Miscellaneous.

"A Darter uv my Own."

AN HONEST FERRYMAN'S SERVICE TO A FOOLISH GIRL.

According to *The Hour*, of New York, Sam Kimper was a ferryman on a Western river, who, although addicted to drinking, was a good straightforward fellow, always courteous and correct in his dealings. One night as he was "polling" a man and a woman in a buggy across the river, he heard her say: "What will my father think?" Further talk ensued, during which he recognized the voice of a doctor's daughter living a few miles down stream. He did not like the man's voice, and was confirmed in his prejudice when the fellow began talking about going to Cincinnati and not letting her father know anything of their movements for a week. The girl began crying and the fellow answered roughly. She begged him to take her back home. "Take you back home," said he in a rough laugh. "Let a bird out of a cage after you have fairly caught it! Oh, no! I love you too well for that." By this time the boat was nearly across the river; and Sam said to the stranger: "Mister, the current's pooty swift to-day; there's a right smart freshet on. Reckon I'll have to ask you to make the lines fast ashore while I hold the boat again the bank." The man got out and stood at the bow of the boat. Sam polled it against the bank with such violence that over went the man onto the shore. Sam let the boat drift away, and turning to the girl, amidst the howls and curses of the man in the water, said: "Reckon you don't want him no more, do ye?" "No, no!" she exclaimed. The girl being in doubt about her ability to drive home, even after she had reached the other shore, Sam let his boat go down the stream. "What are you going to do?" asked the girl. "Boat ye down to the steamboat landin' fer your town. That will be a dreadful lot of work all for a silly girl." "I've got a darter uv my own," said he. Pretty soon he stopped polling, and the girl said he must be very tired. "Not a bit of it," said Sam. "I'm slowin' up so's to reach there about dusk." "Just what I wanted to ask you to do." "Thought so," said Sam. "Got a darter uv my own." Everything was favorable, and no one saw the carriage drive on the boat. The girl promised that her father would pay Sam handsomely. "I don't want the money," said Sam. "I've got a darter uv my own. There's one thing I do want," said Sam; "if doctors don't know good stuff from bad, nobody does, an' ef he could send me a good solid drink o' somethin' seein' 'twill take me two or three hours to pole the boat back. The promises were readily given, and in a few moments down came the doctor with a bottle of brandy and two men to pole the boat back; but Sam said that the brandy would be more useful as well as better company. The doctor wanted to know how he could repay him, and Sam answered: "You repay me in kind, ef ye ever git a chance. I've got a darter uv my own, ye know."

—Premier Gladstone, writes a London correspondent, is not the strong and robust man he was when he took the reins of Government two years ago, and his late illness has left visible traces of his weakness. The perplexities of political leadership are telling upon him, and it would not be surprising if he were soon compelled to take a less active part in the affairs of his country.

A HERCULEAN TASK.—Ralph Beaumont, of Elmira, N. Y., president of the Knights of Labor, will make a tour of the continent on foot from Maine to California. He will start from Bangor, Maine, on June 3d, and will make upwards of twenty miles a day, and deliver a lecture every night in some large town *en route* on the labor and antimonopoly question. He will advocate the claims of General Butler as presidential candidate to be supported by the independent voters. He expects to reach California by the close of the campaign.

JOURNALISTIC ENTERPRISE—The journalists of Atlanta are a very curious crowd and do not adorn their profession. That is if all of them are like unto the seven who inspired by the six days' agony in New York started off to walk twelve hours against one another. The result is that one man who made 48 miles was taken from the track in a fainting condition and another who walked 35 miles had a hemorrhage and will probably die.

The Bite of a Mad Dog not always Fatal.

The bite of a mad dog, it would appear, is not so fatal as is generally supposed. A report upon the subject for the Department of Seine, issued by the Paris Prefecture of Police for the past three years shows that of one hundred fifty-six persons bitten by rabid dogs in 1881 eighty died; in 1882 nine out of sixty-seven bitten died; and in 1883, five only out of forty-five. With regard to the treatment of the bite of a rabid animal, the experience of the French doctors shows that the only remedy which can be depended upon to destroy the virus is the prompt application to the wound of cautery by red hot iron. Twenty persons died of hydrophobia in the Department of the Seine in 1881, nine in 1882, and four in 1883, as far as the official returns show. The decreasing number of deaths from this cause is attributed to the stricter measures adopted with regard to ownerless dogs. During the three years mentioned 11,564 stray dogs were captured in Paris and the department, and destroyed.—*St. James Gazette.*

