TOWN OF HANTSPORT

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR YEAR ENDING DEC. 31st, 1923.

Receipts

Assessment	$13665.13	
Water Maintenance	2059.50	
Electric Lighting	4815.49	
Meter Rentals	313.20	
Town Building Rental	110.00	
Sewer Frontage	33.63	
Schools—Tuition	155.75	
Dog Taxes	42.00	
Licenses	10.00	
Court Fines	10.00	
Cemetery Account	25.00	
Interest	76.26	
Interest on Sinking Funds	168.62	
		$21484.58
Total General Receipts		
and Special Receipts of—		
Sale Electric Light Debentures	$6200.00	
Supplies from Inventories	295.00	
Bank Overdraft	1057.61	
Cash from 1922	1368.85	8921.46
		$30406.04
Total Receipts of		

Expenditures

Debenture Interest		$ 2195.81	
Water	$1448.00		
Sewer	507.50		
Lighting	240.31		
Sinking Funds		168.62	
Water	145.63		
Sewer	15.34		
Lighting	7.65		
Provincial Highways		351.85	
Public Health		124.55	
Discounts and Abatements		159.10	
Water Maintenance		2514.83	
Electric Light Maintenance		3428.80	
Street Lighting		1136.45	
Electric Meters		207.94	
Town Buildings		194.49	
Contingencies		626.36	
Schools		4561.64	
Salaries		710.00	
Interest		648.71	
Sewer Construction		18.00	
Municipality of West Hants		582.43	
Fire Department		35.75	
Streets		997.51	
Court Expenses		.60	
Total General Expenses			$18663.44
and			
Electric Light Street Line		$ 3556.13	
Paid Bank Overdraft		2592.15	
Paid off Bills Payable		962.35	
Cash on hand Dec. 31st, 1923		2083.83	
Personal accts		2548.14	11742.60
			$30406.04

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES TO DECEMBER 31st, 1923

Assets

Water System				$41444.83
Electric Light Plant				14547.08
Electric Meters—169				1195.00
School Premises				5000.00
Town Building				1700.00
Electric Thawing Machine				700.00
Fire Equipment				300.00
Office Equipment				150.00
INVENTORIES—Sewer and Water Material				345.05
Taxes and Accounts Due				4972.67
TAXES DUE	1920	1922	1923	
General	$8.68	$111.74	$1128.72	$1249.14
Sewers		1131.43	851.27	1893.70
Water Rates due				$ 476.57
Electric Light accts. due				1189.95
School accts. and Sundry accts				163.31
Sewer Frontage Maturing				1702.16
Cash on Hand Dec. 31, 1923				2083.83
Cash in Bank—Sinking Funds				2101.03
Bonds in Bank, Sinking Fund Investments				1923.50
				$78165.15

Liabilities

Water Debentures		$37700.00	
Electric Light Debentures		11000.00	
Sewer Debentures		10000.00	
FLOATING LIABILITIES		9377.49	
Bills Payable	$3537.65		
Loans Payable	1400.00		
Bank Overdraft	1057.71		
Accounts Payable	3382.13		
Excess of Assets over Liabilities		10087.66	
			$78165.15

PROVINCIAL HOUSE IS IN SESSION

Impressive Ceremony Marks Opening By Lieutenant-Governor

Attended by the usual impressive ceremony, the fourth session of the fourteenth Legislature of Nova Scotia was opened on Thursday afternoon of last week by His Honor Lieutenant Governor Grant. Crowds which filled to overflowing the spacious Legislative Council chamber of the Province Building, gathered to witness the brilliant affair and later thronged the galleries when the sessions of the Legislative Assembly were opened.

Standing at the "Royal Salute", a guard of honor, selected from the Royal Canadian Regiment, greeted the Lieutenant Governor and his staff on their arrival at the Province Building at 3 o'clock and to the strains of the National Anthem and the thunder of the Citadel guns, the Governor and his party entered the building. Attending His Honor were officers of both naval and military forces, their dress uniforms adding dignity to the occasion and among those also present were the chiefs of the various consular services stationed in the city.

