Weekly British

Tuesday, October 17, 1865 HE COMMERCE OF VANCOUVER ISLAND.

It is always a sad task to record a death, serious illness, or even a casual misfortune : ut it is very frequently a necessary and rholesome duty not only to record it, but to scertain the origin of the calamity. Human ife is made up of so many stumbles and so nany falls, that it is only by careful attention o the cause and nature of our blundering we can ever hope to walk erect. In this way many of our misfortunes, it has been said. frequently turn out blessings in disguise. The cholera, and even typhus fever, have taught us more clearly and more forcibly than the best medical authorities in the world that cleanliness and pure air are indispensable requisites of health. Philosophy might have preached in the ears of wealth till Doomsday, before active steps would have been taken to ameliorate the condition of the poor and convert their wretched dens and hovels into fit habitations for man. What philanthropy, what even duty pointed to in vain, self-preservation at once undertakes. The rich man cannot afford to have his home disrupted by vulgar epidemics that spring from poverty and filth; hence sanitary regulations. We of Vancouver Island have hitherto been signally blessed with an immunity from many of nature's dreaded visitations: but if we have escaped those calamities that waste and destroy the body, we agve not been so free from similar misortunes that waste and destroy the pursecatastrophes, as the world goes, almost equally o be dreaded as the Russian plague. Let as therefore not shrink from recording what unpalatable, if by so doing we get a closer limpse at the cause of evil, and, consequently, clearer view to its removal.

At the commencement of the present year ody commercial. We took away the silver overing which, like the relucent veil of the astern prophet, hid so much that was bad ad diseased. What seemed to the super- live on human flesh. The man finding the itious multitude an object of worship turned party took them in charge, and, catching it, when its real nature came to view, a base punterfeit, and the free-port god, like many ancient idol; was quickly tumbled in the sen deceived in institutions which they have sen taught to worship, a kind of general vere content with dethroning the wretched etich. The erection of a new idol, if indeed ny policy could be again worshipped, was isely postponed for more important changes. here never yet was an exploded fallacy, owever, which had not its defenders and postles; there are indeed people still extant arth, just as there are unfortunate persons the centre of the commercial system of the acific. The latter deluded victims are for gain erecting their old idol, although the ery atmosphere around its body is fetid and aden with disease. As statistical dose No. 1 rought the counterfeit to the ground, we hall apply dose No. 2 to keep him there.

The following figures which we have careully compiled from the proper sources will show exactly how we stand, and how the ree-port is progressing. For the nine nonths ending 30th of September we find our imports had reached \$2,242 166, giving for the year \$2,989,500. This shows a decrease on the imports of 1863 of nearly a million of dollars, and a decrease on those of fast year of \$569,000. The falling off, unfortunately for the reputation of the "entrepot of the Pacific," is chiefly in our English imports. In 1864 these amounted to \$1,408,000 while for the present year, taking the past nine months as a guide, we shall have but \$917,929-a diminution of thirty-five per cent A man must have a good deal of enthusiasm in his composition who can extract comfort out of this and an argument in favor of our present commercial policy, which was based entirely on the supposition that we would have an immense import trade with England. From California our imports have diminished about 16 per cent., the figures being in 1864 \$1,627,663, and in 1865 something less than \$1,370,000. From Oregon, however, there is an increase, which tells rather against us than otherwise; for while London and San Francisco are the great marts from which we obtain our merchandise for exportation. Porte land is the place we depend upon largely for our necessaries of life. While, therefore, our " Marsh, the originator of the well known merchantable commodities are decreasing in Marsh troupe of juvenile comedians, has extent, our provision imports, from Ore-been, it is said, left a fortune of \$200,000." extent, our provision imports of om Oregon at least, are on the increase. Last year the figures showed \$160,500, while this year we shall have something like \$190,300, or an increase of about nineteen per cent. Puget Sound shows a decrease of fourteen per cent, the imports for 1864 having been \$279,000, while the present year they will only reach \$240,000. The British Columbia

Sandwich Islands, will show a decrease on those of 1864 of 18 per cent. .

