The Church Guardian

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Special Notice.

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CALENDAR FOR JUNE.

3rd- EMBER DAYS. " 4th-)

- 5th-Trinity Sunday.-(Athana. Creed " Pr. Pref. in Com. Notice of St. Barnabas.)
- " 11th-St. Barnabas, A. & M.
- 12th-1st Sunday after Trinity. "
- 19th-2nd Sunday after Trinity. (Notice " of St. John Baptist.)
- 20th-Queen's Accession, 1837. "
- 24th-Nativity of St. John Baptist. (Atha. ٢, Creed.
- " 26th-3rd Sunday after Trinity. (Notice of St. Peter.)
- " 29th-St. Peter. A. & M.)

THE GLORY OF THE ETERNAL **\$** TRINITY.

#" Holy, holy, holy, Lord God Almighty." -Rev iv 8.

We seem to-day to be lifted up, together with the whole Church Militant, from the things of earth, into the midst of the gluries of Heaven.

We are lost in the revelation of the wonderful sights and sounds which St. John shows to us and makes us hear. To each one of us the voice "Come up hither" seems to call, and as we attend to what the Beloved Apostle, "in the Spirit saw, we forget all, in the thought of the Throne on which "One sat," who was to "look upon like a jasper and a sardine-stone," oncircled with that mysterious rainbow, "in sight like unto an emerald."

But what we are led to through all this? Through the sight of the elders in their "white raiment," crowned with golden crowns, and across the Sea of Crystal, we are brought to that on which to-day's teachings especially turns, namely, the Worship of the Holy Trinity. We read of the unceasing adoration of Heaven, how those mysterious winged creatures in the midst of, and round about the Throne, "rest not day and night, saying, 'Holy, holy, holy;'" and that when they thus worship the Three in One, and One in Three, "the four and-twenty elders" catch the fire of devotion, and "fall down before Him" who sitteth on the Throne, and worship, casting down their crowns, and saying, "Thou art worthy, O Lord, to receive glory, and honor, and power."

Now the idea of worship, of which we have already spoken, is not only the special thought for us in this week's season, but we may con-

which we are now entering. For we must not think of worship only in the light of prayer or even as adoration alone. Worship may be considered in a much wider sense, for it is a spirit of mind, which leads indeed to both prayer and adoration, but stavs not at these, sanctifying the whole life with a spirit of rev-erence and self-sacrifice, so that those imbued with this holy temper of mind show forth the praises of their God, not only with their lips, but in their lives, by giving themselves up to His service, and by walking before Him in holiness and righteousness all their days. We shall then, in this sense, have to keep before us all through Trinity-tide, the thought of worship, of doing God's service, of bearing fruit to His glory.

For to what may we liken this season? Is it not to the soul taught in the Church's ways, as the summer and autumn of her year? The field of our hearts has been, as it were, ploughed and harrowed, and prepared for the precious seed in Advent and Lont; and further, the good seed has been sown, and has sprung up in many souls, an earnest, we may hope, of the harvest to come. But now the Sun of the Church's year is shining in full splendor, the grain, or plant, or flower must grow into perfection, the harvest must ripen; and this time of "perfecting holiness in the fear of God" we may consider the season of Trinity to be.

This is the time for bringing all our previous teaching to "good effect,"—this is the time for increase, for fruit-bearing. As regards, however, this week's special teaching, how is it with Are we losing ourselves in the thought of บล ? God; not only delighting to read and hear of the glories of Heaven, but forgetting all things in the one reverent, consistent purpose of our lives,—the worship of God, both in the sanctu-ary and in the constant offering of our daily lives to him ? Do we really worship the Father as Holy, the Son as Holy, the Blessed Spirit as Holy, the Three in One, as "God Blessed for ever," our Father, our dear Lord and Saviour, our source of Holiness, our Comforter? If so, we are in some degree, at least, entering into communion with the worship of Heaven, and into the spirit of the Collect.