With the memebers of both Upper and Lower House assembled in the Council Chamber, the Speech from the Throne was read and the session opened.

Moving the address in reply to the Speech from the Throne, Daniel McLennan, M. P. P., Inverness, dealt first with the question of farming in Nova Scotia, commenting on the paragraph in the Speech which outlined the use of limestone as fertilizer. He belived that in the purchase of fertilizer, farmers of the province had been to a certain extent victimized and he felt that through the secretary of agriculture, they should be made acquainted with the various fertilizers on the market and acquainted with the value of it as a plant food. Criticising the method adopted by the federal and provincial governments whereby, for the improvement of stock, animals had occasionally been shipped into communities for breeding purposes, Mr. McLennan declared that in many cases there was nothing in these communities but scrub cattle and horses and the result had been "monstrosities". He submitted that it would be better for both federal and provincial governments to discontinue this practice and substitute for it a scheme whereby small experimental farms would be started in the agricultural counties.

The result, he pointed out, would be that these farms could disseminate through the communities good stock and also teach the neighboring farmers how to farm successfully. Evidence of big expenditure such as shown by the equipment of the Truro College was, he contended, discoutaging to the small farmer, who was not financially able to imitate that method and he advocated the establishment of the small farms in order that the young men might be taught on a simpler method. There is not a county in Cape Breton, he said which should not have one of these farms for the instruction of students.

"If the federal government would discontinue giving what is called fishermen's bounty and equip a steamer with wireless and establish wireless stations along the coast to carry bait and report the location of the mackerel schools, it would be of infinitely more value to the fishermen," Mr. McLennan declared. "I would suggest that the provincial government subsidize a steamer for this work and I am serving notice on the Premier that I am going to camp on his doorstep about it."

"It is most regrettable," Mr. McLennan continued, "that the mining industry in the province has suffered so much on account of difficulties between capital and labor. For two or three years a small minority, badly led by blatherskites, controlled the labor situation in the Cape Breton coal fields. Ninety per cent. of the miners of Nova Scotia, if properly led, are equal to the best of any laboring class found anywhere, but ten per cent, led by a small band of bad McLachlans, created a situation making it impossible for the vast majority to work when the noisy minority desired strife instead of work. Public opinion has been turned against these few and public opinion is worth having. It would seem to me that the coal company took advantage of this situation and not only did they refuse to pay the 1921 rates, but they made a cut of 20 per cent on the lower rate of 1923.

"The labor class found that the use of the big stick got them nowhere. It may devolve upon this government in the future to make corporations understand that the use of the big stick will not be tolerated," he said.

Mr. McLannan referred to the recent tragedy at Inverness mine when four men where killed. He had heard, he declared, that this tragedy could have been prevented. He had heard that in their anxiety to produce coal with the strike effective in other company's mines, those in control of the Inverness mine had been prompted to take undue liberties. "If the tragedy could have been prevented," he said, "someone is to blame and someone must take the blame. I am pleased to understand that an investigation of the affair is on foot.

"Satisfactory operation of the St Margaret's Bay hydo electric development for a period now approaching two years," the speaker said, "has demonstrated beyond any reasonable doubt that this province has water power resources of real merit and considerable magnitude."

The speaker also favored the development of the tourist industry which he considered very desirable for the province.

"I believe," he said in conclusion, "that a Nova Scotian is more loyal to Nova Scotia when he is out of it. Nobody knocks this province but ourselves. Is progress to be made, or are wrongs to be righted by this method? I object to the hasty, miserable way the people of Nova Scotia have of knocking. Let us get together and boost for our province."

"Service and efficiency" was the motto given the legislature by Dr. Reid, Hant's county, when he rose to second the Address.

