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FIFTEENTH YEAR — THURSDAY MORNING AUGUST 16 1894. — ONE CENT.

FREE SUGAR MEANS A DEFICIT

OF OVER THIRTY MILLIONS SAYS SECRETARY CARLISLE.

He Is Opposed to All Four Pop-Gun Bills—The Senate Takes Up the Sugar Bill and Lays It Down Again Without Action—The New Tariff and Business.

Washington, Aug. 15.—To-day the House bill to place sugar on the free list was taken up in the Senate, and occupied attention up to the time of adjournment. In connection with it, a communication was read to the Senate from Secretary Carlisle to Senator Harris (Dem., Tenn.), acting chairman of the Finance Committee, giving figures to show that with sugar on the free list there would be a Treasury deficit of from $28,000,000 to $30,000,000. Despite that communication motion was made by Mr. Berry (D., Ark.) that the Senate proceed to the consideration of the bill, and that motion was antagonized by one offered by Mr. Harris that the bill be referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. Harris argued in support of his motion. Speeches were made in favor of the passing and against a reference by Messrs. Berry, Vest and Mills. Mr. Vest's speech was made in the execution of his promise to turn the calcium light on the theory of the bill in the Finance Committee, the Democratic caucus and the Conference Committee. As usual he was earnest and impassioned, and there was no lack of frankness or plain speaking in his remarks. His allusions to the President were especially entertaining to Senators and to the galleries. The President found a defender in Mr. Vilas, and the action of the Democratic party in Congress in passing the bill was supported and justified by Mr. Palmer.

Notice of an amendment to the Free Sugar bill was given by Mr. Jones, imposing a duty of 30 per cent. ad val. on all sugars. Without any action whatever on the bill the Senate adjourned.

If One Bill Goes All Will Go.

It was stated to-night by those in charge of affairs in the Senate that the motion to refer the Free Sugar bill to the Committee on Finance would prevail when it came to a vote. Those Democrats who have been insisting upon the duty on coal and iron ore were, after adjournment, given to understand that all the independent tariff bills would be treated alike, and that if sugar was made free coal and iron ore would meet the same fate. It is said that upon the motion to refer six Republicans and two Populists—Peffer and Stewart—will vote against, and that 13 Democrats and two Populists—Allen and Kyle—will vote in favor. A majority of five to seven is figured out in favor of reference to the committee.

Carlisle Does Not Conflict With Cleveland.

In regard to statements made that Secretary Carlisle's letter to Senator Harris conflicts with President Cleveland's position in favor of free iron ore and coal, a prominent treasury official said this evening: "The letter shows clearly that iron ore, coal, barbed wire and rods for the manufacture of barbed wire can be placed on the free list without creating a deficiency. But the Secretary states that the abolition of the duties upon all these articles and upon sugar also would cause a deficiency of over $29,000,000, while the removal of the duty on sugar alone would make a deficiency of more than $28,000,000.

The Democratic steering committee of the Senate has agreed to refer all the "pop-gun" tariff bills to the Finance Committee.

Free Sugar Will Ruin New Orleans.

New Orleans, La., Aug. 15.—The passage of the Tariff bill has thrown a damper on commercial dealings in New Orleans. At least two-thirds of the city's population look to the sugar industry, directly or indirectly, for support, and any legislation that is unfavorable to sugar has a decidedly bad effect on all other commerce out of sympathy for Louisiana's principal product. The Sugar Exchange yesterday was in a turmoil, the members declaring the industry would be ruined by the adverse legislation. Free sugar will close down 19 out of 20 sugar plantations in this State, and New Orleans will practically die a commercial death. Great hopes are entertained by New Orleans merchants that the four sugar amendments will not become a law, and many still cling to a forlorn hope that the bounty of the crop of 1894 will be paid, but a majority have given up all hope of getting even a fractional part of this year's bounty.

British Woolen Men Are Happy.

London, Aug. 15.—Reports from Leeds, Bradford and Huddersfield indicate that the English manufacturers of woolens expect great benefits from the passing of the Gorman bill. The Pall Mall Gazette says that the Bradford manufacturers kept quiet while the tariff question was pending, as they feared any utterance from them might affect the prospects of the bill unfavorably. Now, however, they rejoice openly.

REVENUE FROM THE NEW TARIFF

Experts Cannot Estimate What the Customs Receipts Will Be.

New York, Aug. 15.—A Washington despatch to The Herald says: Now that the Gorman Tariff bill will probably become a law the Treasury officials are interested in knowing how much revenue they may expect to collect under it.

At best all estimates must be largely guesses, and not even the most experienced expert in the department would undertake to estimate within twenty or thirty millions the revenues under the first year of its operation.

On the single item of the income tax alone the estimates vary all the way from $25,000,000 to $40,000,000, the figures fixed by the Treasury experts being $30,000,000.

