

RTS.

of fine Linen  
with pockets  
They are just  
your finer and  
and they are  
them.

50.

BROS.

ST. Retail.

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to suit all require-

Plain quiet wall pa-  
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PIPE,

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EA,

Merchant.

Wharf: Cliff's Cove.

of Codfish, Cod Oil,  
guarantee the highest  
factory results. Re-  
sults. Consignments

EA,

Merchant.

Neyle's

NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED

Potato Diggers,  
\$9.00 doz.; 80c. each.

Taps for Steel Casks  
for Kero and Gasoline,  
\$11.40 doz.; \$1.00 each.

Spirit Compasses  
for Motor Boats,  
\$72.00 doz.; \$6.50 each.

S. Wrenches,  
6; 8 and 10 inch.

Galvanized Buckets,  
11, 12 and 13 inch.

Wood Hames,  
with Brass tops. Cheap

Wood Hames.

Galvanized Pails.

WEYLE'S HARDWARE.

WM. SOPER, Manager.

O'MARA'S

Wild Strawberry

Compound.

is especially prepared for the relief of Diarrhoea, Summer Complaint and kindred troubles. It promptly relieves the condition and corrects the cause, restoring the bowels to normal healthy action.

Keep a bottle in the home in case of need.

PRICE 50c. BOT.

PETER O'MARA.

The Druggist,

46-48 WATER ST. WEST.

Walter A. O'D. Kelly,

Licensed Auctioneer and

Commission Agent.

Auction & Private Sales

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, REAL

ESTATE and all classes of goods un-  
derest. Personal attention and  
PROMPT RETURNS guaranteed.

If you want to sell your HOUSE or  
LAND, list it with me. Every day  
we have enquiries for properties.

We have space at our Auction  
Room, Adelaide Street, to receive ar-  
ticles of Furniture, etc., that may be  
offered for sale.

We also make a specialty of all  
kinds of BUILDING MATERIALS.

Address:

Cor. of Adelaide & George

Streets.

Mar. 10, 1919, 1919

DENTIST

The Maritime

Dental Parlors

The Home of Good Dentistry.

Free examination, advice and exact  
estimate of putting your teeth in per-  
fect condition. This is the duty of  
dentists. If you intend getting false  
teeth made, or if you are wearing  
teeth that are unsatisfactory, why not  
consult a specialist. It costs you  
nothing.

Remember when you pay more for  
dental work than we charge. It is  
spring for something that you can  
trust. All branches of dental work  
promptly executed.

Full Upper or Lower Sets, \$12.00 and \$15.00

Painless Extraction . . . . . 50c.

M. S. POWER, D.D.S.

Graduate of Philadelphia Dental Col-  
lege, Garretson Hospital of Oral  
Surgery, and Philadelphia

General Hospital.

170 WATER STREET.

P. O. Box 1829.

(Opp. M. Chaplin.)

Jan 15, 1919, 1919

Prices Cheerfully Given.

If you are contemplating Plumbing  
or Heating your home, see me. Can  
guarantee you with price on same at a  
moment's notice for first-class work  
at reasonable figure.

BE WATCHFUL

and see that your Heating Boiler is  
in good order, and about that other  
Radiators you wanted in. Only a few  
months more and winter will be on  
us. Remember, I personally will be on  
hand to supervise my own work.

A. FITZPATRICK

Plumber, Steam & Hot Water Fitter,

No. 11 LeMarchant Road.

Phone Parsons' 688, if you need me  
for that job.

MOTOR ACCESSORIES.

We have in stock:

Chase Motor Robes.

Motor Lunch Baskets.

Headlight Bulbs.

Dash and Tail Light Bulbs.

Exhaust Horns.

Electric Horns.

Spark Plugs.

Rim Expanders.

Cowl Dash Clocks.

Willard Batteries—all sizes.

Running Board Mats, etc.

T. A. MACNAB & CO.,

Overland Distributors.

Service Station: 12 Prescott St.

Office: City Club Bldg.

Sept 5, 1919

Grove Hill Bulletin

CUT FLOWERS,

LETTUCE, PARSLEY,

WEDDING BOUQUETS,

WREATHS & CROSSES

at shortest notice.

J. McNeil,

Waterford Bridge Road.

OUR HIGH GRADE

Dry Cleaning, Repairing

and Pressing

cost you no more than where the  
work is of inferior quality. We  
are cleaners, not merely press-  
ers, that's the difference.

O'KEEFE BROS.,

French Dry Cleaners,

Duckworth Street.

(Opp. T. & M. Winter.)

