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The Toronto World.

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TWENTY-FIRST YEAR — EIGHT PAGES—FRIDAY MORNING OCTOBER 26 1900—EIGHT PAGES — ONE CENT

Senate Rdg Room
Jan00
SENATE PO

SMITH'S FALLS CROWDS CHEERED SIR CHARLES

People Flocked to the Stations to Greet the Conservative Leader as He Passed By on the Train.

Great Enthusiasm When Sir Charles Made An Appeal to the Impartial Men of Canada—Told of the Rapacity of the Ministry.

Smith's Falls, Ont., Oct. 25.—(Special.)—The second day of the second Ontario tour of the virile chieftain, Sir Charles Tupper, has been smiled on by both God and man. It was 6 in the morning when the palace car Rosemere pulled out of Lindsay. The chill had barely been taken off the morning when a three-hours wait was made at Peterboro. There James Kendry, M.P., and politicians of greater or less degree met and communed with the Conservative leader. When the journey to Smith's Falls was re-begun, it was thru one of the most picturesque parts of Ontario, fringing the height of land that runs all the way from farther north to Labrador. This day has been an glow with spontaneous enthusiasm as the whole country has been aglow with the gorgeous colors of autumn.

Crowds at the Stations.

By some means it was noised abroad that Sir Charles was on his way east. Every station platform held its coterie of curious persons, and cheers were given as the Rosemere rolled by. At Tweed Editor Taylor had distributed handbills, stating that Sir Charles would speak 20 minutes at the station and as a result 400 persons standing on the platform, perched on every point of vantage, surrounded the rear of the car and clamored for a speech. When Sir Charles appeared the air was rent with the popular acclaim, and the veteran, with head uncovered, bowed his thanks. He was telling his impromptu audience that the Conservative success of 1878 would be repeated on Nov. 7, when the train pulled away and left the hardy electors howling. One gentleman, a passenger, in his eagerness to catch every word Sir Charles said, tarried too long on the platform, and in jumping to catch the train barely escaped death. The train stopped for him.

Many Went to Smith's Falls.

Thirty miles west of Smith's Falls the sturdy yeomen of the vicinity boarded the train to attend the night meeting. Every station from Sharbot Lake east sent its quota, while from the east came stalwarts from Perth, and even as far as Ottawa. From hill and valley, in every direction, the electors came till this town was by night-fall like a county town on Fair day. The hotels did a land-office business, and the hospitality of the townsmen was taxed to the utmost. Man and nature smiled on the second day of the tour.

There is a Big Fight On.

Smith's Falls, for election purposes, is in North Leeds and Grenville, but according to the geography, it is in South Lanark. This peculiarity has led to a mix-up in the voters' lists, and a consequent bitter fight between the two parties in the riding. The township of Montague takes in Smith's Falls. In 1896 the electors of Montague were in the North Leeds and Grenville list, but by the juggling of Frank Frost, M.P., and a little trickery on the part of the printing bureau staff, the electors of Montague have been switched into South Lanark. These electors number 130, two-thirds of whom are Conservatives. Considering that Frank Frost beat J. R. Lavell by only nine votes in 1896, this specious method of beating an opponent has raised a veritable hue and cry. The end is not yet. The onus to do the square thing is on the deputy returning officers, and if they do not admit the men of Montague to vote in North Leeds, there will be a row that will throw West Huron in the shade.

The Smith Falls Meeting.

To-day's meeting was interesting, in that Smith's Falls is the home of both Federal candidates. Frank Frost is an agricultural implement manufacturer, and J. R. Lavell is a prominent lawyer. Both are popular men, but in this election Mr. Lavell is the favorite. In '96 the southern part of the riding being strongly Orange, opposed Mr. Lavell's position on the remedial bill. This opposition is now removed, and Lavell is the man for Leeds.

A Flattering Reception.

The reception accorded Sir Charles at Smith's Falls, as his train pulled in, was flattering. Four hundred persons, men, women and youths, of the town, were present and cheered lustily. J. R. Lavell, the Conservative candidate, just recovered from a week's illness, and J. W. McDonald, J. B. Lyle, R. B. Ross, Alex. May, M. Gardiner, Thos. Jones, C. R. VanLuven, representing the local Executive, formally welcomed the veteran Conservative leader to the town. Sir Charles spent the afternoon resting and receiving visitors. Thus he was ready for the ordeal at night.

The Big Meeting.

The climax to the day's enthusiasm was reached at the night meeting. The huge skating rink of the town had capacity for 5000 persons. There were seats for 2000, and another 1000 or 1500 had to stand. Two galleries were filled with ladies and their escorts. The gathering of the clan was heralded by the martial music of the Citizens' band, playing "Soldiers of the Queen," and taking up its position in a band stand directly over the platform. As the rink rapidly filled a hundred school boys, seated on front benches, sang patriotic songs and nursery ditties. They occasionally cheered for Sir Charles, and when they did their shrill voices pierced the ears like needles.