Other items of internal revenue can be estimated with much more exactness, and the figures given by the Treasury experts of $183,000,000 are probably very nearly exact. Estimates for miscellaneous receipts and for receipts from the postal service, which are respectively $20,000,000 and $84,427,748, are also probably very near the figures that will be realized from these sources, but when it comes to estimate the receipts from customs all the figure makers are at sea, for no one can even guess the effect the reduction of duties in the new bill from those in the McKinley law will have upon importations.

All the estimates made thus far as to the receipts from customs under the new law have been made by taking the statistics of importations for 1893 and applying to them the rates of duty prescribed by the new bill. The Treasury experts, figuring on this basis, estimate that the customs receipts under the new law will amount to $179,251,142.16.

If all these estimates are correct the revenue of the Government under the new bill will be $496,678,890.16, which will be ample to meet the expenditures of the Government if pension expenditures decrease at the rate expected.

There is every reason to believe the receipts will be in excess of the amounts mentioned.

TO INVESTIGATE THE STRIKE.

The Board of National Labor Commissioners Begins Work in Chicago.

Chicago, Aug. 15.—To-day the National Board of Labor Commissioners convened in the District Court room of the Federal building, Carroll D. Wright presiding. The clerk was directed to read the President's commission signed July 29, and aimed only at the trouble between the Illinois Central and the Rock Island roads and the employes of those systems. Mr. Wright then announced the course which would be pursued by the commission, declaring that the employes of the roads and their friends would be the first examined, and then the men in charge of the roads.

George W. Howard, vice-president of the A. R. U., was the first witness. He said that the cause of the strike was that the General Managers' Association made a declaration that they would back up George M. Pullman.

Mr. Howard proceeded to tell how the Pullman employes had joined the A. R. U. in a body, and how when a committee had called upon Mr. Pullman and asked him to arbitrate he refused and a strike was ordered.

All the minutes of the A.R.U. and all its documentary evidence were proffered to the commission by Mr. Howard and accepted. Mr. Howard was cross-examined by Messrs. Kernan and Worthington. He went minutely into the extent and cause of the strike. He testified that he had given information to city detectives that certain persons had been paid large sums by General Manager Egan of the Rock Island road, to burn cars, thereby arousing public sentiment against strikers.

John D. Kernan asked the witness a number of questions with a view to showing that strikes are unnecessary, and that they give the lawless element a chance to commit acts of violence. Mr. Howard acknowledged that this was true and that it was better not to strike than to strike, if possible.

Strikers Give In After Eight Months.

Sharon, Pa., Aug. 15.—To-morrow the striking coal miners of Mercer County, numbering nearly 1000, will resume work. They have been out eight months and many are in destitute circumstances.

PATRON CONVENTIONS.

Candidates to Be Nominated in Halton and Prince Edward Counties.

Messrs. Banton and Cribbin have been appointed Patrons of Industry organizers by Mr. Mallory, grand president. They will organize two local associations in each ward in the city. It is claimed that more local associations could easily be formed, but that two strong organizations will prove a stronger political force for each ward.

The Prince Edward County Patrons will meet in convention on Saturday, Aug. 25, to select a standard-bearer for the Dominion elections, and are confident of victory.

A convention of the Patrons of Industry in Halton will be held in the Town Hall, Milton, on Saturday, Sept. 1, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the House of Commons.

MY DUCATS AND MY DAUGHTER

A Great Novel By a Brilliant Scotch Writer.

Outside of two or three great American novelists, the writers of this continent produce books which may please, but which seldom educate. It is from the pens of the more patient writers of England and Scotland that the best novels come. From an Edinburgh press comes, in paper covers, a great novel by P. Hay Hunter. The title is "My Ducats and My Daughter," and it is now for sale by John P. McKenna, Bookseller, 80 Yonge-street. It is a love story of wide compass, but contains also many morsels of wisdom on the leading topics of the day, especially on the nature of true philanthropy. Of it The Academy said: "A book of much higher quality than the ordinary novel of the season."

His Removal Killed the Village.

With the removal to Toronto of Mr. Joseph Budd, the founder and sole owner of Josephine, Simcoe County, that village ceases to exist, and the once lively little hamlet is now nothing but a hole in the swamp. Ten years ago Budd built a mill on lots 10 and 11, on concession 9, Vespra, the location being in the midst of a dense forest. Several residences, blacksmith's shop, etc., were built, and in a very short time it was the busiest little place that could be found. His business requiring a great deal of correspondence, he made application and succeeded in having a postoffice, which has continued to exist until now, naming it in honor of his only child, Josephine. He built a fine residence and a magnificent barn with stone stable. Being so completely shut in from all outside habitation, it was considered advisable to have a school for the benefit of the young, a building was erected which did service for several years as school house, church, etc. In September, 1888, Mr. Budd suffered a great loss by fire. The mill and all the stock on hand were consumed. He rebuilt immediately and work went on as before. Some years after Mr. Budd built another mill at Minesing station, where a number of his employes were removed, there only enough being retained to run the mill. Mr. Budd's health failed, and continuing he found it necessary to retire from active life, which he gradually did. On Monday, Aug. 6, he bade farewell to the scenes of many busy days, and removed to Toronto, and now there is not a single inhabitant in the once thriving village.