A NEW AND NOVEL REMEDY.—James Carley recently suffered for a week with severe head ache. Every possible remedy was resorted to without relief. Finally one of his shopmates informed him that D. B. Wilkes could cure it without fail. Mr. Wilkes, who is a farmer, received him cordially, and at once assured him he could cure his head ache. He requested Carley to accompany him to the cider mill, which they entered, and Mr. Wilkes pulled out from beneath the press a box covered with a coal sieve. From the box he took a live black snake and wound it around Carley's neck. Strange as it may seem, almost instantly the pain left his head, and has not returned since. Mr. Carley and his friends vouch for his cure. Mr. Wilkes also cures sprains and swellings in the same way. He explained the matter on the principal of animal electricity, which he supposes the snake possesses.—*Danbury News.*

MODERN SURGERY.—There was an operation performed in this city two weeks ago which will in time attract great attention. A lady was brought to the Jefferson College Hospital suffering from a tumor in the throat. She could not swallow, and unless relief was obtained the woman would of course starve to death. But there was a surgeon equal to the emergency. He made an incision into the stomach and inserted a tube about the thickness of a lead pencil, but so fine at the point as to be almost needle-like. Through this hole food specially prepared is introduced, and the woman is kept alive. In the meantime the surgeon operates upon the throat. Of course it cannot be told whether the lady will ever recover, but she has existed for nearly three weeks. —*Philadelphia Record.*

— Spooning is regarded as very silly, but after all it is the spoon that makes the greatest stir in the world.

—The chemist is the wittiest of men. He is always ready with a retort. But sometimes he is a little too precipitate.

— People who persist in travelling barefoot around a newly-carpeted bedroom often find themselves on the wrong tack.

— Always pass the fruit to everybody else before helping yourself. Common politeness will induce your company to leave the choicest specimen upon the plate, when you can eat them without exciting remark.

Agricultural.

How to Fertilize Fruit Trees.

Here and there on all farms, and in most fruit gardens, will be seen an occasional tree or grape vine, which seems to lack vigor—does not grow well, and yet seems to have no particular disease. The probabilities are that the tree is dying of starvation and needs a liberal supply of food. When you give it this ration, do not pile a load of manure around the trunk of the tree or the body of a grape vine. That is just the place where it will do the least good. Nearest the trunk of the tree, the roots are all large. The fibrous roots—the feeders, are further off near the ends of the roots. These only can take up the nutriment. It is always safe to assume that the roots extend as far from the trunk in every direction as do the limbs of the tree, and to properly fertilize, spread the manure all over that area. Then fork it in and you have done a good work and done it well. If some disease has begun its work on the tree, you will put the tree in a healthy, vigorous condition, the better enabling it to successfully contend against its enemies. We have seen numerous old pear and apple trees, bearing poor and gnarled fruit, which the owners consider of no value, but with such treatment as we have outlined above would restore them to their original usefulness. Try it and be convinced.

When a tree in an old apple orchard dies, dig it out and fill the hole with rich dirt from the roadside and a quantity of manure. Then do not plant a new tree in the same place as it will be of no use, as the roots of surrounding trees will find the new feeding place and effectually starve out the new comer. The trees on either side will bear far more, in an increased crop than the new tree ever would, if it lived to be fifty years old.

Milk for Young Colts.

It is recommended by those who have tried the experiment, to give cows' milk to young colts to drink instead of water, as it is notorious, that mares rarely have sufficient milk for the proper nourishment of their colts. All who have bred colts, whether cart or thoroughbred, cannot fail to notice how soon the youngster begins to eat with its dam any food that is in the manger or crib. If a large supply of milk could be introduced to the young sapling, no doubt the desire for the other food would be lessened, and it would avoid eating too much corn, or grass, or hay—food that is adapted to an older stomach, and which requires more digestive operation than the delicate stomach of a two months old colt is possessed of. Good cows' milk could be sweetened, to make it more resemble the mare's in taste, for no doubt the quality of mare's milk, like that of asses', is far richer than cows. Milk is the natural food for infant animals, and it is cheaper and better to bring up the young colt or calf or lamb, on milk, than on any other substance.

Potato Seed.

A farmer planted in his garden 10 rows of Irish potatoes, each row consisting of four hills. His object was to ascertain the amount of planting material requisite, to reach satisfactory results. Here is the result:

First row—One eye in each hill. Product, 40 pounds of well developed potatoes.

Second row—Two eyes in each hill. Product, 50 pounds of tubers, rather mixed as to size.

Third row—Three eyes in each hill. Product, 56 pounds of mixed sizes, many small ones.

Fourth row—Seed end of medium potato. Product, 63 pounds, veay few small tubers, mostly large.

Fifth row—Butt end of a medium potato. Product, 51 pounds; few large tubers, mostly small.

Sixth row—One small potato. Product, 60 pounds, mixed as to size, many small ones.

