Department of Public Works

THE WATCHMAN.

VOL. II. SAINT JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, JANUARY 20, 1877. NO. 38

New Advertisements.

C. FLOOD'S

PIANOFORTE & ORGAN WAREROOMS,

NO. 87 KING STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

ORGANS

by the Mason & Hamlin and Smith American Company

The leading and best established Manufacturers on the Continent.

The Mason & Hamlin was the only Organ given First Rank with Medal at the Centennial Exhibition at Philadelphia, 1876.

These Instruments have a world-wide reputation. The most popular and the only Instrument that has a European First Class Endorsement by Musical Doctors and professionals as the *ne plus ultra* for Parlor and Church *Thousands now in use!* They are to be found in every Town and Village in Canada and the United States, as well as in every important City and Town in the Old World.

☞ Call and see and hear them. Send for Circulars and Catalogues.

ALSO, THE LARGEST STOCK OF FIRST-CLASS

GRAND SQUARE PIANOFORTES,

including the celebrated

WM. BOURNE and HALLETT & CUMSTON PIANOFORTES.

Catalogues and every information forwarded when requested.

Instruments sold on instalments and exchanged.

Sheet Music, Music Books and General Musical Merchandize. dec 9

YOU WILL FIND

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF

BOOTS & SHOES

Suitable for Winter wear, at

GEO. A. KIMBALL'S, 11 King street.

Men's CALF BOOTS, hand made. dec 16

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

ANY OF OUR FRIENDS WISHING A GOOD AND SUITABLE PRESENT, should call at

No. 50 KING STREET,

and purchase the

NEW LAWLOR FAMILY SINGER

Sewing Machine.

dec 16

GOLDEN BALL CORNER PHARMACY,

Just received:—

HYATT'S LIFE BALSAM, Ayer's Sarsaprilla, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Mott's Cough Syrup, Hall's Honey of Hearhound and Tar, Brown's Ext. Ginger;

Together with a full assortment of Drugs, Medicines and Perfumes.

E. G. BLAKSLEE. nov11 Cor. Union and Sydney streets.

TRUSTEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that EDWARD BALCOMB, of the City of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, Ship-Smith, has assigned all his estate and effects to me, the undersigned, for the benefit of his creditors. The Trust Deed now lies at the office of MONT. McDONALD, of the said city, Barrister, for execution.

Creditors wishing to participate under the said Deed must sign the same, within three months from this date.

Dated at the City of Saint John, the 14th day of November, A. D. 1876.

MONT. McDONALD, Trustee. nov18 3m Office—49 Princess street.

CLOTHING

FOR

CHRISTMAS!

GENTLEMEN IN WANT OF

A GOOD OVERCOAT

CAN GET ONE

Very Cheap for Cash.

J. J. FINN, Merchant Tailor, 98 KING STREET.

Patterns for Ladies' Over-Garments Cut to Order. Orders solicited.

dec16 J. J. FINN.

DENTAL NOTICE.

George P. Caldwell, M. D., D. M. D.,

(HALL'S BUILDING,)

Cor. King and Germain Sts., St. John, N. B. june30 1y

SKATES! SKATES!

C. G. BERRYMAN.

11 CHARLOTTE STREET.

ENGLISH, AMERICAN AND DOMESTIC SKATES, in variety, comprising Acme, Whitney, Marsden, Wood Top, (Men's) Wood Top (Ladies) Long Reach. Narrow and Broad Straps, Buckles, Gimblets, Screws, etc. Extra parts and Screws for Acme Skates. ☞ Skates Ground and Polished in first-class style. dec16

JAMES H. PULLEN,

CHARLOTTE STREET,

Has on hand a Splendid Assortment of

PAPER HANGINGS,

IN ALL THE

LATEST STYLES,

selected personally, and workmen

To Hang Them in First-class Style,

PAINTING, GRAINING, GLAZING, &c.,

DONE AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

may 8

New Advertisements.

ANNUAL

CHRISTMAS SALE!

At Reduced Prices.

IN accordance with the custom introduced by us the year we commenced business on our own account, we now beg to notify our numerous customers and the general public that our

ELEVENTH ANNUAL CHRISTMAS SALE

HAS COMMENCED.

The reductions we have made in

SILKS, POPLINS,

MANTLES, FURS,

DRESS GOODS and LACES

are much greater than heretofore.

Our Fancy Goods!

FOR

Christmas Presents

Will be ready on MONDAY, December 11th.

MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON & ALLISON.

dec9

Portland Foundry.

JOSEPH McAFEE,

(Late ANGUS McAFEE,)

WAREHOUSE:

Main Street, - - Portland, St. John, N. B.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

MANUFACTURER OF

COOKING STOVES.