Suspected of Murdering His Children.

Ogdensburg, N.Y., Aug. 15.—Harry Ravenhill on Monday asked the Superintendent of the Poor to bury the body of his two-months'-old baby, which he said died the night before. This was the fourth application for such services Ravenhill had made since he came here four years ago. After making an investigation the physician said the baby had been smothered. The Board of Health reported there was reason to suspect strangulation. An inquest was begun yesterday. It was claimed here yesterday that Ravenhill is the father of 17 children, all of whom died in infancy. Each of the three buried here by the Superintendent of the Poor died within two weeks of birth. Ravenhill came from Whitechapel, London. His wife, who was of bad repute, died here about a year ago. The mother of the child he now asks to have buried is a woman named Murray, with whom he has been living. It is said she has a husband in Canada, whom she abandoned.

George R. Hogaboom's Horses.

Thirty-one standard-bred trotters, hackneys and draught horses from the stables of the late George R. Hogaboom, together with his Jersey and grade cattle, the carriages, harness and all stable necessaries, will be sold by Silver & Smith at Grand's Repository on Sept. 11 and 12. The sale will be absolutely without reserve, and the horses, etc., can be seen at the Repository on the Saturday and Monday previous to the sale. A list of the horses, with their breeding and records, appears in another column.

Public Notice.

To many enquiries we have no hesitation in saying "Manley's Celery Nerve Compound with Beef, Iron and Wine" surpasses all others as a blood purifier, nerve tonic and general health restorer. It is made with glycerine, not alcohol. Sold by druggists. Lion Medicine Company, 87 King-street east. 246

NO BATTLE LAST SATURDAY

THE REPORTED NAVAL ENGAGEMENT IS DENIED OFFICIALLY.

British Subjects Warned to Be Neutral—Report From Washington that Canadian Railways Are Conniving With American Gunmakers to Supply Arms to Both Countries.

London, Aug. 15.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Central News says the Yokohama report that there was an engagement between Chinese and Japanese fleets Aug. 11, and that the Japanese were victorious, is denied officially.

The Japanese fleet is still cruising at the mouth of the Gulf of Pe-Chi-Li, and the Chinese fleet has not been sighted.

Chinese reinforcements are equipping and advancing through Manchuria.

The Daily Chronicle correspondent in Yokohama says: Rumors are current that seven Chinese vessels were sunk in an engage ment with the Japanese Aug. 10. This is probably an echo of the Yokohama despatch received Tuesday reporting a naval engagement Aug. 11.

Firing on Wei-Hai-Wei on the 9th.

Washington, Aug. 15.—A telegram received at the Japanese Legation is to the effect that on the 7th inst. 19 Japanese men-of-war left Corean waters for Wei-Hai-Wei, which they approached at midnight on the 9th inst. A torpedo floatilla was sent out, and on the following morning shots were exchanged with the Chinese forts. But as they did not find any of the Chinese fleet, the Japanese warships returned to Corean waters. This despatch was sent by boat from Corea to some Japanese port, and telegraphed to Tokyo, whence it was cabled to the legation here. This accounts for the delay.

British Enjoined to Strict Neutrality.

London, Aug. 15.—A despatch to The Times from Tien Tsin to-day says that the British Minister has issued a notice enjoining strict neutrality upon the part of all British subjects in the Far East during the progress of the war between China and Japan. The despatch adds that the French gunboat Lion has arrived at Tien Tsin. The Lion will be remembered as the warship which is reported to have been present at the sinking of the transport Kow-Shung, and much important evidence is expected from the commander of the French ship in regard to that disaster. The Lion is said to have rescued some of the people who were on board the Kow-Shung.

Warships Cannot Cross Taku Bar Without Notice.

London, Aug. 15.—The Tien Tsin correspondent of The Times says any warships trying to cross the bar at Taku without having given previous notice will be fired on by the forts, no matter what flag they may fly. Naval vessels giving previous notice will be admitted at the discretion of the Chinese authorities.

BEARS THE LIE ON ITS FACE.

Canadian Railways Said to Be Breaking the Neutrality Laws.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Information has been received here to the effect that, under orders from the German Emperor, Von Caprivi, the Premier, has forbidden the sale of either small arms, cartridges or heavy guns to either China or Japan, and has enquired unofficially of our Ambassador if the United States proposes to adhere to the precedents established by this Government in 1869, when Spain was dealing with an insurrection in Cuba, and again when Venezuela was attempting the overthrow of the Guzman Blanco dictatorship, and in other cases—all to the effect of forbidding arms or munitions of war to be shipped from American ports to aid the enemies of established Governments in the countries named to overthrow them.

