

The light division. During the long and dreary winter, more trying far than the sharp and sudden shocks of war, Gen. Colington never left his post for a day.

Latest Intelligence.

From R. M. S. AMERICA. From William & Smith's European Times of November 24th, we extract as follows:—

According to the best reliable authorities, General Canrobert has succeeded admirably at Stockholm. In Sweden the popular feeling is decidedly in favour of an alliance with the Western Powers, and it can be believed the current testimony of witnesses, Sweden has consented to conclude a military convention with the Western Powers, and to take part in an invasion of the Russian territories on the Baltic in the spring.

From the Crimea we learn that, although the winter will put a stop to field operations there, it is the intention of the allied generals to subject the northern part of Sebastopol to a bombardment of mortars, which will probably have the effect of driving the enemy from Fort Sevastopol, Constantinople, and its vicinity. Although the expedition of this step, which entails an immense amount of labour on the artillery engineers, may not be immediately adopted to a civilian, military men there assure us that it is extremely desirable to do so, as it will prevent the Russians annoying the southern side with their fire, and enable the fleet to enter the harbour.

The Duke of AROLY, still retaining for awhile his office of Lord Keeper of the Privy Seal, is to succeed Viscount CANING as Postmaster General.

Before making over the seals of the Colonial Department to Mr. LABOUCHERE, the Hon. Lord Palmerston has sounded one adheerent after another to the parties of his opponents. He has, however, at last acquired a colleague who has shown no faltering in the contest with Russia, and whose introduction to the Cabinet seems a little more distinctly with the old card fragrance of Whiggism.

Spain is improving her affairs—liberalising her commercial policy. We learn that the prohibition at present existing against many articles of cotton goods is to be altered in five years' time, and is at once to be altered by the admission of some articles of the coarse kind, which are now excluded. Cotton twist is to be admitted to importation from and after Nov. 29 and upwards, and the prohibition to import cotton goods is reduced from 25 threads to the quarter inch to those below 20 threads to the same measure.

Fears prevail at St. Petersburg. It is believed that, in the spring the Allies will attack the capital, and this impression contributes to the general uneasiness.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES. BOMBARDMENT OF MARIONOPOL.—An Odesa letter in Le Nord, dated 6th of November, mentions that Marionopol, on the north coast of the Sea of Azoff, was bombarded by the English on the 21st ult.

THE NORTH SIDE OF SEBASTOPOL TO BE BOMBARDED.—The Daily News correspondent writes, that it is stated in quarters where information has often proved correct, that although winter will stop field operations in the Crimea, it is intended to bombard the northern side of the harbour, so as to enable the fleet to enter the harbour.

THE PEACE REMOVALS.—The pacific rumours in Paris, on Thursday, were of the most confident character. It is stated that M. de Moustier, the military envoy of Prussia at St. Petersburg, had visited the Czar at Nicolaiev with a view of inducing him to recognise certain conditions of peace, such as could be laid before the French and English Cabinets. The Czar listened favourably to M. de Moustier's proposition. The Prussian Cabinet is now in possession of the views of the Emperor Alexander, and is empowered to make them known to the Western Powers, who, on their part, have not hesitated to listen to them, though, at the same time, they have declared them to be insufficient. The great task that the negotiators between Russia and Prussia on this subject are still proceeding. The Court of Berlin is making the greatest efforts to induce the Czar to consent to such terms as will really lead to a pacific result.

THE KING OF SARDEGNA.—A telegraph report from Marsaglia, dated Thursday, 22nd ult., says that the King of Sardina has just disembarked. He has been conducted to the Prefecture by the public authorities and an immense multitude.

REMOVAL OF RUSSIA.—Advices received from St. Petersburg, dated the 16th ult., state that a proposed general armistice of the country had become a general armistice of the world. The project was announced as under discussion at the moment, and should the levy in case of need be finally determined upon, it was to be effected under the name of Troisième Ban.

THE RUSSIAN MARINE.—A telegraph report from Koenigsberg, under date of the 22nd ult., announces that the Minister of War had published an order of the day, dated the 15th ult., by which it is directed that the maritime administration at Nicolaiev shall be subject to the orders of General Leaders, to whom in this respect Prince Gortschakoff is to be subordinate. This measure has been decided upon with the object of securing greater unity in the operations.

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GEN. CASIROBERT IN DENMARK.—Copenhagen, Nov. 22.—Gen. Casirobert arrives to-morrow forenoon, and will stay at the Hotel de Anglterre. On Monday he will have an audience of the King at the Palace of Christianburg. He is expected to remain here some weeks.

PORTUGAL.—Lisbon, Nov. 20.—Wine shipping had somewhat slackened, but there was a scarcity of British shipping. London wine rates were quoted at 30s. Large quantities of Sugar were being purchased for shipment to England. Fish Oil was also being purchased in large quantities for the English market. Oil was advancing although the olive crop was abundant.

example of Sweden, and accept for herself the same engagement. I learn also that Prussia acting on her own spontaneous movement, has made propositions of peace to Russia, which have been forwarded to the Emperor in the Crimea. It is not said whether they have been taken into serious consideration; but should the Emperor even refuse, they will be pressed again and again until relaxation.