SHIP, PARLOR AND OFFICE STOVES,

MILL CASTINGS.

Ship Windlasses, Capstans, and Ship Castings of all kinds made to order.

PAYNE & FRAZER'S PATENT SHIP PUMP, with Copper Chambers.

Lead Scuppers and Water Closets, and all Goods in my line for Ships' use.

☞ Work done to order with quick despatch. ☞ july29 1y

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS

AT

JAMES MANSON'S.

NOTICE THE FOLLOWING:

A FULL DRESS OF NEW MATERIAL

For $1.85, $2.25, $2.65, $3.75, up.

Muffs in Lynx, Fox, Alaska, Mink, Seal, &c.,

for $1.10, $1.50, $1.85, $2.20 up, all reduced.

A FULL DRESS

OF

Scoured Wincey and Tweed

for 75c., 90c., $1, $1.20 up, splendid value.

MILLINERY, A MAGNIFICENT STOCK.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Sontags, Promenade Scarfs, Clouds, Vests, Squares, Skirts, Polkas, Jackets, Shawls, Hosiery and Gloves, etc.

THE PALACE, 12 KING STREET.

dec30

Call and Examine.

WE would call attention to our stock of WOOL KNIT GOODS, which we are offering at an immense reduction.

LADIES' PROMENADE SCARFS, in White, Navy Blue and Cardinal Red. These goods are clean and fresh and are really a splendid lot;

CHILDREN'S POLKAS, GAITERS and TIES;

MEN'S CARDIGAN JACKETS;

LINED GLOVES and MITTS, KNITTED VESTS;

We wish the public to understand that the reduction on these goods is genuine.

We have also in stock Matalasse Braid and Buttons, Smallwares, Trimmings and Gent's Furnishing goods;

Cardinal Red Silk Scarfs in great variety.

A few doors below Hanington's drug store.

SCOTT & BINNING, 38 King street. dec30

AMERICAN OIL!

Received per Janet S. and Violet:—

60 Bbls. AMERICAN KEROSENE OIL

For sale by

J. R. CAMERON & CO., jan6 37 PRINC EWM. STREET

DECK PLANK.

White Pine Deck Plank

For sale low by

ANDRE CUSHING & CO., jan6 1m 102 Prince Wm. street

For the New Year.

A FEW FANCY GOODS, to late for Christmas, just arrived in time for the New Year.

A few handsome Cut Glass Bottles, in various styles, can be had at the Drug Store of

GEO. STEWART, JR., dec30 24 King street.

New Advertisements.

LONDON HOUSE,

WHOLESALE.

STEAMERS CASPIAN AND SARMATIAN.

DECEMBER 27, 1876.

2 CASES

MATALASSE BRAIDS.

1 CASE

MATALASSE MANTLE BUTTONS,

1 CASE

WOOL FRINGES AND TRIMMINGS.

1 CASE MARSHALL'S THREADS.

1 CASE I. R. BRACES.

1 CASE CORSETS.

1 CASE SCOTCH YARNS.

1 CASE HABERDASHERY, ASSORTED.

DANIEL & BOYD.

dec30

Centennial Goods.

NEW & USEFUL!

AT

LOW PRICES.

300 SLEDS; 250 FRAMERS; WALNUT CAMP CHAIRS; Children's Camp Chairs; Walnut Music Stands and Portfolios; JARDENIER STANDS; Centennial PERFORATED CHAIRS, large and small; Fancy EASELS; Ladies' WORK TABLES; Parlor DESKS; Ladies' DAVENPORTS; Patent Easy Chair and Rocker Combined; Large Variety of Children's Chairs; Toy Chairs; Footstools; Carts, Waggons and Toy Buggies; Saratoga Toy Trunks; 5 o'clock Tables, in gilt.

C. E. BURNHAM & CO., dec15— 94 Germain Street.

1877.

CASTOR GLOVES!

Ladies and Gents'

CASTOR GLOVES

IN ALL SIZES.

A Nice Glove for the Rink!

AT

A. MACAULAY'S,

61 CHARLOTTE STREET,

jan6 SECORD'S BLOCK.

Mantles Reduced!

WE HAVE MARKED DOWN

The Balance of our Stock

OF

Winter Mantles

AND

JACKETS,

To Prices that cannot fail in making a Speedy Clearance!

LIKELY, CAMERON & GOLDING,

61 KING STREET.

jan6

Continuance of Sale

AT LESS THAN

Discount Prices!

ENCOURAGED by the success of our Christmas Holiday Sale, we are no end obliged to our numerous friends and all for their valued favors, and beg respectfully to remind them that until further notice the scale of prices at reduced rates will still be continued.

The stock is acknowledged to be of superior excellence, and comprises in the various departments, all the richest, newest and best of British and Continental manufactures.