Much of the diminution in our imports may, no doubt, be attributed to the falling off in our population, a result in its turn of our free port policy; but we cannot overlook the great feature in the statistics we have just given and in others we have yet to give, and that is a continued failure of our free port itself. Every year our exportations of merchandize are becoming smaller, until at present they amount to something so insignificant that any port might well be ashamed to put them forward and glory in them as the result of seven years trial of a commercial policy. In 1863, our exportations of merchandise to the American territory were \$384,000; in the following year, instead of showing the vigor and advantages of our free port by a great increase, we had the startling falling off of \$165,000; the exports to the above places for 1864 being \$219,000. This was bad enough, and might have shaken the confidence of any reasonable man, if it had not taught him a sounder experience; but there is something still worse to come. The past nine months show a continued diminution. To the American territory our exports have reached, for the threequarters of a year just ended, \$129,575, which would give for the year \$172,769-showing a decrease on 1864 of \$47,000. Our space will not admit of much further comment, but we will recur to the subject in our next.

FRANKLIN'S EXPEDITION - ACCOUNTS OF THREE SURVIVORS-A New York despatch, dated September 29th, contains the following singular announcement: Henry Grinnell has received a very important and interesting letter from Captain Hall, the Arctic explorer, which announces that he has discovered such facts in his recent expedition as to lead to believe that there are yet surviving three men from Sir John Franklin's expedition. Crozier, who succeeded Sir John Franklin in command of the expedition, and three others had been seen. Crozier was rere disclosed the morbid condition of our duced to a skeleton, and being starved to death, while his men were fat, they having lived on human flesh—the flesh of their companions who all deserted the two ships that were fast in mountains of Yo, while Crozier would not seal, fed Crozier sparingly day by day until men during a whole winter, during which some of the men died. Crozier and the two 1st. When a population find they have remaining men were then taken to Neitzehille on Bothia Felix peninsula, where were many lunuts and Esquimaux. Having guns and plenty of ammunition, they were enabled pepticism arises that frequently tends to a to shoot plenty of ducks, etc. The Innuts o less dangerous extreme in the opposite treated them very kindly. At length they irection. The people of Vanceuver Island, started for Cockburn's Land, since which

THEATRICAL-The San Francisco Alta of the 5th has the following: The Academy of Music was well filed last evening, on the occasion of Madame Anna Bishop's first grand concert, and the gratification of the ho believe that the sun revolves round the audience was unbounded. The world-renowned cantatrice never sang in better Vancouver Island who believe that Victoria voice, and her every effort was a triumph. She was enthusiastically applauded. Mr. Charles Lascelles, the vocalist and pianist, completely surprised the audience. His sings ing of the duet "Robin Rough," in two voices, base and tenor, was one of the most astonishingly successful efforts in vocalization which we have ever heard. He was encored every time he came upon the stage. Madame Bishop, assisted by Lascelles and Evans, will give her last evening concert tomorrow night ... "Arrah-na-Pogne" for the ninth time drew a very full and fashionable audience at the Metropolitan last evening. The interest of the public in this play, thanks to Mr. Wheatleigh's skill and taste, and the able support rendered by his company, is unabated, and the demand for reserved seats, days ahead, is really surprising. It will be repeated again this evening. The interdiction of this play by the British Government will only add to its popularity here.... Tomorrow evening Mr. Bandmann will appear for the first time in San Francisco in his great character of Shylock, at Maguire's.

passage in the short space of 18 days and a few hours. She brings over ten of the Shenandoah victims. We are indebted to friends on the other side for the latest copies of the Advertiser, but the news was anticipated by the arrival of the Alberni in this port on the same day. The Constitution made the round trip from Port Angelos and back in seven weeks and two days.

FORTUNE'S FAVORS .- We hope the following piece of good news, which we extract from the San Francisco Bulletin, will not prove too overpowering for our theatrical friend Marsh, and that his performance this evening will be in no way jeopardized :-After experiencing the ups and downs of a stage life, this would be a nice little sum wherewith to settle down under one's own vine and fig tree. We hope it is not too good to be true. The next play, we suppose, Mr. Marsh will take part in, at this stage o events, will be that of Money.