THE CAMPAIGN OF THE PRUTH.—A rumour has been current at Constantinople in the Galata suburbs, where most of the emigrants reside, that the English, French, and Turkish military authorities now at the Thermopylae have drawn up and sent their plan of campaign for 1856. All the cavalry of the Allies, two Anglo-French army corps, the Turkish Ouda in Sinitria, and the reserve at Shumla mustering 60,000 strong, are to advance on the Pruth in the month of March (April next), and transfer the seat of War to Besarabia. In the Crimea the Allies mean to act strictly on the defensive, and it will only be at Eupatoria that a force will be kept in readiness to act in case of need. This plan is decidedly no Utopian dream of the emigrants, since the Pontic generals cannot possibly think of again joining the contest to the Crimea for the year 1856. On the contrary they must be desirous now to commence their operations, so as to occupy with the least loss of time the most important line of attack and defence possessed by the Russians, the right bank of the Pruth. Whether the Russians will be able in the course of this winter to bring up fresh forces to Kishineff remains to be seen. In the winter ending 1855 and 1856, the Pruth was not frozen, and the effect of bringing up troops while the ground was covered with ice and snow.—Anglo-Burg Gazette.

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The Times' Paris correspondent says:—I believe it may be at least positively affirmed that Sweden has engaged to the alliance of France, England, and Prussia, and not only this, but Denmark has declared that she will follow the

ACCIDENTS.—Dr. Jennings was summoned to attend no less than four cases of severe personal injury, on the Railroad, yesterday forenoon. His aid was first required by a son of Mr. McIntosh, carpenter, at Sackville, who had his leg broken by a horse, that he was in charge of falling upon him. The Doctor was next obliged to hasten to the section near Schulz's, called "Fraser's Contract," where three men were employed in excavating rock, were suffering from the untimely explosion of a blast. One of the sufferers, Davis, from Wallace, received the whole of the charge in his face, but owing to the application of opportune relief, he is nevertheless likely to recover without retaining any trace of the wound in his countenance.—Recorder.

NEW PROVINCIAL REGIMENTS.—Parts of the Military quarters are already being vacated for occupation by the new Provincial Corps in this city, and before long all the different companies will be effectually organized.

We understand that, pursuant to orders from the Imperial Government, arms and complete equipments for fifty mounted troops and a battery of 6-pounder field pieces, have just been surveyed by the proper officers of the Ordnance Department, and handed over to the Provincial authorities for part of the Quebec force.

Captain Gamache's troop of Horse Artillery, all dressed in the new Albert tunic, have been drilling in the Royal Artillery Park since Monday last.

Captain Boomer's company of Foot Artillery, and Captain Cornell's Rifle Company, hold good muster rolls, and will very shortly be uniformed and receive their accoutrements and arms.

The Volunteer Cavalry drill every evening at Government House, at six o'clock.—Quebec Chronicle.

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The Act is entitled an Act for incorporating "The Colonial Life Assurance Company, for enabling the said Company to sue and to be sued, to take and hold Property, and for other purposes relating to the said Company (Royal Assent, 21 July, 1855). This Act gives very important powers, and a copy will be supplied to the Shareholders on application, but the following Clauses are of such inestimable advantage in a business such as that transacted by the Company, that the Directors make no apology for quoting them at length in this Report.

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One other important change in the Company effected by the Act is that in future two Directors only retire annually, instead of four. One-third of the Board had to retire annually by rotation under the original Deed of Constitution, which was found very injurious to the proper working of the Direction, and each Director was thus changed in three years, while it was extremely desirable that such frequent changes should be avoided, as in a business so extended as that of the Colonial Life Assurance Company, a Director to become thoroughly acquainted with the mode of doing business; and under the old rule the frequent changes made it very difficult to renew acquaintance with the proceedings when the knowledge of the business was dropped for a year by retire. This, however, has been obviated by the Act.

The Report of which the substance has been communicated above, gave much satisfaction to the Meeting, and was unanimously approved. George Moir, Esq. Advocate, Sheriff of Ross and Cromarty, and James Hay, Esq. merchant, were elected new Directors, in terms of the Act of Parliament, in room of those retiring by rotation.

A vote of thanks was given to the Boards of Direction at home and abroad, and to the Actuary and other Officers-Bearers, and to the Chairman of the day, after the meeting separated.

By order of the Directors, D. CLUNE GREGOR, Secretary. WILL THOMPSON, Actuary.

