LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

THE Stanley arrived at Pictou at 11 o'clock yesterday forenoon.

CONSIDERABLE crowded out on account of pressure on our space.

THE foreign mails arrived in this city via the Capes at 11.30 yesterday forenoon.

THE Legislature of this Province is summoned to meet for the dispatch of business on the 27th inst.

As will be noticed we have, this week, devoted a large portion of our space to the evidence given in the poisoning case.

LAVAL University, Quebec, has conferred the degree of Doctor of Laws on E. J. Hodgson, Q. C. We tender him our congratulations.

MONDAY last was the twelfth anniversary of the coronation of the Pope. Solemn services were held in the Sistine Chapel in honor of the occasion.

Two thousand and thirty-eight ounces of gold, worth $36,700, were crushed from three thousand four hundred tons of quartz in Nova Scotia last month.

MASSES were said in the Cathedral this morning from about half-past five, and at nine o'clock the high mass *pro pace* was sung at the altar of the Sacred Heart.

THE Stanley left Pictou at six o'clock on Friday morning last, and, after encountering very heavy ice, arrived at Georgetown about four o'clock in the afternoon.

MR. MCINERNEY, the editor of the Limerick Leader, has been sentenced to imprisonment for one month for publishing a report received by cable of a league meeting.

IT is said that Dom Pedro has written to Brazil resigning his sovereignty. He believes that he will now be allowed to return and spend his last days in the country and among the people he loves so well.

IN the skating tournament at Ottawa, on the 26th ult., Frank D. Carroll, of Pictou, N. S., won the mile, half, and five mile races, and thus became the amateur champion of the Dominion.

THE county court house and jail at Vancouver, B. C., were totally destroyed by fire on the 25th ult. Most of the county records were burned. The building was valued at $55,000, insurance $25,000. The cause of the fire is unknown.

IT is understood at Ottawa that the Government Banking Bill will be introduced towards the end of this week. It is the intention of the Government to push it through this year.

A MONTREAL despatch says that forgery is greatly on the increase in that city, and that eight cases are to be tried at the present term of the Court of Queen's Bench.

MAYOR LANGELIER and a clique of rouges, who for the past two years ran the affairs of Quebec city, got the final tournout on Saturday last. Retired Councillor Fremont was elected to the mayoralty.

THE Orange Bill passed its third reading in the Dominion House of Commons, on Monday last, by a vote of 86 to 61. Mr. Curran's amendment was lost by a vote of 23 to 124.

MR. WICKHAM, Principal of Queen Square School, has been granted leave of absence for a month, on account of ill health. Mr. Carran takes his place during his absence.

WE understand that St. Dunstan's College Dramatic Club will give an Entertainment in the Lyceum on Easter Monday Night, when they will present a Drama entitled "Falsely Accused."

As will be seen by advertisement, a convention of Liberal-Conservatives will be held at Georgetown on the 11th inst., to choose a candidate for the Legislative Council in the place of James Clow, Esq., elected to the Assembly.

THE priests of the cathedral are assisted in the confessions for the "Forty Hours" by Revds. Wm. Phelan, M. J. McMillan, J. C. McDonald, A. J. McDonald, S. Boudreault, A. J. McIntyre, F. X. Gallant, John A. McDonald, and J. C. McMillan.

OWING to the fact that Portugal has refused to withdraw the exequatur of Glyn Petre, the British minister, students at Lisbon have formed a league, the members of which are pledged to assault the minister.

An Ottawa dispatch says that advices received by the Government from Washington, on the 1st inst., relative to the Behring Sea negotiations are very encouraging, but at the present it is considered impolitic to indicate their nature.

HUGH MCCORMACK of St. John, N. B., defeated Axel Paulsen, on Saturday last, in the ten mile skating race, on White Bear Lake, for the world's championship of speed skating and $400 a side, and Paulsen's championship medal. McCormack's time was thirty-seven minutes. Paulsen was a third of a mile behind.

WE are pleased to learn that Messrs. James Handrahan and James Dorsey, of this city, and W. G. Burke, of Georgetown, medical students at the University of New York, have most creditably acquitted themselves in their examinations. Mr. Handrahan remains to take the spring term and his degree.

