Huron Signal.

WEEKLY EDITION

GEO. COX & ABRAHAM SMITH, Proprietors. "The Greatest Possible Good to the Greatest Possible Number." JAMES YOUNG, Editor.

$1.00 PER ANN. IN ADVANCE, $2.00 AT END OF YEAR. GODERICH, ONTARIO, D.C., THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1871. VOL. XXIV—NO 8

Business Directory.

DR. P. A. McDougall
WILL BE AT HOME FOR CONSULTATION up to 11 o'clock; a. m. every day. Will visit patients at any hour afterwards, night or day w4

G. C. Shannon M. D.
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c., &c., GODERICH, C. W 13:40-ly

DR. McLEAN.
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, CORONER, &c. Office and Residence third door east of Central School. 49

G. M. McMICKING, M. D.
LICENTIATE COLLEGE PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS, C. E. Residence, the house formerly occupied by Mr. J. P. C. Haldan, Elgin Street.

DR. CASSADY,
(of McGill. College)
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c., Office, over his Drug store, Goderich, Ontario. aw102

B. WALDEN, M. D.
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ACCOUCHEUR &C. Office and Residence (Late Widow MacPherson' Hotel). Amberly Ont., November 21st 1870. w44-6m

Ira Lewis,
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, AND Solicitor-in-Chancery, County Crown Attorney, Goderich, Canada West. Office in Court House. v14n40

M. C. Cameron,
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, CONVEYANCER, &c., Kingston st., Goderich, Ont., w49

Cameron & Garrow.
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY, &c. Office, Kingston street, Goderich. M. C. CAMERON, w52 J. T. GARROW.

John S. Gordon,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c., &c., Goderich, Ont., Office, on the south side of West Street, third door from Court-House Square. w49

Isaac F. Toms.
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SOLICITOR in Chancery, &c., Goderich. Ontario. Office— abb's block, Kingston street sw77

Doyle & Squier,
BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS, SOLICITORS in Chancery, &c. Goderich, Ont. B. L. DOYLE. sw6 W. R. SQUIER, B.A.

Sharpe & Elwood,
BARRISTER & ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, SOLICITORS in Chancery & Insolvency, Conveyancer, &c. Money to Lend. OFFICE: Crabb's Block, over Mr. Archibald's Store. sw37.

William R. Bain, B. A.
CHANCERY AND LAW OFFICE. CRABB'S NEW buildings, Kingston, Street Goderich. N. B.—Conveyancing. Money lent on reasonable terms. Disputed and defective titles to real estate quieted. Goderich, Aug. 14 1869. w30

M. NICHOLSON,
SURGEON DENTIST.
Rooms over the Post Office, West Street, Goderich. August 14th, 1870 w30tf

GIFFORD ELLIOT.
ATTORNEY-at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c
WINGHAM, ONT.
Money to lend. Disputed Titles quieted. Crown Land Patents obtained cheaply. Jul 25th, 1870. w27-1y

T. B. Stokes,
AGENT FOR STRATFORD AGRICULTURAL Works (Joseph Sharman, proprietor). Goderich, Byfield Road. w11-1y 8p

S. Malcomson,
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR, &c., &c. Clinton, Ont. w35
MONEY TO LEND.

Strong & Squier.
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENTS, NO. 6, Arcade building, Toronto, N. Y. JAMES C. STRONG, Attorney-at-Law. H. R. SQUIER. Aug. 13th 1870. w30

D. McDougall
LICENSED AUCTIONEER, BAYFIELD, County of Huron. Sales in village or country punctually attended to. w9-1yr8

L. B. Hamlin,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, LAND Surveyor and Conveyancer, Kincardine. 1

I. O. O. F.
HURON LODGE NO 62. Meets at their Hall, Albion Block, Goderich, every Thursday evening, at 7½ o'clock. Entrance on Kingston street. Visiting brethren are cordially invited!
Goderich, Feb. 3d, 1871, w3-1y— D. CAMPBELL, Secretary.

PAINTING
HENRY CLUCAS,
House, Sign & Ornamental Painter,
PAPER Hangers and Imitators of Woods and Marble KINGSTON Street.
GODERICH.
Opposite Saunders Hardwarde Store.
Goderich, Aug 17th, 1870. 1yw31

W. G. WILSON
Issuer of Marriage Licenses,
Insurance & Real Estate Agent
COMMISSIONER IN B. R.
DEEDS, MORTGAGES, &c.,
DRAWN AND EXECUTED,
MONEY TO LOAN AT 8 per cent.
Oct. 18th 1870. sw17-1y ZURICH, Ont