Local Sentiments.

The sentiment of the local Conservative Association was given vent in the profusion of banners, bunting and flags that made the bare rafters of the hall take on a holiday appearance. "Good-bye, Sweet Tarte, Good-bye!" was a new legend that showed how much the master of the administration is thought of. "Welcome to Our Leader, Canada's Champion!" was a novel bit of promise for Sir Charles. "Lavell and Victory!" focussed the local situation. "A British Subject I Was Born, a British Subject I Will Die!" bore eloquent testimony that the memory of Sir John A. Macdonald is still kept green in Leeds and Grenville. "Loyalty to the Empire!" and the grouping of the pictures of the Queen and Sir Charles, both embedded in flags, circled the patriotic and loyal attitude of the Conservative party.

Tremendous Enthusiasm.

The coming of Sir Charles to the hall at 8.15 was the signal for a tremendous outburst of enthusiasm. The vast audience rose as one man, and cheered till they verged on hysteria. The cheering lasted for five minutes, and, when something like quiet was restored, S. M. Barnes, chairman of the local Conservative Club, acting as chairman, opened the meeting in a neat speech eulogistic of Sir Charles, the guest of the evening, and his notable political achievements. The temper of the meeting was shown by the hearty cheers given whenever Sir Charles' name was mentioned.

A Local Program.

The program Chairman Barnes presented had a lot of local speakers, who seized the ear of the audience for an hour, while the auditors wrought themselves into a raging state of impatience to hear Sir Charles. Those who contributed to this feature were: Dr. Anderson, Benjamin Mosher, Dr. C. F. Ferguson, ex-M.P., Col. A. J. Matheson, J. R. Lavell and others. The speeches made by the local lights were full of hope and confidence, and were really excellent efforts, but should have followed the leader's speech. Sir Charles was referred to as "the father of Canada," amid cheers.

Col. Matheson Speaks.

In spite of their waning patience, the audience gave Col. Matheson, M.L.A., for Leeds, a good hearing. With some sure sign of knowing what he was talking about, the Colonel predicted victory for J. R. Lavell. Concerning the cry that Laurier had given Canada prosperity, the Colonel declared that Canada was not as prosperous as she would have been under a better Government. He warned the electors of Smith's Falls, a manufacturing town, that woollen mills and other mills in Canada would be shut down as a result of the Liberal preferential tariff. The Colonel did not fail to condemn both the Dominion and Provincial Governments for the debauching of the electorate and the stuffing of ballot boxes. "But the Queen's writ does not run in this country against the scoundrels who manipulate the Machine." [Applause.]

Candidate Lavell.

J. R. Lavell was given a reception that was significant of success. A hundred persons on the platform raised three cheers, and the audience applauded. The local situation was Mr. Lavell's theme. Mr. Lavell had just begun when half a thousand persons from Kemptville and vicinity entered the hall, cheering. Picking up the thread of his discourse, Mr. Lavell repudiated Mr. Frost's claim for support on personal grounds. He ripped to Mr. Frost's record when he pointed out that Mr. Frost was a bigoted and hide-bound supporter of Sir Wilfrid Laurier. His local reference, "Why you could send M. J. Wilson to Parliament and he could do no worse than Mr. Frost" was applauded. Mr. Wilson is a harness maker in town, who never drew a breath that was not saturated with Liberalism.

Dr. Ferguson, Ex-M.P.

Dr. Ferguson, ex-M.P., delivered a patriotic speech. He hit off a recent meeting of Mr. Frost's, by describing it: "There were four cabs with three persons in them, and one was an undertaker." [Laughter.] T. A. Kidd, Burritt's Rapids, was also pleased to speak, and the audience were so impatient that they threatened to hoot him down. However, he braved it out for about 10 minutes.

Sir Charles Speaks at Last.

It was 9.30 p.m. when the chairman, with proper rhetorical pause, called on Sir Charles Tupper. The patience of the audience gave way with a snap, and the whole gathering rose up and cheered and cheered again. The bandsmen, after an hour and a half sleep, woke up and played "British Grenadiers." The cheering was repeated. Someone called out "Tupper's all right." There must have been nearly 5000 persons in the rink when Sir Charles began to speak. He was in excellent voice and spoke with soul. He made a strong point of the fact that he was appealing to all impartial men in Canada, and challenged anyone to point out any great work in constructive statesmanship that the Liberals had not opposed during the past quarter of a century.

Canada's Prosperity.

