

In 1880 there were eleven homeopathic colleges; in 1900, twenty-two.

In 1880 there were sixteen homeopathic journals; in 1900, thirty-three.

In 1880 there were thirty-eight general homeopathic hospitals; in 1900, seventy-six.

In 1880 there were thirty dispensaries; in 1900, sixty-three.

In addition to this there are about two hundred and fifty private hospitals and sanitariums devoted to the treatment of patients by the homeopathic method.—*Med. Century.*

### HINTS.

A few doses of *Arsenicum* will, it is said, prevent the grippe, acting as a prophylactic.

Snuffing a little *Hamamelis* extract up the nose will stop nose bleed.

When any ailment has very marked periodicity, coming on regularly at a fixed time, *Cedron* is probably the remedy needed.

"What will cure a wen?" *Benzoic acid* internally and anoint with *Benzoic acid ointment or cerate*. *Baryta Carb.* 6 internally has also been recommended. Also, by Dr. Stacy Jones, paint the wen with *Collodion*.

Good water tastes bad, and is apt to be vomited, *Silicea*.

Hardness of hearing in elderly persons is sometimes relieved by *Petroseum* 30th.

When a child frequently scratches its face, even to making it bleed, *Mezereum* 30 may give relief.

When the face is either very much flushed or very pale, alternating, *Belladonna* 3 is needed.

An abnormally cold nose indicates *Arnica* 3.

Yellow cast, yellow spots on face, *Sepia*.

When the lips or any orifices of the body are abnormally red, especially in children, it is a call for *Sulphur* 30.

Pimples and boils that are unusually painful to the touch may be remedied by *Hepar Sulph.* 3.

Gums swollen, red, spongy, and bleeding need *Mercurius* 6.

Creeping sensation in soles of feet, *Sepia*.

Cramp in calves, *Cuprum*. If occurring in diarrhoea, *Veratrum alb.*—*Homeop. Envoy.*

### MY EXPERIENCE WITH HOMOEOPATHY.

When a child I had inflammation of the bowels and was given up to die by an allopathic physician. A homeopathic physician was called in as a last resort; his remedies restored me to health. In the '60's when diphtheria raged so extensively in New England I was taken with that disease in its worst form.

Most every person died with it under old school treatment. My father went for an old school doctor; but fortunately for me, he was away from home and a homeopath took charge of me. Under his treatment I was restored to health. I afterward studied Homeopathy with him (one of the best doctors of that school in Maine, long since passed over the "great divide"). He taught me a good deal of the provings of homeopathic remedies. That has been a great help to me in understanding the true therapeutic value of such remedies as *Aconite*, *Belladonna*, *Bryonia*, *Chamomilla*, etc. I would advise any doctor who wants to understand the real nature of the remedies of that school in combating diseases to study well the provings of the principal remedies of their *Materia Medica*. In the 80's I had catarrh of the stomach and bowels, with a deathly sickness to my stomach day and night, constant watery discharges from the bowels, ordinary remedies had no good effect. While in a homeopathic pharmacy in Providence, R. I., I talked with the manager about my case; he prescribed *Nux vomica* the 6th decimal dilution, in pellets. I took twelve three times a day; in a month I was cured. One little book has been a great help to me "*Sixteen Principal Homeopathic Remedies*," published by Boericke & Tafel. I wish every old school doctor would study that book and use the remedies as indicated. I know it would make him think kindly of Homeopathy. It would surprise him to see how much can be accomplished with a few remedies. From the knowledge gained from that little book I have saved many lives, after other doctors had failed to help them.

I am not a homeopathic physician, but I believe in "giving honor to whom honor is due." For the above reason I shall always feel kindly toward the homeopathic school of medicine. I have seen it developed in the past thirty-five years into one of the strongest paths in the world. May it always retain its individuality as a school of medicine.

—Ell G. Jones, M.D., Dartmouth, '71.  
New Brunswick, N. J.