Seventh row—One medium sized potato. Product, 73 pounds of tubers; very fine and large, few small ones.

Eighth row—One large potato. Product, 102 pounds of uniformly large size,

Professor Roberts reported to the New York Farmers' Club, that he had found that under the same conditions, small potatoes for seed, gave the poorest result, the middle part of large potatoes next, the seed end next, and the stem end the best. A whole, large potato, with a single eye was the best possible seed. More work is needed, but better crops are secured by cultivating in rows or drills rather than in hills.

FEEDING YOUNG CHICKENS.— Very many young chickens are killed by improper feeding. Nearly all persons think they know how to feed young chickens, but they don't. It is an art, and many people never learn it. They feed to much at once, and not often enough, and not infrequently, on improper food. The broods should be fed every three or four hours, and only as much as they will eat up clean.

Wet, soggy food is entirely unsuited to the broods. The natural food, such as small seeds, insects and such like, are not wet and sloppy, but comparatively dry. The food should be moistened with boiling water, about as much water or milk being used as the mess of food will absorb and no more. It is then to be administered in such quantities as they will eat with relish, and then withheld. Not much water appears to be needed by broods that are properly fed, and if they are not supplied with it, they will not suffer. Indeed, some go so far as to say that it is injurious to give young chickens water in a vessel to which they may have free access.

We have never tried to rear broods entirely deprived of water, but it is not very difficult to understand that it need not be given in very great quantity. Stale bread or fine corn or oatmeal scalded with milk or water and thoroughly stirred into a doughy or dryer state than ordinary dough, is about the right consistency for the first ten days. As soon as the chicks can manage wheat grains there is no better food for them, but it is well to scald and allow the grain to swell out before feeding.

DYE WORKS,

GILBERT'S LANE, - - - SAINT JOHN, N. B.

MEN'S CLOTHES, of all kinds, CLEANSED or RE-DYED and Pressed, equal to new. LACE CURTAINS, BLANKETS, CARPETS, &c. Cleaned by a NEW PROCESS, every week day. SILKS, IRISH POPLINS, DRESS MATERIALS OF ALL KINDS DYED. FEATHERS, KID GLOVES, TIES, &c., &c., CLEANED OR DYED.

All Orders left at the following places will receive prompt attention. PRICES LOW. Macauley Bros. & Co, 61 Charlotte street; W. P. Moses & Co., Yarmouth, N. S.; W. H. Killer, Truro, N. S.; P. H. Glendenning, New Glasgow, N. S.; Wm. Shannon, Annapolis, N. S.; Chipman & Etter, Amherst, N. S.; Miss Wright, Digby, N. S.; Robt. Young, Charlottetown, P. E. I., or at the DYE WORKS, GILBERT'S LANE, ST. JOHN, N. B.

A. L. LAW, Proprietor.

H. S. PIPER, AGENT, BRIDGETOWN.

BRIDGETOWN

Marble Works.

ENCOURAGE HOME MANUFACTURE.

THE subscribers are still importing and manufacturing

Monuments & Gravestones

Of ITALIAN and AMERICAN Marble.

ALSO:

Granite and Freestone Monuments.

Having erected Machinery in connection with J. B. Reed's Steam Factory, we are prepared to Polish Granite equal to that imported.

Give us a call before closing with foreign agents and inspect our work.

OLDHAM WHITMAN.

New Fall Goods

—AT—

S. L. FREEMAN & CO'S.

MIDDLETON CORNER.

CHEAP FOR CASH!

GREY COTTONS, from 6 cents
WHITE SHIRTINGS,
DRESS GOODS, very low,
CASHMERES, from 38 cents,
VELVETEENS, VELVETEENS,
CASHMERES, from 38 cents,
ULSTER CLOTHS,
SCOTCH TWEEDS,
WORSTED COATING

Ready-Made Clothing,

MILLINERY,
CARPETS,
HORSE RUGS,
BOOTS and SHOES,
GROCERIES, &c.

All Very Cheap for Cash.

The highest market price paid in exchange for Goods.

S. L. FREEMAN & CO.

Middleton, October, 1883.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER is a scientific combination of some of the most powerful restorative agents in the vegetable kingdom. It restores gray hair to its original color. It makes the scalp white and clean. It cures dandruff and humors, and falling-out of the hair. It furnishes the nutritive principle by which the hair is nourished and supported. It makes the hair moist, soft and glossy, and is unsurpassed as a hair dressing. It is the most economical preparation ever offered to the public, as its effects remain a long time, making only an occasional application necessary. It is recommended and used by eminent medical men, and officially endorsed by the State Assayer of Massachusetts. The popularity of Hall's Hair Renewer has increased with the test of many years, both in this country and in foreign lands, and it is now known and used in all the civilized countries of the world.