JAMES STEWART
WHOLESALE AGENT
OF
The far-famed and reliable St Catherine's Nursery D. W. BEADLE, ESQ.
FOR ALL KINDS OF
FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES, GREEN-house Plants Grape Vines, &c., &c.
Any stock not on hand, ordered on the shortest notice. House—Maitlandville. Goderich P. O.
Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

NEW CABINET
AND
UPHOLSTERING SHOP,
WEST STREET
OPPOSITE BANK OF MONTREAL,
GODERICH.
ERIC McKAY,
WOULD RESPECTFULLY ANnounce that he has opened a new shop in the above line, on West Street, opposite the Bank of Montreal, where he will keep constantly on hand or make to order
FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS.
Having on hand an assortment of Upholstering material, he will be prepared to fill promptly all orders in that line.
A quantity of Gilt and Rosewood Mouldings on hand.
Picture Framing to Order.
He trusts by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.
Goderich, Aug. 15, 1870 31-tf

MASONIC APRONS
FOR SALE AT
H. GARDINER, & Co's.
Goderich, 5July1870. w

THE
NEW GROCERY STORE.
WHITELY & ELLIOTT
DEALERS IN
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
WINES & LIQUORS,
Corner Kingston Street & Market Square
GODERICH.
Goderich June 20th 1870. sw87-tf

Business Directory.

NEW
Waggon and Carriage
FACTORY.
BATES & ELLIOTT
HAVE pleasure in intimating to the public of town and country that they have opened a Waggon and Carriage Shop on St. David's st., (Lewis Elliott's old stand,) immediately adjoining the Western Hotel. B. & E. attend personally to all the work entrusted to them, and are prepared to turn out
Waggons, Buggies,
Cutters, Sleighs,
and everything in their line, of the very best material and workmanship and at the very lowest remunerative rates.
JOBBING
Promptly attended to.
ON HAND, a large assortment of
SLEIGHS
which will be sold Cheap for Cash or Cordwood.
Goderich, Aug 1 1870. w30

Lazarus, Morris & Co.

Opticians and Oculists,
MONTREAL,
HAVE, WITH A VIEW TO MEET THE INCREASED demand for the celebrated Perfected Spectacles, appointed JORDON, chemist and Druggist, Goderich, Ont., as their sole Agent for this place. They have taken care to give all needful instructions, and have confidence in the ability of their Agents to the requirements of all customers. An opportunity will be thus afforded to procure, at all times, Spectacles unequalled by any for their strengthening and preserving qualities.
Too much cannot be said as to their superiority over the ordinary glasses worn. There is no glimmering, waveing of the sight dizziness, or other unpleasant sensation, but, on the contrary, from the peculiar construction of the lenses, they are soothing and pleasant, causing a feeling of relief to the wearer, and producing a clear and distinct vision, as in the natural healthy sight. They are the only Spectacles that
PRESERVE AS WELL AS ASSIST THE SIGHT,
they are the cheapest because the best, always lasting many years without change being necessary.
We employ no Peddlers.
F. JORDAN,
Sole Agent for Goderich
Goderich Aug'18 1870. w13

PHOTOGRAPHS
$1.00 Per Dozen.
HALF DOZEN FROM BACK NEGATIVE 51 cents, postage free. One dozen from back negative 87 cents, postage free, to any address.
Particular Attention paid to Copying old Ambrotypes.
For either large or small photographs. The subscriber in returning thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, would just say that he has made such improvements in his gallery as will merit a continuance of the same.
A Great Reduction on Large Photographs.
E. L. JOHNSON.
Goderich, Aug. 15, 1870. w30

PLUMMER'S SNOW FLAKE BAKING POWDER
IS UNRIVALLED for Purity and heapness. It saves Eggs, Butter Milk, etc., and is warrante to contain nothing injurious. For sale by the Grocers.
ROBINSON & HOWELL,
Agents for Goderich.
E. PLUMMER & CO.,
w8v Chemists, London, Ont

Extensive New Premises
AND
SPLENDID NEW STOCK
C. Barry & Bro.
Cabinet Makers, Undertakers & Wood Turners,
HAMILTON ST.
Have removed across the street to the store next door to Wm. Acheson's Harness Shop, where will be found
A GOOD ASSORTMENT!
of Kitchen, Bedroom, Diningroom, and Parlor Furniture, such as
TABLES,
CHAIRS (hair, cane and wood seated)
CUPBOARDS
BEDSTEADS,
WASH STANDS,
MATTRESSES,
LOUNGES,
SOFAS.
WHATNOTS, LOOKING GLASSES
GILT FRAMING.
C. B. & B. are prepared to sell everything in their line
Cheap for Cash.
N. B. A complete assortment of Coffins and Shrouds always on hand and a Hearse to hire; all on reasonble terms,
A CALL SOLICITED.
Goderich, 16 w30-1

Steam Engines on Sale Cheap.
ONE 15 horse power, nearly new by Waterous of Brantford this Engine and boiler are attached together as fare in perfect working order; price $525. One 12 horse power with detached boiler has been used very little, price $375. I do do without boiler by Becket of Hamilton price $250. Those Engines will be delivered in Goderich at the above prices and are in no respect inferior to new. For particulars apply to J. H KILLEY, Machinist, Goderich.
Goderich Dec. 19th, 1870. w65-tf

Insurance.