Sir Charles thanked God that Canada had reached the very highest point of prosperity, but denied that the Liberal party had done anything to contribute to it. There were members of the Government who had in times past done much to prevent it. He recounted the fact that Mr. Fielding had at one time been elected Premier of Nova Scotia, pledged to secede from Confederation. The rapacity of the Liberal Ministers, who all had their arms up to their elbows in the public treasury, reminded Sir Charles of the Shah of Persia, who, with his business man, went to a theatre. The Shah went to sleep. When he woke up it was in the middle of the ballet. "But them all," said the Shah to his business man. [Laughter.] So Blair, Tarte, Sifton viewed the Canadian people. [Laughter.] Sifton's stupidity in drawing up the contract with Mackenzie & Mann re the Teslin Lake Railway, by which all the gold-bearing lands have been gobbled up, reminded Sir Charles of an American, who was recommended by his friend to a certain lawyer as a client. The lawyer lost the American's case, and the American berated his friend. "But he is a Q.C.," retorted the friend. "Then," replied the American, "I say, God Save the Queen."

With such a man as Sifton in the Government, Sir Charles said, he could say "God save Canada."

Mutual Preferential Trade.

Re Sir Wilfrid's attitude on the preferential trade, Sir Charles had something new to say. The Liberal preferential tariff was the greatest obstacle to mutual preferential trade. If Sir Wilfrid had been the paid advocate of the United States of America he could have advocated no policy so likely to prevent mutual preferential trade. Were the mutual preference to be instituted the United States would have to pay twenty-six million dollars annually on her products sent to Great Britain even if the preference were only five per cent. Sir Wilfrid had shown himself in 1891 to be a firm friend of the United States. Was it not startling that Sir Wilfrid had given no reasonable account of why he had wabbled at the question of a mutual preference? Until he did he would rest under the suspicion of having acted as the agent of the United States in not endeavoring to obtain mutual preferential trade. [Applause.] Again, Sir Wilfrid had said recently in Massey Hall that he had abandoned the idea of a mutual preference because he had found when he went to England in 1897 there was no hope for it. But in 1897 Sir Wilfrid had said in Toronto that the reason he did not obtain a mutual preference was because he had concluded not to undertake too much. He had got rid of the Belgian and German treaties, and the next step would be getting the mutual preference. Sir Charles claimed this was a blank contradiction of Sir Wilfrid's own words. He thought this couplet fitted the situation.

Maybe you're right to dissemble your love,
But why should you kick me downstairs?

Sir Charles closed after speaking nearly an hour and a half, and receiving rapt attention. The usual cheers closed the meeting.

Tuesday's Rally in London.

London, Ont., Oct. 25.—The Conservative mass-meeting which is being arranged for next Tuesday evening will be held in the Princess Rink, where accommodation is being made for thousands of people. Sir Charles Tupper, Hon. Dr. Montague and J. J. Foy will be the distinguished visitors who will speak on that occasion.

Over in Haldimand.

Hagersville, Ont., Oct. 25.—(Special.)—The mass meeting to-night at Hagersville Opera House was jammed to greet Hon. Dr. Montague and Hon. Col. Tisdale, with their friends, W. H. Bull of Toronto, F. R. Lalor and F. J. Galbraith of Dunnville. The meeting was enthusiastically Conservative. The speeches were all received with applause and the spirit was excellent.

Cook's Turkish Baths have reopened. 202 and 204 King West.

Sharkey Will Not Fight Walcott.

New York, Oct. 25.—Tom Sharkey to-day made a public answer to Tom O'Rourke's challenge in behalf of Joe Walcott. Sharkey declines to meet Walcott.

Dr. Evans' Laxative Grip Capsules 25c, cure a cold in a few hours. No griping, no buzzing in the head; money refunded. Bingham's Pharmacy, 100 Yonge-street. 135

STRIKE AT VALLEYFIELD HAS TAKEN ON A SERIOUS ASPECT

Strikers Got Control and Shut Down the Mills—Militia From Montreal Called Out—Several Persons Injured in a Charge.

Montreal, Oct. 25.—(Special.)—There is serious rioting at Valleyfield to-night, as the result of the strike on the Montreal cotton mills.

A couple of days ago the laborers engaged on the construction of the new mill demanded $1.25 instead of $1 a day, but the company refused to give the increase.

Reached a Climax.

The trouble was brought to a climax last night, when, besides preventing goods, including express parcels urgently needed at distant points, from being taken from the factory for shipment, the strikers prevented the company taking coal into the establishment, with the result that the factory had to close down, it being impossible to get on with dyeing operations or to run the machinery.

No Police Protection.

There was not sufficient protection in the town to enable the company's operatives to force a passage either into the mills or out or to disperse the strikers. The town authorities tried to pacify the strikers, and offered them work at $1.25 per day, but they refused to change masters on those terms.

Militia Called Out.

Whereall efforts in the way of peaceful terms failed the Mayor and two justices of the peace signed a requisition calling out the militia, and several companies of the Royal Scots were despatched from Montreal this afternoon. The arrival of the militia so infuriated the strikers that they made an attack on the mills to-night.