MACKENZIE BROTHERS.

P. S.—A few superior Shetland Pacific Seal Caps, Muffs, Ties, Gloves, Mitts and Jackets.

jan6 M. B.

FOR CASH,

the best value you can possibly get is at

W. W. JORDAN'S, 2 Market Square.

COTTON FLANNELS,

AT 10 CENTS.

GREY, SCARLET & WHITE FLANNELS

FROM 7 CENTS AND UP.

COMFORTS THAT ARE COMFORTABLE,

AT GREAT BARGAINS.

W. W. JORDAN,

jan13 2 MARKET SQUARE.

New Advertisements.

WHAT THEY SAY OF IT! A FEW FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE.—There are but few preparations of medicines which have withstood the impartial judgment of the people for any great length of time. One of these is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Read the following and be convinced:—Thos. Robinson, Farnham Centre, P. Q., writes, "I have been afflicted with rheumatism for the last ten years, and have tried many remedies without any relief, until I tried Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, and since then have had no attack of it. I would recommend it to all."—J. H. Earl, Hotel Keeper, West Shefford, P. Q., writes, "I have been troubled with liver complaint for several years, and have tried different medicines with little or no benefit, until I tried Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which gave me immediate relief, and I would say that I have used it since with the best effect. No one should be without it. I have tried it on my horses in cases of cuts, wounds, etc., and think it equally as good for horse as for man."—A. Maybee, Merchant, Warkworth, writes, "I have sold some hundreds of bottles of Eclectric Oil, and it is pronounced by the public, 'one of the best medicines they have ever used;' it has done wonders in healing and relieving pain, sore throats, etc., and is worthy of the greatest confidence."—Joseph Ruzan, Township Percy, writes, "I was persuaded to try Thomas' Eclectric Oil for a lame knee which troubled me for three or four years, and I never found anything like it for curing lameness. It is a great public benefit."—A. W. Hamilton, Warkworth, writes, "For weeks I was troubled with a swelled ankle, which annoyed me very much. Mr. Maybee of this place induced me to try Eclectric Oil, and before one bottle was used I was cured. It is a most remarkable medicine."

E. S. THOMAS, Pulaski, N. Y.

And NORTHRUP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE.—*Eclectric*—Selected and Electrized.

READ CAREFULLY.

Samuel Osborne, Sophiasburg, says—"I was affected with Dyspepsia for nearly four years, my lungs becoming affected towards the last. I was induced to try the 'Shoshones Remedy.' After using three or four bottles I felt much better, and gained strength rapidly, my health improved steadily and rapidly, and when I had taken three or four bottles more, I was quite restored to health and strength, and have experienced better health than for twenty years before. I had been under the treatment of physicians before, but never received any material aid until I used your remedy."

J. McKay, Truro, N. S., says—"he was troubled with Liver Complaint, but used the 'Shoshones Remedy,' and in a month was as well as he had ever been in his life. I am now in business and wish you to send me three dozen by steamer."

A. Wood, Connecon, says—"That he has tried the 'Remedy' for Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia with great success. I have also used the 'Shoshones Pills,' and find that they are as good as any I ever tried."

Rev. John Scott says—"Mr. McKenzie being suffered from an attack of rheumatism, and was unable to move without help; but after taking a few bottles of the 'Shoshones' was able to walk as well as ever."

Price of the Remedy in pint bottles $1; Pills 25 cents a box

For sale Wholesale by T. B. BARKER & SONS and A. CHIPMAN SMITH, St. John. AVERY, BROWN & Co. and FORSYTH & Co., Halifax.

CATARRH.

Constitutional CATARRH REMEDY.

CATARRH CANNOT BE CURED BY Snuffs, Washes or Local application. It is a weakness on the constitution, developing itself in the nasal organs first, afterwards extending to the throat and lungs, ending generally in Consumption, if not checked by proper remedies. Pains in the head, back, loins, and weakness in the kidneys, are its attendant diseases. More people have Catarrh than any other disease, children as well as adults. It is easily cured. Thousands of cases, some of forty years standing, have been entirely cured by using the GREAT CONSTITUTIONAL CATARRH REMEDY.

Price $1.00 per bottle. For sale by all Druggists and Medicine Dealers. Send stamp for Treatise on Catarrh and Certificates to back the above, to

T. J. R. HARDING, Brockville, Ont., sep 30 1y Agent for the Dominion and Provinces.

JUST ISSUED!

CANADIAN COPYRIGHT EDITION.

AUTOBIOGRAPHY AND MEMOIR

OF

THOMAS GUTHRIE, D. D.

ONE Volume, Demy 8vo., 820 pages, with Steel Portrait, cloth, $2.50; half calf, $4.00; full morocco, $6.00.

