

The Evening Times Star

VOL. XVIII, No. 134 PAGES ONE TO EIGHT

ST. JOHN, N. B., THURSDAY, MARCH 9, 1922

SIXTEEN PAGES—ONE CENT

BRILLIANT AT HOUSE OPENING

Galleries at Ottawa Crowded This Afternoon.

Contrast to Yesterday's Preliminary Proceedings—Escort, Salute, Black Rod and All the Usual Features.

(Canadian Press)

Ottawa, March 9.—With pomp and display, Canada's 14th parliament was formally opened by the governor general this afternoon. In its brilliancy, the scene in the senate chamber, where the speech from the throne was read, was strikingly different from that of yesterday. Then, beyond senators on the floor and members of the House standing at the bar, there were few in the chamber. Today the galleries were packed.

The chamber was alight with uniforms, with the soft and varied colors of attractively gowned ladies, while sharp and distinct were the red and ermine robes of judges of the supreme court. At three o'clock when His Excellency arrived to the booming of guns of Point. He was escorted by a member from the Princess Louise Guards under the command of Lieut. Charles Olmstead. In front of the parliament buildings the Governor General's Foot Guards formed a guard of honor. His Excellency entered the building by the Senate entrance, for, by a curious fiction, the main entrance, opened yesterday for the first time, has been ruled within the precincts of the commons. The hall through which he passed was bedecked with palms and flowers, etc.

Members of the commons meanwhile had gathered in their own chamber. A few minutes later the gentleman usher of the black rod appeared, and, after three reverberating knocks on the door, entered the common chamber, summoning members of the chamber of the "honorable senate."

Proceeded by their newly-elected speaker, Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, and the sergeant-at-arms who had preceded across his arms in symbol that the choice of speaker had not yet been approved, members filed down the corridor to the senate, where they took their places before the bar. Here, Hon. Mr. Lemieux addressed His Excellency that yesterday he had chosen him as speaker.

"The House of Commons," he said in the old formula, "have elected me their speaker, though I am but little able to fulfill the important duties thus assigned to me. If, in the performance of those duties, I should at any time fall into error, I pray that the fault may be imputed to me, and not to the commons, whose servant I am."

His Excellency, through the speaker of the senate, then formally approved the election of Speaker Lemieux—an approval which has now become nothing but a formality, for approval has not been withheld since that merry monarch Charles II. objected to the appointment of Sir Edward Seymour, at Westminster in 1679.

"Mr. Speaker," said Hon. Hewitt Bostock, speaker of the senate, "I am commanded by His Excellency the Governor-General to transmit to you the House of Commons, that, according to old form, there might be no error, and Mr. Speaker left the senate chamber. Headed by the sergeant-at-arms, who for the first time bearing the mace upright over his shoulder, he led the procession of members back to the commons chamber.

GOT 35 CENTS A TON FREIGHT

Coal Cargo to Halifax from New York Brought Chiefly as Ballast.

Halifax, N. S., March 9.—Thirty five tons of coal were brought to Halifax for the two masted schooner Evelyn Miller brought 197 tons of hard coal from New York to Halifax. The maximum rate during the war was \$7 a ton, it has been around \$1 to \$1.25 in order to get her cargo, which she carried chiefly for ballast purposes, on the Miller had to pay \$105, about more than she received for carrying coal to Halifax.

HIP IN TROUBLE; CARGO OVERBOARD

Ship Sent to the Hungry of Russia Had to be Sacrificed.

Hamburg, March 9.—The U. S. steamer West Munham, a relief ship of the government with a cargo of corn, sprung a leak and is in a serious condition. Her crew has been safely landed in Heligoland. Her cargo is being pumped overboard and twelve tugs are aiding by.

The West Munham is a vessel of 3,571 tons and was last reported as having arrived at Southampton on March 4.

HE'S GETTING BETTER. GIVE HIM TIME

I'M FEELING STRONGER EVERY DAY, DOC, BUT AM NOT EXACTLY TRAINING FOR A PRIZE FIGHT.

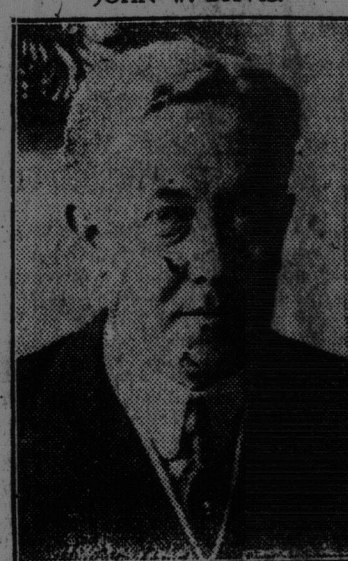


Collier in the Boston Shoe and Leather Reporter.

