Miscellaneous.

The Dog Carried the Life Line.

A good story comes from Maine. A. C. Buell, a former well known journalist of Washington City, usually hunts during the sporting season on Penobscot Bay. When not hunting he leaves his dog "Pat," a very fine-bred Irish retriever, in care of a fisherman on the shore of the bay. A few days ago Mr. Buell received a letter from the fisherman telling of a remarkable performance of Pat in rescuing no less than seven persons from a fishing smack that had been thrown on a reef in a heavy gale. The smack was lodged on one of the reefs of Great Spoon Island, about 200 feet from the shore. The men hoisted signals of distress, and were in momentary danger of being swept away. Tremendous waves were running, and the crowd of excited fishermen on the shore knew that it would be fatal for them to attempt a rescue, as no boat in their possession could live in that sea. Suddenly the one who had in his care the dog Pat bethought him that the dog had been taught to not only retrieve, but to tow boats by a rope from one point to another, and often when a boat would get adrift he would be sent for it, and would run his nose under the painter till he would come to the end of it, and he would take it in his teeth and fetch the boat to shore.

"Pat" was at once called. A long cod-line was attached to a piece of lath and flung as far as possible into the water. "Pat" promptly sprang in, swam to it, and brought it to the shore. Several times he repeated this performance. The fishermen were in despair. The waves were splashing so high they could not direct the dog's attention to the men on the reef. Finally "Pat" seemed to comprehend that there was something more serious on hand than he had at first thought. He raised his head and looked intently over the water. His eye caught sight of the boat with its signals of distress and the waves dashing over it.

When the lath with the cod-line attached was again thrown into the water "Pat" at once sprang after it, took the lath in his teeth, and, instead of turning to the shore, struck out through the roaring surf to the reef Many times he was buried under the waves, but after a few minutes of intense suspense he was seen from the shore clambering up the side of the reef, and a great shout went up as the imperilled sailors took hold of him and lifted him into the boat in an almost exhausted condition. In brief time a strong rope was attached to the cod-line. The men on shore were signalled to haul away, the rope was made fast to the reef and the shore, and one by one the men passed hand over hand from their place of danger, the brave dog following when he had got his second wind.

Mr. Buell thinks that Congress ought to vote "Pat" the most elegant silver collar that can be made. "Pat" is from the famous kennels of Mr. Archer, of Tullamore, near Cork, and is a dog of remarkable beauty and sagacity.

Fresh Air in Fevers.

AN IMPORTANT AGENT IN THE CURE OF RAVAGING DISEASES.

At a late sanitary convention, in the discussion of a paper on ventilation, an old army surgeon related a very interesting experience illustrating the importance of securing to the sick, and especially persons suffering with fever, an abundance of pure air. He stated that during the war, he had charge of a large hospital in which at one time in the winter season he had under treatment three hundred and twenty cases of measles. Just at this time the hospital took fire and burned to the ground. The patients were placed in tents, and all but one or two recovered. He had no doubt that the number of deaths would have been thirty or forty at least, had the patients remained in the hospital. He afterward sent one hundred men who were only slightly ill, to the general hospital at Nashville, and seventy-five of them died. Upon visiting the hospital, he found it so poorly ventilated that the air was exceedingly foul, producing a sickening sensation when he had only been in for a few minutes. The doctor concluded by remarking that he regarded pure air and water as most important agents, and believed them to be capable of controlling the ravages of raging disease.—*Good Health.*

Advice to Young Men.

Don't mistake notoriety for fame.

Don't work unworthy of you if you can avoid it.

Be loyal to death to those who have befriended you.

When you assist the needy, don't do it ostentatiously.

Silence is the best weapon to use against a vulgar and spiteful tongue.

Don't indulge in the luxury of strong or sour opinions in the presence of your elders and betters, as the former is likely to fly to your head, and the latter to your stomach.

If you haven't the moral courage to laugh at sneers, then you are another of nature's mistakes.

Don't talk about what you are "going" to do—then if you fail to accomplish it, nobody will know.

Never let a day pass without thinking seriously, if only for a minute, of death. It will rob it of more than half its terror.

A Kingston Orangeman.