"One of the most interesting books recently published."—*London Spectator.*

"As an autobiography it is almost peerless."—*Hearth and Home.*

"We have here Dr. Guthrie with, as it were, his coat off, and telling us the story of his life in his own natural voice and attitude."—*Daily News, London.*

"Its style is a model of Anglo-Saxon, strong, plain, rhythmical and earnest. It is music to read his rich and ringing sentences, all on fire of the Gospel. His sermons are more terse and educating than Spurgeon's, warmer and deeper than Beecher's, and vivid, keen, convincing and uplifting as only Guthrie's own can be."—*Methodist Pentecost.*

☞ AGENTS WANTED. Apply to

H. A. M. MORROW & CO., dec30 284 Prince Wm. street, St. John, N. B.

1877.

International Steamship Company.

Winter Arrangement.

ONE TRIP A WEEK!

ON and after JANUARY 4th, the splendid new sailing steamer "St. Brunswick," D. S. Hall, master, will leave Reed's Point Wharf

Every Thursday Morning, at 8 o'clock,

for Eastport and Portland.

Returning will leave Portland every MONDAY, at 6 o'clock p. m., or after the arrival of the noon train from Boston, for Eastport and St. John, until further notice.

No claims for allowance after goods leave the warehouse.

Freight received on Wednesday only, up to 6 o'clock p. m.

H. W. CHISHOLM, jan15 AGENT.

MARINE INSURANCE

BOSTON MARINE INSURANCE Co., OF BOSTON, MASS.;

OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, of Halifax, N. S.;

UNION INSURANCE CO'Y, OF PORTLAND, ME.

RISKS TAKEN AT CURRENT RATES in the above named Companys, by

VROOM & ARNOLD, SMYTHE STREET, jan13 1m SAINT JOHN, N. B.

The Beliveau Albertite and Oil Co.

A FURTHER CALL OF TWO AND A HALF PER CENT. on the subscribed Stock of the above Company has been made by the Directors—payable on or before the tenth day of FEBRUARY next, to the Treasurer or at the Bank of British North America in Montreal or St. John.

Petitcodiac, 28th December, 1876.

E. B. CHANDLER, Jr., jan6 1m Treasurer.

SMOKED HERRING!

LANDING TO-DAY:—

8000 boxes Extra Scaled Herring.

FOR SALE LOW.

GILBERT BENT, jan13 SOUTH WHARF.

PRINTED BY MCKILLOP & JOHNSTON, CANTERBURY STREET

The Watchman.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, JAN. 20, 1877

THE WEATHER-COCK PRESS.

Says the St. John *Globe*:—

Some of our contemporaries would do well to take warning by the fate of the Ottawa *Times*. It has been compelled to die. The *Times* was a supporter of the Pacific Scandal party, and when that party was brought to ruin by its own course, the *Times* changed hands and became a Reformer. But, although the presses and the type could not be blamed for the turn-coating of the paper, it got a bad reputation, and it went over again, into the arms of what some of the Opposition contemporaries insist upon calling the Liberal-Conservative party; and then the prodigal expired. The *Moneton Times*, *Telegraph*, *News*, and other papers will, we hope, be more guarded in the future. In springing around from one side to another they know not what rock they make strike on and become stranded, helpless wrecks.

The paper here referred to—the Ottawa *Times*—was the paper which Hon. Messrs. Mackenzie, Burpee, Smith, and other members of the "Reform" Government of Canada, acting in concert with the late Malcolm Cameron, subscribed money to buy over from the Liberal-Conservative ranks and change into a Goverment "organ." The conversion of the *Times* was at the time heralded throughout the Union as an example of the force of public opinion favorable to the new Government's advent and policy; and it was quite two years before the public, through Mr. Cameron's revelations, were put in possession of the knowledge which utterly annihilated the *Times's* influence. It soon became so poor a property that its managers were glad to part with it, and it was purchased by Mr. J. B. Taylor, and replaced in the Liberal-Conservative ranks. But its old supporters preferred to stand by the Ottawa *Citizen*, which had stood by them, and they gave the *Times* the cold shoulder. It could not succeed in inspiring confidence; indeed, there was a determination in the Liberal-Conservative Party that it should not be recognized; that it should have no standing; that its race was over, as far as they were concerned.

Of course, the ruin of the *Times* lies at the door of those members of the Government who, with Mr. Cameron, seduced it from its allegiance to its former friends. Its case does not resemble the case of the *Telegraph, News* and *Moncton Times*. The proprietor of the latter might have retained both office and railway painting had he chosen to endorse everything done by the present corrupt Government and its still more corrupt and inefficient Railway Management. As for the *Telegraph* and *News*, they are fixtures in the "Reform" ranks. Doubtless, they are prepared to worship the rising sun, but the rising sun will not probably find pleasure in their devotions. Whenever either of them can pluck up courage to defend the very worst acts of governmental maladministration, it does so although their editors and proprietors owe their present political positions almost exclusively to those whose advent to power they are endeavoring to prevent. The *Globe's* warning is unnecessary in their case, as they continue quite as earnest seekers for the loaves and fishes of the "Reform" table as the *Globe* itself is.