For sale by all dealers.

Hides! Hides!

The subscriber is still buying all the Hides offering, for which he is paying the highest cash rates.

BUTCHERS AND FARMERS are requested to call before selling elsewhere.

Always in Stock

HARNESSES

GOLDPLATE,
SILVER,
NICKLE,
BRASS,
& X C PLATE

of best styles and workmanship.

Harness Leather and Furniture,

for the trade.

Also manufacture and keep a full line of Leathers.

Sole, Harness, Wax, Grain, Pebble, Splits, Buff, Linings, and Chamois Skins, at wholesale or retail prices.

300 BUS. PLASTERER'S HAIR

at low rates.

Having some of the best workmen in the Shoe Shop, I can furnish custom-made wear in best

Styles & Work.

English, Balmoral, Congress Shoes, Patent and Cloth Uppers, French C. D., and Calfskins in stock as well as Shoe Findings.

A FEW DOZEN PAIRS OF EXTRA HEAVY KNEE BOOTS, OFFERED LOW

George Murdoch.

FOR SALE!

Iron, Steel, Nails, Spikes, Hard and Soft

COAL,

TWO PULPERS

which will be sold low for cash.

H. FRASER.

Nov. 28, '83. Bridgetown.

GEO. S. COOK,

PRACTICAL MACHINIST,

ANNAPOLIS ROYAL, - N. S.

MILL MACHINERY of all kinds made and repaired.

Shafting and Saw Arbors a specialty.

SEWING MACHINES cleaned and repaired.

January 28th, 1884. 42 1y

APPLES!

JOHN S. TOWNSEND & CO.,

110 Cannon Street,

LONDON.

CONSIGNMENTS of apples to their care receive the best attention, and proceeds are remitted immediately after sale.

Shippers are recommended to mail their Bills of Lading as promptly as possible to the above address.

Any information desired may be obtained by applying to our representative,

H. V. Barrett,

ANNAPOLIS ROYAL, N. S.

PLOUGHS. PLOUGHS.

THOSE IN WANT OF

First-Class PLOUGH

of different patterns, should call at once on

JOHN HALL,

LAWRENCETOWN.

TERMS, SIGHT. tfn40

Windsor & Annapolis Raiw'y.

Time Table.

Miles.	GOING EAST.	Express Daily.	Pas. and Freight Tus. Thurs. and Sat. only.	Passengers and Freight Daily.
		P.M.	A. M.	A.M.
0	Annapolis—leave	1 15	6 15	.....
6	Round Hill	1 40	6 40	.....
14	Bridgetown	2 03	7 10	.....
19	Paradise	2 19	7 30	.....
22	Lawrencetown	2 28	7 45	.....
28	Middleton	2 48	8 10	.....
32	Wilmot	3 00	8 26	.....
35	Kingston	3 09	8 40	.....
42	Aylesford	3 30	9 15	.....
47	Berwick	3 48	9 35	.....
59	Kentville—arrive	4 20	10 30	.....
	Do—leave	4 35	11 15	6 00
64	Port Williams	4 51	11 35	6 20
66	Wolfville	5 00	11 44	6 30
69	Grand Pre	5 11	11 57	6 43
			P. M	
77	Hantsport	5 38	12 30	7 12
84	Windsor	6 00	1 20	8 00
116	Windsor Junct	7 20	4 00	10 15
130	Halifax—arrive	8 00	4 40	11 00

Miles.	GOING WEST.	Express Daily.	Pas. and Freight Mon. and Fri. only.	Passengers and Freight daily.
		A.M.	A.M.	A.M.
0	Halifax—leave	7 15	.....	2 30
14	Windsor Junc—leave	7 55	7 22	3 30
46	Windsor	9 15	10 15	5 33
53	Hantsport	9 40	10 44	6 01
61	Grand Pre	10 06	11 15	6 33
64	Wolfville	10 17	11 30	6 46
66	Port Williams	10 25	11 40	6 55
			P. M.	
71	Kentville—arrive	10 40	12 00	7 10
	Do—leave	11 00	12 30	.....
83	Berwick	11 36	1 20	.....
88	Aylesford	11 50	1 40	.....
		P. M.		
95	Kingston	12 08	2 08	.....
98	Wilmot	12 18	2 20	.....
102	Middleton	12 30	2 35	.....
108	Lawrencetown	12 48	3 13	.....
111	Paradise	12 58	3 27	.....
116	Bridgetown	1 15	3 50	.....
124	Roundhill	1 40	4 20	.....
130	Annapolis—arrive	2 00	4 45	.....

Trains are run on Eastern Standard Time. One hour added will give Halifax time.