THE British steamer Quett, 2,254 tons burthen, which sailed from Cooktown, Queensland, several days ago for London has been lost at sea. She had two hundred and eighty souls on board, of whom one hundred and fifty-eight were saved, including the captain and several officers.

THE Department of Argriculture at Ottawa is about to distribute to the medical men of the country a series of registry books, with a request that during the census year, beginning April 6th, next, they shall keep a record of each death and its cause. It is hoped thus to obtain more complete information regarding mortality statistics than ever have been possible before.

In the British House of Commons on the 3rd, W. H. Smith moved the adoption of the report of the Parnell Commission. Gladstone moved the amendment announced by Morley on Feb. 24th, declaring "that the House reproaches the charge based upon the calumny made against members of the House, and while expressing satisfaction at the exposure made of evil doers, regrets that the strong inflicted and suffering and loss endured through these acts of flagrant inquiry."

TRIAL Election Petitions were filed yesterday with the Prothonotary of the Supreme Court, in this city. One is issued at the instance of John Drake, butcher, and aims to unseat Messrs. McLeod and Bishop, on the ground of bribery. Another is against Donald Farquharson, and is signed by Donald McKay, Oyster Bed Bridge, and Alexander C. Shaw, West River. The third is against by Joseph Wise, against Donald McKay.

SMOTHERED BY A BIG WAVE.

The Allan line steamship Manitoban left the port of Boston on the 10th of January, bound for Glasgow, with a general cargo of general produce and 247 head of live cattle. Just at that time the furies of the North Atlantic were in their wildest mood, and the good ship steamed out of the harbor in a snow flurry, right into the stormy bluster of the main. High winds and heavy seas rendered navigation a task of the utmost difficulty. Wave after wave broke over the vessel, and she was virtually housed about "like a shell on the ocean." However, as she was of the strongest build and well manned, and everything kept could and tight, and there was no pressing thought of danger until Saturday, the 18th, when at the height of a terrific nor'west gale she shipped a tremendous sea, which completely smothered her, smashing boats, bursting hatches and tearing away deck erections and skylights. For a moment it seemed as though she were doomed, but shaking herself once more free from the cruel embrace of the relentless waters she again rode bravely on over the mountainous waves, allowing breathing space for those on board to ascertain the extent of the damage and take steps to repair it.

A fearful sight met their view. All the lifeboats were gone, smashed into matchwood. The iron davits on which they hung were bent and twisted like serpents. Strong hatches which had been firmly battened down, had been burst open as though they had been merely cardboard and tons upon

TONS OF WATER HAD POURED DOWN

on to the main deck. A heavy steam winch was carried right over the side. The cabin skylight was gone, wrenched off like a piece of frail earthenware, and those living down in the officers' quarters were standing up to their shoulders in water. That the ship was sinking was the first impression, but it was soon ascertained that below the main deck everything was dry and sound, and preparations were at once made to clear the vessel of the enormous body of water pressing down, and rendering her unmanageable. After clearing her upper deck of the broken wreckage that endangered life with every roll of the vessel, attention was turned to the main deck. There the scuppers had been choked and the water, fully four feet deep, could not get away. The cattle whose comfortable quarters had been thus rudely invaded by the sea, were in a sorry plight. The problem was now to go down among them and clear the scuppers. Both sailors and cattlemen bravely volunteered to attempt this perilous task. With bared feet and with ropes around their bodies under the armpits, several went down, half swimming, half groping and making their way to the scuppers they cleared away the rubbish that stopped them with their feet, making vigorous use of their toes in the accomplishment of this most dangerous and difficult process. But their efforts soon produced a telling effect. The water poured out at every point of escape, the ship gradually rose from her beam ends to an upright position and eventually regained her customary buoyancy. But the

TROUBLES OF THE VOYAGE

were not yet at an end. The weather continued most tempestous, and on Saturday night, the 25th, when within a few hours of home a terrific gale blew up the Firth of Clyde with savage force, causing the Manitoban to put about and seek safety at sea once again. Yielding to the great strain of the voyage, the gear of the steam steering apparatus gave way at this point, causing a few minutes of consternation; but the hand wheel was soon attached and brought into requisition. This second great storm lasted until Monday morning when, battered, bruised, and sadly beaten, but still triumphant, the old Manitoban steamed quietly up to her anchorage at the Tail-of-the-Bank, resembling a much tired battle-ship returning, victorious from the fray.