A NEW BRUNSWICKER IN TEXAS.

A Snow Storm in Austin.—Texans Shivering in their Houses.—Failures in Trade—Pistol Practice in the Streets of Austin—Interest in the Presidential Election.—Stocking the Colorado with Fish.

[FROM A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

AUSTIN, Texas, Jan. 6.

A fierce Norther was the greatest novelty for Christmas here in the Capital. It sprang up in the morning, followed by a rain storm towards noon, and as darkness settled down, snow began to fall, and old Texans, those who ventured to look out, had the privilege of seeing a regular snow-storm coupled with their dreaded Norther. And truly their Northers are to be dreaded, so piercing, chilly and sudden after the hottest days. A few parties and Christmas trees, both public and private, drew for a while the attention of many from the boisterous storm without. Many resorted to their every day Christmas, the bottle, while the great mass considered themselves lucky to be able to keep warm at home. Houses here are built for summer air rather than winter comfort. Those who shivered of cold on Christmas enjoyed the same shiver during the whole week, as each day was but a repetition of Christmas. During the week large numbers of cattle perished, the owners being unable to care for or collect them. But with the New Year came sunshine, now doubly welcome, after one of the fiercest weeks ever felt in Texas.

The financial depression could easily be observed by the slim manner in which farmers and others made their Christmas purchases. The failure of several of the largest firms, shortly before Christmas, contributed to making the usually joyous week gloomy. C. R. Jones & Co. did one of the largest banking businesses and were also agents for several New York firms in Real Estate, etc. Their failure was the most important, though report points to several other equally large establishments who are only waiting for the expected hard summer to wind up. The wise ones who profess to have been watching business changes say Texas is only now to feel the hard times that have proved disastrous to so many Northern firms. I believe this correct, as I know the majority of farmers are without money and their crops disposed of, and nine months before their selling season comes round, and have yet the expense of planting to meet.

The Presidential election caused at first very little excitement, as the result was already known that Texas would go Democrat. But as the returns from other States became known and people saw how closely the prize was being contested, public interest was aroused and "latest returns" were eagerly looked for. Finally, after several days' anxious waiting for returns, the public turned their whole attention to South Carolina. And now seeing the Republicans have exhibited such a disregard for law in that State, the people grow warm and excited; and though sincerely anxious to avoid a repetition of '61, yet declare their intention to uphold right, and while knowing that out of the 58 members representing that State, only very few are white, yet they know they are only acting as the dupes of carpet beggars, backed by the Federal Government, and that otherwise trouble would be avoided. Only those acquainted with the ignorance of the Southern negro can know to what extent he can be wrongly advised before penetrating the designs of his adviser. And thus it is, if war is resorted to, the colored race will be the greatest sufferers, as they are now the greatest dupes. It is to be hoped a satisfactory settlement may be had before March.

Whatever excuse may be offered for the multitude of crimes daily occurring on the Texas frontier, none are sufficiently satisfactory to justify the ever growing tendency to murder, pilfer, etc., here in her capital. On Christmas Eve, while the Capital theatre was in the midst of an act, pistol shots were exchanged, and for a while the scene was lively. Several shots were fired. One man was instantly killed, another died on the following morning, and to-day the murderer can at almost any time be seen on the principal streets. Again on Tuesday night firing commenced, and for some time one unacquainted with Austin would have supposed a revolution had taken place. Next morning the city *State Gazette* coolly remarks: "Another revolution in Mexico,"—that is to say, the Five Points of the city, where not long since the carrier of the U. S. Mail hazarded his life in running the gauntlet of a cross fire of 35 or 40 shots, and an alderman and his friend, in attempting to arrest a criminal, were shot and wounded. We learn that the same desperadoes defied the arrest of one of their number on Wednesday night, and, as usual, resorted to their shooting irons. If the city authorities are incapable of keeping the peace with their present force, we repeat a former recommendation, that a special police force be organized at once to bring these scoundrels to justice. Imagine such a scene taking place in St. John, and the press recommending as necessary such measures, and the criminals at large on your streets, and the crime only one of many; and yet there is said to be a poor man in jail who, when asked by a kind hearted preacher how he came there, replied, with tears in his eyes, that when going home from a prayer meeting, he fell asleep on the street, and before he woke up the County built the jail over him, and the cruel Sheriff refused to let him out! A young man was not long since brought before the Grand Jury for disturbing a congregation by discharging his pistol in church. The question upon whether simply discharging a pistol could disturb a Texas audience, and it was decided in the negative.