July 30, 1919, 1919

Do It Now.

Insure your property with

the old reliable

ACADIA FIRE

INSURANCE CO.

BAIRD & COY,

Water St. East, Agents.

Newfoundland

Postage Stamps.

Used.—WANTED FOR CASH.—Used.

We want to purchase for cash any  
quantity of Used Postage Stamps of  
Newfoundland, especially Carbons 1918  
now in use, and will pay the following  
prices:—

1c. value per 100 . . . . . 25c.

2c. value per 100 . . . . . 35c.

3c. value per 100 . . . . . 50c.

4c. value, each . . . . . 1c.

5c. value, each . . . . . 1c.

For higher values we will allow  
one-third each of the face value and  
take any number of these at above  
prices.

Stamps must be in good condition,  
not torn, damaged or too heavily can-  
celled.

We will also buy for cash all other  
values, issues, etc., of Newfoundland  
Postage Stamps.

Send us all the stamps you have  
and we will remit promptly on re-  
ceipt. We also buy West Indian  
Stamps. Price list free on request.

Stamps in Postage Stamps in British

North America.

STAMP CO.,

28 Spadina Avenue,

Toronto, Canada.

European Agency.

Wholesale tenders promptly execu-  
ted at lowest cash prices for all Brit-  
ish and Continental goods, including:  
Books and Stationery,  
Boots, Shoes and Leather,  
Chemicals and Druggists' Sundries,  
China, Earthenware and Glassware,  
Cycles, Motor Cars and Accessories,  
Drapery, Millinery and Flock Goods,  
Sample Cases from \$50 upwards,  
Fancy Goods and Perfumery,  
Hardware, Machinery and Metal.

Jewellery, Plate and Watches,  
Photographic and Optical Goods,  
Provisions and Oils and Stores,  
etc., etc.

Commission 2 1/2% p.a. to 5% p.a.  
Trade Discounts allowed.  
Special Quotations on Demand.  
Consignments of Produce Sold on  
Account.

(Established 1814)

25 Abchurch Lane, London, E.C. 4,  
Cable Address: "Australas, Eng."

William Wilson & Sons

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DIS-  
TEMPER.

"Old Time Liberal"

Propounds a Series of Queries.

Editor Evening Telegram.

Dear Sir:—I shall be greatly obli-  
ged if you can give me, as an oldtime  
Liberal, space for a contribution to  
your columns which, I think, its im-  
portance will warrant.

I have been like yourself some-  
what uncertain as to my political stand  
in the coming election and have been  
weighing carefully for many weeks  
past the pros and cons of the case as  
presented by the various parties. I  
read very carefully on Tuesday all  
the newspaper accounts of the Squires  
Party's meeting on Monday night in  
the Casino and weighed thoroughly  
yesterday the arguments presented by  
the various speakers and last night  
set down my views in the letter which  
I now send you.

The only man's opinions of all  
those who spoke on Monday night  
which seemed to me to carry any  
force were Mr. Brownrigg's. He im-  
pressed me as an honest man trying  
to bring the public mind to bear on  
the questions of serious concern and  
I admired him specially for the con-  
tentious way in which he discarded  
the showman's cry "The Graters Must  
Go," one unflinching serious-minded  
man, and focussed public opinion as  
represented by that meeting on the  
question of the Reids and their re-  
lationship to the Government of this  
country.

Nobody can dispute that the Reid  
issue is one that persistently calls for  
consideration and that every well  
wisher of the country must recognize  
clamorous for a settlement but I am  
perturbed over what I consider to be  
the sinister position which Mr. Squires  
occupies in relation to this question.  
Therefore I am going with your per-  
mission to submit to Mr. Brownrigg  
through your columns certain propo-  
sitions respecting which I would  
like an answer from him, believing  
that this will be the best way of get-  
ting light thrown upon a phase of the  
present political struggle which is  
the most obscure and dangerous that,  
to my mind, has confronted this coun-  
try for many years.

I refer specifically to the unex-  
plained incident of Mr. Squires and  
the \$5,000.00 which he was charged  
by Mr. Coaker in the Assembly a  
year or so ago with having received  
from the Reids, in Bank of Montreal  
notes, at a time when he (Mr. Squires)  
was Colonial Secretary in the National  
Government, and Chairman of a Sub-  
committee of the Executive Council  
of that day which was inquiring into  
claims made by the Reids against the  
Colony for extra work in connection  
with the building of the branch rail-  
ways.