KINGSTON, April 17.—Mr. James Blair of Napanee, whose case has been creating so much interest in that locality, is well-known in the "limestone" city. He was a resident of Kingston for fourteen years, and it was while he was engaged as cutter for Mr. Livingstone of this place, that he contracted Bright's disease of the kidneys. His Orange friends in Kingston are delighted to know that he is cured of this terrible disease, by using Dodd's Kidney Pills. Many of them who have been similarly troubled with backache, rheumatism and kindred complaints, have started using Dodd's Kidney Pills, and several marvellous cures are already reported Mr. Blair joined the Orange order in 1854, and is the oldest Orangeman in Napanee. He has been a delegate to the Orange grand lodge, and he has held several important offices in the order. His friends considered his case as incurable, and are of course amazed at his wonderful recovery.

Edison's First Telegraph.

"I see that Thomas Edison is now rated at $3,000,000," said S. J. House, who is spending a few days at the Laclede. "I knew Tom when he was a barefooted boy living at Fort Gratiot, Mich. He was always tinkering with telegraphy, and once rigged up a line from his home to mine, a block away. I could not receive very well, and sometimes I would come out, climb on the fence, and halloa over to know what he said. That always angered him; he seemed to take it as a reflection upon his telegraph line.—*St. Louis Globe-Democrat.*

Indigestion Cured.

GENTLEMEN,—I was thoroughly cured of indigestion by using only three bottles of B. B. B., and truthfully recommend it to all suffering from the same malady. Mrs. Davidson, Winnipeg, Man.

"And did you hear the sermon, Mose,
At meeting here to-day?"
"Yes, sah, I hear de sermint sah."
"What did the preacher say?"

"He ses, ses he, his tex was dis,
'A k'lection 'll be took up';
So 'mejitly I retch my hat,
An' out de do' I scup."

—It would be worth while for the ladies to bear in mind that if they take a gentle course of Ayer's Sarsaparilla in the spring, they will have no trouble with "prickly heat," "hives," "sties," "boils," or "black heads," when summer comes. Prevention is better than cure.

—Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.

Agricultural.

The Cattle Trade.

Prof. Robertson, in a recent lecture before Ontario Farmers, made the statement that the restriction imposed by great Britain would not prove an unmixed evil, if it induces he Canadian farmers to turn their attention towards feeding the cattle which they have to dispose of to a finish of fatness before they were sold or shipped from this country. Proceeding, he said there were some matters in the home products of the farmers which need more serious attention than even the restrictions which the two Governments had seen fit to impose on Canadian cattle. Farmers of Ontario should study economical

METHODS OF FEEDING

in order that they might produce cattle at the least possible cost, as wasteful feeding would so increase the cost of production that no market within reach, under the most favorable circumstances, could leave a profit to the feeder. In conjuction with well-cured corn ensilage, 5 lbs. per day of meal seemed the maximum limit for the economical fattening of steers, and very little above that appeared the maximum limit of meal per day for the economical feeding of milch cows. A very comprehensive test had been carried on for the last two years at the Central experimental farm to discover if there were any constant relation between the quality of the food which was given in its content of meal or grain, and the quality of the milk which was yielded—in its richness or percentage of solids. It was found that the addition of meal to the ration of a cow, after it reached from 5 to 7 lbs. per day, was not economical in point of either the quality or the quantity of the milk which she gave in return. Something over 20,000 separate tests were made of the milk in order to have such a measure of data as would enable them to draw conclusions which would certainly not be erroneous or misleading. From 5 to 7 lbs. of meal per day seemed a small allowance for a milking cow or a fattening steer, but if even that small amount could be saved to the farmer it would mean many millions of money per year to

THE CATTLEMEN OF CANADA.

For some years he had been seeking to discover some substitute for the expensive and rich meals which ought to be added to corn ensilage in order to make it a complete ration for fattening steers or milking cows. At last he ventured to think that he had been successful in discovering a substitute which was now within easy reach of every farmer in Ontario, and almost every farmer in the Dominion who kept cattle. He had with him samples of the ensilage which had been made from mixing the heads of sunflowers with Indian corn. He had also a sample of ensilage made from Indian corn and English horse beans, which had been grown together in the same rows. The sunflowers and horse beans supplied the albuminoids and fat in which the corn is deficient. The method of growing was as follows:

One-third bushel English horse beans with one-third bushel of Indian corn; sow these in rows 3 or 3½ feet apart, to cover one acre. When the crop is grown, put the product from two acres of that mixture with the heads from one-half acre of sunflowers (the mammoth Russian sort.) The albuminoids from the beans and sunflowers thus provided in the ensilage will be equal to 5 lbs. of mixed cereals added to every feed of 50 lbs. of ordinary corn ensilage. Besides the albuminoids in the green and succulent state of these plants is likely to be more digestible than that from ripened grains. The advantages were just as great as though a farmer could get 40 bushels of mixed cereals per acre, in addition to his corn crop, without the expenditure of any more labor or money than in the growing of the corn alone.

THE EXTRA COST OF GROWING

one-half an acre of sunflowers, and providing the seed for the English beans grown on the rows with the corn was equal to $15. Against that extra outlay the farmer got from the 2½ acres enough additional feed to be equal to 122 bushels of mixed wheat, barley and oats. That was equal to a clear gain in cash (valuing the mixed grain at 1 cent. per lb.), of almost $17 per acre more than the growing of Indian corn alone, and the growing of ripened grain to feed with it, in order to make it a perfect or well balanced ration. If a patron of a cheese factory or creamery in Ontario would grow three acres of this Robertson combination for the feeding of cattle, it would be equal to a saving of grain to him (as good as cash in the first year) of $51. Multiply that by 50,000 patrons of cheese factories and creameries in Ontario, and they had a sum of $2,550,000. There would be a clear gain to

THE FERTILITY OF THE SOIL

equal to about 30 lbs. of nitrogen per acre. When it was remembered that a ton of wheat took from the soil annually 40 lbs. of nitrogen per acre, it would be apparent that the more the farmers grew beans with their corn and fed them on this combination the better able would they be to grow all other grains without the exhaustion of the soil. The clear gain in the nitrogen from the growth of the bean crop might be quite equal to $4.50 per acre. If this sum was multiplied by three for every patron of all the cheese factories and creameries in Ontario, and added to the direct cash gain from the growth and feeding of this crop, the sum will come to over $3,200,000 per annum, or more than $60 per patron annually. In order that it might become speedily, widely and correctly known to the farmers of the province, he wanted the names of 100 reliable and careful farmers who have soils, and who would grow a crop of this "Robertson Combination" during the coming year, under directions which he was willing to supply. The seed would be furnished at cost price, and of course there was no such thing as personal proprietory right in the matter. It was given to the farmers free, with the very best of good wishes that it may do for them more than he had ventured to say.

On the subject of

THE FATTING OF SWINE

he said that Canadian-fed and Canadian cured swine products were in very active favorable demand in Great Britain. It would pay the farmers to rear and fatten more of this class of stock. According to the breed of the animals and the care which they received, from 4 to 5 lbs. of the coarse grains would yield 1 lb. of increase in the live weight of the swine. Canadian bacon and hams were almost equal in reputation to the Danish and Irish products. In view of the increase demand for live hogs in Canada, he hoped our farmers will give this branch of their business a wide and rapid extension. England imported about $50,000,000 worth of swine products annually. A much larger share of this should hereafter come to Canada. In the matter of poultry and eggs Canadian farmers needed as much awakening as they do in the matter of cows, butter, cheese and beef. England imported of these two articles of food to the value of $20,000,000 a year. He knew there were difficulties in the way of reaching England with perishable products such as these, but they were not insuperable.

ON THE SUBJECT OF WINTER DAIRYING.

Prof. Robertson said the English butter merchant judged Canadian butter at its worst points. In order that the butter might be at creamery, men should use the very best quality of grease proof paper on the inside of the package. There was a very favorable attitude in the English market towards Canadian winter made butter. The dealers and consumers did not suspect them of any counterfeits or imitations. In that regard—as it should in all others—the name of "Canadian" stands for honesty and excellence. In all these matters it takes intelligence and care to get money out of any branch of farming, but with those who exercise farming as a business there is much profit making with them as in any other in his calling. The immediate good will not be the only good which would result from the putting of these new and better plans into practice. The further and better result would be the lifting up of the farmer's life to a higher plane of activity, wherein he would find a scope for the exercise of every manly faculty and gift. The first gain which was recognized might be the amelioration of his hardships in making money. The best ultimate gain would be the lifting of his life intellectually, morally and spiritually through doing right, and putting things around him in their correct relationship to each other.—*The Empire.*

The Best Remedy.