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Holloway's Ointment and Pills, extraordinary Remedies for the Cure of Erysipelas.—Charles Fairport, of Pugwash, Nova Scotia, was afflicted for several years with this disease. For nine months he was almost deaf and blind with it, so severe was the attack, he consulted several of the doctors in the neighbourhood, but they did not do him any good, but to his own works, he was left alone to die. His good genius, however, did not desert him, for a friend of his brought him a couple of large boxes and pots of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which he had fully accepted, and commenced using; the result was perfectly miraculous, for in two weeks he was able to get up, and could see and hear well at the expiration of a month, he was perfectly cured, and able to resume his work.

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Holloway's Ointment and Pills, extraordinary Remedies for the Cure of Erysipelas.—Charles Fairport, of Pugwash, Nova Scotia, was afflicted for several years with this disease. For nine months he was almost deaf and blind with it, so severe was the attack, he consulted several of the doctors in the neighbourhood, but they did not do him any good, but to his own works, he was left alone to die. His good genius, however, did not desert him, for a friend of his brought him a couple of large boxes and pots of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which he had fully accepted, and commenced using; the result was perfectly miraculous, for in two weeks he was able to get up, and could see and hear well at the expiration of a month, he was perfectly cured, and able to resume his work.

On occasion of the last Annual General Meeting the Directors mentioned that they had thought it advisable to apply to Parliament for an Act to INCORPORATE THE COMPANY, and to make certain alterations in its Deed of Constitution; such an Act has been obtained. It is now submitted to the Meeting, and the Directors contemplate their application to Parliament for the value-privileges which have been conferred upon the Institution.

The Act is entitled an Act for incorporating "The Colonial Life Assurance Company, for enabling the said Company to sue and to be sued, to take and hold Property, and for other purposes relating to the said Company (Royal Assent, 21 July, 1855). This Act gives very important powers, and a copy will be supplied to the Shareholders on application, but the following Clauses are of such inestimable advantage in a business such as that transacted by the Company, that the Directors make no apology for quoting them at length in this Report.

"Mole of Exemption of Transfers, &c.—XXXIX. All Transfers of Shares, and also all Assignments and Discharges of Policies of the Company, may be executed according to the mode usual in Scotland or in England, or partly according to the one and partly according to the other, or according to the mode usual in the place where such transfer, assignment, or discharge shall be executed.

"Discharges of Sums payable under Policies.—XLII. In all cases where any sums shall be payable in respect of any policy in consequence of the failure of a life or otherwise, a receipt of discharge, subscribed by the party entitled to sue for and recover the same, shall be a sufficient discharge to the Company; and such sum, as may be payable by the Company, shall be paid, before the time when the same shall be exigible, in terms of the policy; and the assignee of any policy, or his executors, administrators, or assigns, shall be entitled to receive and to discharge the sums payable in respect thereof; and on the death of any party assured with the Company, or any person entitled to receive from the Company any sum in respect of any policy, the Company shall be discharged by payment of such sums to the executors or administrators of the deceased, and to the title of such executors or administrators may, if the Director see fit, be recognized, admitted, and acted upon by the Company, if the same shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Directors, by production of any probate of the will of the deceased, or letters of administration of his estate, granted by any prerogative, diocesan, or peculiar court in England, Wales, Ireland, India, or the Colonies, or by production of any testamentary or testamentary-derivative expedient in Scotland, or if the deceased party shall have died in parts beyond the sea, a like authority granted by any court or office having jurisdiction in matters testamentary in the place where such death shall have happened, and that in whatsoever country such policy may have been issued or such sums be paid or payable."

One other important change in the Company effected by the Act is that in future two Directors only retire annually, instead of four. One-third of the Board had to retire annually by rotation under the original Deed of Constitution, which was found very injurious to the proper working of the Direction, and each Director was thus changed in three years, while it was extremely desirable that such frequent changes should be avoided, as in a business so extended as that of the Colonial Life Assurance Company, a Director to become thoroughly acquainted with the mode of doing business; and under the old rule the frequent changes made it very difficult to renew acquaintance with the proceedings when the knowledge of the business was dropped for a year by retire. This, however, has been obviated by the Act.

The Report of which the substance has been communicated above, gave much satisfaction to the Meeting, and was unanimously approved. George Moir, Esq. Advocate, Sheriff of Ross and Cromarty, and James Hay, Esq. merchant, were elected new Directors, in terms of the Act of Parliament, in room of those retiring by rotation.

A vote of thanks was given to the Boards of Direction at home and abroad, and to the Actuary and other Officers-Bearers, and to the Chairman of the day, after the meeting separated.

By order of the Directors, D. CLUNE GREGOR, Secretary. WILL THOMPSON, Actuary.

(HALIFAX BOARD) NOVA SCOTIA.—HEAD OFFICE, HALIFAX. The Hon. M. W. ALMON, Banker. The Hon. W. A. BLACK, Banker. LEWIS BLISS, Esq., Barrister. CHARLES TWINGING, Esq., Barrister. JOHN BAYLY HEND, Esq. The Hon. ALEX. KEITH, Merchant. General Agent—MATTHEW H. RICHIEY.

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