Many Were Injured.

The Royal Scots charged the strikers with the bayonet, and as a result a number on both sides were badly injured.

More Troops Sent.

In response to a call for more troops an additional detachment was sent from Montreal to-night to Valleyfield.

A Row in Progress.

Montreal, Oct. 25.—(9.45 p.m.)—Word was received here by telephone from Lt.-Col. Ibbotson that strikers have become very much excited and a row is in progress, and that 200 more militia are required. It is reported eight or ten persons have been hurt. Doctors and ambulance corps have been called.

Two hundred more militia leave here by special train at 11 o'clock.

Militia Charged the Crowd.

Valleyfield, Oct. 25.—(11 p.m.)—During the evening strikers assembled at the Empire mill and commenced smashing windows. The militia charged the crowd. Two soldiers, it is feared, are fatally hurt, 12 more or less injured; about 20 strikers hurt and reported one fatally.

The situation grows more ominous as hours roll on.

INCREASE IN REGISTRATION

Second Day Found the Registrars Busy, Especially in the Evening.

REGISTER AS EARLY AS POSSIBLE.

Big Rush in Prospect for To-Day and To-Morrow—Soldiers Can Register.

Registration continued yesterday under varying conditions, but the day's work showed an increase of registrations over that of the day before, and around the various Conservative committee rooms there seems to be a feeling that the new votes are are about two Conservative to one Liberal. There is no doubt that the Liberal organization to bring out new voters is almost perfect, but the voting material is the matter that really counts, and Toronto being the intelligent centre of the province, there are naturally two new Conservatives to one new Liberal.

Register Early.

Get out as early as you can to register. That is the surest way to get your name on the list. The registrar or one of the Liberal scrutineers will likely ask you if you can swear that you are not already on the voters' list. If you say you are not sure, they will turn you down and send you somewhere to find out. The best plan is to call in at any committee room in your ward and be satisfied that you are not on the list. Then go to the registration booth and take the oath. No one seems to be able to account for the unnecessary absence of voters' lists at the registration booths.

Soldiers Can Register.

The registrar at 757 West King-street raised objection yesterday to the registration of several soldiers from Stanley Barracks on the ground that they were in the Imperial service. The soldiers stood their ground and the judge instructed Registrar McBride to register them.

Trouble With Difficult Names.

In St. John's Ward the registrars are having their troubles in registering foreign names and naturalized Italians, Roumanians, Galicians, Syrics, Russians and other adopted citizens with names that look, on paper, like a fire escape, are applying for registration. It takes quite a time to register them, but as a rule they prove their qualification.

See That You Are Registered.

It should be impressed upon all applicants for registration that they should not leave the booths immediately after being sworn, but should see for themselves that their names are registered. If you are sworn in with several others and your name is not entered by the registrar you will not be able to vote. The registrars may be honest enough, but it is just as well to look after these little things.

Another Booth Necessary.

The registration booth at 700 West Queen-street was again a scene of conflict last night. After the workingman has got thru his day of hard work he went to register, but the crowd waiting was more than the registrar would be able to accommodate under prevailing methods in 24 hours. Two or three hundred dissatisfied people assembled around the place and the door was burst from its hinges, but the crowd was good natured. The rush in this particular district at night is so heavy that another booth is necessary. One man, Mr. Brown, a driver for Harvey Hall, is sore on the registrar in this district. Brown, it appears, has moved three times during the past year or so and he took umbrage at an alleged remark of the registrar to the effect that it was "cheaper to move than pay rent." The applicant was very indignant.

Votes Where He Sleeps.

Some of the registrars have, thru a misconstruction of the law, decided that if a man has his name on the voters' list for any other electoral district on account of his owning property there, he cannot be placed on the list for the district where he resides. This error arises thru a misinterpretation of the "one man one vote" restriction, and Judge McDougall has made a written statement to the effect that the man may be on the voters' list in another district on property qualifications he is entitled to register and vote in the district where he resides, providing, of course, he can qualify in other respects.

Registration to Date 7550.

The total registration yesterday was 3893, an increase of 236 over Wednesday. The total registration for the two days is 7550.

Yesterday's registration was as follows: Centre Toronto, 959; East Toronto, 722; West Toronto, 1473; East York (city districts), St. Matthew's Ward, 131; St. Paul's Ward, 122; West York (city districts), 386. Total, 3893. It is expected that at least 15,000 new votes will be put on the list in Toronto, under the Manhood Suffrage Act.

Cook's Turkish Baths have reopened.

P. C. Dan Robinson is Ill.

Constable Dan Robinson, the champion athlete of the Toronto Police Force, was last night removed from his home, 65 Marlborough-avenue, to the General Hospital. He is suffering from a slight attack of erysipelas.

Dr. Tilley is Improving.