Before setting out my arguments in  
detail I think it only fair to Mr.  
Squires to say that this transaction  
may be the most innocent possible  
but that when Mr. Squires seeks the  
suffrages of the people of this coun-  
try to elect him to power with a man-  
date to require the Reids to live up  
to their contractual obligations, he  
owes it to the people, whose support  
he is seeking, that he should be able  
to show them that his hands are ab-  
solutely clean and that no breath of  
suspicion sullies his record.

Having said this much in fairness  
to Mr. Squires, I now desire to remark,  
that innocent though this transaction  
may possibly be, no more sinister and  
suspicious transaction has been as-  
sociated with any public man in this  
country for very many years past.

Mr. Squires was charged by a fol-  
low member of the Legislature with  
this circumstance more than a year  
ago, and Mr. Squires from that day  
till this has made no attempt what-  
ever to explain it away.

Since then a further charge has  
been made that Mr. Squires after the  
publication of this charge by Mr.  
Coaker drafted a letter so phrased as  
to convey to the public the impression  
that he never received this money at  
all and took this letter up to Mr. H.  
D. Reid and asked him to sign it so  
that he, Mr. Squires might send it to  
the newspapers for publication and  
that Mr. Reid refused to do so on the  
ground that Mr. Squires had actually  
been paid the money. Serious enough  
as the original charge was, and  
gravelly as its seriousness was, ac-  
crued by Mr. Squires' silence, this  
second charge and the silence which  
he similarly has maintained with re-  
gard thereto, constitutes an indictment  
of him as a public man, which, I sub-  
mit, makes it impossible for con-  
scientious people to vote for him, un-  
less he can explain away this whole  
transaction and that without delay.

Let Mr. Brownrigg and myself  
range abroad for a moment and ask  
ourselves the question how could we  
conceive of Mr. Lloyd George, or Sir  
Robert Borden, or President Wilson  
remaining silent under accusations of  
this character, or coming back to our  
own shores, could we conceive of Sir  
Robert Borden being the subject of this  
charge and not indignantly repelling  
it before the ink was dry wherewith  
it was printed. The more the matter  
is studied the more, I submit, it  
leaves the conscientious elector no  
alternative but to insist upon an ex-  
planation. It is difficult to imagine  
any circumstance which a nits face  
is more calculated to arouse suspi-  
cion against a public man even

though that suspicion may ultimately  
be found to be unjustified. The dam-  
ning feature of this matter is, as I  
see it, and as, I think, Mr. Brown-  
rigg will see it, the fact that Mr.  
Squires accepted this money (if he did  
accept it) in Bank of Montreal notes.  
No business concern along Water  
Street pays amounts of this kind in  
bank notes. Mr. Brownrigg or any  
other business man knows this to be  
the fact. Money is only paid in bank-  
notes under circumstances like this  
when there exists some reason why  
it is desirable that the fact of the  
passage of the money is to be kept  
secret. I am entitled to ask why Mr.  
Squires accepted this money in bank-  
notes, when a cheque is the customary  
method of payment of large amounts.  
Again I say, as anyone conversant of  
Premier Lloyd George, or Sir Robert  
Borden, or President Wilson, or Sir  
Robert Borden, a member of a Ministry  
and specially charged at the time with  
an inquiry into claims by a Contractor  
under that Ministry receiving \$5,  
000.00 from this Contractor in the  
form of banknotes, a fact that means  
above everything else that the pay-  
ment could not be traced.

Once more I admit that the whole  
transaction may be an absolutely in-  
nocent one, but I maintain, and  
I think Mr. Brownrigg will agree  
with me, that before the people of  
this country can accept Mr. Squires  
with the confidence that he is going  
to do the right thing by them, they  
must have an explanation of this af-  
fair in all its phases.

I see from time to time in Mr.  
Squires' paper two very ugly words—  
graft and blackmail. Mr. Squires uses  
them freely against his opponents. I  
would like to ask Mr. Brownrigg, as  
an honest man, if he knows of any  
incident in the public career of any  
of our politicians better deserving of  
the infamy attaching to the words  
graft and blackmail than this Squires-  
Reid transaction, in the light of Mr.  
Squires' failure for more than a year  
to attempt any explanation whatever  
of it.

Again I say that there may be a  
full and complete explanation, but  
that failing that explanation, Mr.  
Squires cannot blame the people of  
this country if they put upon this af-  
fair a construction by no means com-  
plimentary to him.

Furthermore I say, and I think  
Mr. Brownrigg, as an honest man,  
will agree with me, that failing an  
explanation from Mr. Squires of this  
affair, the people of this country  
will hesitate and will rightly hesi-  
tate to entrust the reins of power to  
the hands of Mr. Squires lest they  
find themselves "sold out" after the  
election.

