the favorite piano of every great musician, every leading prima donna, and noted planist in both hemispheres. It is very hard to have my good name filched from me in your Dominion. I will not venture to quote the Holy Scriptures; you are an earnestly religious people and know the great precepts probably better than I, but I will refer you to that great bible of humanity, Shakespeare. Othello, Act III, scene 3rd, "Who steals my purse," &c. Shakespeare knew that stealing of a man's good name is a greater crime than highway robbery. I hope you read Shakespeare-we Germans do.

I am informed that in the Dominion there were several Weber pianos advertised and sold by auction in private houses recently, not one of which were made by me, but all of them from this Kingston factory. In some instances the word Kingston had been rubbed off, in others it was placed below the keys, so to spare him the anguish of seeing this new as not to be easily legible, and I notice the seed sown in the evangelical vineyard; he instyle of their advertisements is intended to structs the bishops not to desist from warning mislead the public and confound the two pianos. Even the grand piano furnished by me to the Windsor Hotel at Montreal has been claimed as a Kingston instrument.

You are now launching out as a manufacturing people, and I have no doubt will succeed, but depend upon it your manufac-

turers cannot succeed by fraud. You belong to a nation pre-eminently honest and independent, detesting all spurious imitations and shams, slow to adopt even the good that is peculiar to other nations. It was long after America and every nation in Europe acknowledged my superiority that the | tion affords. These instructions, he adds, are great heart of England was opened to me, and now, in the language of their leading musical papers, they " place me in the front rank of all he great manufacturers."

XIV. to the bishops of Holland, on September 17, 1746; in the brief of Pius VI. to the I must remind you that no amount of capital, musical inspiration, or mechanical skill copate, on February 17, 1809; and in the general instructions of the Holy Penitentiary applied to the piano, could accomplish these results had I adopted for my piano dishonestly the name of any other well-known maker.

I hope the Kingston people will change the name of their piano; it will be better in the end. My piano was widely known by the musical world before the "Fox" became a "Weber." If they make a good instrument the honor will be all their own; if they do not why should my name be used any longer to palm off their instruments on the public? One thing the Canadian people may rest assured of, no good article was ever manufactured when the foundation was dis-

honor or fraud. I cannot start a manufactory in the Dominion; the capital and time and labor required is too great. My agents in Montreal and Toronto are instructed to sell my pianos at the lowest possible price to meet your demands. Meantime your people should understand that there is no connection or much resemblance between the Weber piano of Kingston and those of

ALBERT WEBER, New York.

## The Large Church Bell

Sent to the Paris Exposition in 1878, arrived in this city yesterday, and to-day will be forwarded to Barnesville, O., where it will be placed on a very large public school building. This is the first church bell ever sent to a foreign country to compete with foreign bells. and the enterprise of Messrs Henry McShane & Co. in seeking to overcome the prejudice in favor of foreign bells was amply repaid by this bell receiving the highest award, which is ample proof that the celebrated McShane church bells are, without exception, superior | One hundred and twenty-eight canons to any in the world .- Baltimore American,

Nervousuess.

June 14th. 1879.

The nervous system is closely connected with the stomach or the digestive process: therefore, any forced action on the stomach exerts a powerful influence over the health of the body and the mind. By this unnatural forced action on the pnemmogastric nerve, which is connected with the stomach and muscular coat, we often bring on ourselves many of the hidden diseases and uncomfortable sensations produced by dyspepsia, fatulence and nervous complaints. the stomach becomes gorged with food and exercise is taken immediately after, the result is prejudicial to the system. The slow moving nations of Europe understand this fact, and always rest after every meal for at least half an hour. We Americans rush from the table to the workshop, violating sanitary aws, and entail on ourselves dyspepsia. When at last the stomach rebels, resource is had to drastic remedies, but the best relief can be found in Dr. Herrick's Sugar Coated Pills, which remove the difficulty and brace up the

TO CONSUMPTIVES -Many have been appy to give their testimony in favor of the use of "Wilbor's Pure Cod-Liver Oil and Lime." Experience has proved it to be a valuable remedy for Consumption, Asthma, Diphtheria, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs

Letter from His Holiness, Leo XIII.