At the General Hospital yesterday a successful operation for appendicitis was performed and the patient, a young physician, Dr. Tilley of Bowmanville, is progressing favorably. Dr. Tilley, who is a brother of Mr. N. W. Tilley of the legal firm of Thompson, Henderson and Bell, came to the city a few weeks ago and was married. He was taken suddenly ill after the wedding and was removed to the hospital for the operation.

Edwards and Hart-Smith, Chartered Accountants, offices Canadian Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto.

ANOTHER SERIOUS STRIKE IS ON AND 10,000 PEOPLE ARE OUT

Thirty Quebec Boot and Shoe Factories Will Be Closed Unless One Side or the Other Yields—Trouble Arose From Engaging One Non-Union Man.

Quebec, Oct. 25.—Another serious strike is on in the boot and shoe industry, which will shut out over 10,000 operatives and close up some 30 factories.

The trouble started last week in Alfred Poirier & Co.'s factory, on Joseph-street, where one of the hands refused to work for weekly wages in preference to piece-work. He quit work and his place was filled by a non-union man, which resulted in an immediate strike, which was kept up all week. The Manufacturers' Association, recently formed, was appealed to, and after consideration of all the facts of the case, decided to tie up the whole of the boot and shoe manufacturing interests until a better understanding can be arrived at with the men. The association desires to do away with these constant irritating petty strikes, and until such time, they say, they will remain closed, until January if need be. The committee has issued an order to all the factories to close down to-morrow evening, and it is expected every factory will comply with the order.

On the other hand, the men contend that the factories are beginning to get busy with their fall orders, and it is more than likely an amicable settlement will be arrived at.

THE ALLIES AT PAO TING FU.

Official Despatch Received at the British Foreign Office From General Gaselee.

FORCE ARRIVED THERE OCT. 19.

British, German, French and Italian Guards Posted at the Gates—A March Thru Town.

London, Oct. 25.—The following despatch from Gen. Gaselee, commander of the Indian troops at Pao Ting Fu, has been received by the Secretary of State for India, Lord George Hamilton:

"Pao Ting Fu, Oct. 20.—The allied troops under my command arrived here yesterday. British, German, French and Italian guards have been posted at the gates. To-day all the generals with small escorts went thru the town, after which they arranged for the allotment of quarters for occupation. I shall keep most of the British in camp for the present. Am awaiting orders from Waldersee regarding their future disposition."

Conger Authorized to Act.

Washington, Oct. 25.—Minister Conger has been authorized by his Government to begin negotiations at once with the Chinese envoys on the basis of those points in the Chinese proposal that are upon which all of the powers are agreed. It is understood that the representatives at Pekin of the other powers have similar instructions, but whether they have or not Mr. Conger is not to be restrained.

Germany Accepts Japan's Proposal.

Berlin, Oct. 25.—Germany has agreed to Japan's proposal that the peace negotiations with China shall be entrusted to the foreign representatives at Pekin.

French Minister Heard From.

Paris, Oct. 25.—The Foreign Office has heard directly from M. Pichon, the French Minister at Pekin. He has been ill with typhoid fever, but is convalescing. He was never so ill as to be unable to oversee the affairs of the legation. It is believed he will be able to attend the session of the Ministers in a few days.

Protection for Christians.

The French consul at Hankow cables that he has secured protection for the missions and Christians in Shensi Province. Fearing that the courts' presence there might cause an anti-foreign outbreak, the consul notified the Viceroy that any hostile attitude would result in breaking off the peace negotiations on the part of the powers. The Viceroy thereupon secured the issuance of an Imperial decree making death the penalty for any anti-foreign disturbers of the peace.

A BOXER MANIFESTO.

They Have Organized to Protect Their Country and Drive Out Foreign Devils.

Hong Kong, Oct. 25.—Advices from Tienchu on North River say that American mission property there is threatened with destruction by Boxers, who have posted the following proclamation:

We have organized to protect our country and our homes, and we rely upon one another to support the order to drive out the foreign devils. They are mad. Their folly passes description. They are the usurpers of our land. They disturb our borders.

In all the provinces and prefectures chapels have been opened and our people are deceived, ripped open and disembowelled, while the foreigners grow fat on the revenues of China, insulting our officials and merchants and seizing our temples and palaces.

The Emperor is indulgent and permits this. Who can foretell the intentions of the foreign devils? Day by day they act more outrageously. When we behold the present condition of affairs our hearts are bruised with grief. Therefore we have organized our strength to destroy the devouring wolf thrust from the empire.

The Boxers took the American Presbyterian mission buildings, but have not destroyed them.

Rebellion is spreading along East River and North River in the Province of Kwangsi. It is supposed to be aimed at the overthrow of the Manchu dynasty, but the reports are so contradictory that it is next to impossible to form a lucid impression.

In Canton the Chinese officials are taking the insurrection so lightly that foreigners believe it will be very difficult to suppress.