Parser Scott was the first to bring word ashore of the perils of the passage, and, on being asked if he would go back in her, he at once said: "Why, certainly, If she can stand what she's just come through, she'll stand anything; and, as I now know so well what she can do, I'll stick to her, rather than go in any other;" and this was the opinion of every man on board although for a week they had experienced the greatest discomfort, with food in snatches, and with every particle of clothing soaked with salt water. Even the surgeon of the ship, Dr. Shaw, a man upward of 70 years, emphatically refused another vessel, and said he wouldn't leave the Manitoban, as he was convinced it in their interest that there wasn't a safer vessel afloat, and that there wasn't a commander sailing more able to meet a great difficulty than Capt. Johnstone. It says much for the enterprise of these times when the Manitoban, completely overhauled and thoroughly equipped, could sail on her voyage to Halifax and Philadelphia on Saturday, Feb. 8, only 15 days from such a wild and destructive voyage.—*Exchange.*

SUPREME COURT.

The February Term of the Supreme Court met in Georgetown on February 25th, the Chief Justice presiding. The following gentlemen composed the Grand Jury:

George Wightman, Esq., Montague, foreman; Allan N. Macdonald, William Aitken, Marshal Paquet, James G. McLeod, Daniel G. Cameron, Frederick Marrow, George Moar, James Campbell, George Aitken, James D. Dewar, Allan Macdonald, John Nichol, Dugald Morson, John G. Sterns, Patrick Kelly, Gyppe Shaw.

The Grand Jury found true bills in the following:

The Queen vs. Joseph Higgins—Indictment for burglary. (Dwelling of Peter T Grant.) A true bill. The prisoner was arraigned and pleaded guilty.

The Queen vs. Joseph Higgins—Indictment for larceny. (Property of Mrs. Griffin.) A true bill. The prisoner was arraigned and pleaded guilty.

The Queen vs. Joseph Higgins—Indictment for housebreaking and larceny. (Shop of Wallace W. Jenkins.) The prisoner was arraigned and pleaded not guilty

In the application of Frederick Burke for examination, preparatory to studying law in the office of Richard Reddin—Mr. Morson reads petition and certificate and moves for the usual order. But owing to the fact that the applicant was born in the United States, the granting of the order was postponed.

His Lordship was presented with the following address:

TO HIS LORDSHIP, THE HONORABLE W. W. SULLIVAN, CHIEF JUSTICE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—

We avail ourselves of this opportunity of extending to you our sincere congratulations on your elevation to the honorable and dignified position of Chief Justice of this Province.

Your persevering and untiring industry in our Legislative affairs has been duly appreciated by the people in the most unmistakeable manner, by returning you as Leader of an Administration for three successive terms, an honor hitherto unstained by any statesman in the history of this province

We can assure your Lordship that in no part of the Island has your promotion to the highest position in the administration of Justice, been hailed with greater delight than by the people of King's County, who recognize in your elevation a well-merited reward for your ability at the Bar, and your unswerving devotion to our public interests.

We earnestly trust that you may long live to discharge the duties devolving on you with honor to yourself and justice to the people.

GEORGE WIGHTMAN,
foreman,
for self and jurors

Grand Jury Room,
Georgetown, Feb. 27, 1890.

To the above address His Lordship replied substantially as follows:

GENTLEMEN,—I thank you for your address and for the kind expressions it contains. A public connection of some 35 years with this county has enabled me to appreciate the intelligence and other good qualities of its people, to whom I am indebted for repeated acts of kindness; and it is gratifying to me to learn from you, as gentlemen representing the county in the responsible position you hold here to-day, that my appointment to the office of Chief Justice meets with the approval of the general public. He who is called upon to dispense justice to all kinds and conditions of men should discharge his duties without fear of consequence and without hope of applause, and I trust that in whatever else I may fail, I at all keep that truth constantly present to my mind, to the extent at least of being unbiassed by fear and unbiassed by hope. I again thank you for your courtesy and consideration.

