## Armenia.

A second blue-book on Armenia has just been published, the contents of which we have read with the deepest sorrow. The former report upon the Sassoun massacre appeared to give an official contra diction to the general ideas about the stupendous magnitude of the horrors, great as they were undoubtedly shown to be; but it is no time to talk about relative exaggerations of the numbers, when we read Sir. Philip Currie's statement to Lord Salisbury, or December 12th that a moderate of Salisbury on December 13th, that a moderate esti-mate puts the loss of life during the recent massacres at 30,000. Before such an incredible picture of horror and misery, words are too feeble things to use. We have been slow—too slow, some of our readers have thought—in accepting the current reports of the extent of the massacres, we only would that our hopes had been fulfilled, and that it had been impossible for such gigantic atrocities to exist except on paper, and in the minds of imaginative journalists. But they have existed, and that too in spite of the protests of civilized Europe, and have devastated by a horrible mockery the ver; districts to which reforms were promised by the Sultan. The blue-book also makes clear the real cause of the failure of the European ambassadors to do anything to prevent these massacres. It is a melancholy satisfaction to learn that our Gove ament at least cannot be held blameworthy in the matter. The whole responsibility is shown by the despatches to rest with Russia, whose Foreign Minister, Prince Lobanoff, after various signs of insincerity in the "concert," answered Lord Salisbury's proposal that the European ambassadors should concert together on the state of the Ottoman Empire, with a refusal to countenance any interference with Turkey's internal affairs. It is evident that the Sultan has all along been relying on Russia's support. Hence his insolent pretence of refusal to believe the reports of the ambassadors, hence the renewal of outrage instead of remedy. The reason for Russia's policy is evident, but she has incurred a terrible responsibility.

Those who hold that human history is a record of evolution and progress should explain how it comes about that in Egypt the monuments of the Old Empire —the first six dynasties—are in many respects superior to those of later date. The further we trace back Egyption civilization the more perfect and developed we find it to have been.

# FOUR HUNDRED NEW LIVES,

## A YEAR'S RECORD OF THE FEDERAL LIFE ASSUR-ANCE COMPANY.

SATISFACTORY REPORT PRESENTED BY THE DIRECTORS AT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS — THE REPORT UNANIMOUSLY ADOPTED—BOARD OF DIRECTORS RE ELECTED.

The fourteenth annual meeting of the shareholders of the Federal Life Assurance Company was held at the head office, in Hamilton, Tuesday, March the Srd. The president, Mr. James H. Beatty, occupied the chair, Mr. David Dexter, managing director, acting as secretary, when the following report was submitted:

# DIRECTOR'S REPORT.

Your directors have the pleasure to aubmit herewith for your

Your directors have the pleasure to submit herewith for your approval the fourteenth annual statement of the company, showing the amount of insurance written, and the receipts and disbursements for the year 1895, together with the assets and liabilities of the company at the close of the year.

Fifteen hundred and forty-seven applications for insurance, amounting to \$2,126,550, were received during the year. Of these applications, thirteen hundred and sixty-two were accepted, for \$1,830,050. The remainder were either declined or in abeyance, waiting further information, at the end of the year.

The average new risk assumed on each life, and the premium obtained therefor, prove the satisfactory nature of the business written.

written.

The last of the last of the

Though the aggregate amount assured by the company was not greatly increased, more than four bundred lives were added to those insured.

those insured.

The assets of the company were increased during the year \$67,966.12, and are now within a fraction of half a million dollars. A very satisfactory result, in view of the considerable amount paid to policy holders for claims and profits.

The security to policy holders, including guarantee capital, was at the close of the year \$1,119,576.30, and the liabilities for reserves and all outstanding claims, \$115,621.88, showing a surplus of

Exclusive of uncalled guarantee capital, the surplus \$703,950.02.

\$703,050.02. Exclusive of uncalled guarantee capital, the surplus to policy-holders was \$84,151.02.

The death claims amounted to \$92,500 (re-insurance deducted), under 43 policies—a reduction in the amount of insurance paid by reason of death as compared with last year. Including cash dividends and dividends applied to premium reductions (\$30,141.59) our total payments to policy holders amounted to \$123,224.55 during the year.

during the year.

The depression in nearly all branches of business felt throughout the country in the previous year was increased rather than diminished during the past year. On the whole, however, the results of the company's business have given your directors reasonable satisfaction. It is hoped that the conditions of business in general will be improved during the current year, in which event we may expect additional prosperity. Our agents are active and intelligent workers, earnest in their efforts to advance the interests of the company and the insured, and can be relied upon for such results as may fairly be expected from their respective fields.

Your directors have now to surrender their trust into your hands, and in doing so desire to express their appreciation of the confidence reposed in them from year to year, and to acknowledge the able co-operation and efficient services of the office staff of the company.

company.

Company.

The accompanying certificate from the company's auditors vouches for the correctness of the statements submitted herewith, all accounts, securities and vouchers having been examined by them.

DAVID DEXTER.

Managing Director.

JAMES H. BEATTY, President.

#### AUDITORS REPORT.

To the President and Directors of the Federal Life Assurance

Company:
Gentlemen: We have made a careful audit of the books of your ompany for the year ending Dec. 31, 1893, and have certified to their correctness.

The securities have been inspected and compared with the ledger

accounts and found to agree therewith.

The financial position of your company as on Dec. 31 is indicated by the accompanying statement.

Respectfully submitted,

h. Stephens Sherman e. Townsend, Auditors.

Hamilton, March 2, 1896.

### FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

#### INCOME.

Insurance premiums (not)	\$257,647	35
Interest and rents		
		\$277,576 45

#### DISBURSEMENTS

DISHURSEMENTS		
Death claims and endowments (less re-		
insurance)	73,500	00
Dividends to policy-holders	30,141	59
Surrendered policies	9,592	96
Total paid to policy-holders	-	\$113,224 55
Total paid to policy-holders		• •
travelling expenses	\$3,478	4S
Printing, advertising, stationery, rents and		
other expenses	14,521	14
-		\$ 97,999 62
TO - 1		00 000 00

66,352 28 \$277,576 45

### ASSETS.

Ports on piotegages and on bolicies	200,000 41
Municipal debentures	
Real catate	
Bank deposits and cash	88,025 70
Other lodger assets	18,601 67
Premium deferred and in course of collec-	
tion, including short date notes	
secured by policies in force (commis-	
sions deducted)	88,020 98

\$ 499,773 90 619,803 00 Guarantee capital.....

Security for policy holders..... \$1,119,576 90

# LIABILITIES.

Reserve fund.... .....\$403,448 76 Claims unadjusted..... 12,173 12

415,621 88 703,935 02 Surplus security..... \$ 1,119,576 90

At a subsequent meeting of the directors the officers of the board were all re-elected.