The action of Germany in forbidding the sale of arms is hardly understood here. The questions mentioned above have been notified to the German Ambassador here, also unofficially, but none the less, he is requested to inform the Imperial Chancellor of America's intention, if arms and military munitions are to be sold under what restrictions.

It is reported that certain Connecticut firms are evading neutrality laws by consigning their goods to English shipping agencies in Canada, and the cargos are leaving the United States through British ports, and consigned to Japan and China via Vancouver, from which there are direct steamship lines with the English flag to Japan and China.

The State Department declares that thus far no consignment of military goods of any character have gone forward to either China or Japan under American colors, or through United States Customs houses. So long as the convenient method of shipping by Canadian railways and ports can be utilized there is no occasion for Connecticut gunmakers to violate neutrality laws, while John Bull can turn an honest penny at the same time, and the dividends of the Japan and Hong-Kong lines of steamers will be correspondingly increased. It is hard upon Krupp and the Mannlicher Arms and Cartridge works not to be able to gather in some of this harvest of gold from the east.

Herr Von Caprivi will be assured that the precedents created and followed by the United States in reference to the sale of arms to belligerent nations will be carefully maintained during the Japan-Chinese war. The 24,000 revolvers purchased by China and about one-third of those for Japan have gone forward already through British ports covered by British bills of lading and protected by the flag of Great Britain.

THE BEGINNINGS OF STRIFE.

A Torontonian Sketches the Causes of the Corean Rebellion.

Dr. Harley Smith of Spadina-avenue has received a long and interesting letter from Dr. R. A. Hardie, who has been a medical missionary in Corea for the last four years.

Dr. Hardie is the representative of the Canadian Colleges' mission, which comprises the Y.M.C.A. and the Y.W.C.A. of the University of Toronto and 12 other Canadian colleges. His letter is dated Gensan, July 12, some time before war was declared between China and Japan.

Of the progress of the mission the doctor speaks most satisfactorily. Then he deals with political affairs. A year ago Tonghok (eastern religion) sent representatives to the King at Seoul. According to Corean custom, anyone appearing before the palace gates with a petition considered unworthy the King's attention loses his head. These representatives asked for political reform, particularly in the matter of public examinations. It has been complained that for many years official rank was obtainable not by competence, but by those who could purchase it.

Of late years the corruption, avarice and oppression of this official class has greatly increased, and the situation had become unbearable to the patient Coreans. The opening of the country to foreigners has had much to with precipitating the present serious state of affairs. Formerly the manufacture of clothing gave employment to those not engaged in agriculture or fishing. Since the opening of treaty ports foreign cotton has largely supplanted native.

Other grievances the writer points out: The official patronage of imported articles to those of home manufacture, the extravagance of the King, the employment of foreign electricians, engineers, officers, advisers and teachers. With much of Corean industries thus destroyed, and the extra taxation for these modern ideas which the humble people considered extravagance, they imagined that the ridding of their land of all foreigners would bring the relief and reform they desired. Hence they called for the expulsion of the Japanese and all westerners.

This not being conceded a rebellion broke out in the south.

Corea is tributary to China, and Chinese forces were sent to Corea to quell the uprising. A treaty of 1884 between China and Japan stipulated that neither power should send forces into Corea without notification. China did not notify Japan of the dispatch of this force. Hence the chief grievance and primary cause of the present war.

Interesting details up to the date of the letter follow, most of which have already been published in The World.

Dr. Hardie's wife is a Canadian. He is a graduate of Toronto University, and he has a brother employed on The Winnipeg Free Press.

JAPAN'S POLICY CONDEMNED

By the English Press in Yokohama—Four Jap Transports Lost.

Victoria, B.C., Aug. 15.—The Northern Pacific liner Tacoma, which left Yokohama Aug. 1, arrived this morning, completing the fastest passage she ever made. There was no incident of special importance in the trip, and war had not been declared formally between China and Japan before she sailing, although hostilities had been instituted. Full particulars of the sinking of the Chinese troop-ship Kow-Shung, while flying the British flag, were received at Yokohama a few days prior to the Tacoma's departure, and speculation was rife as to what action England would take, war not having been declared when the Kow-Shung was cleared by the British Consul, and therefore being a simple merchantman flying the British colors.

The English press of Japan unite in expressing contempt for "Japan's great naval victory," and the general tone of their editorials on the war is strongly condemnatory of Japan's policy. The Mikado is hardly satisfied with the assurance of his Government that the people demanded war, and has instructed his Superintendent General of Police to report on the feeling of the people in regard to the recent course of his Government. Four transports for Corea were still missing when the Tacoma left Japan, and the supposition was that they had been lost in a typhoon which had raged with exceptional violence on July 26.

SHATTERED THE PLATE.