The following cases were disposed of:

J. S. Carvell et al. vs Anthony McCormack, an absent debtor. Verdict for plaintiff 50.

Annie Hughes vs Jas. Farrel. Action for breach of promise of marriage. D. A. McKinnon for plaintiff, W. E. Stewart for defendant. Jas. Hughes, father was the principal witness for plaintiff, and the jury returned a verdict in the plaintiffs favor for seven hundred dollars.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

In the Commons, after routine, on the 26th ult., Dr. Bergin brought up his resolution of censure on John Page, Chief Engineer of Canals, for an abusive letter from that officer included in the return laid before the House. Sir John McDonald said the letter was a private one, not intended for publication, and was included in the return by mistake. As Minister of Railways and Canals, he was responsible for the return and he desired to apologize to Dr. Bergin for the mistake and to ask that the motion be withdrawn. The motion was withdrawn accordingly. Mr. Platt moved that machinery for use in mining operations should be placed on the free list. Mr. Mulock moved in amendment that only such machinery not manufactured in Canada be so included. Mr. Mara, in amendment to the amendment, moved that in as much as the subject is now under the consideration of the Government, the debate be adjourned until after the tariff changes are announced in the budget. This was carried by 140 to 77.

After recess several private bills were read a third time and passed, including the bill respecting the Northern and Western railway company and to change the name to the Canadian Eastern railway company and the bill respecting the N. B. railway company.

The debate on the motion by Mr. Wilson, of Elgin, for the repeal of the Franchise act was then resumed.

It is understood the Government will make important changes to the criminal law amendment bill, but the precise nature is not yet determined.

It is understood that on the third reading of the Orange incorporation bill Mr. Curran will move the insertion of a clause prohibiting the Orange society from holding public processions in the province of Quebec.

In the commons on the 27th, in answer to Mr. Blake, Sir John Macdonald said correspondence had been going on with Newfoundland respecting the relation of that country with Canada, but in its imperfect state could not be brought down without the consent of the Newfoundland government. There had been no recent correspondence on the subject of relations between Canada and Jamaica.

Peter Mitchell, having inquired concerning the despatch stating that the Russian ambassador at Washington was to take part in the negotiations respecting the close season for seals in Behring Sea, now inquired whether that signified the abandonment by the United States of the contention that it was a closed sea. Sir John Macdonald said the subject could not be discussed from day to day but he might say that everything is looking as satisfactory as Canada could wish for.

Mr. Jones (of Halifax), inquired concerning the part Canada would take in the Jamaica exhibition. Sir John Macdonald replied that the government had referred to the minister of agriculture the invitation received to take part in the exhibition.

The consideration of reciprocity in wrecking bills was deferred, Sir John stating that negotiations on the subject were pending between her majesty's government and the States.

Mr. Brown moved the second reading of his anti-pigeon shooting bill. Mr. Tisdale move the six months host. This amendment was lost by 81 to 91 and the bill read a second time.

Mr. Taylor moved the second reading of his bill to prodibit the importation of contract labor. He said this had become necessary in consequence of the hard manner in which the U. S. had enforced a similiar law against Canadians.

Sir John Macdonald said he had no objection to the matter being dicussed, but thought it better that the bill should not at present be put to vote.

Mr. Laurier favored an immediate decision upon the subject, and blamed the government for not having hitherto made a strong representation on the subject.

Sir John Thompson said that within the last few months strong representations had been made by two members of the government to Secretary Blaine, whose answer was that the law having passed by congress, the adminstration had no power to prevent its enforcement. Its application to Canadians had been made not at the instance of the Washington government but at the instance of residents adjacent to Canada, who considered it in their interest to keep out Canadian workmen. Sir John Thompson said the knights of labor were interesting themselves to secure the rigid enforcement of this law and in the present state of the labor movements there it was hopeless to expect that Canada could secure exemption. After further discussion Sir John Macdonald moved the adjournment of the debate and at 11.15 the house rose

GENERAL NEWS.

