

with a view of discovering some trace of two respectable Priests, who came out with the army as chaplains, and died in Greece, but I did not succeed in my searches; they probably did not die here. I have been induced to make known the miserable state in which I found this cemetery, in the hopes that some one may perhaps be found to repair it, if only from a desire of preserving a lasting monument of the blood shed by France for the emancipation of Greece. It cannot be forgotten, that the French army, composed of eighteen thousand men, under the command of General Maison, in consequence of a review, in honour of Ibrahim Pacha, which was held in the neighbouring plains, where it was overtaken by a violent storm, lost three thousand men, who died of the fatigues of the day, besides six or seven hundred more, who perished by the explosion of the powder magazine, ignited by lightning.

"I afterwards visited the families of different nations who remained after the departure of the French army, to the service of which they were attached. The most of them are without property; so that I was obliged to make an allowance out of my own funds for the Missionary who is established amongst them. I myself saw a poor mother, who, in order to enable her daughter to appear in the church for Confirmation in a decent manner, was about to sell a part of her furniture, until I gave her the means of providing what was wanted.

"Two days before my departure I visited a few Catholics at the castle of Modon. The garrison is composed of Mainotes, who seem already to have made some progress in civilization, if I can judge from the strictness with which discipline is observed. Upon arriving in company with four other persons on horseback, the guard of the first gate cried out, *halt*; it was only after a de-

lay of ten minutes that we were admitted upon an order from the commander, while the people of the country were allowed to go out and in at their pleasure. I expected to find everything in the interior in keeping with the regularity of the discipline, but was much disappointed to see a great number of houses, occupied formerly by French soldiers, tumbling into ruin. The house of the commander, Mr. Abate, a Corsican by birth, is in the centre of the square, where the soldiers used to assemble on festivals to hear Mass, which was celebrated on a portable altar.

"From Modon I returned to Nafp-rino, and on my way noticed a Colony of Cretans, which has been founded on these beautiful and fertile plains. They abandoned their island, which is now under the authority of the Pacha of Egypt, and cannot but still tremble at the recollection of the frightful ordeals they endured during the ineffectual struggles they made for the liberty of their country; and at the sight of the ruins of an entrenched camp, which Ibrahim Pacha occupied for a long time with thirty thousand men, under the walls of Modon. On my return I confirmed twenty-six children, in the midst of a concourse of faithful and curious not less considerable than at Patras, and entrusted the care of this Mission to the Priest whom I had brought with me, and who required all the courage and obedience to accept the charge. He was to live alone in a very poor dwelling, where another clergyman had been attacked by robbers two years before, and was obliged to save his life by escaping through the window and abandoning all to the robbers. Besides nothing can be more gloomy than this wretched town, with its population of six hundred souls, and the few vessels