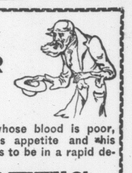
DEAR SIRS,—I was greatly troubled with weakness, loss of appetite, restlessness and sleeplessness, and found B. B. B. the most strengthening and beneficial medicine I have taken. Miss Heaslip, 34 Huntley Street, Toronto, Ont.

EQUAL TO 4,000,000,000 MEN.—The man who "invented" steam multiplied many times the forces of the world. In the manufactures of Great Britain alone the power which steam exerts is estimated to be equal to the manual labor of 4,000,000,000 men, or more than double the number of males supposed to inhabit the globe.

—Walter Lane, of St. John, whose wife and daughter have been great sufferers from nervous trouble, says they received great benefit from Hawker's Tonic, and he heartily recommends it to all suffering from weakness from whatever causes.

—Minard's Liniment cures Burns, &c.

A POOR MAN



indeed is he whose blood is poor, who has lost his appetite and his flesh and seems to be in a rapid decline; but

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Of Pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites

can make it rich again by restoring appetite, flesh and rich blood, and so giving him energy and perfect physical life, cures Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Scrofula and Bronchitis. IT IS ALMOST AS PALATABLE AS MILK.

Prepared only by Scott & Bowne, Belleville.

1893. 1893.

Yarmouth S. S. Co., Limited.

The Shortest and Best Route between

Nova Scotia and United States.

THE QUICKEST TIME. 15 to 17 hours between Yarmouth and Boston.

4 TRIPS A WEEK

from April 5th until May 12th.

The Fast and Popular Steel Steamers

"BOSTON" AND "YARMOUTH."

One of the above Steamers will leave Yarmouth for Boston every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday evenings, after arrival of the express train from Halifax. Returning leave Lewis' Wharf, Boston, every Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday at twelve o'clock, noon, making close connections at Yarmouth with W. C. Railway and coach lines for all parts of Nova Scotia. These are the fastest steamers plying between Nova Scotia and the United States, and form the most pleasant route between above points, combining safety, comfort and speed. Regular mail carried on both steamers. Tickets sold to all points in Canada, and to New York via Fall River line and New York and New England Railway.

For all other information apply to W. C., W. & A. R. C. and N. S. Central Railway agents, or to L. E. BAKER, Pres. and Managing Director.

W. A. CHASE, Sec. and Treasurer.

Yarmouth, March 28th, 1893.

St. Macey, 10,033.

5 Years Old, 16 Hands, 1100 lbs.

THIS SPLENDIDLY BRED STALLION WILL TRAVEL BETWEEN BRIDGETOWN AND LUNENBURG DURING THE SEASON OF 1893.

St. Macey is the best bred stallion that will stand for public service in Annapolis County this year. It will pay those who intend to breed their mares to wait and see and examine him.

He has already proved himself able to sire large, handsome, good-gaited, fast and sound foals.

His breeding can hardly be better. Twenty of the greatest brood mares are represented close up in his pedigree.

Be sure and not breed to any stallion till you see St. Macey and be convinced that what I say is correct.

No trouble to show him, whether you breed or not. He can stand the most critical examination.

For tabulated pedigree and further information send post card to

HORACE H. FEINDEL,
Elm House, Lawrencetown.

March, 1893. 52tf

CHEMICAL FERTILIZER WORKS

HALIFAX, N. S.

Established 1878.

'CERES SUPERPHOSPHATE

(The Complete Fertilizer.)

POPULAR PHOSPHATE.
APPLE-TREE PHOSPHATE.
POTATO PHOSPHATE.
STRAWBERRY PHOSPHATE.

Our fertilizers are now being offered to the farmers for the 15th season. As these fertilizers have been used to such a great extent and for so many years the farmer knows that he is buying something that is no longer an experiment; but an established factor in the growth of all crops.

Agents wanted in unoccupied territories.

48 4m JACK & BELL

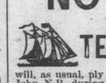
TO THE PUBLIC!

LAWRENCETOWN, MARCH 20th, 1893.