Successful Test of Two 13-Inch Armor Piercing Shells.

Washington, Aug. 15.—To-day an interesting test of a 13-inch armor piercing shell was held at the Indian Head proving grounds, when two 13-inch projectiles, the largest made for our ordnance, penetrated nearly 15 inches of nickel-steel armor, passing through over 40 inches of heavy oaken backing and went 200 feet before burying themselves several feet in the earth, practically uninjured and almost in condition for another round. These projectiles represented over 60 tons of a lot for the biggest guns of the navy.

THREE BULLETS IN HER HEAD.

Took His Girl for a Drive and Then Shot Her.

Henniker, N.H., Aug. 14.—Arthur McLean hired a team at a livery stable here Monday evening, and in company with Nellie Douglass left the village for a drive to the direction of Contoocook. The team came back to the livery stable with no one in the carriage, but nearby the lifeless body of Miss Douglass was found with three bullet holes in her head. McLean was found in a field half a mile from the village. He is under arrest awaiting examination. He is 18 years of age, and Miss Douglass was 15.

Sons of Ireland.

The Toronto delegates to the annual session of the Grand Lodge of the S. I. P. A., returned from Peterboro yesterday. The society was found to be in a flourishing condition financially and numerically. These officers were elected: Grand president, O. W. J. Wadsworth, Toronto; grand vice-president, Mr. J. M. Dixon, Toronto; grand secretary, Mr. J. McFaul, Toronto; grand treasurer, Mr. J. Steel, Toronto; grand chaplain, the Rev. J. C. Madill, Sarnia; grand director of ceremonies, Mr. W. L. Purvis, Toronto; grand lecturers, Messrs. W. L. Bailey, Toronto, and A. T. Dugan, Peterborough; grand trustees, Messrs. W. J. Dunlop and Dr. Noble, Toronto; grand auditors, Messrs. J. Howarth, Carmelia, and W. Hunter, Toronto. A motion to establish lady and juvenile lodges was discussed, and referred to a committee to report.

St. Basil's Garden Party.

Under favorable weather and good patronage this enjoyable affair took place yesterday in the pleasant college grounds. The attendance was large, the entertainments numerous, and fair saleswomen did good business. Music was supplied by the Queen's Own band and O'Connell's drummers and fifers. The object of the fete was the further reduction of the debt on the novitiate building in St. Clair-avenue.

"She" Next Week.

The attraction at Jacobs & Sparrow's Opera House next week will be H. Rider Haggard's oriental romance, "She," in a new dramatic form. "She," as presented by the A. Y. Pearson Company, is a scenic spectacle of elaborate proportions, over 16,000 feet of canvas being used in the scenic display. The cast, scenery and effects are exactly the same as used during its run in Chicago last summer. The sale of seats for the "She" engagement will commence to-day.

Berlin Livery Burned.

Berlin, Ont., Aug. 15.—Fire to-day destroyed the livery stable of Ephraim Bicker and the carriage works of Aaron Bicker. The loss is estimated at $10,000, covered by insurance.

Wellman Reaches Tromsoe.

London, Aug. 15.—A despatch received this evening from Tromsoe, Norway, says that Walter Wellman and his party arrived there Tuesday. No details have been given.

"Kennethene" will not injure the finest fabric or most delicate color. 246

Walker, the Alleged Murderer, Ill.

Brampton, Aug. 15.—Walker, who is awaiting his trial at the Assizes for the murder of Mrs. Williams last December, is very ill. The jail physician is in constant attendance.

"Kennethene" extracts grease, oil and paint from all clothing. 246

If You Are Going Out of Town

For a week or two weeks or a month let us know, and we will send The World to you post paid at the rate of 25 cents a month. No trouble to change address. d

Allays thirst and aids digestion, Adams Tutti Frutti. Allow no imitations to be palmed off on you.

THE POLICE GAMES.

Five Thousand Citizens Witness the Sports at Rosedale—P. C. Allison Again Wins the Championship.

Once more has the Toronto Police Amateur Athletic Association scored a huge success. The twelfth annual games were witnessed yesterday afternoon on the Rosedale grounds by 5000 people, who went away delighted with the afternoon's sport. The great success of these games is due to a large extent to the executive ability of Inspector Stark, secretary of the association, and his assistant, Mr. J. J. Clarke. Mayor Stewart of Hamilton was referee; Mr. James Pearson, starter; Mr. H. C. Scholfield, timer; Messrs. John Massey, G. M. Higinbotham, M. Macdonald, judges; bicycle events referee, Dr. Doolittle; handicapper, Mr. Fred Bryers; official timer, Mr. G. H Orr.

Among those present on the grounds were the Mayor, Mr. E. F. Clarke, Chief Grasett, Magistrate Kingsford, City Crown Attorney Curry, Deputy Chief Stewart, High Constable Jones, Hugh Miller, J.P., and Alexander Muir.

