

Citizens: Vote for KELLY for Mayor.

YOU'LL BE SURE TO FIND IT IN "The MAIL and ADVOCATE."

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

Official Organ of The Fishermen's Protective Union of Newfoundland.

Vol. III, No. 141.

ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, TUESDAY, JUNE 27, 1916.

Price: 1 Cent.

THE RUSSIANS NOW AIM FOR KOLOMEA KEY TO DEFENCE OF LEMBERG

Russians Now Have Eliminated General Pfanger's Army in Bukovina and Are Now Making Rapid Progress With Lemberg Their Objective—Have Occupied Kimpolung Which Place the Austrians Defended With Considerable Forces—Teutonic Forces Appear to Have Been Able to Stop Breaching of Their Front in Kovel Region Where Large Numbers of German Troops Have Stiffened the Austrian Lines

PETROGRAD, June 27.—With the elimination of General Pfanger's army in Bukovina, the attention of General Brussloff's forces in this section are now directed upon Kolomea, the key to the defence of Lemberg on the south. The occupation of Kimpolung and Kutly has opened the way to Kolomea and already the result of this last recorded victory of the Russians is becoming evident in the forward movement of General Letchitsky on the road from Sniatyn to Kolomea to a point ten miles from the latter town. It is evident from this report that the prisoners and booty taken by the Austrians defended Kimpolung with considerable forces. They were attacked by Russian troops which had covered 30 miles from Gurahumora in two days and were rushed into fight with scarcely an hour's rest. According to the Russian military authorities their assault added the last touch needed to complete the demoralization of General Pfanger's forces, which now are entirely cut off from communication with General Count Von Bothmer's army group on the Stripa River to the North. General Von Bothmer's position is regarded as precarious, as a result of this operation his right flank has been completely uncovered. Military critics believe he will, without doubt, be forced to fall back along his whole line before Tarnopol. The Teutonic forces appear to have been able to stop to some extent the breaching of their front in the Kovel region, where a large element of German troops have stiffened the Austrian lines, and it is evident that preparations are being made for a desperate stand at Brody, on the southern wing of that position. Nevertheless, the Russians have been able to push the wedge in the direction of Vladimir Volynski to point which threatens that town and endangers Brody, the gateway to Lemberg from the east. According to the military expert of the Bourse Gazette, the Germans have taken full charge in this region and have filled up the ranks of Archduke Ferdinand's broken army, which alone has lost 70,000 men since the beginning of the Russian advance.

PETROGRAD, June 27.—Turning to an offensive in Trentino and across the border in Italy, where they were driven recently by the Austrians, the Italians have forced the Austrians to a general retreat on the entire front. A large number of positions have been recaptured by King Victor Emmanuel's troops and they are still on the heels of the Austrians, who are de-

Objects "To Following The Custom"

PARIS, June 26.—A Madrid despatch to the Temps quotes the Imparcial as reporting that President Wilson will receive a message from the German Emperor in the same manner as King Alfonso. This statement is included in an interview which the representative of the Imparcial had with German naval attaché von Krohn, who declared that the carrying of letters to the King of Spain by submarine could not affect Spanish neutrality which Germans respect.

Spanish newspapers, the despatch adds, demand that the Government take measures to prevent a repetition of the submarine incident.

Austrian Transports Sunk by Italians

ROME, June 27.—Austrian transports have been sunk in the harbor of Durazzo by Italians. The transports were loaded with troops, arms and munition.

ROME, June 27.—An official communication regarding the sinking of the Austrian transports says Italian warships entered Durazzo roadstead on the night of the 25th and sank two steamers, one 5,000 tons the other 3,000, laden with arms and munitions. The warships returned without loss to their base, notwithstanding the heavy fire of the enemy.

"Leave Well Enough Alone."—LET GOSLING AND HIS MEN FINISH THEIR WORK.

ITALIANS ADVANCE ON TRENITINO SECTOR

ROME, June 27.—Reports from the front state the Italians are advancing along the Trentino sector, reconquering the positions which the Austrians had occupied, and capturing men, arms, ammunition, provisions and all kinds of supplies which the Austrians had been obliged to abandon in their precipitate retreat. All Italy is rejoicing over the withdrawal of the Austrians six weeks after their offensive movement on the Trentino front began.

Good Bye Teddy

CHICAGO, June 27.—By a vote of 32 to 6, with nine members declining to vote, the National Committee of the Progressive Party today endorsed Charles E. Hughes for President and the "Bull Moose" Party practically went out of existence as a national political organization.

VOTE FOR THE MEN WITH EXPERIENCE.

110 Killed in Raid On Karlsruhe

BERLIN, June 27.—A report on the aeroplane raid on Karlsruhe of June 22 shows 110 persons, including 5 women and 75 children killed, while 147 persons were injured, including 20 women and 79 children.

Greek Steamer Founders

LONDON, June 27.—The Greek steamer Nitsa, from Norfolk, June 5, for Savona, Italy, has foundered in the Mediterranean. The crew are saved. A Lloyd's despatch from Alicante, Spain, says the Nitsa was torpedoed and sunk off Cape Palos.