As Hiram Sees It

"Well," said Mr. Hiram Hornbloom to the Times reporter, "I see about half the folks in this town ain't a-gonna be able to vote this year." "It is so reported," said the reporter. "An' I 'spose about half o' them that kin vote went bother about it," said Hiram. "Say two-thirds," said the reporter. "I dassay that is nearer 'right,'" said Hiram. "An' after one-third o' them that hes votes chooses the noo city council the other two-thirds an' all them that sint got their taxes paid 'll holler for two years about what the council does. Aint that about it?" "You are probably right," said the reporter. "Yes, sir," said Hiram, "that's the hull story. Kin you beat it? I'm surprised somebody don't come along an' shet the place up an' put a fence round it. We do things better out to the Settlement—by Hen!"

JOHN W. DAVIS



Former United States Ambassador to the court of St. James, who delivered an address at a service held in New York in memory of Viscount Bryce. He eulogized Viscount Bryce as a statesman, author, traveler and an old friend of the oppressed.

GRAIN STOCKS ON U. S. FARMS

Washington, March 9.—Stocks of grain on U. S. farms March 9 were announced yesterday by the department of agriculture as follows:— Corn 1,818,130,000 bushels, of 42.6 per cent of the 1921 crop compared with 1,564,822,000 bushels or 48.3 per cent of the 1920 crop and 86.7 per cent of the ten year average. About 87.5 per cent, or 1,595,194,000 bushels of the 1921 crop is merchantable compared with 86.9 per cent of the 1920 crop and 79.6 per cent of the ten year average. Wheat 131,136,000 bushels or 16.3 per cent of the 1921 crop compared with 217,037,000 bushels or 26.1 per cent of the 1920 crop and 19.8 per cent of the ten year average. Oats 404,461,000 bushels or 88.1 per cent of the 1921 crop compared with 683,759,000 bushels or 45.7 per cent of the 1920 crop and 96.4 per cent of the ten year average. Barley 40,050,000 bushels, or 71.1 per cent of the 1921 crop compared with 65,229,000 bushels or 34.5 per cent of the 1920 crop and 23 per cent of the ten year average.

WEATHER REPORT

Phelix and Pherrindon. Issued by authority of the Department of Marine and Fisheries. R. F. Stupari, director of meteorological services.

Synopsis.—A trough of low pressure extends from the western provinces to Texas and pressure is highest over the south Pacific and south Atlantic coasts. Weather is fair and mild in the western provinces and Ontario and is somewhat colder in Quebec and the maritime provinces.

Cold, Then Moderating. Maritime—Fresh northwest winds, fine and colder today. Friday moderate winds, fair and gradually becoming milder.

Gulf and North Shore—Strong northwest winds, fine and colder tonight and early Friday, then moderating. New England—Increasing cloudiness, followed by rain late tonight or Friday. Rising temperature, increasing east and southwinds, probably becoming strong Friday.

Table with columns: Stations, 8 a.m., Highest during yesterday night, Lowest during yesterday night.

SECOND NIGHT AND NO GHOST

All Serene in the McDonald Homestead

Tonight Dr. Prince will Have Members of the Family with Him and Conditions as They Were Before the Household was Disorganized.

Halifax, N. S., March 9.—Dr. W. F. Prince, expert investigator of the American Society of Psychical Research, was not called upon to extinguish any fires and his slumbers in the Alexander McDonald homestead, the reputed scene of uncanny happenings, were undisturbed last night, according to word reaching the Halifax Herald today from his staff correspondent D. McRitchie from Caledonia Mills, Antigonish county. Tonight Alexander McDonald and Mary Ellen adopted daughter will occupy the old home with Dr. Prince and his party and an endeavor will be made to reproduce the conditions under which the manifestations occurred.

Dr. Prince is non-committal regarding the results of his investigation to date, being unwilling to anticipate his preliminary report, which may be available tomorrow. He says, however, that while he is investigating the evidence of the fires from every angle, he has yet been unable to reach a conclusion in the matter.

Mary Ellen again called on the Dr. Prince party yesterday, spending upwards of two hours in the home from which she and her foster parents had been driven some weeks before. It was at this interview that Dr. Prince induced her to spend tonight in the house. The consent of McDonald, who makes frequent visits to the place for the purpose of the 1921 crop compared with 1,564,822,000 bushels or 48.3 per cent of the 1920 crop and 86.7 per cent of the ten year average. About 87.5 per cent, or 1,595,194,000 bushels of the 1921 crop is merchantable compared with 86.9 per cent of the 1920 crop and 79.6 per cent of the ten year average.