This is the season for emigration, and more than the usual number have arrived, owing largely to supposed trouble in the North. Their prospects at farming with small capital cannot be more than a scanty living. Texas is filling up so rapidly that many who are good men will have to be known as tramps, and there are thousands of them here. I may here remark there is far more likelihood of a tramp finding his way to jail for vagrancy, with a $10 fine to be worked out on the street, than the party who would engage in a row as I have described.

The Colorado river has just had added to its fishing resources 25,000 California salmon. They were deposited in the river last week, and ranged in size from the tiny minnow up to fish several inches in length. Some time previously a large number of shad were deposited, and it is hoped the Colorado will yet be of some benefit besides being a watering place.

HISTORY OF QUEEN'S COUNTY

Prize Essay for "The Watchman," by E. Stone Wiggins, A.B.

[CONTINUED.]

Ralston, James, born in the county of Fermanagh, Ireland, in 1794, came to New Brunswick in the brig *Hannah*, in 1819, and settled at Wiggins' Cove, on the farm adjoining the "Wiggins Homestead." His wife's maiden name was Hannah Wiggins. His only son, John, now lives in Carleton.

Reid, Robert, born in the county of Derry, Ireland, January 30, 1806. He and his brother John came to New Brunswick in the ship *Sir Walter Scott*, commanded by Captain Bruce, in 1837. He first settled at Young's Cove, on the farm now owned by Isaac Snodgrass, but in the year 1853 moved to the farm on Young's Creek on which he still lives. His brother, John, who never married, settled at the head of Cumberland Bay, and still lives in his first New Brunswick home. Robert's wife's maiden name was Martha Doherty. Their children were all sons, three of whom are now living. James and John died within five days of each other of diptheria, in 1860.

Rose, Alexander, son of a sea captain and a Loyalist, came with his parents to St. John in 1783, and subsequently settled on Cumberland Bay, on the farm now owned by his sons Joseph, John, William and Archibald. He was a local minister of the Baptist Church. His wife's maiden name was Phœbe Smith. Their children were: Edward, who married Elizabeth Smith; Alexander, Ann Johnston; Silas, Jane Potter; Cuslir, never married; Joseph, Catherine McLean; John, Ann McLean; Archibald, Eleanor Butler; William, Mary Butler; Elizabeth, Hector McLean; Ann, Lauchlin McLean; Hannah, Israel Ellsworth; Mary, Josiah Cross; Amy, Conrad Barton.

Mr. Reece was a lineal descendant of the Welsh King Rees Ap Madoc. This is why his descendants claim that their name should be spelled *Rees*.

Captain Reece commanded the British ship of war *Galatia*. He captured three prizes from the enemy on the day he was killed.

Roberts. There were four of this name who adhered to the royal cause during the war of Independence—Frederick, a protester against the Whigs in 1774; James, whose property was confiscated in 1779; Zachariah, the subject of this article, and John, who served in the army of Sir William Howe. The latter was tried as a traitor in 1778, before Thomas McKean, Chief Justice of Pennsylvania and a signer of the Declaration of Independence, and was condemned and shot. His estate was confiscated the following year.

Zachariah Roberts came to St. John in 1783 and settled on the St. John river, back of Long Island, where he died in 1833, aged seventy-seven. His children were: Ezekiel; Elizabeth, who married Michael Berry; Sarah, Nathaniel Adams; Mary, Edward Jones; Hannah, Josiah Adams; Sibbie, John Maze; David, Ann Vincent; Scovil, Sarah Golding; Thomas, never married. Only Hannah and Sibbie are now living. Scovil Roberts is the only descendant of Zachariah now in Queen's County. Mr. John Robinson has in his possession the original grant of all the land on both sides of the Maquapit Lake.

Robertson, John, born January 2, 1772, in Dunkeld, Perthshire, Scotland. He came to St. John in May, 1801, and settled on the farm now owned and occupied by William Ferris, sen'r. Here he and Mr. John Young, his partner, built, in 1811, the first stone house in Queen's County. In the year 1812, Mr. Robertson crossed the Grand Lake and settled on the farm now owned and occupied by Allen Holder, where he died Dec. 7, 1845. His wife, whose maiden name was Margaret Marshall, died Dec. 20, 1861, at Ingersoll, Ontario, while paying a visit to her son. Their children were: John, who married Charlotte Ann White; David Marshall, Louisa Scott; Ann, John R. Marshall, Chief of Police, St. John; Elizabeth, John Hunter; Richard, unmarried; Duncan, unmarried; Grace, Jeremiah B. Stickney; Eleanor Jane, unmarried; Margaret Douglas, unmarried; Jannet, William Williamson; Caroline, unmarried.