Please take notice that the agency held by R. B. Darling, of Lawrencetown, for Jack & Bell's Fertilizers in the past has now been transferred to Dr. L. R. Morse, who will be prepared to supply the farmers in the future with our fertilizers at prices and time that will suit all.

JACK & BELL.

NOTICE!



The Packet Schooner

TEMPLE BAR,

will, as usual, ply between this port and St. John, N.B., during the season of 1893.

The subscriber will sell for sale as formerly Lime and Salt.

J. H. LONGMIRE, *Master.*

When Schooner is not in port apply to Capt. P. Nicholson, Bridgetown.

St. John address: SOUTH WHARF, care of G. S. DeForrest & Sons.

Bridgetown, March 28th, 1893. 52tf

Fruit Trees!

We offer a fine stock of

Plum, Pear, Apple,

and other Fruit Trees, from one of the largest stocks in America. Planters should get our prices before placing their orders. If desired, we will pay freight and duties, delivering the trees free at your railway station.

Niagara Nurseries, Established 1819. | MOODY & SONS, Lockeport, Y.N.

WANTED.

AGENTS to sell our choice and hardy Nursery Stock. We have many special varieties, both in fruits and ornamentals to offer, which are controlled only by us. We pay commission or salary. Write us at once for terms, and secure choice of territory.

MAY BROTHERS, Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

4 16

COTTOLENE

OUT OF THE FRYING PAN

Has come not a little knowledge as to cookery—what to do, as well as what *not* to do. Thus we have learned to use

COTTOLENE,

the most pure and perfect and popular cooking material for all frying and shortening purposes.

PROGRESSIVE COOKING

is the natural outcome of the age, and it teaches us *not to use* lard, but rather the new shortening,

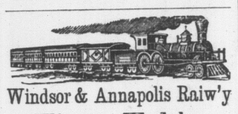
COTTOLENE,

which is far cleaner, and more digestible than any lard can be.

The success of Cottolene has called out worthless imitations under similar names. Look out for these! Ask your Grocer for COTTOLENE, and be sure that you get it.

Made only by

N. K. FAIRBANK & CO., Wellington and Ann Sts., MONTREAL.



Windsor & Annapolis Raiw'y

Time Table.

COMMENCING THURSDAY, JAN. 5th, 1893, *and until further notice.*

Miles.	GOING WEST.	Express Daily.	Accommodation Daily.	Express Daily.
		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
0	Halifax—depart	6 45	.....	3 00
1	Richmond	.....	6 15	3 03
4	Rockingham	6 54	6 24	3 12
9	Bedford	7 05	6 39	3 24
11	Rocky Lake	.....	*	.....
14	Windsor Junc. ar	7 17	6 55	3 40
	Windsor Junc. dp	.....	7 30	3 45
17	Beaver Bank	*7 25	7 40	3 55
22	Mount Uniacke	7 50	8 15	4 25
	Mount Uniacke	.....	8 25	.....
31	Stillwater	8 07	*	.....
33	Ellershouse	8 17	8 55	4 50
40	Newport	8 25	9 10	5 0
43	Three Mile Plains	*	*	.....
46	Windsor—ar	8 35	9 30	5 15
	Windsor—dp	8 40	9 55	5 20
48	Falmouth	8 47	*10 05	5 27
50	Shaws Bog Siding	.....	*	.....
51	Mount Denson	.....	.....	.....
53	Hantsport	9 02	10 25	5 43
58	Avonport	*9 15	*10 45	*5 58
60	Horton Landing	*9 21	*10 55	*6 04
61	Grand Pre	9 24	11 00	6 07
	Wolfville—ar	9 35	11 15	6 18
	Wolfville—dp	.....	11 25	.....
66	Port Williams	9 41	11 40	6 25
71	KENTVILLE—ar	9 55	11 55	6 40
	KENTVILLE—dp	10 10	12 25	.....
76	Coldbrook	10 20	*12 40	.....
78	Cambridge	*10 25	*12 50	.....
80	Waterville	10 30	1 05	.....
83	Berwick	10 37	1 22	.....
88	Aylesford	10 50	1 45	.....
90	Auburn	*.....	*1 55	.....
93	Kingston	11 05	2 15	.....
98	Wilmot	11 12	2 20	.....
102	Middleton—ar	11 22	2 45	.....
	Middleton—dp	.....	2 55	.....
108	Lawrencetown	11 37	3 15	.....
111	Paradise	*11 45	3 30	.....
116	Bridgetown	11 58	3 50	.....
123	Tupperville	*	*	.....
124	Roundhill	12 17	4 20	.....
130	ANNAPOLIS—ar	12 35	4 45	.....
		P.M	.M	