The long talked about consingment of African mackerel arrived at Provincetown Mass. on the 21st ult., by paket schooner Lucknow, coming from Cape Town via London steamers. The consignment, which consisted of 33 casks holding about three barrels each, was opened for inspection by the public Saturday morning at the packing sheds of the Union fish company. A large crowd of local fishermen examined the Africans, and all unite in pronouncing them mackerel fully equal or better than our northern fish. The fish have been many days on the way, and opened out sweet and in first-class order In quality the fish are about 13 or 15 inches long, and the flesh firm and white. The only way they differ from American mackerel is in the stripes, which come a little lower down on the sides of the fish, something like the bulleye mackerel caught on the coast several years ago. They are much superior to makerel caught on the American coast in the early spring. One thousand dollars was offered for the lot unopened at Boston, and refused. Everything goes to show that scientific men and shoal water sailors who have hardly been out of sight of land, were sadly mistaken in their predictions that Capt. S. Chase, in the schooner Alice, was going on a wild goose chase, To Provincetown, and to Capt. Chase in particular is rightly due the honor of opening up an entirely new mackerel fishing ground over 8,000 miles from home.

The mysterious removal of the Duc d'Orleans from the historical prison of the Conciergerie, Paris, in the middle of the night of the 25th ult., was not calculated to strengthen the young man's nerve. In order to be-fog the reporters, a youth resembling the Duc, dressed in a gray coat was taken ostentatiously in a carrige to the Lyons station while the prince himself was hustled away to the Pantin station in a cab where he was placed on board a sleeping car. On his arrival at Clairvaux, after travelling all night, he was given a room in the old abbey prison looking out on the mountains. No visitors are allowed to see him. It is believed here that the government proposes to get out of the scrape and escape the charge of persecution, by conniving at the escape of their distinguished prisoner. The jailers will be ordered to feign sleep and sentries to prove conveniently blind and the embarrassing incident will be ended.

Steamer Ems, which arrived at New York on the 26th ult., from Bremen, experienced very severe weather during the entire passage. On Feb. 2nd, in lat. 43.54, lon. 42.6, sighted the dismasted British ship Hebe drifting. A boat put off from the Ems to rescue six men seen on the Hebe's decks. A heavy wave swamped the boat and one seaman was drowned, but the others clung to the upturned boat until rescued by the Ems. The attempt to take the men off the Hebe was abandoned. The Hebe showed no signal of distress, was riding the waves well and the men were moving about freely as if free from fear of disaster. The captain of the Ems thinks the Hebe will keep afloat until some vessel comes along, in better weather, ship to assist her.

The Herald is kept on file in the office of the New York Printing & Advertising Co., Equitable Building, 86 Broadway, New York.

Local and Special News.

CONSTIPATION AND HEADACHE.—Dear Sirs,—I suffered with constipation and headache, and got a bottle of B.B.B. on trial and found it did so much good that I got several bottles and it proved a sure cure.—Mrs. Robert Taylor, Milphs P. O., Ont.

The French Government have re-arrested the young Duke of Orleans. So the young duke is in prison again.

GORED BY A COW.—A fine colt belonging to Mr. Peter Lindsay, of Nixon, Ont., was badly hooked by a cow. Two bottles of Hagyard's Yellow Oil cured it. This invaluable remedy should be in every house. It cures cuts, sprains, bruises, burns, and and all pains and aches in man or beast.

The French and Italian Cabinets have consented to send delegates to the workingmen's convention in Berlin, which will commence its sittings on the 15th inst.

FORCIBLE FACTS.—The testimony as to the merits of Burdock Blood Bitters is overwhelming and admits of no dispute. It is the best blood purifier extant. Its action on the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels is perfect. It cures dyspepsia, constipation, bad blood, biliousness, sick headache, and all skin diseases.

The influenza has recently been played in a Polish theatre.

SCOTLAND YET.—"I can highly highly recommend Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam. It cured my daughter of a cough she had been troubled with ever since she was little She is now 12 years old."—Mrs. M. Fairchild. Scotland, Ont.

The average campaign speaker is a tale twister.

SIX YEARS' SUFFERING.—I was troubled with dyspepsia for six years Four years ago I got a bottle of B.B.B. from your agent, Mr. John Pearce, of Parry Harbor, which I considered completely cured me. A return of the symptoms about five weeks ago, however, was promptly removed by using only part of another bottle, and I feel as well as ever I did in my life. Mary E. Dowling, Parry Harbor, Ont.

The watch sold at cost is particularly a bargain.

A PLEASING DISCOVERY.—I suffered with neuralgia and obtained no relief until advised to try Hagyard's Yellow Oil. Since then I have found it to be an admirable remedy also for burns, sore throat and rheumatism. Mrs. F. Cameron, 127 Richmond St. W., Toronto, Ont.