John owns and occupies the property formerly known as White's Point, and is one of Queen's County's model farmers. Marshall is an active merchant in Ingersoll, Ontario. Caroline is a teacher in the Wesleyan Female College, Hamilton, Ont.

Robinson, Patrick, a U. E. Loyalist, born in the County of Derry, Ireland, settled in the American States, where he married about the year 1775. He came to St. John in 1783 and settled at Newcastle, on the Grand Lake. His children were: Charles, who married Mary Suitor; William, Mary Thorn; James, Jane Foster; John, never married; Mary, Jacob Albright; Sarah, William Buckout; Rebecca, George Hume; Elizabeth, never married. John died in Rio Janeiro, South America. None of these are now living except Mary Albright. John, William and James Robinson, of Newcastle, are sons of James. Charles and James Robinson, farmers at the Narrows and who own the mills at that place, are sons of John and grandsons of Charles. Their brothers, John and George, of the same place, are comfortable farmers.

Scovil, Rev. James, an Episcopal clergyman of Connecticut. He removed to New Brunswick in 1783 and resumed his clerical duties at Kingston, King's County, where he died. His widow died in 1832, aged ninety. He had six sons—Samuel, William, Elias, Daniel, Edward and Henry. Elias succeeded his father as Rector of Kingston, where he labored for forty years in the service of the Society for Propagating the Gospel. He died in 1841, aged seventy, and was in turn succeeded by his son, Rev. William Elias Scovil, the Phonographer, who died in 1876, greatly respected and deeply beloved by his parishioners. Samuel, the youngest, was the only member of the Scovil family that settled in Queen's County. His farm on the river, near the mouth of the Jemseg, is one of the most valuable in the valley of the St. John. He had no children, and his large property was left partly to his brother's children and partly to the Diocesan Church Society. He was a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, and represented Queen's in the Provincial Assembly.

Scribner. There were six of this family natives of Connecticut—Hezekiah, Joseph, Thomas, Elias, Eben and Thaddeus—all United Empire Loyalists. They came to St. John in 1783, in the ship *Union*, one of the spring fleet. Hezekiah died in St. John in 1820, aged sixty-one, and Thomas in 1837, aged seventy-seven. Joseph is mentioned by Sabine as a grantee of that city. Eben and Thaddeus settled in King's County. Elias, with his wife and five children, settled in Gagetown, the only one of the family that settled in Queen's County. His wife's maiden name was Bennet. He had nine children: Elias, who married Caroline Peck; Sarah, Reuben Vail; Lydia, Asher Vail; Eben, Sarah Dingy; Bennett, ——; Mary, ——, Union Chase; Elizabeth, Daniel Currie; Esther, —— Sargent; James, unmarried. His two sons, Elias and Charles, still live in Queen's County. The former is Postmaster at Jemseg.

Simonds, James, son of Nathaniel Simonds and Sarah Hazen, of Ipswich, Massachusetts, and great grandson of Samuel Simonds, Esq., of Essex, England, who came to the American States with Governor Winthrop, in the year 1630. He was the first English settler at the mouth of the St. John, the spot on which our greatest commercial city now stands, being at that time, in 1761, a wilderness. Twice he was obliged, on account of the hostility of the French and Indians, to return to New England. In 1764, however, he succeeded in founding a permanent settlement, which four years later was protected by the construction of Fort Howe. He subsequently represented New Brunswick—then the County of Sunbury—in the Nova Scotia Assembly. He died in 1830, aged ninety-five. His wife's maiden name was Hannah Peabody. Their children were: Charles, who married Lucy Klupper, of Boston; Richard, who married Miss Charlotte; Mary, who married Captain Allair, N. R. Rangers; Hannah, who married Dr. John Milledge, Rector of Annapolis; Sarah, who married Thomas Milledge, Esq., of St. John; Eliza, who married Henry Gilbert, Esq., also of that city; and Ann, who died unmarried. Charles for many years represented the county of St. John in the Assembly of New Brunswick and was also Speaker of that body. He died in 1859, leaving two sons, Henry and Richard. The former married Gertrude Ward, of Coiteshal Hall, Norfolk, England. He met a sad death in the waters of the Kennebeccasis during a gale in the year 1860, leaving behind him three infant children: Lucy, Edmund and Irene. Lucy married Count de Bury, of Bury, Province of Hainault, Belgium, nephew of Field Marshal Chasteler, Governor of Venice, under the Austrian dominion. They now reside in St. John, N. B. Edmund and Irene are unmarried. Richard, second son of James Simonds, was, at an early age, elected a representative of the county of Northumberland. During the incumbency of Sir Howard Douglas he was chosen Speaker of the House and subsequently accepted the portfolio of Provincial Treasurer, which office he held till his death in 1836. He was an eloquent and accomplished speaker and a true friend of his native Province. His children were: Richard, at present rector of Burton, Sunbury County, and who married Miss Morse, of Amherst; Edward, who married Miss Scovil and who died in 1873, leaving five daughters; Charles, who married Miss Maltby and who died in 1860, leaving four sons and one daughter, of whom two only survive, viz.: Richard, a lieutenant in the Royal Navy, and Charles, a student of medicine. In the year 1762 James Simonds obtained from the crown the grant of a large tract of land lying on the east of the mouth of the St. John river. This still remains in the possession of the family, except that portion left by the late Richard Simonds to Thomas Gilbert, Esq., to the exclusion of the natural heirs.