The features of the games were the tug of-war, the bicycle races. The pull between the Grenadiers and the 48th was exciting in the extreme. The first, second and third heats were ties, but the Grens. won in the fourth. In the three mile bicycle race Burley finished first, but was put back to third place for foul riding. The all-round championship medal was won by P. C. Andrew Allison, last year's champion, who had 16 points to his credit. Nicol, Ross, Child and Young also made a good showing.

Putting 16 lb. shot—Child 1, 37 ft. 1-4 in.; Nicol 2, 35 ft. 1 in.; Ross 3, 34 ft. 8 1-2 in.

Standing jump—Allison 1, 9 ft. 7 in.; McPherson 2, 9 ft. 6 in.; T. Guthrie 3, 9 ft. 2 1-2 in.

Constables' race, 10 years' service and over, 100 yards—Young 1, Fyfe 2, Wallace 3.

High throw, 56 lb. weight—Young 1, 13 ft. 9 1-2 in.; Anson 2, 13 ft. 7 1-2 in.; Child 3, 13 ft. 5 1-2 in.

Running high jump—Allison 1, 5 ft. 1 in; Ross 2 ft. 11 in.; Egan 3.

Constables' race, 15 years' service and over—Wallace 1, P. S. Mitchell 2, Armstong 3.

Tossing caber—Nicol 1, 40 ft. 5 in.; Dodds 2, 38 ft. 2 in.; Fyfe 3, 36 ft. 7 1-2 in.

100 yards' race—Child 1, Guthrie 2, Allison 3. Time 11 sec.

Long throw, 56 lb. weight—Nicol 1, 28 ft. 8 1-2 in.; Dodds 2, 27 ft. 4 in.; Fyfe 3, 24 ft. 11 1-4 in.

Bicycle race, 1 mile—Burley 1, McLellan 2, Clark (Hamilton) 3. Time 2.44 3-5.

Open handicap bicycle race, 5 miles—Carman 1, Crowe 2, Sam Young 3. Time 1 mile 2.24, 2 miles 4.46 2-5, 3 miles 7.17 1-5, 4 miles 9.54 4-5, 5 miles 12.34 1-5.

Throwing 16 lb. hammer—Nicol 1, 120 ft.; P. C. Tipton 2, 101 ft 1-2 in.; Ross 3, 98 ft. 2 1-2 in.

Old men's race—P. S. Mitchell 1, Anson 2, P. S. Johnston 3.

Quarter mile race—N. Guthrie 1, Allison 2, Child 3.

Patrol sergeants' race—Mitchell 1, Johnston 2.

Running broad jump—Allison 1, 18 ft. 6 3-4 in.; Robinson 2, 18 ft. 5 3-4 in.; Fyfe 3, 17 ft. 10 1-2 in.

Fat men's race, 225 lbs. and over—Patterson 1, Anson 2, Lougheed 3.

Half-mile race—Guthrie 1, Robinson 2, Allison 3.

Hurdle race—Egan 1, Ross 2, N. Guthrie 3.

Hop, step and jump—Allison 1, 38 ft. 1 1-2 in.; Robinson 2, 37 ft. 1 in.; T. Guthrie 3, 36 ft. 8 in.

Three-mile bicycle race—McLellan 1, Clarke (Hamilton) 2, Burley 3.

Consolation race—Zeats (Hamilton) 1, McKenny 2, Tuck 3.

Local Jottings.

John and William Taylor were yesterday acquitted on a charge of horse stealing by Judge Morgan.

S. C. Mathieson was yesterday adjudged insane by Judge Morgan, and sent to the asylum.

At the Stonecutters' Convention yesterday it was decided to allow each subordinate lodge to manage its own affairs in future. Heretofore their affairs have been managed by a Central Executive Committee.

The Ontario Government has placed an order for a diamond drill to be used in prospecting mineral locations on the north shore of Lake Superior.

James Hannen, the young man stabbed in a fracas early Saturday morning last, will recover.

The remains of Benjamin Rhodes, who was suffocated by gas at his boarding house at 153 Shuter-street, were taken from Niagara Falls to Albany for interment yesterday.

The late G. R. Hogaboom of this city left an estate valued at $70,000. The widow and daughters are sole legatees, executors are Charles Miller and George A. Case.

The Sheppard Publishing Co. have purchased 42 feet on the north side of Adelaide-street west, opposite the Grand Opera House, for $12,000.

George Jones, who gives his address as Rochester, N. Y., was arrested yesterday by Detective Davis, charged with stealing a bicycle.

Suckling & Co. advertise their first trade sale for the fall on Wednesday, Aug. 29, and as their list comprises every description of general dry goods, boots and shoes etc., buyers should not miss these opportunities of attending their sales.

The Salvation Army will hold a series of camp meetings on Wells' Hill from Aug. 19 to Aug. 26. Meetings will be conducted all day on Sundays and each evening through the week.