"No," said the hen, "I could never lay a corner-stone."

No one knows better than those who have used Carter's Little Liver Pills what relief they have given when taken for dyspepsia, dizziness, pain in the side, constipation, and disordered stomach.

Where clubs are trumps—at police headquarters.

Why don't you try Carter's Little Liver Pills? They are a positive cure for sick headache, and all the ills produced by disordered liver. Only one pill a dose.

The tailor's assistant is one of the factors in the sew-shall life.

Backache is almost immediately relieved by wearing one of Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Backache Plasters. Try one and be free from pain.

The reason why a hen lays an egg is because she can't stand it on end.

NOTICE.

Owing to a mistake of our bottle manufacturers, their works shut down for the summer without a sufficient quantity of our special bottles on hand to keep us going, so we were compelled to substitute a square bottle without MINARD'S LINIMENT blown in the glass, for our fall trade on P. E. I., and part of N. S. The label and wrapper are the same as heretofore and each bottle has a white strip around it explaining reason for the change.

C. C. RICHARDS & Co.

AN INTERESTING REPORT.

The Inland Revenue Department has recently issued a bulletin of about thirty pages, which is devoted exclusively to the subject of baking powder, and which shows that the majority of the goods in the market are adulterated and unfit for use. Prof. A. McGill, who has had charge of this important work for the Government, says that "imperial baking powder is an excellent powder." A word to the sensible housekeeper should be sufficient.

From the fruit preserver we get our jams, and from the distiller we get our jim-jams.

TORONTO BASE BALL NINE probably will not accept Ottawa's challenge, as Mr. Gillett of Toronto, the manufacturer of Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder, is very short of help and thinks playing ball a waste of time when they could get work Imperial is sold by all grocers and it is the Best.

"Death loves a shining mark."

As we will have about Thirty Crates of Crockery to arrive early in the Spring direct from England, we will offer our very large and well selected Stock of Goods at a liberal discount for a few weeks to make room for the new arrivals, at the Cheapest Crockery Store.

W. F. COLWILL'S.
Charlottetown, Feb. 26.—6i

Go to the Cheapest Crockery Store for all kinds of Glass and Crockeryware. We buy in large quantities. We buy the best class of Goods. We buy for cash. We buy in the cheapest markets and import direct. The Cheapest Crockery Store.

W. F. COLWILL'S.
Charlottetown, Feb. 26.—6i

Do you want Dress Goods, Clothing, or Carpets? You can't do better than buy at Paton & Co's.

Prices low! Goods right! Result success! Try James Paton & Co's for all kinds of House Furnishings!

Call and see how we verify the statements we make in the newspapers. Stanley Bros, Brown's Block. 3i

We cordially invite your inspection and comparison and consider it a privilege to show you our Stock of Dry Goods. Stanley Bros, Brown's Block. 3i

THE IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

Sir James Ferguson, Parliamentary Secretary for the Foreign Office, announced in the House of Commons on the 25th ult., that the Government had accepted the invitation of Germany to take part in the labor conference summoned by the Emperor William to meet in Berlin.

Delegates representing those in favor of home rule for Scotland and delegates representing the liberals of South Wales held a conference in London and agreed to co-operate to obtain home rule for Scotland and Wales subject to the supremacy of the Imperial parliament.

Mr. Cobb, radical member for the Rugby division of Warwickshire, gave notice in the House of Commons that upon Smith's motion asking the House to adopt the report of the Parnell commission with the Lewis amendment censuring the Parnellites being carried, he would move a resolution declaring that the House deplores that it appears from the dates in the report of the Parnell Commission and evidence submitted to the commission that at the time the Parnellites were engaged in alleged treasonable conspiracies, many members of the government, especially Lord Salisbury and Mr. Balfour, were in close alliance and treaty with these members (cries oh! oh! laughter and cheers! therefore Lord Salisbury and other members of the government deserved the severest condemnation.