Pember's Turkish Baths, excellent sleeping accommodation, 127 Yonge.

Aiulf Hjorvard.

Aiulf Hjorvard, pianist, Sig. Giacomo Quintano, violin; Miss Mansfield, soprano, will appear at Association Hall, Tuesday, Oct. 30. Few pianists who visit these shores can approach Aiulf Hjorvard. His name may not be universally known thruout the United States, owing to this being his first transcontinental tour. No pianist of the present century created more enthusiasm nor aroused a greater interest than did this gifted Scandinavian upon his initial appearance at Mendelssohn Hall, New York city, last year.

Use Kilborn's "Clover and Malt" for coughs colds and incipient consumption—guarantees to cure, money refunded. 135

It Costs Nothing to Register.

Many people are laboring under the misapprehension that it costs something to register a name as a manhood suffrage voter. It costs you nothing.

Kilborn's "Clover and Malt" is a laxative, tonic, cough and cold cure—guaranteed, money refunded. 135

To-Day's Program.

Holy Trinity Church—53rd anniversary services.

Annual meeting at the Girls' Home—4 p.m.

Banquet L.O.L. 711, Victoria Hall—8 p.m.

Young Men's L.O.L. ball at Webb's—8 p.m.

Toronto Church School prize day—3 p.m.

Lecture at St. Margaret's College, Alex ander Fraser, M.A.—8 p.m.

Anderson meeting, Galster's Hall—8 p.m.

No. 5 Q.O.R. Ex-Members, 29 Murray-street—8 p.m.

Highlanders' Parade, Armouries—8 p.m.

Canadian Socialist League, Richmond Hall—8 p.m.

Grand Opera House, "Mam'selle 'Awkins"—8 p.m.

Toronto Opera House—Joe Murphy, "Kerry Gow"—8 p.m.

Princess Theatre, "The Three Musketeers"—8 p.m.

Shea's Theatre, "The Behman Show"—2 and 8 p.m.

GEN. BULLER AT CAPE TOWN

A Magnificent Reception Was Tendered to the Hero of the Relief of Ladysmith.

HE EULOGIZED HIS BRAVE TROOPS.

And Pointed Out That Self-Sacrifice Could Be Shown in Peace as Well as War.

Cape Town, Oct. 25.—Sir Redvers Buller, who landed yesterday from the Hawarden Castle, was accorded a magnificent reception. The Mayor of Cape Town presented an address in the presence of thousands of enthusiastic citizens, eulogizing the general's great services to Cape Colony and to the Empire. Speeches in the same strain were made by leading public men.

The mayor and corporation entertained Gen. Buller at dinner. In reply to the address, Gen. Buller said that when he arrived here at the outbreak of the war, he found the same spirit of determination to uphold the flag and defend its rights pervading the colonists as he found when he was last here 20 years ago. There was no doubt that if in 1878 Sir Bartle Frere had been supported in the policy he had been despatched from England to carry thru, much misery would have been prevented in South Africa. Fortunately Sir Alfred Milner had been supported. He was sure that the spectacles thru which South African affairs were now looked upon by those in power in England were considerably better than they were 20 years ago. From that he deduced that the sacrifices made and the misery endured by the people of South Africa had not been in vain. Henceforth South Africa would be a prosperous country under one flag.

Tribute to His Troops.

Enormous and enthusiastic gatherings witnessed the presentation of addresses to Gen. Buller in the afternoon. In replying, Gen. Buller said he had felt extreme pleasure in commanding troops who had been trained in peace and paid high tribute to the devotion, loyalty and bravery of the soldiers, especially mentioning the South African Light Horse. He said that after the war it was supposed that there would be permanent peace when all the people would be alike under one flag, all joining in the creation of one common country. It would be impossible, however, to secure permanent peace unless the very best feeling was shown by those who had had the best of the fight.

The city was beautifully decorated and the popular demonstration was truly remarkable.

Sir Redvers and Lady Buller will sail by the Dunevan Castle for England.

CANUCKS WANTED TO FIGHT.

Lord Roberts Was Informed to That Effect and Promised to Respect Their Wish.

Ottawa, Oct. 25.—Major W. G. Hurdman, commanding D Battery, reports from Heivetia from Aug. 20 to Sept. 11: "On Aug. 20 the battery was at Wilge River, and on the 29th was at Belfast, participating in the last of the four days' action under Lord Roberts. The battery was inspected by Lord Roberts, who expressed himself very much pleased with the appearance of both men and horses. After the inspection was over he asked me to present my officers to him, and asked each one his length of service and the corps he belonged to in Canada. Among other questions, he asked if the men were satisfied, and I replied, 'Yes, with one exception.' He wanted to know what that was, and I said that they did not get enough fighting, upon which he promised me that we would get every chance from this out."