The Board of Trade yesterday appointed this committee to confer with the City Council with respect to the deepening of the waterways convention: Hugh Blain, S. Caldecott, E. B. Osler, J. L. Spink, D. R. Wilkie, M. McLaughlin, John Donogh, C. Cockshutt and E. Samuel.

A horse attached to an express wagon, the property of Heyward, the expressman, became startled while standing on Geddes' wharf yesterday afternoon, and dashed up Yonge-street at a mad pace. When opposite the Customs the wagon collided with an empty hack, and completely demolished it. The force of the collision brought the horse to a standstill without further damage.

The Church Boys' Brigade are now at Balmy Beach, occupying about 25 large tents, with about 250 in attendance. Whilst the camp is for an outing for the boys, it is nevertheless carried on under strict military discipline, under the supervision of Mr. Starr, who is for the time being general. They will stay in camp about a week.

By permission of Col. Mason and officers, the Royal Grenadier Band, under the direction of Mr. Waldron, will play the following program in the Horticultural Gardens this evening from 8 to 10: March, Illinois Battle Ship, Yule; overture, Bohemian Girl, Balfe; valse, Amorosa, St. Quentin; Reminiscences of Bellini, Godfrey; Song and Graceful Dance, from Henry VIII., Sir A. Sullivan; euphonium solo, Infelice, from Erminie, Verdi; polka, Who's That Calling? Meissler; descriptive fantasia, Voyage in a Troopship, Miller; paraphrase, Nearer My God to Thee, Reeves.

A grand vocal and instrumental concert will be given Saturday evening, Aug. 18, at the Queen's Royal, Niagara-on-the-Lake. The receipts will be given to charitable purposes. Among the artists who will assist are: Mrs. Emil Gramm, solo soprano, of St. Thomas' Church, New York; Mr. Emil Gramm, violinist, director of the famous Scharwenka Conservatory of New York, and Miss Cora Schaefer, the brilliant young pianiste. The selections to be performed will be of a high and artistic order. The celebrated William Knabe & Co.'s Grand will be used on this occasion.

Newsome Case Further Enlarged.

The case of W. B. Newsome, the Torontonian charged with violating the alien labor law, was further enlarged by Commissioner Fairchild at Buffalo yesterday until Sept. 4.

SANTO DIED AT DAYLIGHT.

THE KNIFE FELL AS THE CLOCK STRUCK 5.

Carnot's Murderer Struggled Fiercely While Being Laid on the Block—The Guillotine Had Arrived From Paris Only An Hour Before.

Lyons, Aug. 16.—Santo Caserio, the murderer of President Carnot, was guillotined at 5 o'clock this morning. The scene of the execution is about 50 metres from the prison. Three hours before the time set for the execution a detachment of troops, comprising the 98th Battalion of Infantry and two squadrons of the 7th Cuirassiers, took positions on the ground. They were reinforced later by gendarmes and policemen. Deliber, the executioner, arrived at 3 o'clock, bringing with him the well-known guillotine.

The van conveying the guillotine was escorted by gendarmes on horseback. The operation of erecting the machine occupied about an hour.

There was a heavy shower during the night, which had the effect of driving away nearly all the curiosity seekers. At three o'clock there were hardly 100 persons waiting. Some time before daylight the weather improved and the curious began to gather again.

A few minutes before five o'clock the condemned man was led from his cell to the guillotine. His arms were firmly bound behind him. When the attendants seized him to lay him under the knife he struggled fiercely to free himself. At 4.45 o'clock all was ready. Caserio shouted: "Courage comrades! Long live Anarchy!"

The knife fell at five o'clock precisely, and Caserio's head dropped into the basket.

HELD UP A FREIGHT TRAIN

And Robbed the Men of Their Wages for the Month.

Laporte, Ind., Aug. 15.—A local freight on the Lake Shore was held up late last night at Whiting. The train was running at a slow rate, when three men climbed aboard. Two of them, whose faces were masked, held cocked revolvers in their hands. The third member of the gang went through the pockets of the men, and took everything of value he had just received from their monthly salaries. When the robbery had been committed the bandits dropped from the train and disappeared in the woods. President Newell has authorized a reward of $500 for the apprehension of the robbers.

Burglar Confronted By a Plucky Girl.

Vienna, Ont., Aug. 15.—A buglar entered the house of Rev. Mr. Cooper last night. Mr. and Mrs. Cooper were away from home, and the occupants of the house were Burt, Mary and Flossie Cooper and Miss Tyler of Winnipeg. Miss Tyler was awakened, and confronted the intruder, who grabbed her fiercely by the arms and ordered her to keep quiet. She screamed for help, and the burglar decamped. He secured $32 in cash, $90 in notes and some jewelry.

A Pair of Frauds.