Mr. Gourley, liberal member for Sunderland, asked whether the government intended to recommend Canada to extend the modus vivendi arranged for in the treaty negotiated by Joseph Chamberlain at Washington until the treaty of 1818 is finally interpreted. Sir James Ferguson, Parliamentary Secretary for the Foreign Office, stated that the modus vivendi could only be revived by Canada, which proposed to consider the question during the present session of the Dominion parliament.

In reply to a question by Mr. Morton (Gladstonian), Mr. Goschen, Chancellor of the Exchequer, stated that he was not aware of any bill being prepared for introduction at the present session of parliament authorizing the Bank of England or any other bank to issue £1 notes.

Notes of hand forms in good style printed at the Herald Office.

THE CHARLOTTETOWN HERALD is acknowledged to be the Best Paper published in the Province.

THE FISH MARKET,

GRAFTON STREET.

Is Headquarters for all Kinds of Fish.

WE offer for sale low—500 quintals large and medium Codfish; 150 qtls. Hake; 22 qtls. Pollock; 20 bbls. pickled Codfish. Herrings and mackerel in barrels, half barrels and kits. Tongues and Sounds; dried Salmon, &c., &c.

J. H. MYRICH & CO.

Feb. 26, 1890.—1 mo.

WHOLESALE.

To the Trade Only.

we Offer for Immediate Delivery:

250 Pieces Striped Hessians and Hooking Canvass.
100 Pieces Assorted Ticking.
200 " White and Colored Canton Flannels.
60 Pieces Heavy, Plain and Check Duck.
200 Pieces White Cottons.
1000 " Assorted Print Cottons.
30 Bales Grey Cottons.
30 " White and Colored Warps.
100 Bundles Patches, Quilting Prints, Turkey Red Cottons.

USUAL TERMS.

WEEKS & BEER.

Feb. 26.—1 mo.

Liebig Company's EXTRACT OF MEAT.

For improved and economic cookery, use it for Soups, Sauces, and Made Dishes. In flavor—incomparable, and dissolves perfectly clear in water. Makes delicious Beef Tea and keeps in all climates for any length of time. 1 lb equal to 40 lbs of lean beef. Only sort guaranteed genuine by Justus von Leibig and bears his signature in blue, thus:

Re-Estate William Minto, Cardigan Bridge.

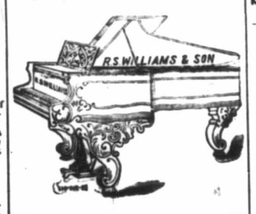
WILLIAM MINTO, of Cardigan, has made an assignment to us for the benefit of his creditors.

All persons indebted to the estate of the said William Minto are requested to settle their respective accounts with us or our authorized agent, Peter McPherson, of Cardigan, either in cash or notes of hand payable 1st December, 1890.

Parties having claims against the estate are requested to furnish the same to us, duly attested to.

WILLIAM STEWART,
THEO. J. CLARK,
Assignees.

S'side, Feb. 26, 1890.—3wks.



Williams!

AWARDED 200 MEDALS.

PRINCIPALLY GOLD.

Over 12,000 in Canada.

1000 SOLD IN NOVA SCOTIA IN TWO YEARS.

J. F. WILLIS & CO.,

McEachern's Building, Queen St., Ch'town,

SOLE AGENTS

Williams and Emerson Pianos and Uxbridge Organs for Parlor, Church, Chapel or Lodge, for all Nova Scotia and P. E. I.

Write for catalogues—mailed free.

August 28, 1889.—yly.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Chapel Point Works" will be received until Tuesday, the 4th March, inclusively, for repairing and extending the Pier at CHAPEL POINT, King's County, Prince Edward Island, according to a plan and specification to be seen on application to Mr. Joseph R. McDonald, Georgetown, P. E. I., and at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the form supplied and signed with the actual signature of tenderers.

An accepted bank cheque, payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, equal to *five per cent. of amount of tender,* must accompany each tender. This cheque will be forfeited if the party decline the contract, or fail to complete the work contracted for and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

A. GOBIEL,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 3rd February, 1890. } Feb. 18, 2i

BEST ON EARTH
SURPRISE SOAP
THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY TRY IT
The St. Croix Soap Mfg Co., St. Stephen, N. B.

McGinty Captured.

You cannot stop me, I am going to McEachen's Clothing Store.

