

"I trust this agreement will be carried out in the same spirit which has marked the harmonious relations which have always existed between Canada and the United States on atomic energy matters."

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THE LATE JOHN FOSTER DULLES

A tribute to the late John Foster Dulles, former Secretary of State of the United States, was paid in the House of Commons on May 25 by Prime Minister Diefenbaker, and by the Leaders of the Liberal and C.C.F. Parties.

Mr. Diefenbaker read the following message which he had sent to President Eisenhower on behalf of the Government and people of Canada:

"May I express the deep sympathy of the Government and people of Canada on the death of the Honourable John Foster Dulles.

"In his passing, the American people have lost one of the outstanding figures of our time, one whose years of devoted service as Secretary of State crowned a long and distinguished career in many spheres of private and public endeavour. The world has lost at a critical time a great and steadfast personality, ever vigilant in the defence of freedom.

"To Canadians, he was more than a renowned world statesman; he was a friendly neighbour who regularly turned to his island home in Canada for rest and inspiration.

"Our thoughts are with you and the people of the United States as you mourn the loss of one whose counsel was of such distinction and whose labours were so unstintingly given. His refusal to spare himself even when in the grip of a fatal illness will stand for years to come as an example of personal courage and public dedication.

"Please extend to Mrs. Dulles and the family the expression of Canada's sorrow at his passing."

The Prime Minister said he knew that the House and all Canadians joined him in paying tribute to Mr. Dulles' memory. He added that at the funeral in Washington on May 27, the Government and people of Canada would be represented by the Minister of Finance, Mr. Donald Fleming.

Mr. Pearson, the Leader of the Liberal Party, associated his Party with what the Prime Minister had said. He read a few paragraphs from a statement which he had given to the press, excerpts from which follow:

"History will evaluate the contribution he made to the solution of international problems. But we do not need to wait for history to tell us that this contribution was a powerful, at times a decisive one, and one that had the highest purposes behind it. His illness, and now his death, has left a vacuum in the direction of the foreign policy of his country, and indeed of the Western coalition, which will not easily be filled...."

"The free democracies have lost a great champion, whose like we shall not see again."

Mr. Hazen Argue, the leader of the C.C.F. Party in the House, expressed the sympathy of his Party to President Eisenhower and members of the Dulles family.

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FIRST ESKIMO REPRESENTATION

The voice of the Eskimo has been by tradition all but silent in the conduct of his own affairs. This silence and tradition were broken for the first time on May 25, when three Eskimos, chosen by their people, sat with the Eskimo Affairs Committee in Ottawa. They tackled the problems of a changing society in a changing land with representatives of government, religious bodies, and commerce.

"These men are not coming merely as observers", Northern Affairs Minister Hamilton said, "they are here to represent the Eskimo people and to work with those who share a concern for their well-being. This is a historic occasion, something that has never occurred before; the first step in a partnership that is becoming more and more an accepted part of the administration of Eskimo affairs".

Each Eskimo is a leader in his own community. George Koneak (29) of Fort Chimo, was one of a party of Eskimos who visited Greenland last year where he showed himself a man of understanding and intelligence, well able to present the viewpoint of the Eskimos of the Eastern Arctic.

Abraham Ogpik (30) of Aklavik has worked on the DEW Line and supervised the work of other DEW Line Eskimos. Before that he was President of the Delta Trappers' Association. He was one of a group of Eskimos chosen by the Department of Northern Affairs to take the first training course for Eskimos in the operation and maintenance of heavy equipment at Leduc, Alberta. Abraham is a leader among the Western Arctic Eskimos, well-respected in the Mackenzie Delta and at Tuktoyaktuk.

John Ayaruark (52) of Rankin Inlet is here to represent the Rankin Inlet Eskimo Council. An outstanding hunter in his youth, he now works as a hardrock miner at the North Rankin Nickel Mines. The Rankin Inlet Eskimos are an extremely progressive group, so much so that when the local Eskimo Council heard that their people were to be represented on the Eskimo Affairs Committee this year, they volunteered to send a delegate to Ottawa at their own expense.

To mark a milestone in Arctic Affairs, the Prime Minister opened the meeting this year. His Excellency the Governor-General received the Eskimo delegates at Government House on the following day.

The Eskimo Affairs Committee was formed in 1952. Its Chairman is R.G. Robertson, Deputy