INSURE YOUR PROPERTY
IN THE
Agricultural INSURANCE Company
A STOCK COMPANY. Insures only Farm Buildings and Isolated Town Residences. Chartered and commenced business in 1853.
CAPITAL $100,000
SURPLUS 425,000
Deposited with the Dominion Government for benefit of Canadian Policy Holders $54,500.00
To be increased 100,000
on the first of June 1871.
HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA
KINGSTON
Rates on Farm property $9 per $1000 for 3 years—Rates on detached Town residents from 75c to $2 on each $100 for 3 years, according to class of building
A CASH COMPANY,
NO PREMIUM NOTES, NO ASSESSMENTS.
A first class brick house 70 feet Isolated for $1000. Insurance for 3years costs only $7,50 A frame house 50 or 70 feet, isolated costs only 1½ per cent. for 3 years in-urance, and
NO POLICY & SURVEY FEE CHARGED
All losses paid promptly. The "Agricultural" stands at the head of the list of the 74 Insurance Companies of the State of New York, and the stock is worth double that of any other Company in the state.
Losses in Canada payable in Gold.
A. M. HARDY, Agent, Goderich, Ont.
February 16th, 1871. sw51

ÆTNA
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
HARTFORD CONN.
CASH CAPITAL $3,000,000
CASH ASSETS 5,782,635.09
LOSSES PAID IN 51 YEAR'S 28,000,000,
The Largest Capital,
THE LARGEST ASSETS
AND
THE LARGEST ANNUAL INCOME
OF ANY
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
IN AMERICA.
Deposit made with the Dominion Government for the benefit of Canadian Policy holders exclusively.
Recent failures show the importance of patronizing the Companies that afford the most reliable indemnity and the value of an Ætna Policy must be apparent.
N. B.—Especial attention given to the Insurance of Dwellings, Churches, School and Public Buildings for terms of three and five years, at rates as low as they can be made with safety to the Company.
DIXIE WATSON,
Agent,
Goderich, Jan. 28th, 1871.

1868.
THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON AND GLOBE
INSURANCE COMPANY!
Has been in existence Thirty-two years, and during that period has paid Losses exceeding
Five and a half million pounds sterling,
The disbursement of this enormous sum over a wide area, has without doubt contributed to the establishment of this Institution, in the confidence of Public Corporations, Merchants, Householders, and business men generally, wherever it is represented.
In its 1st year, 1836, the Fire Premiums alone amounted to £9,970
In its 10th year, 1846, " " " £17,763
" 20th year, 1856, " " " £22,779
" 30th year, 1866, " " " £879,232
In the year later, 1867, " " " £818,055
The Fire Reserve Fund is now $4,727,464
The Life Reserve Fund is now $9,282,468
The company is represented throughout Ontario and Quebec, by influential Agents, to whom application for insurance may be made.
G. F. C. SMITH, Resident Secretary, MONTREAL.
A. M. ROSS, Agent for Goderich; B. V. Elliott, for Exeter; W. N. Watson, for Seaforth.
Goderich. Aug 15, 1870 w30

REMOVAL.
ALEX. WALLACE,
WATCHMAKER
AND JEWELER,
WEST STREET,
GODERICH.
THE Subscriber having removed to the Store lately occupied by A. Naysmith, West Street, opposite the Post office, wishes to thank his friends and the public for the liberal support with which they have favored him for the last 25 years, and begs to assure them that no effort will be spared to merit a continuance of their patronage, his anxious study will be to supply
Watches Clocks and Jewelery
which will give satisfaction to the purchaser, and as all work has been done by myself, customers may depend on having it well executed.
A good assortment of Gold and Plated Jewelry Watches, Clocks &c., always on hand.
ALEX WALLACE.
Goderich Aug. 15th 1870. w30

SASH AND DOOR FACTORY.
THE undersigned having purchased the Planing Mill and Sash Factory owned, and occupied by Donald Cumming, are now prepared to carry on the business of manufacturing
Sash, Doors, Blinds,
Mouldings, Flooring,
Siding,
and all kinds of
CIRCLE WORK,
such as Circle and Gothic Sash and Frames They think from their experience in Factory Work, that they can give satisfaction to all who may favor them with a call.
N.B.—A liberal discount to the trade.
20,000 feet of Dry inch and a quarter Flooring on hand.
JAS BUCHANAN,
DAVID LAWSON,
WM. ROBINSON.
Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