READ THE MAIL & ADVOCATE

Austrians are Severely Punished by Both Italian and the Russian Armies

Italians Have Forced the Austrians to a General Retreat Along the Entire Front—Vienna Admits Withdrawal of Austrian Forces but Says it Was Done For Military Advantage—Russians in Galicia Have Broken Deadlock and Thrown Their Cossacks Across the Dniester—German Attacks Against Russian Positions at Linewka on Stokhod River Are Repulsed According to Petrograd

LONDON, June 27.—Turning to an offensive in Trentino and across the border in Italy, where they were driven recently by the Austrians, the Italians have forced the Austrians to a general retreat on the entire front. A large number of positions have been recaptured by King Victor Emmanuel's troops and they are still on the heels of the Austrians, who are de-

clared to be rapidly falling back before the Italian advance. Vienna admits the withdrawal of Austrian forces between the Brenta and Etach rivers, a manoeuvre which they declared was made to safeguard full freedom of action.

The Russians in Bukovina have made further progress against the Austrians in the region of Kimpolung, but in the operations north of Kutly the Austrians have repulsed Russian attacks, inflicting heavy casualties on the invaders, according to Vienna. In Galicia the Russians in the region of Bucacz have at last broken the deadlock and thrown their Don Cossacks across the Dniester. Heavy fighting continues in Volhynia, especially around Sokut, to the north of Lutsk. Here Vienna says the Germans stormed the Russian positions over a front of about 3,000 metres and held the captured positions against all counter-attacks. Along the Styr, from Kolki to Sokut,

the Germans are still vigorously bombarding the Russian positions, while around Linewka, on the Stokhod River, they have launched repeated infantry attacks in mass formation, which Petrograd asserts were all repulsed. In the region north of the Priepet Marshes, to as far as Jacobstadt, there have been intense bombardments of Russian positions by the Germans and several infantry attacks, which the Russian War Office says were put down by Russian fire. Since Sunday night, when the French recaptured the German positions between Fumina and Chenois Woods, north-east of Verdun, and repulsed a German attack west of Thiaumont, only artillery actions have taken place, and these have diminished in intensity. The British have carried out a number of successful attacks against the Germans and also have been bombarded, with considerable effect, German positions on various sectors.

STATES SEES NOTHING IN THE MEXICAN CRISIS WARRANT ARBITRATION

OFFICIAL

BRITISH LONDON, June 27.—A British official statement issued at midnight reads:

"We carried out a number of successful enterprises last night at different points and penetrated hostile lines at ten different places. Our casualties were very slight. The Munster Fusiliers and the Anzacs were particularly successful. In connection with these raids there was a good deal of artillery work by both sides yesterday evening and during the night. Our artillery fired with great effect, hostile trenches being considerably damaged at many places. Four large explosions were caused by our artillery and damage done to hostile defensive works, notably at Longueval, Gemme-court, Civenchy, en-Gohelle, north of Loos salient, opposite Wytschaste and east of Wietje. One hostile kite balloon, in addition to those already reported destroyed by our aircraft yesterday, making a total of 6 out of 15 balloons attacked, was seen to fall in flames."

TAKE NO CHANCES—VOTE FOR THE COMMISIONERS.

Vienna Official

LONDON, June 27.—According to the latest Vienna official communication the Austro-Germans have effected a breach in the Russian front in the Lutsk salient near the Svidnecki bridgehead, an important position on the direct road to Kovel. This statement is in contradiction of the Petrograd report, but probably was issued later. Otherwise than in the Lutsk region neither side has made any headway in this theatre. The Times' correspondent at the Russian headquarters on this front explains the facility with which the Germans can reinforce their line, and says this makes the maintaining of the Russian positions here very difficult.

Italian Barque Sunk

LONDON, June 27.—The Italian barque San Francisco, from Buenos Ayres for Genoa, was sunk by a submarine on Saturday, 20 miles off Barcelona. The crew were saved.

Voters of St. John's East and West

Attend the BIG PUBLIC MEETING at the STAR OF THE SEA HALL (THEATRE FLAT) THIS TUESDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock, and hear addresses on Civic affairs from Messrs. GOSLING, AYRE, BRADSHAW, McNAMARA, McGRATH, MORRIS and WITHERS.—2i

PUBLIC NOTICE!

VOTERS OF ST. JOHN'S EAST AND WEST.

WALTER A. O'D KELLY, Candidate for Mayor, will address a public meeting to-night at 8.15 on the historic beach, Duckworth Street.

HUNS TREAT PRISONERS HARSHLY

British Civilians Interned at Ruhelben Are Poorly Fed by Germans—Britain Protests and Unless Treatment Ceases Will Adopt Similar Methods Against Germans Interned in England

LONDON, June 26.—Lord Robert Cecil, Parliamentary Under Secretary of Foreign Affairs, told the Commons today that the British Government had received information to the effect that British civilian prisoners interned at Ruhelben were now being supplied with less than half the requisite amount of food.