We of Newfoundland have had in  
the past many disillusionments at the  
hands of our public men, and we want  
no more. Mr. Squires was a member  
of the Morris Party from its incep-  
tion in 1905 until the end of 1917. As  
a supporter of that Party during its  
first four years of power he voted for  
all the measures which it put through  
the Legislature, including the branch  
railway contracts, whereby the Reids  
regained a power in this country  
which had been rapidly passing from  
them during the Bond regime, and  
during the second four years of the  
Morris administration Mr. Squires  
was a member of the Ministry itself,  
and as such was a party to all the  
measures taken or not taken with  
reference to the Reids and their con-  
tractual obligations. During all this  
period no one ever read of, heard of,  
or saw Mr. Squires evincing any  
special interest in protecting this  
country from the Reids. So far as his  
public utterances show, or private  
channels have revealed, Mr. Squires  
never pursued any course in any way  
different from his fellows in the  
Government and never championed  
in any manner or fashion the cause  
of all and took this letter up to Mr. H.  
D. Reid and asked him to sign it so  
that he, Mr. Squires might send it to  
the newspapers for publication and  
that Mr. Reid refused to do so on the  
ground that Mr. Squires had actually  
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less he can explain away this whole  
transaction and that without delay.

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range abroad for a moment and ask  
ourselves the question how could we  
conceive of Mr. Lloyd George, or Sir  
Robert Borden, or President Wilson  
remaining silent under accusations of  
this character, or coming back to our  
own shores, could we conceive of Sir  
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it before the ink was dry wherewith  
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is studied the more, I submit, it  
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is more calculated to arouse suspi-  
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though that suspicion may ultimately  
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and specially charged at the time with  
an inquiry into claims by a Contractor  
under that Ministry receiving \$5,  
000.00 from this Contractor in the  
form of banknotes, a fact that means  
above everything else that the pay-  
ment could not be traced.

Therefore I repeat my invitation to  
Mr. Brownrigg to give to the country  
his views upon this series of circum-  
stances, the peculiar relationship be-

Business Man Is  
Enthusiastic Over  
Big Improvement

W. W. Paynter, of North Rus-  
tico, Praises Tanlac For Help-  
ing Him and His Wife.

It is doubtful if there is a better  
known or more highly respected man  
in the vicinity of Charlottetown than  
W. W. Paynter, general merchant  
and proprietor of the hotel at North  
Rustico, Prince Edward Island and  
that both himself and wife are  
using the medicine with wonderful  
results. When asked if he was will-  
ing for his experience with Tanlac to  
be published, Mr. Paynter said:

"Yes, indeed, for it was by reading  
the statements of others that we  
heard of it and were induced to give  
it a trial. I had suffered from a bad  
stomach, poor appetite and a general  
run-down condition for years. I could  
not digest anything properly and as  
a result I lost weight and strength  
continually. I was extremely  
nervous, slept but little and had that  
listless and hadn't the energy to at-  
tend to business properly. I was not  
sick exactly; that is not sick enough  
to take to my bed, but was just about  
one half efficient and getting worse  
all the time."

"My wife was affected practically  
the same way I was and had gotten  
into this run-down condition on ac-  
count of the care feeling all the time  
worrying the hotel. So after reading the  
high endorsements in the Charlot-  
tewtown papers we decided to try Tan-  
lac, and what we had only taken two  
bottles each there is all the differ-  
ence in the world in our condition  
already. My wife says she is feeling  
like a new person and as for me,  
why, I have my old time vigor and  
energy back and am just feeling fine.  
Everything I eat agrees with me  
perfectly now, for I have no more  
pain or distress of any kind after  
meals, and my sleep is sound and  
restful every night. We are going  
to continue taking Tanlac for a while  
longer and I don't hesitate to recom-  
mend it for I have never run across a  
medicine that I consider in its class."

There is not a single portion of the  
body that is not benefited by the  
helpful action of Tanlac, which be-  
gins its work by stimulating the di-  
gestive and assimilating organs,  
thereby enriching the blood and in-  
vigorating the whole system. Next,  
it enables the weak, worn-out stom-  
ach to thoroughly digest its food per-  
mitting the nourishing elements to be  
converted into blood, bone and  
muscle.

It overcomes, it is said, that great  
exciting cause of disease—weakness.  
Tender, the body vigorous and  
elastic, keeps the mind clear and  
energetic and throws off the symp-  
toms of nervousness and indigestion.  
It builds up the constitution weak-  
ened by disease and mental and physical  
overwork, quickens