IMPORTAN NOTICE.
F. R. MANN,
House Sign & Carriage Painter
DESIRES TO ACQUAINT THE PUBLIC THAT he has fitted up a shop on North street next to the Wesleyan Methodist Church, with varnish room attached where he is prepared to fill all orders promptly, and at reasonable prices. Thankful for the patronage of the last 7 years solicits a continuance of the same.
Now is the time to Paint your Cutters
Sleighs, and Carriages.
Orders from country Carriage shops attended to with dispatch.
Sign Painting, Gilding, Graining, Glazing, Paperhanging, &c., &c.
F. R. MANN.
Goderich, Aug, 15, 1870 sw1

Business Directory.

PIANOS,
MELODEONS,
HOUSE ORGANS,
CHURCH ORGANS,
Piano Stools, &c., &c.,
Manufactured by the celebrated Firm of
R. S. WILLIAMS & CO., TORONTO.
The most extensive makers in the Dominion.
THE undersigned begs to intimate that he has been appointed agent for Goderich and the surrounding country of the above justly celebrated firm, and is prepared to sell all articles made by them, at
MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.
Samples may be seen and terms ascertaine at sub-Ware-Rooms, West Street.
DANIEL GORDON.
Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

MILLINERY & DRESS-MAKING
MISSES STEWART
BEG TO INTIMATE THAT THEY HAVE RENTED The Store on the Market Square, next door to Mrs. Mack's Confectionery Store, where they are prepared to execute all orders for millinery and dress-making in
The Newest Style and with Despatch
N. B. Several apprentices wanted immediately.
Goderich 12 Sept. 1870. sw7-m6

REMOVAL
DANIEL GORDON,
CABINET MAKER
UPHOLSTERER,
HAS WITH A VIEW to keep up with the times purchased & fitted up the store two doors west of the Post Office as a
FURNITURE WAREHOUSE
where he will in future carry on the above business more extensively than ever. While thankful for past patronage, he hopes by strict attention to merit a continuance and increase of support.
HE HAS NOW ON HAND
one of the largest stocks of furniture in the County and is on the shortest notice prepared to supply customers with everything in his line, such as
Drawingroom Sets in Parlor Setts
Bedroom Sets in Walnut,
do do in Chestnut;
do do in White wood,
Mattresses of every description,
Feather Bolsters, Pillows, &c., &c
ON HAND A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
Pictures such as Oil Paintings, Chromos, Lithographs Photographs of the Queen Having made arrangements with a Toronto Manufacturing House can supply Picture Frames in any style required at Toronto prices.
Has always on hand a complete assortment of
Coffins & Shrouds in the Latest Style.
Also, HEARSES to hire.
Cheap FOR Cash
2 Doors West of Post Office.
Lumber and Cordwood taken in Exchange.
Goderich, Dec. 23rd, 1870. sw1

NOW IS YOUR CHANCE
CRABB'S BLOCK, KINGSTON STREET.
— Secure the Shadow ere the Substance fades.
Prices to Suit the Times.
Photographs reduced to $1.00 per Doz.,
OR 75cts. PER HALF DOZEN.
Large Photograph Reduced in Proportion.
Also will make the largest Photographs made in Goderich, very cheap. Porcelain pictures from one dollar upwardsat
D. CAMPBELL'S
Goderich Aug. 15th, 1870. Photograph Gallery. w30

Maitland Salt Well
PLATT'S PATENT EVAPORATOR.
The undersigned is prepared to
FURNISH No. 1 SALT,
IN ANY QUANTITY AT THE
Lowest Price,
FROM THE ABOVE WELL.
S. H. DETLOR.
Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Norway Oats.
I AM RECEIVING A CONSIGNMENT OF THE true Norway Oats from the original Importers and growers, which I will
Sell at 50 cents per Peck,
also the genuine Sanford Corn which ripens in Sept Send in your orders at once, also Early Rose, Harrison and all leading varieties of Potatoes.
WILLIAM CAMPBELL.
Goderich, 1st Feb., 1871. sw47-tf

MONEY TO LEND.
ON IMPROVED FARMS
IN sums from $200 upwards at low rates of interest Charges moderate, apply to
BEATTY CHADWICK & LASH,
Solicitors, 53 King Street East
Toronto.
January 21st, 1870. sw44-2m—o

ONTARIO ELECTION LAW.

WHO MAY VOTE.

Persons not otherwise disqualified, subjects of Her Majesty by birth or naturalization, if duly registered, or entered on the last revised and certified list of voters.

QUALIFICATION.

