

They were married in 1857, and have four children, two sons and two daughters, both sons being now in attendance at University College, Toronto.

The Doctor has several brothers, with one exception, famous, and three sisters; his mother is dead, but his father is still alive and resides with his sons in the township of Garafraxa, county of Wellington.

JOSEPH GOULD,

UXBRIDGE.

THE subject of this biographical sketch was born in the township of Uxbridge on the 29th December, 1808. About 1720, his ancestors emigrated from Ireland, and settled in Germantown, a suburb of Philadelphia, where they remained until after the war of Independence. His father, Jonathan Gould, removed thence and settled in Uxbridge, in the spring of the year in which Mr. Gould was born. The township and those surrounding it, were then covered with the primeval forest. In due time other settlers arrived from Pennsylvania, all like Mr. Gould's family, adherents of the Society of Friends; in which faith Mr. Gould was carefully trained. His education was very limited, owing to the great difficulty in maintaining schools. However, he was early taught those habits of economy and industry, which he has practised with the utmost care throughout life. Having assisted his father to clear up his farm, he afterwards acquired a knowledge of building, which has been of the utmost service to him. Soon after coming of age, he boldly struck out, resolving, unaided, to push his fortune in life. He bought a farm and a saw-mill in what is now the village of Uxbridge. At first his lumber enterprise was not very successful, as he met with a series of reverses; but he persevered, until by virtue of energy and foresight, it became a most lucrative business. As was to be expected of one possessing his ability, and being a close observer of passing events, he early took an active part in politics. Every scheme, liberal and progressive, secured his most hearty support.

He took part in the Rebellion of 1837, being in hearty sympathy with W. L. Mackenzie in his efforts to break up the "Family Compact," and secure for this country the priceless boon of Responsible Government. He was present at the battle at Montgomery's. After the battle he was apprehended, and spent ten months in confinement—seven in Toronto jail, and three in Fort Henry, after which, on the recommendation of Lord Durham, he was liberated. He often alludes to his prison days with some degree of pride, and expresses himself perfectly willing to leave the matter to the judgment of posterity.

On the first of January, 1839, two months after his return from Fort Henry, he married Mary, daughter of Ezekiel James, who, with Mr. Gould's father, was one of the first settlers in Uxbridge. She proved to him a helpmeet in the best sense of the term. To her frugality,