This battery was in action at Rietfontein on Sept. 6 and 7, the men conducting themselves with great bravery.

Kitchener Methods Necessary.

New York, Oct. 25.—The revival of guerilla warfare in South Africa, says The Tribune's London correspondent, has lighted up English sentiment, especially in smart society, which is divided into military cliques and factions. Lord Roberts' leniency is condemned by impatient partisans as a source of weakness in South Africa, and the opinion is expressed that a general as cold-blooded as Kitchener is needed to suppress the lawlessness now in progress.

Roberts to Leave Next Month.

London, Oct. 25.—The War Office announces to-day that Lord Roberts hopes to leave South Africa for home about Nov. 15, and that Gen. Lord Wolseley has consented to continue to perform the duties of commander-in-chief of the army until the end of November.

Patents. — Fetherstonhaugh & Co., King-street West, Toronto, also Montreal, Ottawa and Washington.

Scarboro and York Townships—Sales of Land for Taxes.

In another column will be found the advertisement of Mr. John Richardson, treasurer of Scarboro, of the sale of lands in that township for unpaid taxes. Quite a number of the parcels advertised are owned by residents of Toronto, and The World would advise its readers who own lands in that township to see whether their property is in the list. There is also published in this issue the advertisement of Mr. Armstrong, treasurer of the Township of York, who is advertising for sale the properties in that township on which the taxes have not been paid. Many of the owners of these lands also live in Toronto, and everyone interested in York Township property ought to look the list over. 5

St. Leon cures dyspepsia.

C. J. Townsend & Co., Auctioneers, valuators, real estate agents, insurance adjusters, etc. ed7

Pember's Turkish Baths, 127 Yonge-st.

MULOCK BOOMS HUGH JOHN

A Cousin of the Postmaster-General Gives Mr. Sifton a Scorching on Prohibition Record.

ALL THEY GOT FROM HON. CLIFFORD

Was a Petition to Ottawa—W. W. Buchanan is Also Working in the Brandon Fight.

Boissevain, Man., Oct. 25.—(Special.)—Messrs. W. W. Buchanan and W. R. Mulock, Q.C., cousin of Hon. Mr. Mulock, Postmaster-General, addressed a great prohibition meeting here to-night in the interests of Hon. Hugh John Macdonald. Mr. Mulock, in a speech of an hour, stated that he was an ardent supporter of Hugh John Macdonald; that in the past the Liberal party had not risen to the occasion, and that now the Liberal-Conservative party had given the greatest prohibition law that had ever been enacted in the land. Hon. Clifford Sifton had posed as a prohibitionist. When we prohibitionists had a majority of 30 to 1, all we got from him was a petition to Ottawa. Mr. Sifton had enacted a law taking the power of licensing out of the Government's hands and replacing it with a board of commissioners. Under Norquay the licenses were administered by the Government and this would be done under the Prohibition Act enacted by the Macdonald Government. We had long been waiting for a man to make a prohibitory law and Hugh John Macdonald was the first man who ever had the courage to do so.

Sifton Lost His Opportunity.

He (Mulock) was not a life-long party man. If the Hon Clifford Sifton had brought in a prohibitory bill he would have been there to support him, but he had lost his opportunity.

"When I ask you to support the man who has enacted that legislation, I say it is a duty which we, as prohibitionists, owe to the Hon. Hugh John Macdonald."

The meeting was one of turnout, and closed with cheers for Hon. Hugh John Macdonald and the Queen.

IRISH CONVENTION DEC. 4.

National League Calls a Meeting to Follow Up Election Victories.

Dublin, Oct. 25.—The directory of the Irish National League, John Redmond presiding, met here to-day and decided to call a convention representative of all Ireland Dec. 4, in order to consolidate the victories gained in the recent election. It was closed the election fund, which has exceeded the most sanguine anticipations.

The league recommended the initiation of an active parliamentary campaign, demanded rent reductions, protested against police tyranny and the keeping of prisoners without trial, and thanked Messrs. Redmond, Dillon, O'Brien and Davitt for their exertions during the elections.

Fifty-two new branches of the league have been formed thruout Ireland.

WORRIED ABOUT KRUGER.

The Dutch Government is Anxious—One Paper Advises Flags at Half Mast.

Antwerp, Oct. 25.—The Dutch Government is seriously concerned at the proposed visit of ex-President Kruger to Holland, owing to the already severely strained relations between Great Britain and that country. The press generally advises that there be no manifestations at the railway stations.

Wants Flags at Half Mast.

The Amsterdam Handelsblad seriously proposes that instead of festive receptions all the flags in the city float at half-mast as the most fitting and impressive testimony in favor of the independence of the Transvaal.

Little Willy's Song at Cabinet Rehearsal.

They call me little sunny ways,
And I'm singing Israel's praise,
With my little jaw
I screech,
And preach
That we
Are Pyritie!
Haw! Haw!
Haw! Haw!
(All in my little jaw.)