Every male person being actually and bona fide the owner, tenant, or occupant of real property of the value hereinafter mentioned, and being entered on the then last revised assessment roll for any city, town, village or township; of the actual value in cities of $400, in towns of $300, in incorporated villages of $200, and in townships of $200. When any real property is owned or occupied by two or more persons, and is rated for a sufficiently amount, if equally divided between them, to give a qualification to each, then each of them shall be deemed rated within this Act No person shall be admitted to vote unless his name appears in the last list of voters made, certified, and delivered to the Clerk of the Peace at least one month before the date of the writ to hold such election. The following are disqualified from acting as deputy returning officers or poll clerks:—Physicians, surgeons, millers, postmasters, persons over sixty years of age, and persons who have previously served as returning officers.

GENERAL ELECTIONS.

Every general election shall take place and be held on one and the same day, and the polling at all such elections shall also take place of the same day. The nomination shall be held in some public place most central and convenient, between 11 and 2 o'clock. In cities and towns proclamations are to be posted up; in Counties and ridings the proclamations are to be posted up at the town hall, or the place of the meetings of the municipal councils, and at every post office and at the polling places.

NOMINATION DAY.

Nominations to be made on the hustings in the open air, and a proclamation as prescribed by the Act read. No show of hands shall be taken on the nomination day, but if at the nomination more than one candidate is proposed, and a poll is demanded, the returning officer shall grant it. Any elector or candidate may demand a poll, and in case there is only one candidate, the returning officer shall, at the expiration of one hour from the nomination, close the election, and proclaim the person so chosen to be duly elected.

POLLING PLACES.

Each municipal district shall be divided into polling subdivisions by by law. In case of failure, the returning officer shall name the different polling places. No person shall vote at more than one polling place within the same municipality under a penalty of $200. In cities, towns and villages, the polling places shall be at least 200 yards distant from each other, and in other local municipalities at least one mile distant from each other; taverns are ineligible for polling places.

PROCEEDINGS.

On the day of polling the voting shall commence at 9 o'clock in the forenoon and close at 5 in the afternoon of the same day.

DEPUTY RETURNING OFFICERS.

The returning officer shall appoint his deputies, who shall before acting be sworn as to their duties. Persons so sworn, who shall neglect their duties, shall incur a penalty of $100. The returing officer is to see that the deputies are in possession of certified copies of voters lists, and shall deliver to the deputies the necessary poll book.

DUTIES OF POLL-CLERKS.

A poll clerk who accepts the office and then refuses to act shall incur a penalty of $40. Poll clerks to be under the order of the deputy returning officer. (After describing the manner of taking the votes, the Act proceeds)—When a vote is objected to, the words "objected to" shall be written opposite the name of the person voting. A voter may be sworn on demand of a candidate or agent.

NO TREATING.

No candidate shall, with intent to promote the election, nor shall any other person, with the intent to promote the election of any candidate, either provide, or furnish entertainment at the expense of such candidate or other person to any meeting of electors assembled for the purpose of promoting such election, either previous to, or during the election.

FLAGS, BANNERS, ETC.

No candidate, or any other person shall supply or furnish any ensign, standard, or other flag, with the intent that the same shall be used in such electoral division on the day of election, or either in eight days before the election, as a party flag to distinguish the bearer thereof and those that might follow the same, as the supporters of such candidate. Neither shall any candidate or any other person furnish or supply any ribbon, label or the like favor to any person whomsover to be worn or used within eight days before the day of the election, or on the election day. Penalty for disobediance $100.

TAVERNS AND HOTELS.

Shall be closed during the day appointed for polling, and no spirituous or fermented liquors shall be sold or given to any person on the election day under a penalty of $100.

CORRUPT PRACTICES AT ELECTIONS.

Persons shall be deemed guilty of bribery who shall directly or indirectly give or lend, or agree to give or lend, or promise any money or valuable consideration to any voter, or to any person, to induce any voter to vote or refrain from voting, or shall corruptly do such act as aforesaid; or if any promise of any place, office or employment is given or if any gift or loan or offer of the same be given for a vote. Any person so offending shall incur a penalty of $200. Provided always that the actual personal expenses of any candidate, his expenses for actual professional services performed, and bona fide expenses for the fair cost of printing and advertising shall be held to be expenses lawfully incurred.

HIRING OF TEAMS, ETC.

It is declared and enacted that the hiring or promising to pay, or paying for any horse, team, carriage, cab, or other vehicle by any candidate, or by any person on his behalf, to convey voters to, or near or from the poll, or from the neighborhood thereof at any election; or the payment by any candidate, or by and person on his behalf of the travelling and other expenses of any voter in going to or returning from any election, shall be illegal acts, and the person so offending shall thereby incur a penalty of $100 for each offence. Any elector so doing shall be disqualified from voting at such election.

VIOLENCE AND INTIMIDATION.