Steamer Secret leaves Annapolis for St. John every Tues. Thurs. and Sat. p. m.

Steamer New Brunswick leaves Annapolis for Boston every Sat. p. m.

Steamer Cleopatra leaves Yarmouth for Boston every Wed. p. m.

P. INNES, General Manager.

Kentville, 9th Mar, 1884.

Photograph Gallery

THE subscriber, who has been for some time established in this town, has lately procured a first class set of Photograph, View and Copying Lenses, and is now prepared to execute all orders for work in his line in first class style and at short notice. VIEWS of dwellings, stores, streets, etc., a specialty, and orders from any part of the country attended to.

Enlarging.

Portraits copied, enlarged, framed and finished, either in oil or India ink. The portrait to be copied must be in good tintype or photograph.

Photographs and tintypes will receive best attention.

Pictures taken in any weather.

Charges reasonable.

Please call and inspect samples of his work at his rooms,

OVER "MONITOR" OFFICE.

J. N. RICE.

Bridgetown, August 7th, 1884.

MONEY AT 6 PER CENT.

Can be obtained from the

N. S. P. B. Building Society and Savings Fund,

On real Estate Security, payable in Monthly instalments extending over a period of about eleven years.

For particulars apply to

J. M. OWEN,
Agent for County of Annapolis.

Annapolis, Feb. 27th, 1883.—6m

FISHER & SHAW,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Doors, Sashes, Frames and Mouldings.

of every description for House and Church purposes,

BRIDGETOWN, N. S.

Having every facility which the business requires and using Kiln-Dried Stock, we are prepared to give our patrons complete satisfaction.

Orders respectfully solicited and promptly attended to. 16tf

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Obadiah Barteaux, of Nictaux Falls,

in the County of Annapolis, Trader, did on the 8th day of May, instant, convey, assign and set over to me, all his real and personal property, debts, choses in action, with all his right, title and interest therein, upon the trust that I shall reduce the same into money in such manner, as, in said Deed stated and after paying the expenses of the said trust to apply the said funds to the payment of certain preferential claims and the balance to be applied pro rata, to the payment of the respective claims of the creditors who shall execute the said Deed of Assignment within three months from the date thereof.

The said Deed lies at the office of T. D. & E. Ruggles, Barristers, Bridgetown, N. S., where it is open for inspection, and signature of all parties interested, and a copy thereof is on file and recorded in the office of the Registrar of Deeds for the said County of Annapolis.

All parties failing to execute the same within the time named, will not be entitled to any benefit therunnder.

JOHN M. MORSE,
Assignee.

Nictaux Falls, May 8, 1884.

All parties indebted to the said estate are required to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

JOHN M. MORSE.
Assignee.

6it11

Schr. "A. M. Holt."

CAPT. D. R. GRAVES.

This well and and favorably known schooner will ply regularly between BRIDGETOWN and ST. JOHN during the season of 1884.

Freight handled with every care,

LIME and SALT,

Kept on hand. Will be sold low. When Schooner is not in apply to Mr. Abner Foster, Bridgetown.

D. R. GRAVES.

Bridgetown, April 22nd, 1884. 13it15

QUALITY UP!

PRICES DOWN.

Xmas. Goods

Just arrived at

T. J. Eagleson's.

A large and well assorted stock of

Confectionery, Fancy Goods,

Foreign Fruits, Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Dates, Raisins, Currants, and Nuts, all new crop.

CANNED GOOD.

in great variety. Biscuits and all other articles usually found in a

First Class Grocery.

MEATS, PROVISIONS, POUTRY & VEGETABES

Oysters served, or sold in quantity at all hours of the day.

Goods delivered in the town proper free of all extra charges.

Strict attention to business, and prices low.

Executors' Notice.

TAKE NOTICE that all persons indebted to the late AARON EATON BENT, of Wilmot, in the County of Annapolis, farmer, deceased, are hereby notified to pay their respective amounts within six months to the said subscribers, and all these to whom the said Aaron Eaton Bent was indebted, are requested to render their accounts duly attested to us within twelve months from the date hereof.

JAMES BENT,
SAMUEL BENT, } Executors.

Dated Havelock, Annapolis Co., April 25, '84. 5i

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons having legal demands against the estate of John Phinney, late of Margaretville, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested to, within three months from this date, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

MARY J. PHINNEY, Exixr.
DAVID BENT, Executor.

Margaretville, Feb. 12, '84. 44 3mpd

THE DIRECT

Imported Tea

has proved better than anticipated, both as regards

STRENGTH and FLAVOR

Old Tea Drinkers pronounce it excellent.

Another Invoice of

SLEIGH ROBES

ordered, and will be here Christmas, among them a few

Buffalo Robes.