Those who slumbered peacefully in the house with Dr. Prince last night were: D. McRitchie, Bryce, Cline, staff photographer, the Rev. J. G. Macdonald and Harold Whittier, the Herald's Antigonish correspondent who was subjected to uncanny slaps on the wrist on the occasion of a former sojourn in the house.

U. S. DECISION WILL NOT AFFECT CONFERENCE PLAN

Other Nations Will be Represented at the Gathering in Genoa—Russia's Position.

London, March 9.—The decision of the United States not to participate in the Genoa conference will not affect the date of nor all plans for the conference so far as Great Britain is concerned. This was said officially this afternoon.

As the U. S. refusal was anticipated weeks ago, the announcement of it came as no surprise to official circles, where the realization exists, it was said, that the U. S. effort to consummate the results of the Washington armaments conference by the ratification of the conference treaties is engaging the government's attention primarily at present. That the other nations invited to attend the Genoa meeting will be present is the British belief.

As to Russia, while it is known that she desired U. S. representation, it is not thought likely she will risk losing her long sought opportunity to re-enter the conference of the powers by declining to take part in the Genoa gathering.

The Pall Mall Gazette and Globe, first of the London newspapers to comment on the Washington decision against participation at Genoa says:—"The U. S. gives very disappointing support to those endeavoring to make real constructive progress in the restoration of Europe's economic life—a task of deeper importance than the mere activities of a soup kitchen."

ADVISES BRITISH TO OPEN BRANCH FACTORIES HERE

Quebec, March 9.—(Canadian Press).—Speaking at a Rotary Club luncheon last night, G. T. Milne, chief British trade commissioner for Canada and Newfoundland, said that Canada was doing right in developing Canadian industries, but he thought the British manufacturers would do well to follow the example of the Americans and open branch factories in the dominion.

SOVIET LIMIT IS REACHED, SAYS LENINE

Moscow, March 9.—"Soviet Russia's economic retreat has ended and will go no further in its recession to capitalism," so Nikolai Lenine told a congress of metal workers in a brief speech discussing the Genoa conference and Russia's internal problems.

Leonid Krassin in an interview with a newspaper declared that Soviet Russia would not abandon her control of foreign trade.

SAYS AGREEMENTS NOT BINDING

French Minister's Attitude at Paris Conference.

Paris, March 9.—Sir Robert Home, chancellor of the British exchequer, and Col. Jasper Theunis, Belgian premier and minister of finance, endorsed the first conference of finance ministers of Great Britain, Italy, Belgium and France, according to today's newspapers. Roland W. Boyden was present as unofficial observer for the U. S.

Those who have no obligations of the agreement reached last August 13, for example, has not been ratified by France, that the other three great nations had signed and ratified. We shall continue to study our problem tomorrow and doubtless shall reach an agreement."

Charles De Lasteyrie, French minister of finance, vigorously denied that these agreements reached August 13 last were binding. He declared that none of them had been endorsed by the French parliament and that France was under no obligations to submit to their validity.

The Italian delegate promptly seized France's objections as a chance to claim that an increased share be allotted Italy for the cost of her army of occupation.

M. Lasteyrie is quoted by the Figaro as having declared after the conference: "We must recognize that we are dealing with complex and purely technical problems. We must acknowledge that if the agreement reached last August 13, for example, has not been ratified by France, that the other three great nations had signed and ratified. We shall continue to study our problem tomorrow and doubtless shall reach an agreement."

FREDERICTON NEWS

Three Weddings in Capital—Death of Mrs. Wm. Gorman, North Devon.

(Special to Times) Fredericton, N. B., March 9.—Eliza Henderson Armstrong, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank J. Armstrong, 264 York street, and Walter Davidson Leslie of this city were married on Wednesday night at the home of the bride's parents, by Rev. G. C. Warren. The bride, until within a about a week, was a student at Fredericton High School.

Robert Bruce Murray and Etta Augustus Mills, both of Fredericton, were married on Wednesday night at the Brunswick street Baptist parsonage, by Rev. G. C. Warren. The groom served overseas for two years, enlisting with the 104th battalion. They will reside in this city.

Miss Lillian Delong, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sheldon Delong of Halifax, formerly of this city, and Willard Jones, son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Jones, of Elmwood, N. B., were married on Wednesday by Rev. L. F. Ash, at the George street parsonage. The honeymoon will be spent in Halifax.