Any person or persons who shall directly or indirectly make use of, threaten any force, violence, or restraint on any person, or in any manner practice intimidation on or against any person in order to compel or induce such person to vote or refrain from voting, shall incur a penalty of $200.

Huron Signal.

GODERICH, March, 16th, 1871.

W. T. HAYS' AMBITION.

On the 14th February last, a Government Bill was passed, giving powers to establish additional Registry Offices, at the pleasure of the ministry. Mr Blake introduced an amendment to the effect 'that the additional registry offices should not be created without a desire being expressed therefor by the parties interested.' There was as usual the most strenuous opposition to this just attempt to prevent the government from making openings in which they might stow away their needs friends. Isaac Carling *of course* voted in support of Sandfield's will and pleasure as 'Brother John' ordered him; but W. T Hays was nowhere to be heard or seen. When the amendment was to reduce the exorbitant Registration fees Mr. Hays was in his place to do his best to quash it, but in the division of the office he took care to absent himself, so that he might, at some future time, be able to express the opinion that circumstances might seem to call for. It is being whispered, and there is a strong air of probability about the rumor, that if Sandfield Macdonald is retained in power, the County of Huron will be one of the first municipalities to be commanded *nolens volens* to 'plank out' $7000 to erect a second Registry Office. Of course W. T. Hays, Sandfield's very obedient servitor, would be the first incumbent of the unnecessary office. We should like to see the electors, both north and south, do their best to block this little game. We are not ready yet to have two counties, with all the attendant paraphernalia, and *two registry offices and one Sheriff's office* would be productive of endless annoyance, uncertainty and expense. Besides, if any change is made, what the people want is a reduction of fees and not a duplication of offices to provide another warm nest for a government lackey. Mr. Blake wished to give the county the opportunity of refusing to pay for another registry office if the people did not want one; but Sandfield Macdonald said "No! it is for *me* to say whether they shall have and pay for a second registry office or not." The conduct of Mr. Blake is that of a legislator who acknowledges himself to be a trustee of the people. The conduct of Sandfield-Macdonald is that of an upstart minister who would fain be a despot. The despot's tools in Huron have been Carling and Hays. Let your order to them at the polls be "Right about face! Quick march, home!" We don't want to have to provide for any more ministerial supporters.

To the Law and to the Testimony

THE MURDER OF THOMAS SCOTT.—Isaac Carling *voted with the Government that the Ontario Parliament had no right to discuss* the Question, and W. T. Hays *shirked the vote altogether.*

REGISTRARS' FEES—Isaac Carling and W. T. Hays, on 19th January last, voted with the Government to prevent the reduction of the exorbitant fees paid to Registrars of deeds.

IMPRISONMENT FOR DEBT—Isaac Carling and W. T Hays voted with the government against Mr. Blake's Bill to abolish imprisonment for debt. These gentlemen think the *honest poor man in difficulties is not entitled to the same protection as the rich man seeking to defraud his creditors.*

THE SURPLUS—Isaac Carling voted with the government to give Sandfield Macdonald the entire control of $1,500,000 of the people's money to spend when and where he pleased, and make "ducks and drakes" of, if he liked.

COMMON SCHOOL LANDS—Settlers on these lands have to thank Isaac Carling for voting against Mr. McKellar's amendment to give relief on Common School lands, where such were sold above their fair value, the same as was agreed to be given on Clergy, Crown and Grammar School Lands.

ONTARIO DRAINAGE ACT—On 13th ulto., Isaac Carling and W. T Hays voted *against* Mr. McKellar's amendment to *charge expense of preliminary surveys* of swamp lands to the Consolidated Fund of the Province and *not to lands drained.* The burdensome government measure was carried.

COMMON SCHOOL TEACHERS—Isaac Carling voted that Common School Teachers should be compelled to pay four dollars a year to a superannuation fund they may get no benefit from; against Mr Perry's amendment to strike out the clause, which was lost.

M. P. P.'s AS GOVERNMENT CONTRACTORS.—On 2nd December, 1869, Mr Blake made the following motion:—"That the participation of members of this House in contracts for supplies to Provincial Institutions, sustained and controlled through the executive, tend to subver the independence of this House and should be prohibited." Messrs Carling and Hays voted against this universally understood principle, which even municipal councillors carry out; and the motion was lost.

LIEUT. GOVERNOR'S RESIDENCE.—On 8th January, 1869, Messrs Carling and Hays declared by vote that $110,000, was a reasonable expenditure for this purpose. We are of the opinion that it was wasteful extravagance. What do the electors think? Is not $8000 for a stable for four horses cutting it rather too

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL OF DRAINAGE.—On 21st December, 1869, Messrs. Hays and Carling voted against the motion:—"That no drainage works should be undertaken on granted lands unless a majority of the owners interested, or the local municipality shall petition for such works."