"The Glory of the Eternal Trinity," there spoken of reminds us of the beautiful hymn which we sing at the end of the Office for Holy Communion, when the Church, after giving glory to God, turns, as it were, yet more in-tensely to *Himself*, saying, "We praise *Thee*, we bless Thee, we worship Thee, we glorify Thee, we give thanks to Thee for Thy great aloru." Here is a vory char for the for the great glory." Here is a very abandonment of praise ! Yet, well indeed for us is it, that we should at times remember and dwell upon, the exceeding Greatness and Glory of our God. For, "Who is so great a God as our God?" "Who is a rock save our God?" "For I know that the Lord is Great, and that our Lord is above all gods."

of God to be faithful, even "as the shadow of a great rock" in the "weary land" of this world! How wonderful is the thought that "It is the glorious God that maketh the thunder." and that "ruleth the sea," who is our God, our Father / So let us take refuge in the strongth of His Majesty, His Power and Love, and there safe sheltered, adore Him unceasingly in our hearts and lives, worshipping Him with "holy worship.

In the Gospel for the week we have the Three Persons of the Blessed Trinity brought before us in a special manner. Nicodemus comes to Jesus by night; he owns that he is a teacher come from God. Then our Blessed Lord reveals Himself in this character, and declares that we must "be born of the water and of the spirit." Thus we have God the Father sending the Son, and God the Son pointing us to the quickening power of God the Spirit. sider it as our great lesson, in some form or Well may we pray, as in the Collect, that we of the human race. This is evident from ex-other, for the whole teaching of Trinity, upon may be kept "steadfast in this Faith," and look perience; for where they have been most

to our God the Father, Son and Holy Ghost, as our Buckler, our Shield and Defence against ,"all adversities;" for "Who is God but the Lord, or who hath any strength except our God ?"

Glory be to the Father, etc.—From "Plain Church Teaching." (Edinburgh : St. Giles' Printing Co.)

JESUS OF NAZARETH: IS THE HIS-TORY TRUE?

The more I study "Nature," the more I feel her mystery and wonder. Her simplest processes are inscrutable. The mutual attraction and repulsion of particles of matter; light, heat, and electricity; the phenomena of chemical affinity alike on earth and in distant stars; life, growth, reproduction-what wonders are implied in them all? When we have observed what we call the laws of their action and described some of them under scientific formulæ, have we come nearer the mystery of their being? "Who knoweth the way of the spirit," says the wise man of old, "or how the bones do grow in the womb of her that is with child ?" Can we answer as to that "how" at all more distinctly to-day? There are a few scarcely distinguishable particles of "protoplasm;" one, by the mystic force of natura naturans, develops into a limpet clinging to the rock, another into a soaring eagle, another into a war-horse, "whose neck is clothed with thunder," "the glory of whose nostrils is terrible." Can any science explain the inscrutable process? Our study of evolution may show us interesting steps in Nature's working, but does it bring us any nearer to the secrets of her heart? And when we think of our own selves, our consciousness, will, reason, moral sense, hopes, longings, aspirations, whether we con-sider these results to be only produced by the movements in the molecules of brain-matter, or believe there is a "something" within us, above and beyond matter, that uses the matter of brain and nerve and muscle as its instrument, equally we feel that we are "fearlessly and wonderfully made," and that every blush upon the check, every tear dimming the eye, every heart-throb of hope or fear or grief, has its source in depths that our understanding can-not fathom. We cannot help feeling from time to time as we ponder all this

"A sense sublime

Of something far more deeply interfused, Whose dwelling is the light of setting suns, And the round ocean, and the living air, And the blue sky, and in the mind of man, A motion and a spirit that impels And thinking things all objects of all thought,

And rolls through all things;'

What a shelter is the thought of the Power and conscious of this marvel and mystery in ourselves and all around us, the word "supernatural" ceases to be a bugbear to us. story of Jesus Christ is wonderful and beautiful; whother we are to call it "supernatural" is only a question of words. It is certainly different from anything that has come within the range of human experience before or since. It is unique; if it were not so, it would have lost its glorious significance, and would not be worth contending about. But it would be strange philosophy to suppose that what is unique within the narrow limits of our exper-ience is therefore impossible. And, taken in connection with mental and moral phenomena, the miracles and resurrection of Jesus may well be reducible under some wide and holy They are unique, but neither isolated nor law. monstrous. They are in harmony with the highest ideas of mind and soul and spirit; they are in harmony with the ethical welfare of the human race. This is evident from ex-