THE THIRD LOT OF

Shoe Packs,

has just been opened this month.

..A NEW LOT OF..

Waltham Watches,

at prices that would astonish old dealers.

B. STARRATT.

Paradse, Oct. 20th, 1883.

H. J. BANKS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR,

(Tupper's Hall),

Bridgetown.

THE subscriber takes pleasure in announcing to the public that he has opened a TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT, in Bridgetown, where he is prepared to execute all orders in first class style. A perfect fit guaranteed every time. Place of business over building known as Tupper's store.

H. J. BANKS.

Bridgetown, Oct. 16, '83. tf

AGENTS wanted for the Lives of all the Presidents of the U. S. The argest, handsomest best book ever sold for less than twice our price. The fastest selling book in America. Immense profits to agents. All intelligent people want it. Any one can become a successful agent. Terms free, Hallett Book Co., Portland Maine.

A PRIZE. Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All of either sex succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers, absolutely sure. At once address, True & Co., Augusta, Maine.

1884. SPRING 1884!

STEAM FURNITURE WAREROOMS,

THE Subscriber wishes to inform his numerous friends, and the public generally, that his Spring Stock of Furniture is now complete, and he has now on hand,

30 PARLOR SUITS;
30 PINE BEDROOM SUITS;
20 ASH AND WALNUT SUITS;
12 BLACK WALNUT SUITS;

Parlor Suits range in price from

$48 TO $200

Bedroom Suits from

$22 TO $200.

A FULL STOCK OF

Household Furniture

Of All Kinds.

A FINE LOT OF

GILT WINDOW CORNICES

which were obtained at a bargain and will be sold at low prices.

The Subscriber would also state that he has added a quantity of

New MACHINERY!

to his Factory, and is prepared to make and sell furniture AS CHEAP as can be obtained in the Dominion.

ALL ARE INVITED TO CALL AND EXAMINE HIS STOCK, WHICH HE CLAIMS TO BE THE MOST COMPLETE THAT CAN BE FOUND.

J. B. REED.

In the Whole History of Medicine

No preparation has ever performed such marvellous cures, or maintained so wide a reputation, as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, which is recognized as the world's remedy for all diseases of the throat and lungs. Its long-continued series of wonderful cures in all climates has made it universally known as a safe and reliable agent to employ. Against ordinary colds, which are the forerunners of more serious disorders, it acts speedily and surely, always relieving suffering, and often saving life. The protection it affords, by its timely use in throat and chest disorders, makes it an invaluable remedy to be kept always on hand in every home. No person can afford to be without it, and those who have once used it never will. From their knowledge of its composition and operation, physicians use the CHERRY PECTORAL extensively in their practice, and clergymen recommend it. It is absolutely certain in its healing effects, and will always cure where cures are possible.

For sale by all druggists.

GOLD for the working class. Send 10 cts. for postage, and we will mail you free, a royal valuable box of sample goods that will put you on the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. We will start you. You can work all the time or in spare time only. The work is universally adapted to both sexes, young and old. You can easily earn 50 cents to $5 every evening. That all who want work may test the business, we make this unparalleled offer; to all who are not well satisfied we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Fortunes will be made by those who give their whole time to the work. Great success absolutely sure. Don't delay. Start now. Address Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

Dr. O. W. NORTON'S

BURDOCK BLOOD PURIFIER,

cures Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Piles, Catarrh, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Female Weakness and General Debility, and highly recommended by physicians for all diseases of the Liver, Kidney and Stomach. And

NORTON'S MAGIC PAIN ERADICATING LINIMENT,

will cure or relieve the worst cramps or Rheumatic Pains that man is heir to. Used Internally and externally. Sold at Dr. Gunter's, Middleton; Dr. Morse's, Lawrencetown; Dr. Dennison's, Bridgetown; Mr. B. Starratt, Paradise and J. B. Norton's residence, Bridgetown, wholesale and retail, and by dealers in general. Price 25 cents.

$66 a week at home. $5.00 outfit free. Pay absolutely sure. No risk. Capital not required. Reader, if you want business at which persons of either sex, young or old, can make great pay all the time they work, with absolute certainty, write for particulars to H. Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine.

New Store!

NEW GOODS!

The subscriber has opened a store on Water St., adjoining his dwelling, where he will keep on hand a large quantity of the Best Brands of

FLOUR, CORN MEAL, AND OATMEAL,

which will be sold at low prices for cash.

Also.—A well assorted stock of

GROCERIES,

in Sugar, Spices, Salt, Tobaccos, Brooms, Soaps, Raisins and Currants. Canned Goods, Biscuits, Syrups, &c., &c. A quantity of Cow Corn.