Lend us your ear and we will pay you a bigger interest on the loan than you'll receive in hard cash. We want to tell you of the Big Bargains for the next Thirty Days. Fur Goods away below cost. Clothing lower than ever before sold in the city. Do not let this opportunity pass without obtaining a Bargain. Give us a call.

A. E. McEACHEN,
Owen Connolly's Old Stand.

The Grip

Has Made Me Bald-headed.

The Bald-headed Truth about our Stock of Boots and Shoes is just this: "It's Immense!" quality, quantity, and prices considered. We defy competition. Others may deal out bald-disjointed chat about Boots & Shoes, but the Bald-headed Truth can't be capped or handicapped. Our Prices are so crushed that they can't rise again. Give us a call, we will treat you well at

McEachen's Shoe Store.

JUST OPENED.

New Print Cottons,
Fine Zephyrs and Ginghams,
Swiss Embroideries,
Swiss Embroideries,
White Goods, White Goods.

Stanley Brothers,

You can buy goods cheap from us this month.

Stanley Brothers.

Lot Remnants —IN— Dress Goods, Print Cottons, Plushes, Ribbons, etc.

A JOB LOT OF PRINT COTTONS, —AT FROM— 5 Cts. per Yard and Upwards.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

This Month! This Month! This Month!

J. B. MACDONALD'S! J. B. MACDONALD'S! J. B. MACDONALD'S!

SELLING OFF! SELLING OFF! SELLING OFF!

FUR GOODS, FUR CAPS, FUR COATS, FUR MUFFS, FUR TIPPETS, FUR JACKETS.
WOOL GOODS, WOOL SHAWLS, WOOL SQUARES, WOOL SCARFS, WOOL HOODS.
ULSTER CLOTHS, MANTLE CLOTHS, DRESS CLOTHS, NAP CLOTHS, BEAVER CLOTHS, FRIEZE CLOTHS

TEAS.

FIVE POUNDS BEST TEA FOR ($1.00) ONE DOLLAR.

The goods above mentioned must be sold at the best bargains in town at

J. B. MACDONALD'S.

QUEEN STREET

DOMINION BOOT & SHOE STORE.

$10,000 WORTH OF BOOTS AND SHOES, RUBBERS AND OVERSHOES.

THIS STOCK MUST BE SOLD OFF.

We'll give you more value for every dollar you spend with us than any other store on P. E. Island.

Wholesale and Retail at the

DOMINION BOOT & SHOE STORE,

J. B. MACDONALD, Proprietor,

Charlottetown, January 29, 1890—ly WEST SIDE QUEEN STREET

Big Bargains for March!

1st. Lot Boys' Suits, usual price $1.00, $1,20, and $1.30, your choice sor 50 cents,

2nd. Lot Boys' Suits, usual price $2.55, now $1.50.

3rd. Job lot Men's Felt Bats, usual price $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00, your choice for $1.50.

4th. Job lot Prints, usual price 8 cents, now 6.

IN FACT, LOTS OF

BARGAINS FOR MARCH.

When we advertise those Bargains we will give them, so call and be one of the lucky ones.

PROWSE BROS.,

The Wonderful Cheap Men, 144 Queen Street.

New Goods, ex Stanley.

PERKINS & STERNS,

24 CASES AND BALES.

New Canadian Ginghams, New White Cottons, New Seer Sucker, New rickings,
New Scotch Ginghams, New Print Cottons, New Shirtings, New Flannelettes.

Special Prices on Many Lines this Month.

Those who want the best value for their money should call on us.

PERKINS & STERNS.

Charlottetown, January 19 1890.

PRESIDENT.

The "MANUFACTURERS," The POPULAR LIFE —AND— The LIBERAL ACCIDENT INSURANCE.

TERMS EASY.

DONALD MACKENZIE, AGENT, Kent Street, Charlottetown.

Local agents wanted. J. B. Paton, Manager. Apply to "Manufacturers," Box 374, Halifax.

February 12, 1890.

Farm for Sale.

THE undersigned offers for Sale his Farm, situated at the Head of St. Peter's Bay, containing 74 acres of land, 40 acres clear and the rest covered with soft and hard wood. House, barn and spring on the premises. Near Starch Factory, School and Church, half a mile from Railway Station.

WM. COFFIN.

St Peter's Bay, Feb. 19—4i pd