"I sometines think many of us are so partizan that we devote little time to the service of our country but very much time in trying to gain personal or party advantage," Dr. Reid said. "During the years I have spent in this legislature, very often I have felt that we do not follow our honest convictions or our best judgement in many matters brought before this House, particularly in matters of government policy we have not always had the common good of our people at heart, but have devoted our energies and our efforts for the benefit of the party or group by which we have been elected. It can hardly be considered worthy or honorable that men holding the representative position as members of this legislature, should sink their best judgement in order to gain personal or party advantage."

"I believe this government has every reason to be assured that the legislation they have given the province has been of a progressive nature and has been in a great measure productive of good."

"Have we done all we can for our farmers?" asked the speaker. "Is their condition as prosperous as it can be made?"

The speaker enumerated the many advantages of rural life in recent years as compared with the life of years ago and spoke of the assistance given farmers by the government. "He has all the conveniences to make his home attractive," said Dr. Reid. "He toils, and grows, and reaps, but he cannot sell. Year after year his production lessens until he finally gives up in despair and leaves the province." The speaker suggested that co-operation with government assistance, cold storage plants and emporiums for the collection of farm produce and sales agents to find markets, might be serviceable.

"It is not want of patriotism," he declared, "that makes the farmer leave the province, but want of proper return for his labor."

The speaker was glad to note the increase in the coal output. Referring to the strikes, he said that to the outsider they represented a struggle between two great factions for mastery. "The company operating and the workmen. Each striving for domination without regard to the comfort and convenience of the people who own the product, nor to the government of the province which depends upon it to a considerable extent for revenue."

"While I am not aware of the fact," Dr. Reid continued, "I would like to think, as would many other citizens of this province, that the government had taken a decided stand and had intimated to both the company and the men that they must cease playing with the people's property."

Continuing, Dr. Reid dealt at length with the public health program of the province. "I am not so sure," he said, "that the government of Nova Scotia has done all it can to relieve the suffering from tuberculosis, or in aid of the health program."

In conclusion, Dr. Reid urged the practice of economy.

The adjournment of the House was moved by D. G. McKenzie, leader of the Opposition.

LIKING OR LOVING

(Ashcroft Journal)

There is a vast difference between liking a person and loving them, although the two are often taken for one and the same thing. We may like a woman or a man; we may enjoy their society for years and years; we may feel at home and at ease with them as though they were part of our being; we dance with them when our heart is with another; we may find their company congenial, yet we need not be in love with them. Love is a thing by itself that cannot be mistaken and when it comes it must be reckoned with. Many people marry because they "like" each other. In years to come they find that this liking stuff has no binding qualities attached to it. In many instances love creeps in where it has no business to, and destroys any happiness that may have existed. There is one reason, and a good one, why young people should be sure that they have the real thing before they marry. It is the real foundation of a great many divorces and unhappy homes, because hasty ones did not take time to distinguish between loving and liking until it was too late.

MISSIONARIES FOR CANADA

(From the Vancouver Sun.)

More than 150,000 Canadians, half of which number live in Los Angeles, are now resident in California, say recent statistics.

But don't let that worry you.

It was only a very few Israelites who went down into Egypt to investigate the highly-advertised virtues of that country. But when they decided to leave for their own promised land they numbered many thousands.

Canadians who have moved to the United Stantes are sure to come back eventually because Canada is the ultimate promised land of the whole North American continent.

Meanwhile during their sojourn in a far country, they are missionaries for Canada.

One homesick Canadian in California, thinking Canada and talking Canada, can send untold amounts of American tourist dollars in this direction.

"Leave them alone", as the advice to little Bo-Peep went, "and they will come home, dragging their tails behind them."

Remember your friends on their birthday by sending them one of our pretty Birthday Cards or Booklets. THE ACADIAN Store.

WRIGLEY'S

after every meal

Cleanses mouth and teeth and aids digestion.

Relieves that over-eaten feeling and acid mouth.

Its l-a-s-t-i-n-g flavor satisfies the craving for sweets.

Wrigley's is double value in the benefit and pleasure it provides.

Sealed in its Purity Package.