Miles.	GOING EAST.	Express Daily.	Accommodation Daily.	Express Daily.
		A.M.	A.M.	P.M
0	ANNAPOLIS—dp	.....	6 10	12 45
6	Roundhill	.....	6 35	1 03
10	Tupperville	.....	*	.....
11	Bridgetown	.....	7 05	1 22
19	Paradise	.....	7 23	*1 35
22	Lawrencetown	.....	7 40	1 43
28	Middleton—ar	.....	8 00	1 58
	Middleton—dp	.....	8 05	.....
32	Wilmot	.....	8 20	2 08
35	Kingston	.....	8 27	2 15
40	Auburn	.....	8 37	.....
42	Aylesford	.....	9 10	2 30
47	Berwick	.....	9 40	2 43
50	Waterville	.....	9 55	2 56
52	Cambridge	.....	*10 05	*2 55
54	Coldbrook	.....	10 20	*3 00
59	KENTVILLE—ar	6 00	10 35	3 10
	KENTVILLE—dp	.....	11 00	3 25
64	Port Williams	6 13	11 15	3 38
65	Wolfville—ar	6 20	11 25	3 44
	Wolfville—dp	.....	11 30	.....
69	Grand Pre	6 30	11 45	3 53
70	Horton Landing	*6 33	*11 50	*3 56
72	Avonport	*6 38	*12 00	*4 02
77	Hantsport	6 52	12 20	4 15
79	Mount Denson	*.....	*	.....
80	Shaws Bog Siding	.....	.....	.....
82	Falmouth	7 05	12 40	4 30
	WINDSOR—ar	7 15	12 50	4 40
84	WINDSOR—dp	7 20	1 20	4 43
87	Three Mile Plains	*	*	.....
90	Newport	7 40	1 40	5 00
93	Ellershouse	7 50	1 55	5 07
96	Stillwater	8 07	*	.....
103	Mt. Uniacke, ar	8 25	2 35	5 30
	Mt. Uniacke, dp	.....	3 05	5 53
112	Beaver Bank	8 50	3 15	.....
116	Windsor Junc. ar	9 00	3 40	6 00
	Windsor Junc. dp	.....	.....	.....
119	Rocky Lake	.....	.....	.....
121	Bedford	9 15	3 58	6 12
126	Rockingham	9 29	4 12	6 21
129	Richmond	9 37	4 27	.....
130	HALIFAX—ar	9 40	4 30	6 30

N. B.—Trains are run on Eastern Standard Time, one hour added will give Halifax time. Trains run daily, Sunday excepted. * Indicates that trains stop only when signalled, or when there are passengers to set down. Full-faced figures show where trains cross or pass.

Trains of the Western Counties Railway leave Annapolis daily at 12.55 p.m., and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 a.m., leave Yarmouth daily at 8.10 a.m., and on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 1.45 p.m.

Trains of the Cornwallis Valley Branch leave Kentville daily at 10.40 a.m. and 3.40 p.m., and on Saturdays an extra trip is made to connect with the Evening Express from Halifax, leaving Kentville at 6.50 p.m., for Canning and Kingsport.

Trains of the Nova Scotia Central Railway leave Middleton at 2.05 p.m., for Bridgewater and Lunenburg.

Steamers of the Yarmouth Steamship Line, leave Yarmouth every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday p.m. for Boston.

Steamers of Bay of Fundy S. S. Co. leave St. John every Monday Wednesday and Saturday, for Digby and Annapolis. Returning, leave Annapolis on same days for Digby and St. John.

Steamers of the International Line leave St. John every Monday and Thursday a.m., for Eastport, Portland and Boston.

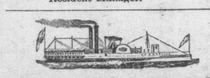
Steamer "Winthrop" leaves St. John every alternate Friday at 10.00 a.m. for Eastport, Bar Harbor and New York.