II.

When out of power I did say,
"Old Tupper's throwing chink away!"
(That was just my jaw)
When we got in
We spent the tin;
And did it swell,
For Israel—
Haw! Haw!
Haw! Haw!
(Deny it with our jaw.)

III.

The old N. P. would have to go,
For we good Grits did hate it so,
(That was just our jaw.)
We tinker it
To suit each Grit,
And loud exclaim:
"They're not the same!"
Haw! Haw!
Haw! Haw!
(We can twist our jaw.)

IV.

Some Grits in Lower Canadee
To fight the Boers would not agree.
(That's not in my jaw.)
"Away from home
You need not roam,
But Ontario
May stay or go."
Haw! Haw!
Haw! Haw!
(I have a double jaw.)

V.

Election day will soon be here,
But bless you, No! We have no fear.
(That is in my jaw.)
If on the rocks,
We'll pad the box;
If folks are rough,
We'll spread the "stuff."
Haw! Haw!
Haw! Haw!
(Assist me, O my jaw!)

—Karl.

Hot Fight to a Draw.

Hartford, Conn., Oct. 25.—Bill Hanrahan of New York and Kid Carter of Brooklyn fought a terrific twenty-round battle at the Coliseum here to-night, and at the end the referee declared the bout a draw.

Twin Sullivan Bested Broderick.

Lynn, Mass., Oct. 25.—The boxing season at the Kirtland Club opened to-night with a 16-round bout between Joe Broderick of Yonkers, N.Y., and Twin Sullivan of Boston, in which the latter got the decision on points, after having been loudly hissed for his rough work. Broderick did most of the leading.

COAL MINERS' STRIKE HAS BEEN CALLED OFF

President Mitchell of the United Miners Gave Out the Welcome News From the Strike Headquarters Last Night.

Victory So Nearly Complete That No Good End Can Be Served By Further Prolonging the Struggle—Work to Begin Next Monday Where Terms Have Been Accepted.

Hazleton, Pa., Oct. 25.—The following statement was given out for publication to-night by President Mitchell of the United Mine Workers:

"Temporary Headquarters United Mine Workers of America,
"Hazleton, Pa., Oct. 25, 1900.

"To the Miners and Mine Workers of the Anthracite Region:

"Gentlemen,—After carefully canvassing the entire strike situation, we, your officers, district and national, have concluded that your victory is so nearly complete that no good end can be served by continuing the strike longer. The contest has been in progress for 30 days, and the companies employing you, payment of wages and the benefits derived from organization, the statement continues:

"As there are some few companies who have not posted notices, per signified in any other manner their willingness to pay the 10 per cent. advance in wages and suspend the sliding scale, we would advise that unless the men employed by such companies receive notice before Monday that the advance will be paid, they remain away from the mines and continue on strike until the companies employing them agree to the conditions offered by the other companies, and the employes of the companies who have offered the advance of 10 per cent. and abolished the sliding scale are hereby authorized to resume work Monday morning, Oct. 29, and to be prepared, if called upon, to contribute a reasonable amount of your earnings for the maintenance of those who may be compelled to continue on strike. (Signed)

"John Mitchell, president; W. B. Wilson, secretary, United Mine Workers of America.

"Fred. Dilcher, W. G. Purcell, W. R. Fairly, Benjamin James, National Executive Board, United Mine Workers of America."

The Obstinate Companies.

After calling the miners' attention to the state law providing for semi-monthly payment of wages and the benefits derived from organization, the statement continues:

"As there are some few companies who have not posted notices, per signified in any other manner their willingness to pay the 10 per cent. advance in wages and suspend the sliding scale, we would advise that unless the men employed by such companies receive notice before Monday that the advance will be paid, they remain away from the mines and continue on strike until the companies employing them agree to the conditions offered by the other companies, and the employes of the companies who have offered the advance of 10 per cent. and abolished the sliding scale are hereby authorized to resume work Monday morning, Oct. 29, and to be prepared, if called upon, to contribute a reasonable amount of your earnings for the maintenance of those who may be compelled to continue on strike. (Signed)

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MR. TURNER AT GREENWOOD

British Columbia Finance Minister Has Completed His Tour of the Boundary District.

PROMISES TO GREENWOODITES.

Will Recommend Building of County Court House There—Proposals Regarding Railways.

Greenwood, B.C., Oct. 25.—(Special.)—Hon. J. H. Turner, Provincial Minister of Finance, completed his tour of the boundary country to-day. On arrival here he was entertained informally by citizens at the club. The matter of holding Supreme Court and Assizes at Greenwood was taken up and the Minister promised to lay the advisability of such a step before the Government. He also promised to recommend the erection of a county court house here.

Railway Building.

The question of building the Victoria, Vancouver and