RED ROSE COFFEE *For particular people*

Pure! No chicory or any adulterant in this choice coffee C-2

Win $1.000

How Many Objects in This Picture Begin With the Letter "S"?

The above picture contains a number of objects beginning with the letter "S". Just take a good look at the picture—there are all sorts of things that begin with the letter "S"—like saw, saddle, sack, etc. Nothing is hidden; you don't have to turn the picture upside down. Make a list of all the objects in the picture, the name of which begin with the letter "S". Have the whole family join in—see who can find the most. Don't miss any. Fifteen cash prizes will be awarded for the fifteen best lists of words submitted. The answer having the largest and nearest correct lists of visible objects shown in the picture starting with the letter "S", will be awarded first prize, second best, second prize, etc.

YOUNG AND OLD, JOIN IN THE FUN

The Halifax Morning Chronicle and The Evening Echo announces today a most interesting and amusing puzzle game—a puzzle that is different and a game in which all can participate—from the tiniest child to grandfather and great grandma. It really is not a puzzle at all, for all the objects have been made perfectly plain, with no attempt to disguise or hide them. None are so small but what the poorest eyesight can see them; it is a test of skill. Your ability to find "S-Words" determines the prize you win. Right after supper this evening, gather all the members of your family together; give each of them a pencil and a sheet of paper—and see who can find the most "S-Words". You'll be surprised to find how large a list of words you can get after a few minutes study. Sit down NOW and try it—then, send in your list and try for the big prizes

COSTS NOTHING TO TRY

It costs nothing to take part, and you do not have to send in a single subscription to win a prize. If your answer is awarded first prize by the judges, you will win $30, but if you would like to win more than $30 we are making special cash prize offers during this Big Advertising and Booster Campaign whereby you can win bigger cash prizes by sending in one or two subscriptions to either The Morning Chronicle or The Evening Echo.

CASH PRIZES

Winning Answers Will Receive Cash Prizes According to the Table Below.

	Prize if NO Subscriptions Are Sent	Prize if ONE Sub. to The Chronicle or ONE Yearly to The Echo is Sent.	Prize if ONE Yearly to The Chronicle or Yearly to The Echo are Sent.	Prize if TWO Yearly subs. to The Chronicle or Yearly to The Echo are Sent.
1st Prize	$15.00	$250.00	$500.00	$1,000.00
2nd Prize	25.00	125.00	250.00	500.00
3rd Prize	15.00	65.00	130.00	260.00
4th Prize	15.00	40.00	80.00	160.00
5th Prize	10.00	25.00	50.00	100.00
6th Prize	8.00	20.00	40.00	80.00
7th Prize	6.00	15.00	30.00	60.00
8th Prize	4.00	10.00	20.00	40.00
9th Prize	3.00	7.50	15.00	30.00
10th Prize	2.00	7.50	15.00	30.00
11th Prize	2.00	7.50	15.00	30.00
12th Prize	2.00	7.50	15.00	30.00
13th Prize	2.00	7.50	15.00	30.00
14th Prize	2.00	7.50	15.00	30.00
15th Prize	2.00	7.50	15.00	30.00

IN THE EVENT OF A TIE FOR ANY PRIZE OFFERED THE FULL AMOUNT OF SUCH PRIZE WILL BE PAID TO EACH TIED PARTICIPANT.

OBSERVE THESE RULES

1. Any man, woman, girl or boy who is not an employe of The Halifax Morning Chronicle or Evening Echo, or a member of an employe's family may submit an answer.

2. All answers must be mailed by March 1st. 1924.

3. Answers should be written on one side of the paper only and words numbered consecutively: 1, 2, 3, etc. Write your full name and address on each page in the upper right hand corner. If you desire to write anything else, use a separate sheet.

4. Only words found in the English Dictionary will be counted. Do not use hyphenated, compound or obsolete words. Use either the singular or plural, but where the plural is used, the singular cannot be counted and vice versa.

5. Words of the same spelling can be used only once, even though used to designate different objects. The same object can be named only once; however, any part of the object may also be named.