Trains of the Canadian Pacific Railway leave St. John at 6.25 a.m. daily, Sunday excepted, and at 8.30 p.m. daily for Bangor, Portland and Boston, and for Montreal at 10.40 p.m. daily, (Saturday excepted).

Through tickets by the various routes on sale at all stations.

W. R. CAMPBELL,
General Manager and Secretary.

K. SUTHERLAND,
Resident Manager.



BAY OF FUNDY STEAMSHIP COMP'Y,

(LIMITED)

Annapolis, Digby, St. John,

The fast side-wheel Steamer

"CITY OF MONTICELLO,"

R. H. FLEMING, Commander,

will, during the month of April, sail from the Company's Pier, Reed's Point, St. John, N. B. on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY mornings at 7.30, local time, for Digby and Annapolis, returning same days, sailing from Annapolis upon arrival of the Halifax Express, calling at Digby, and due in St. John at 6.30 p.m.

HOWARD D. TROOP, *President,*
St. John, N. B.

FACULTY:

S. KEER, Principal of Business Department, Teacher of Arithmetic, Banking, Commercial Law, etc.
WM. PRINGLE, Principal of Shorthand Department and Penmanship Department; Teacher of Book-keeping, Correspondence, etc.
GEORGE DUNFIELD, Teacher of Bookkeeping, Arithmetic, etc.
MISS R. HUNTLEY, Teacher of Shorthand and Typewriting.
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IN THE MOST GRACEFUL STYLES.

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IN ALL THE LATEST STYLES.

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UNDERTAKING.

Messrs. ROOP & SHAW

MIDDLETON, N. S.

Beg to announce to the public that they intend carrying on the Undertaking Business at Middleton, and have now in stock a varied and comprehensive line of

Caskets, Coffins, Trimmings,

AND ALL OTHER FURNISHINGS.

Parties requiring their services can rest assured of prompt and satisfactory attention, at most reasonable charges.

ROOP & SHAW.

Middleton, June 15th, 1891. 11 tf

BRIDGETOWN

MARBLE WORKS

THOMAS DEARNESS

Importer of Marble

and manufacturer of

Monuments, Tablets, Headstones, &c.

Also Monuments in Red Granite, Gray Granite, and Freestone.

Granville St., Bridgetown, N. S.

N. B.—Having purchased the Stock and Trade from Mr. O. Whitman, parties ordering anything in the above line can rely on having their orders filled at short notice.

T. D.

Bridgetown, March 19th, 89.

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A Tiverton Miracle.

Twenty-five years of intense suffering which baffled the combined skill and treatment of six of the best doctors in this province completely cured by

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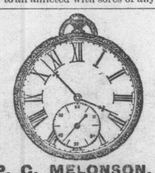
THE KING OF REMEDIES.

From Ross C. C. Handspiker, Esq., of Tiverton, N. S.:—

"I have been afflicted with fearful running sores on my legs for 25 years. Have employed at different times, six of the best doctors I could get. But all of their skill and treatment did me no good, and I was left sometimes unable to walk. Last year my legs became so bad after an attack of la grippe that I never expected to walk again. In this condition I concluded to try Dock Blood Purifier, and before the first bottle was half gone I felt a great change. I continued on to use the medicine, and applied to the sores Norton's Healing Balm. Before I had finished the third bottle my sores were all healed up and my health better than for years, and would highly recommend Dr. Norton's Dock Blood Purifier to all afflicted with sores of any kind.



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REPAIRING punctually and thoroughly attended to, and satisfaction in all cases guaranteed.

I have constantly on hand complete lines of Watches Clocks and Jewelry.

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CARRIAGE SHOP

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REPAIR ROOMS.

Corner Queen and Water Sts

THE subscriber is prepared to furnish the public with all kinds of Carriages and Buggies, Sleighs and Pungs, that may be desired.

Best of Stock used in all classes of work.

Painting, Repairing and Vanishing executed in a first-class manner.

ARTHUR PALFREY.

Bridgetown, Oct. 22nd, 1890. 291y

Administrators Notice.

All persons having legal demands against the estate of JOHN W. ACKER, late of Nicteaux Falls, in the county of Annapolis, farmer, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested within twelve months from the date hereof; and all persons indebted to the said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment to

WM. J. H. BA...