A REFRESHMENT TABLE, where lunches can be had at all hours will be found on the premises.

P. NICHOLSON.

Bridgetown, June 19th, 1883.

SAMUEL LEGG,

Watch and Clock Maker,

BRIDGETOWN, N. S.

THE subscriber wishes to inform his friends and the public, that he has resumed business at the

OLD STAND,

next door to John Lockett's, where he is prepared to do all work in his line of business. All work warranted.

Bridgetown, March 24th, 1883.

For the Ladies.

Feminine Fancies.

While short women delight in the unbroken lengthwise pleats in the skirts, those who are tall have rows of tucks or braid put on before the pleats are taken up, or else they get their best effect by having from three to the gathered flounces across the front and side breadths, while the back is covered by the long drapery of two breadths, which now, though made of the richest satin, may have three wide tucks across it at the lower end. The coat sleeve is preferred to all others, and is high on the shoulders, but not as full there as it was worn last season. Scarf drapery, plain turn up cuffs of lace or velvet, and the puff that imitates undersleeves, made either of lace or of silk, are the trimmings most used on dressy sleeves, while for simpler woollens many rows of soutache are put on quite straight around the close wrist, or else to imitate a square cuff. For the front of the basque a fancy prevails for following the curving outlines of a zouave jacket with the drooping lace, beaded by a velvet band, and ending in a rosette or ribbon bow. When this is not done, a shirred front of the dress goods is used in vest shape, or there is a vest set in, or else the dress is cut away in V shape or in a pompadour square, and there is a chemisette set in which may be of the dress material or of lace fully gathered, or it may be of plain embroidery or velvet. There is usually a reverse of some kind of outlining this guimpe or chemisette, and this extends back to the shoulder seam, and sometimes crosses back of the standing collar.

A striking novelty for chair backs, and for the mantel hanging of a boudoir, is a strip of guipure d'art over crimson satin, the lace being richly overwrought with flowers in colored silks. A band of corn handmade lace is wrought with traceries of gold thread and is laid over maize satin for the border of a small drawing room table.

Two kinds of draperies are in style this season, first, those with long straight effects suitable for stout figures; and second, those festooned in many wrinkled curves that add to the breadth of slight figures. The long draperies are often attached to the waist in the back, or are cut in one piece with it in princesse fashion; they then consist of a single breadth of double width stuff, or two breadths of the fabrics that are three-fourths of a yard wide, or else three or four breadths of the narrow summer silks. They are usually lined throughout with crinoline lawn, and turned over in a roll or slight puff just below the waist line, and caught at intervals below on the wrong side to give the effect of the curved pleats called organ pleats. The fronts fall into a deep apron that is almost without wrinkles, and may be turned back in revers on each side, or else caught up high on the left side, and the space shown between on the lower skirt must have a crosswise trimming of wide tucks, bias folds, rows of braid, or else flounces; these flounces may be many narrow bias frills, or else three deep pleatings. Another favorite front for such dresses is two deep gathered flounces, with the lower edges cut out in long leaf scallops, and bound, or else faced; above this the drapery falls very irregularly.

An orange omelette is like the rest of the family—it must be beaten and beaten until it is as light as the foam from which Aphrodite sprung. Take two eggs, separate the whites and yolks, and beat the whites until they are stiff and the yolks until they are light and as smooth as velvet; add to the yolks two tablespoonfuls of powdered sugar and two tablespoonfuls of orange juice; beat well together, add the whites of the eggs, not beating, but cutting them, until the yolks are absorbed; pour into a buttered omelette pan, and brown; when the sides and bottom are brown set the pan on the high rack in the oven to cook the middle; when it is well hot, sprinkle with orange pulp, fold and slip into a hot dish; sprinkle often with orange pulp, and very thickly with powdered sugar; wipe the poker and mark the sugar with it, glowing hot as it is, first one way, then the other, to make scored squares in the top. Serve at once, before it has a chance to fall, and you have it in all its delicacy. You may omit the orange pulp if you like, but by using it you get the fullest flavor.

OLD FASHIONED LOAF CAKE.—Take 3 quarts of sifted flour, a pint of soft butter, one quart of sugar, five gills of new milk, half a pint of yeast, three eggs, two pounds of raisins, a teaspoonful of soda, a gill of brandy or wine, two teaspoonfuls of cinnamon and two of nutmeg. Scald the milk, cool to blood warm, add the yeast, then the flour, to which all the butter and half the sugar have been added; then mixed together and let rise until light. It is better to set this sponge over and in the morning add the other ingredients [flour the raisins] and let rise again. Bake in a moderate oven. This receipt makes three large loaves, and is a standard economical loaf-cake.

