

**73. Q.** Can a weed inspector compel a man to destroy weeds in a specified manner, regardless of his desire to destroy them in some other way?

**A.** Yes; the point is to have the weeds destroyed; the particular way this is accomplished is immaterial. Often, however, it is used as a means, by the owner, of evading his duty and whenever the inspector suspects this to be the reason for the difference of opinion on the part of the owner, he would be justified in insisting that the matter be handled as he had suggested. (See, also, No. 8.)

**74. Q.** In case of dispute over the kind of grass seed to use, what should the inspector do?

**A.** Advisable to use western rye grass. (See, also, Nos. 7, 34, 55.)

**75. Q.** If the weed inspector takes action under sections 7, 8 or 12, can he be sued for damages?

**A.** The weed inspector acts only after those responsible have refused or neglected to do their duty. The inspector is the municipal representative of the people. He cannot be successfully prosecuted for doing the common sense thing in handling these problems. Such people might in turn be prosecuted under sections 5 and 11. (See, also, Nos. 8, 22.)

**76. Q.** In the event of the weed inspector taking action under sections 7, 8 or 12, and putting men at work to carry out his orders, can the owner of the land interfere?

**A.** Most decidedly not. (See, also, Nos. 90, 89, 28, 8, 9, 13, 3, 10, 11.)

**77. Q.** Suppose the section foreman is doing the best he can but is still unable to keep the weeds on the right of way under control, what action should the inspector take?

**A.** Write the superintendent of the district in question, giving particulars and send a copy of the letter to the Weeds Commissioner, Regina. (See, also, Nos. 12, 30.—)

**78. Q.** How shall an inspector decide whether or not grain has been sold for seed?

**A.** If it was used for seed, if a seed price was paid, or if it was advertised for seed. (See, also, Nos. 16, 41, 79, 82.)

**79. Q.** What action should be taken regarding violations of sections 17 and 18 of the Act when clean seed and feed are very scarce?

**A.** About all that can be said is to let your good judgment decide. People must have feed and seed. Help them to get the best possible. After all, there is a good deal of truth in the statement that if a man cultivates his land with the object of producing the maximum yield