Nicteaux Falls, April 5th 1893.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

UNLIKE ANY OTHER.

As much For INTERNAL as EXTERNAL use.

In 1810

Originated by an Old Family Physician.

Think Of It. In use for more than Eighty Years, and still leads. *Generation after Generation* have used and blessed it. Every Traveler should have a bottle in his satchel.

Every Sufferer From Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Nervous Headache, Diphtheria, Coughs, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Cholera-Morbus, Diarrhœa, Lameness, Soreness in Body or Limbs, Stiff Joints or Strains, will find in this old Anodyne relief and speedy cure.

Every Mother Should have Johnson's Anodyne Liniment in the house for Croup, Colds, Sore Throat, Tonsilitis, Colic, Cuts, Bruises, Cramps and Pains liable to occur in any family without notice. Delays may cost a life. Relieves all Summer Complaints like magic. Price, 25 cts. post-paid; 6 bottles, $1. Express paid. I. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass

HAVING purchased the Stock in Trade and Book Accounts of Runciman, Randolph & Co. and T. Shaw, in the

FURNITURE BUSINESS

lately conducted by them, under the management of J. B. Reed, Esq., I intend to continue the same business at the old stand.

I have employed the services of Mr. Reed as salesman, and think I can guarantee *good satisfaction* to those wishing to purchase.

UNDERTAKING

carried on as usual on the premises.

All those indebted to the old firm will kindly call and settle up as soon as possible.

W. M. FORSYTH.

Bridgetown, January 18th, 1893. 43

THREW AWAY HIS CRUTCHES

AFTER YEARS OF TERRIBLE SUFFERING.

AN INTERESTING HISTORY.

STATEMENT OF MR. WM. McNEE.

For eight years I was troubled with a sore on my leg which resulted from having it broken. The doctors kept me in bed five months trying to heal it up, but all to no purpose. I tried all sorts of salves, liniments, ointments, pills and blood medicines but with no benefit. In 1883 it became so bad that I had to sit on one chair and keep my foot on another for four months. I could not put my foot on the ground or the blood would rush out in a stream and my leg swelled to twice its natural size.

ELEVEN RUNNING SORES

developed on it which reduced me to a living skeleton (I lost 70 lbs. in four months). Friends advised me to go to the Hospital; but I would not, for I knew they would take my leg off. The doctor then wanted to split it open and scrape the bone, but I was too weak to stand the operation. One old lady said it had turned to black erysipelas and could never be cured. I had never heard of Burdock Blood Bitters then, but I read of a minister, Rev. Mr. Stout, who had been cured of a severe abscess on the neck by B.B.B., after medical aid had failed, and I thought I would try it. I washed the leg with the Bitters and took them according to directions. After using one bottle I could walk on crutches, after taking three, I threw away the crutches, took a scythe and went to work in the field. At the end of the sixth bottle my leg was entirely healed up; pieces of loose bone had worked out of it and the cords came back to their natural places again. That was nine years ago and it has never broken out since. I can walk five miles to-day as fast as anyone, and all this I owe to B. B. B., which certainly saved my leg, if not my life. I cheerfully recommend it to all sufferers. Give B. B. B. a trial, it will cure you as it did me.

Yours truly,

WM. MCNEE, St. Ives P.O., Ont.

Mr. F. C. Sanderson, the druggist of St. Marys, Ont., certifies to the entire truthfulness of the remarkable statement made by Mr. McNee and says that several other wonderful cures have been made in his district.

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25 lbs. good Brown Sugar for $1.00.
Single gallon Kerosene Oil, .25
All other Groceries in like proportion.

1,000 Pairs

Boots and Slippers, from 20c. and upward.

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are prepared to give bargains to all requiring this class of Goods for Spring Painting.

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and reap a rich harvest. They are always reliable, always in demand, always the best.

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Mailed Free.

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HEALTH FOR ALL!

NOW that the chill winds of March are here and the damp days of April drawing near to protect your health and for your family's happiness, and a sure protection against colds, rheumatism, sprains, etc.,

USE ONLY

SWEET'S BONE LINIMENT!

TESTIMONIAL.

SHUBENACADIE, August 15th, 1893.

Sweet's Liniment Co., Hantsport:—

GENTLEMEN,—I have used your valuable