Mrs. William Gorman died a little before midnight on Wednesday at her home in North Devon, after a lingering illness of Bright's disease. She was aged fifty-six years. Besides her husband, she leaves two sons, John, of Milville, and Earle, of Fredericton; also three daughters, Mrs. John Wilson, of North Devon; Mrs. John Boyd, of Nashwaakias, and Mrs. Guy Tufts, of Fredericton. Other surviving relatives are her aged father, David Jones, who made his home with her; also two brothers, David, of Fredericton; Henry, of Devon, and five half-brothers, Thomas, Harvey and Aaron, of Fredericton; Maurice, of South Devon, and Charles, of Taymouth, and one half-sister, Mrs. Robert Leslie, of Woodlands.

INDIA'S APPEAL MAKES SENSATION

Urging of Turkish Rights Stirs England.

Message Condemned by the Newspapers as Likely to Embarrass the Government in Dealing With the Sevres Treaty.

(Canadian Press Cable) London, March 9.—India's appeal for Turkish rights urging necessity for revision of the Sevres treaty in view of the intense Moslem feeling in that country, has stirred public opinion here and has created a sensation. The appeal has aroused resentment in a large section of the press against the Earl of Reading, viceroy of India, and his council.

Every London newspaper this morning vigorously condemns the message, presumably addressed by the government of India to Edwin Montagu, secretary of state for India, and an newspaper critic characterizes the action as unprecedented. They imply that the appeal was made over the heads of the British government. It is complained that India's demands are calculated to cause the British government serious embarrassment in its dealings with the signatories of the Sevres treaty. English editors, however, have been launched in India to influence the proceedings at the conference in Paris on March 22, when Great Britain, France and Italy hope to discuss a settlement in the Near East.

Some critics suggest that Edwin Montagu have some expert knowledge of the situation that this action by the British government will create great difficulties for Europe. In London, March 9.—Edwin Samuel Montagu, the secretary for India, tendered his resignation today and it was accepted.

The opinion is widely expressed among the press here that some expert knowledge of the situation that this action by the British government will create great difficulties for Europe. In London, March 9.—Edwin Samuel Montagu, the secretary for India, tendered his resignation today and it was accepted.

The opinion is widely expressed among the press here that some expert knowledge of the situation that this action by the British government will create great difficulties for Europe. In London, March 9.—Edwin Samuel Montagu, the secretary for India, tendered his resignation today and it was accepted.

COAL STRIKE FAVORED BY MANY MINERS

Belleville, Ill., March 9.—The vote of the 11,000 miners in the Belleville sub-district will be approximately 25 to 1 for a strike, so James Mason, secretary-treasurer of the sub-district announced.

Birmingham, Ala., March 9.—Members of the United Mine Workers of America in the Alabama field, known as district No. 20, have voted overwhelmingly to strike on April 1.

St. Louis, Mo., March 9.—Frank Farrington, president of the Illinois district, United Mine Workers of America, telegraphed William Green, International secretary-treasurer at Indianapolis yesterday afternoon that the Illinois mine workers would attempt to negotiate a separate wage agreement with the Illinois operators and the international union arranged an interstate conference with the operators in the four states comprising the central competitive field on or before March 31.

Farrington denounced a telegram from international headquarters forbidding separate negotiations as "presumptuous and impertinent" and added that "We regard the release of your telegram to the press as a plain attempt to put the Illinois mine workers in a false position before the mine workers of the country."

Kansas City, March 9.—Representatives of the International Coal Operators' Association and district miners' unions in Southwestern Association territory gathered here today for what officials said would be an important conference. Whether the operators will put forward proposals for wage reductions and whether the miners' committee will be at liberty to negotiate any contracts until a basic agreement has been reached in the central competitive field comprising Illinois, Indiana, Ohio and Western Pennsylvania, were matters for conjecture.

ALSO CLAIM THE RIGHT TO MODIFY

French Statement re Washington Conference Agreements and the U. S. Senate.

Paris, March 9.—France and other European countries are awaiting the U. S. senate's ratification of the disarmament conference agreements before submitting them to their respective parliaments, according to a statement made by Premier Poincare and M. Sarraut of the French delegation to that conference before the senate committee will be at liberty to negotiate any contracts until a basic agreement has been reached in the central competitive field comprising Illinois, Indiana, Ohio and Western Pennsylvania, were matters for conjecture.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET

Chicago, March 9.—Opening: Wheat—May, 1.42 1/2; July, 1.21 1/8. Corn—May, 84 1/2; July, 67 1/2. Oats—May 41 1/2; July, 41 1/2.