—A German physician speaks highly of the use of soft soap as a local application for sores or glandular swellings, abscesses, discharging canals, and cavities, felons, etc. It is not a new remedy by any means, but one which seems likely to be neglected where it might be of real service. Quite a pleasant preparation can be made by dissolving the soap in a little cologne water.

—First of all, try to make your family as comfortable as circumstances will admit. Do not compel your wife to come to you for a little money, every time she wants to make a small purchase, and do not say to her, as a certain penurious man said when his wife requested a little change: 'I'd like to know what has become of the ten cents I let you have last week?' Farmers' wives generally work very nard, early and late, and they deserve liberal pay for it, as well as a share in your profits. Hand over to them a liberal allowance as often as once a quarter, so that they may enjoy a little freedom in expenditure, and let it be regular and uniform

Joker's Corner.

Deceived by a Snore.

'One of the funniest incidents I ever noticed,' said a sleeping car conductor, 'was a woman looking for her husband. She got on at Fort Wayne late in the night and her husband had telegraphed her he would be aboard and she should come to his section. I told her there was no man of that name on my car, but she wouldn't believe it. She plainly intimated I was lying to her in order to sell another section, but finally she settled down and got in her berth. About two o'clock in the morning, I saw her get out with only a shawl around her shoulders and tiptoe to the other end of the car, where she tried to climb into a berth occupied by a man who was doing a terrible amount of snoring. She stuck her head in and says, "William, is that you? William!' The man grunted, when she poked him in the ribs, and told him to lay over. But the man didn't lay over—he grabbed hold of her and yelled: "Thieves! Conductor! Porter! There's a thief here! Porter!' Of course, he roused everybody in the car, and heads were popped out of all the berths. There was the poor woman in her nightdress, and the man in the berth holding tight to her and yelling at the top of his voice. I interfered as quick as I could, and told the man I guessed if he would be calm himself he would find his wife instead of a thief.

''It's a lie,' he shouted, 'my wife is in San Francisco.'

''Madam,' I says, 'you have undoubtedly made a bad mistake. What made you think that man was your husband?'

'She was just ready to cry, but she managed to say: ''I—I didn't think there was another man living that could snore like William!''

STUDENTS FLOORED. — A Lexington correspondent of the Louisville *Courier-Journal* tells a good story of old father "Raccoon John Smith,' who was noted for his sharpness at repartee. He was frequently quizzed in order to hear his replies. On one occasion three students of Georgetown college, Ky., saw him coming at a distance, and arranged that they would walk about twenty yards apart, and as they passed him the first was to say: 'Good morning, Mr. Abraham,' the second to call him 'Mr. Isaac,' and the third 'Mr. Jacob.' So the first called him 'Mr. Abraham,' and the old gentleman only seemed a little surprised that anybody there should not know him. The second one called him 'Mr. Isaac,' and the old gentleman evidently suspected something. His familiarity with the Bible made him anticipate what the third was going to say, and he got ready for him. 'Good morning, Mr. Jacob,' said the third student. 'Stop, young man,' said the old gentleman, 'I am neither Abraham, Isaac nor Jacob, I am Saul son of Kish, in search of my father's asses, and behold I have found three of them.'

—MAMMA—I met young Mr. Nicefellow on the street to-day and told him frankly that although he was welcome to come to see you he should remember that you were young and needed plenty of sleep, and therefore ought not to stay too late.

NELLIE—And what did he say?

MAMMA—He shocked me awfully by insisting that you kept him from going.

NELLIE—Oh, the great big story teller! I tried my best to tire him out so that he would go home.

MAMMA—Tried to tire him out. Why, how?

NELLIE—By sitting on his lap.—*Philadelphia Call.*

LOOKING FOR A LEVER.—'I say,' said a railroad brakeman, running into a depot restaurant, 'the forward trucks of my car have slipped off the rails. Have you a piece of iron anywhere about that we could use for a lever?'

'I don't believe I have,' replied the proprietor.

'What's this,' asked the brakesman, trying to lift something from the counter.

'That's sponge cake.'

'Well, I guess it will do if it isn't too brittle. I will bring it back in a minute.'

—A racy story is told of an old lady who refused to be comforted by her pastor's assurance that when he had left she would have a better pastor as his successor. 'Na, na,' she said, 'I have seen fourteen changes in the ministers since I attended the kirk, and every one has been waur than anither.'

—Madame and baby had just returned from a promonade. Monsieur asked for details. 'Oh, my dear, good news,' said his wife. 'baby can talk. Baby said his first word a little while ago. 'Indeed! Tell me all about it.' 'Well, we were at the Jardin des Plantes, in front of the huge cage of monkeys, when Baby suddenly cried very distinctly, 'Ah, Papa!'