OFFICERS' SALARIES.—Messrs. Carling and Hays voted with the government majority which succeeded in carrying in the new assessment law that official salaries—those of the ministry included—should be exempt from being taxed.—While all of us work hard to earn a living and pay our taxes, these fine gentlemen are well paid to smoke, drink, read the papers and give uncivil answers to civil questions; and can even laugh at the collector of taxes.

Would the *Star* please publish Messrs Toms and Donaghy's telling speeches at Smith's Hill; because people seem to think that Mr. Donaghy on the stump here appeared to as great disadvantage as Mr Donaghy in the chair at the recent Nile Tea Meeting.

Our readers will excuse us for giving up our space for one week more to local politics.

How the Cloven Hoof Sticks out

Most Tories are inclined to hide the covetous greed which alone induces them to hang on to the skirts of Sandfield Macdonald, under a gaudily designed mask of professed principle. The only amusing feature the *Star* ever exhibits is the savage simplicity with which it acknowledges its gross and insatiable craving (like the gentleman's cook for "kitchen fee") for the crumbs that fall from its master's table. The *Star* specially objects to Robert Gibbons because "he would not have interest enough to get a man appointed Pound-keeper." If we had known, previous to the recent appointment of Municipal officers, that the *Star* had the lofty situation of "Pound-keeper" in his eye as an agreeable alterative to the agonizing throes which intellectual parturition must evidently cost the editor, we should certainly have pressed his claims on the Municipal Council, where we are fain to believe Mr. Gibbons would have had influence enough to secure his appointment. If the *Star* will kindly remind us, a few weeks before the date next annual appointments come round, we will do our best to gratify the editor's ambition; and we are sure Mr. Gibbons will also show that he bears the *Star* no grudge for all its malicious slanders and has "interest enough to get the man appointed Pound-keeper."

Then he wants our wharves to be built by the Provincial Government as our Harbor is to be dredged and piers erected at the cost of the Dominion Government. We claim this as a matter of justice; the Provincial government having assumed the power to aid certain "mixed or commercial Harbors" as the Dominion government takes the charge of "national harbors or harbors of refuge." When the dredging and pier-work are completed at Goderich, it will be pointed to by every American and Canadian navigators will point to this as the harbor that should be aided, and public opinion will compel Sandfield Macdonald's government to do justice in the premises; while there is no fear but justice will be done if the present ministry is turned out of office. We would remind our readers of the pregnant fact that the grant which will make Goderich the best Harbor on Lake Huron was procured for us by M. C. Cameron, Esq., M. P., whom the *Star* always opposed and vilified as a man of no influence, in just the same terms as it now mendaciously assails Robert Gibbons.

We unhesitatingly affirm that we would rather be without government grants for a century than see a single voter bartering his independence and trading off his citizenship, for a *delusive promise* of a share of the surplus. That surplus will be disposed of when, how and where the ministry pleases, and W T Hays and Isaac Carling have no more influence over it than the man in the moon we were going to say but on second thoughts we prefer the more local comparison of—the man in the *Star*. If Isaac Carling's voting weight amounts to anything it will be to place a whole array of public works, not in South Huron but in Brother John's constituency.

We ask the electors, both North and South, to do their duty to their country, fearlessly and conscientiously, and select reliable men to represent them, and reject the ministerial tools who have played their little game long enough. The sordid petitions made by the *Star*, to secure above all things money, money, money, are worthy of the despicable source from which they spring and will grate harshly on the honest yeomen of Huron, who form the bone and sinew of the constituencies, and can neither be intimidated nor bribed to prostitute their franchise

SOUTH HURON.

Mr Gibbons, Warden of the county of Huron, was unanimously nominated Reform candidate for South Huron by a convention assembled at Bruceefield yesterday. The Reformers of Huron will be glad to see Mr Gibbons once more in the House. He was most infamously ejected from it by the partizan trickery of the axe-grinders, more particularly by Clark, the member for Greenville, and Grahame, member for West York. His experience in municipal matters is very extensive; he is a ready, forcible and sensible speaker, and exercised much influence in the House while he sat in it In this respect he was a complete contrast to his successor Mr. Isaac Carling, who never opened his mouth, and is a perfect picture of stolid stupidity. Mr. Carling, by the way, has shown great reluctance to run, and was only brought to the scratch, it is said, by a despatch from the premier as follows:—"D—— it man, run at all hazards." We sincerely trust that the hazards may go against Mr. Carling, and that South Huron may do herself honour by electing the man fairly chosen at last election.—*Globe.*