Two women, one dressed as a nun, have been canvassing villages east of Toronto, the nun claiming to be the Mother Superior of the Sacred Convent of Mount Lebanon. Some people subscribed, but Others were suspicious and refused. The woman is a fraud.

The Best Value on the Market.

Quality absolutely unequalled. Four Crown Scotch Whisky. Same as supplied to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales and H. H. Prince Bismarck of Germany. Ask your dealer for it and accept no other until you have tried it. Canadian Agency 13 Front-street east, Toronto. 246

Weinberg Still Fighting Extradition.

There was a further hearing at New York yesterday in the case of Perry Weinberg, the ex-Toronto jeweler, whose extradition Detective Murray is endeavoring to secure.

Between Mr. Fox, who represents the British interest, and Mr. B. N. Waite, who is defending Weinberg, there is a good deal of wrangling upon some interesting and complicated questions of jurisdiction, underlying the demands for extradition that have arisen. The examination will be resumed on Friday next.

A Big Day's Business.

The Toronto and Scarboro' Electric Railway carried 5000 passengers on Civic Holiday. With a sufficient number of cars they would have carried nearly double that number. The rails of the spur to the corner of Gerrard-street and Woodbine, East Toronto Village, have been laid, and the trolley poles are being planted. The cars will be running on this new section in a short time.

A Signal From Mars.

According to Prof. Wiggins, the people on the planet Mars are now signaling the inhabitants of this gravelly speck. In the absence of any interplanetary flash-light code we are led to infer that they are endeavoring to get some of those 25 cent necktie plums which quinn is now showing. d

The "Empress."

The "Empress" Hotel, corner Yonge and Gould-streets, R. Dissette, prop. Large, airy bedrooms, private parlors, excellent table, every convenience. Electric cars pass every few minutes. Rates $1.50 per day. 246

Thousands are grateful for the relief afforded by Gibbon's Toothache Gum. 246

Take your visitors and friends to see the beautiful Cyclorama of Jerusalem on the day of the Crucifixion, corner Front and York; open daily 9 a.m., 7 p.m. Admission 25 cents. ed

Personal.

Mr. J. L. Hughes arrived home from England yesterday.

Don Deodoro do Pulincao da Gandhao of Coimbra, Portugal, is at the Queen's.

School Trustee W. W. Hodgson arrived in the city yesterday from his European trip.

Prof. McKay, McMaster University, returned from England yesterday. His vacation was spent in the prosecution of his studies in London.

Mr. J. E. Burgess, M. A., at present in charge of St. Jude's Mission, this city, has been appointed to the professorship of classics and mathematics in Huron College, London.

Mr. Joseph Frank, well and favorably known as the manager for three years of Jacobs & Sparrow's Opera House, was yesterday married to Miss Lulu Rosenthal; Mr. Frank's sister, Mrs. Clara Stettener, and the bride's relatives only being present. The ceremony was performed at the residence of the bride's mother, Toronto owill be Mr. Frank's future home.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts, Bank Commerce Building, Toronto.

To Open the Industrial.

Sir John Thompson, who was waited on in Muskoka by ex-Ald. Saunders, has kindly consented to open the Toronto Industrial Exhibition on the 4th of September.

Ask your druggists for Gibbons' Toothache Gum, the acknowledged remedy for toothache. 246

"Not how cheap, but how good" should be your motto in buying soap or anything else. Eclipse 3-lb bar fills the bill. Purer, sweeter and better than any competing article.

COLONIAL CONFERENCE REPORT.

Comments of the British Press—The Imperial Customs Union Dead—Intercolonial Treaties.

London, Aug. 16.—The Daily Chronicle in commenting upon the report of the Intercolonial Conference at Ottawa, says:

"The most instructive and most significant feature of the doings at Ottawa, as disclosed by the official report, is the practical collapse of the ingenious proposal under the guise of which certain well-meaning persons sought to impose a new form of protection upon the United Kingdom. Let us hope that we have now heard the last of the Imperial Customs Union."

The Morning Post referring to the conference resolution regarding the Act of 1873, preventing Australia and New Zealand from making their own arrangements with Canada and Cape Colony, expressed the opinion that the views have such a strong expression that the Earl of Jersey can scarcely do otherwise than recommend the Government to amend the Act in accordance with the resolution.

TROLLEYS IN M'CAUL-STREET.

Adverse Representations Made By Residents and Property-Owners.

President McKenzie of the Toronto Railway Company has written to Engineer Keating, suggesting that the final settlement of the McCaul-street route be deferred. The latter states that a large deputation of residents and property-owners on the street has waited on the company and strongly objected to the relaying of the tracks.

President McKenzie, the City Engineer and Ald. Lamb have inspected the proposed new route from McCaul-street, through St. Patrick and Arthur-streets, to Dundas-street and High Park. All are stated to have been favorably impressed with the desirability and utility of the proposal.

UNDER BRICKS AND MORTAR.

**Eleven Lives Lost By Collapse of a Hungarian