6. The answer having the largest and nearest correct list of names of visible objects shown in the picture that begin with the letter "S" will be awarded first prize, etc. Neatness, style, or handwriting have no bearing upon deciding the winners.

7. Candidates may cooperate in answering the puzzle, but only one prize will be awarded to any one household; nor will prizes be awarded to more than one of any group outside the family, where two or more have been working together.

8. All answers will receive the same consideration, regardless of whether or not a subscription for either the Morning Chronicle or The Evening Echo, is sent in.

9. There will be three independent judges, having no connection with The Morning Chronicle or The Evening Echo who will judge the answers submitted and award the prizes at the end of the puzzle game and participants by sending in their list, agree to accept the decision of the judges as final and conclusive.

10. The judges will meet on March 12th, 1924, and the announcement of the prize winners and correct list of words will be published in both The Morning Chronicle and The Evening Echo as quickly thereafter as possible.

11. Subscriptions (both new or renewal) by mail or carrier will be accepted. However, in qualifying for the Big $1,000 Reward, at least one NEW subscription must be sent in. A new subscriber is one who has not been receiving The Morning Chronicle or The Evening Echo since February 15th.

EXTRA PUZZLE PICTURES FREE ON REQUEST.

HOW YOU CAN WIN $1,000.00

Should your answer to the "S-Word" Picture Puzzle win FIRST prize and you have sent in NO subscriptions to either The Morning Chronicle or The Evening Echo, you will win $30.

If your answer wins FIRST prize and you have sent in ONE six months subscription to The Morning Chronicle (new or renewal), you will win $250.00.

However, if your answer is awarded FIRST prize by the judges and you have sent in ONE yearly subscription to The Morning Chronicle (new or renewal), you will win $500.00.

Or, if your answer is awarded FIRST prize by the judges and you have sent in TWO yearly subscriptions to The Morning Chronicle (TWO new or ONE new and ONE renewal), you will receive $1,000.00 instead of $30.00.

How's that for a liberal offer? But look! We will give extra amounts on all prizes in the same manner. If your answer is qualified by TWO yearly subscriptions to The Morning Chronicle (TWO new or ONE new and ONE renewal), and you win second prize, you will receive $500.00 and so on down. (See fourth column in prize list above).

It takes but TWO subscriptions to The Morning Chronicle (TWO new or ONE new and ONE renewal) to qualify your answer for the BIG $1,000.00 REWARD. ABSOLUTELY! Two Chronicle subscriptions is the maximum, one of which is to be a NEW subscriber. Your own subscription will count or a subscription to start at some future date. Just write on the order when you want the paper started and it will start promptly on that date.

NOTE:—Subscriptions to The Evening Echo are also accepted in the Picture Puzzle Game to qualify answers for all cash prizes. Subscription rates given below.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES—PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

The Morning Chronicle By Mail		The Evening Echo. By Mail	
Six months	$3.00	One Year	$3.00
One Year	6.00		

NOTE:—One yearly subscription to The Evening Echo or one six months subscription to The Morning Chronicle (new or renewal) qualifies your answer for the $250.00 prize. (See second column in prize list above). Two yearly subscriptions to The Evening Echo or two six months subscriptions to The Morning Chronicle qualifies you answer for the $500.00 prize. (See third column in prize list).

Four yearly subscriptions to The Evening Echo (four new or two new and two renewals) or, two yearly subscriptions to The Morning Chronicle, one of which must be NEW, qualifies your answer for the $1,000.00 prize.

RURAL ROUTE SUBSCRIBERS

This offer applies to rural route patrons, as well as subscribers living in cities and towns. If you are already receiving The Halifax Chronicle or The Evening Echo, your subscription will be extended from its present expiration. Send in a NEW subscription with your renewal, or two new subscriptions, and qualify for the big prize. This is an easy way to earn $1,000.00.

C. A. MONTGOMERY
Puzzle Manager.
Dept. S.

The Morning Chronicle and The Evening Echo HALIFAX NOVA SCOTIA