The *Star* says of its attitude towards Mr. Gibbons at last election:—"We then condemned him *as an annexation.*"—This is not exactly a "bull" but something of the same family. The *Star* still condemns him "as an annexation," and we suppose will continue to do so to the end of its little chapter. Mr Gibbons is quite as loyal as the individual who seeks to make "political capital" out of the false and silly accusation and yet has, upon occasion, supported ministers who "looked to Washington" as Mr Gibbons never did. When the country has been in danger Mr Gibbons has shouldered a musket ere now in its defence, and we doubt not would be as ready as the youngest to do so again. Such silly clap-trap is played out, *Mr. Star.*

SOLD—A good joke was occasioned last Saturday night in Colborne A meeting was called by the Reeve, at Smith's Hill, for the purpose of appointing delegates to a convention at Blyth, for the purpose of selecting a candidate for the opposition for North Huron. The notice calling the meeting, neglected to state in what interest the said candidate was to run. When the gathering was called to order, it was found that nearly every man was in favor of W. T. Hays, Esq., and delegates pledged to support that gentleman, were nominated. The opposition feel they were sold this time, but are very reticent about it.

So says the *Star*, and effectually "sold" Mr. W T Hays will find himself for taking a high-handed advantage of the "mistake" which Mr Wm Young acknowledged that he made. It is easy to "strike ile" by pouring a barrelful down a well of water, and equally easy to nominate delegates in any opposing interest when sleigh-loads of men are carted out to pack the meeting for the purpose. But this sort of "game" is not relished by the independent electors of Colborne, as Mr. Hays will find to his cost.

YOUNG MEN!

On 17th November 1869, the second reading took place of Mr. Boyd's Insolvent Franchise Bill, which, if passed, would have given a vote to those, though bachelor householders but owners of property, who enjoyed an annual income in towns and ships and incorporated villages of $400; in towns of $500; and in cities of $600. We all know what a large and intelligent class this would have enfranchised. Unmarried mechanics, clerks, bookkeepers, teachers, and even professional men, who may not have accumulated enough to invest in real estate, or do not feel inclined so to dispose of their accumulations, or do not require to rent premises for business purposes; all these would have received the rights and privileges of citizenship if the opposition had been able to carry the day. Sandfield however is afraid of the intelligent and thoughtful classes and the Bill received the six month's hoist. Carling and Hays voting against it. Need we say to those thus deprived of their proportion, that if they have not a vote, they have influence which they ought to use against the ministry which is afraid of them and desires to keep them in vassalage.

AN ADVICE TAKEN.

We find the following in the *Star*:—

"Where was Mr. Hays when the resolutions on the memory of the martyred Scott were voted upon? asks the editor of the *New Era*. We advise him to put on his spectacles and look over the division list, and he will find Mr. Hays voting for the amendment to Mr. Blake's claptrap motion, as he should do.'

Though the advice is not directed to us we have taken the trouble to re-examine the division list and find, as we had occasion to state elsewhere, that Isaac Carling voted for the Government amendment that *though a citizen of Ontario had been foully murdered, the Legislature of Ontario had no right to discuss the question; while W. T. Hays not knowing how it might affect him among his constituents was too cowardly to vote "yea" or "nay" but deliberately shirked the division.* Try again, O *Star!*

OUR CANDIDATE.

To the Editor of the "Huron Signal."

The unprecedented and shameful manner in which the Government has precipitated the elections has taken the country generally by surprise, but I mean it is the time of the people, if the little good will do them good. On the contrary I am inclined to think that when John Sandfield spoke the word to his minions, he verified what the Scotch Dominie said of John A. said of him "that he never opened his mouth but he put his foot in it." In North Huron we welcome them cheerfully. We feel that in the Parliament which has just closed we were virtually without a representative. W T Hays was never the legitimate choice of the people of North Huron. He got in by accident and false pretences. He came out to the Riding a bitter grit, but under assumed Conservative features. He got in partly through the influence of Mr. Whitehead's money and Mr. Whitehead's canvassers. He got in by falsely libelling the County Council and traducing the character of Mr. Alex. M Ross of Goderich, a man every way better than himself. And when he found himself elected, no person was more surprised at the success of his duplicity and mendacity than he. It was certainly no credit to North Huron to be represented by such a man Fortunately he is back to us again for our verdict, and I have no doubt what that will be. We have too many lawyers in Parliament; in North Huron we want of the long robed gentry, and certainly we do not want a roaring Division Court attorney from outside the Riding. We want a plain, practical, honest man, and such a man is *Thos Gibbons.* You are well aware that Mr. Gibbons and I are not of the same politics, but nevertheless I am aware that Mr. Gibbons possesses so many of the qualities necessary to make an admirable Legislator that we may well feel proud, if we can secure him as our Representative. I am well acquainted with Mr Gibbons and can testify to the purity of his character with certainty and indeed with pleasure and pride. Mr Gibbons is honest, honorable, truthful and gentlemanly, every act of