Dr. Klyer, attached to the American Embassy at Berlin, learned that the German Government had reduced the rations of interned civilians. Lord Robert said. The American Ambassador at Berlin gave the information to the British Government of the reduction of rations being made. Lord Robert said that this was done, notwithstanding the fact that the Germans had been storing up money amounting to between 60,000 and 200,000 marks, which should be spent for food. The British Government had protested against this action through the American Embassy, pointing out that if Germany could not feed her prisoners she should release them. Britain also recalled her offer to release or exchange civilians over 50 or over 45 years, if unfit for military service, and proposed that all British civilians at Ruhelben should be released in exchange for a similar number of German civilians in England. Lord Robert declared, if the Germans did not accept this offer within a week the British Government would be compelled to consider what course to adopt in regard to the rations of German civilians held prisoners in England.

GOSLING FOR MAYOR AND AN ABUNDANT WATER SUPPLY.

French Gains At Thiaumont

PARIS, June 27.—The French have captured another section of trenches at Thiaumont, in the Verdun sector. According to today's official statement, the struggle for the possession of the village of Fleury is still progressing.

Three Allied aeroplanes have dropped 65 shells on German ships near the Belgian coast.

OFFICIAL CASUALTY LIST FIRST NEWFOUNDLAND REGIMENT

NOT PREVIOUSLY REPORTED

- 1112 Private James Michael Knight, 15 New Gower Street. Admitted to 3rd. London General Hospital. Wandsworth; inflammation of connective tissue in right leg.
- 915 Private Frank Gilbert Dawe, Coley's Point, C.B. Admitted to 3rd. London General Hospital. Wandsworth; gunshot wound in right shoulder.
- 1045 Private Rennie Llewellyn White, Engle. Admitted to 3rd. London General Hospital. Wandsworth; gunshot wound in right side of face.
- 1006 Private Francis Charles Payne, 77 Pleasant Street. Admitted to 3rd London General Hospital. Wandsworth; valvular disease of heart.

JUNE 27th, 1916.

- 1607 Private Michael Tucker, Broad Cove, St. John's, West. Shrapnel wound in leg and knee, June 16.
- 119 Private William Francis Hickey, 33 Flower Hill. Shrapnel wound in shoulder, June 16th.
- 1381 Private Francis Joseph Snow, Mill Bridge Lane, South Side. Shrapnel wound, June 17th.
- 1668 Private Frank Adey, Clareville, T.B. Shrapnel wound, June 17.
- 787 Private Robert Stewart Errol Munn, 26 Gower Street. Admitted to 3rd. London General Hospital. Wandsworth; gunshot wound in back.

J. R. BENNETT, Colonial Secretary.

CABINET CRISIS IS BREWING

Now Thought That Selbourne's Resignation Will be Followed by Several Others—Looks as if a Grave Ministerial Crisis Will be Result of Irish Problem

LONDON, June 27.—Signs indicate that a Ministerial crisis of an acute character is brewing on the Irish question, says the Chronicle. If Earl Selbourne's resignation as President of the Board of Agriculture stood alone it would not cause alarm, but it is feared that it will be followed by the retirement also of Lansdowne, Walter Long, President of the Local Government Board and Lord Cecil, Minister of War Trade.

SHACKLETON FAILS EFFECT RESCUE OF MEN

Ice Conditions Prevent Him Getting Nearer Than 20 Miles to Elephant Island Where Main Body of His Antarctic Expedition is—Icebreaker Will be Rushed to Rescue

LONDON, June 27.—Lieut. Sir Ernest Shackleton has been unable to rescue his men, numbering 22, comprising the main body of his Antarctic Expedition, who were left on Elephant Island. This information was received in a despatch from Shackleton from Port Stanley, Falkland Islands. The explorer evidently returned on the steamer which had been placed at his disposal by the Uruguayan Government for the purpose of effecting the rescue of his men. According to his despatch ice conditions had so increased in severity that he was unable to get further than 20 miles from the island. He thinks there is still hope for the men as there is an excellent chance they will be able to survive on short rations supplemented by penguins until another rescue party, provided with an icebreaker, can push through to them. The steamer Instituto Oca, provided by Uruguayan Government, left Montevideo on June 8 with Lieut. Shackleton aboard to succor the men on Elephant Island.

Australian Premier and Shipping Problem

LONDON, June 27.—William Morris Hughes, Premier of Australia, who has been in London for some time past, has solved the difficulty of the dearth of ships for moving the Australian harvest by going into the market and purchasing 18 large steamers which will be renamed and operated by the Australian Government as the Commonwealth Government Line.

GOSLING FOR MAYOR AND CLEAN CITY.

From Saloniki

SALONIKA, June 27.—There has been renewed activity on the French front. An engagement occurred between patrols at Lioumitza on the right bank of the Vardar and there has been cannonading in the neighborhood of Ardan Lake, in the region of Kalmovo. The bombardment of Peroj has been resumed.

READ THE MAIL & ADVOCATE