

The Chinese delegate wished to secure for the large number of Chinese workers employed in Nauru, whose movements in the island are controlled, the same rights as are enjoyed by nationals of the three administering States. In this regard a formal statement was made on behalf of the three Governments, in which it was pointed out that in the interests of the native inhabitants it was necessary to maintain "appropriate non-discriminatory controls and restrictions on non-Nauruan residents". It was stated, however, that there would be no discrimination as between nationals of States, Members of the United Nations.

The trusteeship agreement for Nauru is one of the briefest documents of its kind. It covers adequately, however, the requirements of the Charter. It is expected that Australia will continue under the trusteeship agreement, as in the past under the mandate, to act as agent for the other two administering authorities and as their spokesman in matters concerning the administration of Nauru.