Stewart, Alexander, born in Athol, Perthshire, Scotland, May 1, 1777, came to St. John, May 1st, 1817, in the ship *Clyde*, owned by Robert Robertson, of St. John, father of the Hon. John Robertson, late Dominion Senator. Mr. Stewart was in the employ of William White, at White's Cove, for a year, settling subsequently on the Washademoak, on the farm now owned by John Macdonald. His children were: Charles, who married Grace McNaire; Neil, Alexander, Margaret and Robert, all unmarried. The latter was drowned in No. 11 Aroostook, in the spring of 1846.

THE TOWER OF LONDON.

Interesting Discovery of Historical Remains.

Some very interesting and important historical discoveries have been made during the past few weeks by the Office of Works in their restoration of certain parts of the Tower of London. The special scene of their labors has been the church of St. Peter at Vincula, which forms the front of the White Tower. The Commission of Superintendence, under whose orders the work of removing the flooring and examining the various vaults took place, consisted of the secretary of the Board of Works, a well-known London surgeon, and a representative of the Constable of the Tower. It was not long before they came upon the coffins, or rather the light deal boxes, in which those executed for State offences had been interred within the chapel precincts. By the aid of contemporary chronicles and registers a very fair and probably accurate idea of the remains of some was arrived at. Across the floor, in the centre of the chapel, was found the body of what was pronounced to be that of a woman of at least 70 years of age, which, according to all probability, was that of the Countess of Salisbury, the last of the Plantagenets, whose execution by Henry VII. was considered by most contemporary and subsequent statesmen as an inevitable necessity. Not far from this spot was discovered the body of a man of great stature and bulk, which would answer to the description given of Robert Dudley, Duke of Northumberland, the father of Lady Jane Grey. For some time it was doubted whether the fact of the head being found with the body did not upset this theory, but further search among the Tower records showed that in his case the usual formality of placing the head on London Bridge had been dispensed with. Close under the altar were the bones of a woman of excessively delicate proportions, showing that its owner was possessed of that "lyatel necke" which Anne Boleyn told the executioner would give him so little trouble to sever. No trace has yet been found of any body which can be identified as that of Lady Jane Grey, but the work of the commission has not yet terminated, and hopes are held out that the whole of the inmates of the vaults of St. Peter and Vincula may sooner or later be identified. Meanwhile they are gathered together and placed in leaden caskets, labelled respectively "supposed remains" of the historical characters with whom they are most easily and logically associated.

HOW TO KNOW THE AGE OF A HORSE.

The colt is born with twelve grinders; when four front teeth have made their appearance the colt is twelve days old, and when the next four come forth it is four weeks old. When the corner teeth appear the colt is eight months old; when the latter have attained to the height of the front teeth it is one year old. The two-year old colt has the kernel (the substance in the middle of the tooth's crown) ground out in all the front teeth. In the third year the middle front teeth are being shifted, and when three years old these are substituted by the horse teeth. The next four teeth are shifted in the fourth year, and the corner teeth in the fifth. At six years the kernel is worn out of the lower middle front teeth, and the bridle teeth have now attained to their full growth. At seven years a hook has been formed in the corner teeth of the upper jaw, the kernel of the teeth next at the middle is worn out, and the bridle teeth begin to wear off. At eight years the kernel is worn out of the lower front teeth, and begins to decrease in the middle upper front. In the ninth year the kernel has wholly disappeared from the upper middle front teeth; the hook on the corner has increased in size, and the bridle teeth lose their points. In the tenth year the kernel is worn out of the teeth next to the middle front of the upper jaw; and in the eleventh year, the kernal has entirely vanished from the corner teeth of the same jaw. At twelve years old the crown of all the front teeth in the lower jaw has become triangular, and the bridle teeth are much worn down. As the horse advances in age, the gums shrink away from the teeth, which consequently receive a long, narrow appearance, and their kernels have become metamorphosed into a darkish point, gray hairs increase on the forehead and over the eyes, and the chin assumes the form of an angle.—*Journal of the Farm.*