[From the New York Catholic Herald.] His Holiness has addressed a letter to the archbishops and bishops of the ecclesiastical provinces of Turin, Vercelli and Genoa, on the subject of the bill recently passed in the Italian parliament, making the civil marriage ceremony obligatory before the religious rite under pains and penalties. The Pope protests; against the state having any right whatever to interfere in matters connected with marriage. It is necessary, says, to deny the fundamental principles Christianity, and even the elementary ideas of national law, to affirm that matrimony is a creation of the state and nothing more than a vulgar contract. The connubial union is not the work or invention of man. God himself, the supreme author of nature, from the beginning commanded by this union the propagation of the human race, the constitution of the family. Wherefore matrimony, in what concerns the substance and sanctity of the tie, is an act essentially sacred and religious, the regulation of which naturally belongs to the religious power, not by deligation of the state, but by man-date of the Divine Founder of Christianity and the author of the sacraments. Having enlarged upon this argument the Pope aftirms that the church has been unjustly charged with acting in this matter in a way to injure the prerogative or the state and its political authority. The church intervenes solely to protect that which is under the empire of Divine law-that is to say, the sanctity of the tie and the religious observances proper to it. No one, however, he adds, denies to the state that part which may belong to it for the temporal ordering of matrimony for the common good, and for the regulation according to justice of the civil effects thereof, and he further states that the church and clergy are unjustly blamed for that which is the natural effect of the institution and of the religious convictions of the Italian people-the infrequency, that is, of the civil celebration and the neglect of the legal requirements. The Pope argues, therefore, that the new law has been dictated rather by a desire to cause new tribulations to the church and the clergy than by a wish to maintain order and social rectitude, and this doubt is increased in mind by observing that while a loophole is left for too. We have nothing like it at home. After rectitude, and this doubt is increased in mind escape to the contracting parties, who are the principal trangressors, the law is inexorable against the priest. The law is a reprisal against the church for condemning as iniquitous the civil law which disowns the religions character of the sacrament. He prays God the faithful that except in the form established by God and the church there cannot be honesty or sanctity in the marriage tie; but, at the same time, to prove the untruth of the charge brought against the Church that it is the garden, going to work again after a half systematically hostile to the civil regulations hour) regarding marriage, he says he has only to remind them of the sapient instructions by which the church itself, after having placed in safety the integrity of the dogma and the dignity of the sacrament, permits the faithful to take the benefit of whatever advantages such legislacontained in many acts of the Apostolic see, and particularly in the brief of Benedict

#### DESTITUTION IN ENGLAND. Two Living Pictures.

encyclical of Pius VII. to the French epis-

to the bishops of Italy, on January 15, 1865.

"Blessed be ye poor, for yours is the king-

dom of God."

Here they are: "Appalling distress and destitution among Hundreds exist in tenements without clothing or furniture-all have been sold or pawned to procure food. They are without fuel, and dependent upon the charity of the neigh-

In writing of the poor of England, Professor

Kirk, of Edinburgh, says: "There are 70,000 souls in the east end of London, who must emigrate speedily or perish. In the vast hives of industry in Laneashire there are a greater number who must

emigrate or perish. Now look on this picture: "It is easier for a camel to go through the eye of a needle than for a rich man to enter

the kingdom of heaven.'

Here they are also: Archbishop of Canterbury's salary is..\$76,000 Archbishop of York..... 56,000 Bishop of London ..... 50,000 Bishop of Winchester..... 35,000 Bishop of Ely..... 27,000 Six bishops have each...... 25.000 Eight have each ...... 22,500 Eight others each ...... 21,010 

5,000 sons own more than 220,000 acres each, and no less than 41 persons own 100,000 acres each. The number of acres held by a few of the

largest owners are as follows: Duke of Buccleugh and Queensbury. 459,260 Sir James Matheson..... 406,070 Earl of Breadaldane..... 372,620 Earl of Scafield...... 305,781 Duke of Richmond...... 286,407 Alexander Matheson..... 220,433 Duke of Athol..... 194,640 Duke of Devonshire..... 193,121 Duke of Northumberland ...... 185,515

Duke of Argyll ...... 175,114
Whole districts bave been nearly depopulated to make room for game parks, and where millions of sheep were once raised to teed and clothe humanity only deer are kept to gratify the sporting propensities of an idle bales or in plaster busts of the Czar. But aristocracy.

Ruskin says : " Though England is deafened with spinning wheels, her people have not clothes; though she is black with digging coal, her people have not fuel, and they die of cold, and though she has sold her soul for grain, they die of bunger."

pophosphites should examine their blood under a question of a prohibitory ukase upon them. the microscope from time to time, and mark

### A DINNER IN CHINA.

(From the Hartford, Conn., Courant.)

A lady formerly living here, now the wife of an American officer in China, writes to her friends at home an account of a ceremonious dinner which she attended recently. The feast was given by the "Deputy," and was attended by only seven persons-three American gentlemen, two American ladies, and two Chinese men-besides the host Describing the Deputy as a "lovely old man," the letter says:

"He passed me first a cup of hot wine with graceful bow; it was only after that that one could sit down. He made the tour of the table and gave each guest his wine, accompanied by the chin-chins (bows) from both parties. Before each guest were three plates, about the size of a little girl's ten-set platethree inches in diameter. On these plates we ate all our dinner except the soups, which were put before us in small bowls. Each one had his chopsticks and a two-pronged silver fork. In a few moments, as Mrs. M. and I could not use them very well, we were given our own forks and knives. At each place was a big pile of melon and apricot seeds, and this pile was replenished con-stantly during the few hours we were at the table. Between the courses everybody was cracking and eating away at the melon seeds. They were not very good, of course, yet it was amusing to nibble at them, and they came in hot from the oven, and on the whole did not

taste badly. "On the table when we sat down were eight dishes of preserved fruit of different kinds, They were all on those small dishes, but put one on top of the other to make a kind of pyramid, and in a row along the centre of the table were other dishes larger in size and holding the more substantial things. On one were slices of lobster and salted walnutsvery good, both of them. On another were goose gizzards cut in thin slices; on another shrimp salad, and on another thin slices of chicken. These were all meant to give an appetite for the dinner which followed. I sat next to the old Deputy, and he helped me from all the different dishes within his reach, only a monthful or so from each, though. we had tried all these things, the first course was brought on, and, as I suppose, you imthat we had stewed chicken with young onion

sprouts. "The third course was cold mutton served with raw turnip cut in long thin strips. "Fourth-Awfully good-was pigeon-eggs

in a kind of acid soup.
"Fifth—Cucumbers stuffed with chopped

"Sixth-Roast chicken served in very small bits with mushrooms "Seventh-Sharks' fins.
"Eighth-Mutton dumpling. (After that

"Ninth-Pork soup. "Tenth-Stewed mussels. "Eleventh-Champignons and spinach

there was a little rest, and we walked about

made together. "Twelve-Ham in slices. "Thirteenth-Stewed pigeons and bean

" Fourteenth-Fish. "Fifteenth - The nuscles or fibres of flowers.

" Sixteenth-Sea-slugs (something awful to look at, just like leeches with pimples on Bishop of Lucon, on May 28, 1793; in the them.) "Seventeenth - Mushrooms and bamboo

sprouts made together. "Eighteenth - Cakes and bitter-almond sauce. " Nineteenth-An entire roast pig. (It was

brought on and then taken away and carved for us. 1 thought the dinner at an end when we had the cakes, and was taken a back to see this animal make its appearance. They served first the crackle or skin. It was A No. 1, and we began to each eat anew; second, they served the lean meat; third they served some fat, and then something else, all four

from the pig.) "Twentieth-Rice, with chicken soup salted cabbage, salt bean curd, chestnuts grown in water, and I don't know what.

"After that, ten and it was over.

# This was followed by a two day's head-

Running Against Time. The following is from the New York Herald of Tuesday. It refers to a well-known Cana-

dinn pedestrian:-Pat Fitzgerald, otherwise known as Johnny Wild, ran eleven miles against time last evening at the Manhattan grounds, Eighth avenue, between Fifty-sixth and Fifty-seventh streets. He started five minutes after seven. and made the following time :- One mile in 4m 58s, two in 10m 154s, three in 15m 41s, four in 21m 64s, five in 26m 38ls, six in 32m 164s, seven in 37m 554s, eight in 43m 404s, nine in 49m 38 s, ten in 55m 4s, and eleven, after a brilliant spurt, in 59m 50%s, winning

by 91 seconds. Diverce in the Land of Steady Habits.

The divorce statistics of the state for a period of nearly thirty years have been collected. In 1849 only 91 divorces were granted. Under the new law then passed the number increased more than one-third in a single year. The evil grew steadily until 1864, when 426 were granted. From that time until the close of 1877, the number, 448 annually on the average, was varied but little, the ratio to marriages being one to 10, and 1 divorce to every I,200 inhabitants. In Connecticut there must be 1 divorce to every 8 Protestant marriages. There is less variation in the annual average number of divorces than in either the births, the deaths, or the marriages. The Earl of Fife...... 257,662 | divorce record of Connecticut leads that of Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Vermont .-New Haven Palladium.

## Nilillism.

The Nihilist propaganda in Russia is reduced to all sorts of expedients to defeat the vigilance of the police. There was a time when prehibited journals and tabooed manuscripts could get across the frontier in cotton now bales of cotton are opened and plaster busts are smashed by the customs officers. The revolutionaries have, therefore, been fain to seek for something better, and being men of inventive minds have found it in sardines. Sardine boxes may be weighed and charged for, but they cannot be opened, and this delightful little fish has become an instrument Persons under the operation of Fellow's Hy- of sedition so formidable that it is seriously

Boston: Sold by all druggists.

PAIN-KILLER.—The testimonials borne to the efficacy of this valuable medicine are sufficient to warrant its introduction into every house. Our own opinion is that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, at hes, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its process of red and active particles and diminution of the white or dead ones; these observations are interesting and instructive. Paint in the indicate its sufficient to warrant its introduction into every writes:—"I am pleased to notify you of the benefit I have received from your Allan's children. The wounds at hes, pains, sores, &c., it is the most effectual remedy we know of. A bottle will last for a very long time, and its pears past, I have found your Balsam to bottle will last for a very long time, and its relieve my cough more readily than anything low, price places it within the reach of all.—"I deer tried. My wife has also used it with most satisfactory results."

The Invigorating, Fattennic and Analytics and diminution of the white or dead ones; these observations are interesting and instructive.

CAPT. D. FOSTER, of Port Burwell, Ont., which in the writes in the words in th