WHAT'S IN A NAME ?-Our New Westminster contemporary is in a high state of imports are much the same as those of last indignation at the unwarrantable assumption year, which were \$81,000. Altogether the of the London Dispatch in daring to eall the imports of 1865, including besides the above, sister colony "English Columbia!" Was consignments from Valparaiso, China, and the | there ever such assurance?

OUR LONDON LETTER FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.

London, August 26, 1865. It is no easy matter to "spin a yarn vithout the materials which make up that commodity. But that is precisely the predicament I am in again, as I was in my two former letters. In all the years I have dwelt in this " great Beelzebub," as Mrs. Malaprop would call "the modern Babylon," I have never seen it so empty, and certainly in no instance within my remembrance, which extends pretty far back, have I ever found the daily broad sheet" so stupid and uninteresting. But for the meeting of the allied fleets at Cherbourg and Brest, and the approaching return visit on Monday at Portsmouth, there would be "nothing stirring but stagnation" in public matters. There is not the ghost of a sensation about them to dwell upon. Politics are voted a bore, and but for murders, as plentiful, alas! as blackberries, your printer's devil would hardly find matter enough to "swear by." You and your readers must, therefore, take us as we are and make the best of it, and looking for something new by and by in the political world,

be content to put up with such scanty pabu-

lum as this letter will contain.

THE ATLANTIC CABLE. By this time you know the greatest scientific undertaking of the times has come to grief, and is " in the deep bosom of the ocean buried." Thousands of pounds sterling lie full 2500 fathoms deep; and this is enough to dishearten the most sanguine proprietor, one would think; yet there is such a spirit of " never to say die" in the Anglo-Saxon disposition, that the scheme will be tried and tried again, if needs be, until it succeeds. It is, as most other things are now-a-days, a matter of money, and that will be found. About this great event I have, however, little to tell you, since I send you the very first copy of 'Macmillan's Magazine' for September, with which the proprietor has favored me, that I may transmit it to you. It not only contains an admirable and trustworthy account of the laying of the cable, but furnishes maps of the course, showing latitude and longitude, and tells how near the process was being completed, and how certain it is that the cable will yet be laid. The intention is to lay another next May, and when it is down to take up that left behind, repair it, and complete the undertaking, so that there will be two means of communication instead

We have had this " most foul and unnatural" crime happening wholesale within the last week or two. A monster called Forward alias Southey, who figured about a year ago his life was saved. He thus cared for the in an assault case against the Earl of Dudley whose brother he attempted to "pigeon by means of a gambling debt, dishonestly won—murdered the three children of his paramour, in Holborn, and turned up two days after at Ramsgate, where he shot his lawful wife, whom he had deserted for eight years, and his youngest child, whom he had racing ground, being crowded. Each boat her bow out of the water in a nearly perpennever seen. It will be attempted to make him out mad, but there is marvellous "method by four experienced rowers, dicular position. Her stern was in 8½ fathoms each pulling one oar. About half-past 11 of water. All the crew, and most of the carirection. The people of Vancouver Island, started for Cockburn's Land, since which him out mad, but there is instructions must mad, but there is instructions must mad o'clock the signal to start was given by the they have not been seen or heard from. All in his madness' if he be so. To my mind o'clock the signal to start was given by the go, furniture, and stores were saved.

Boats from the Prussian brig Typhoon, owever, did not rush to this extreme. They this was previous to 1854, but the Innuts he is a most described with the first of the multitude. The capt. Meinch, lost on July 4th while on a whom the world will be well rid. Searcely forth amid the huzzas of the multitude. The had the public mind recovered from this Neptune was in advance a length at starting erime than a private soldier of the Royal but lost it in a few yards by running under Eugineers, named Carrie, shot Major de the bow of a schooner lying at anchor, com-Vere, at Chatham, whilst that officer was on pelling the oarsmen to haul up and lower parade, the excuse for his doing so being their heads in order to miss the ropes hangthat he had been spited and unjustly pun-ished by that officer. After lingering several took the lead and maintained it until rounddays the officer died, and Carrie will to a ing the stake boat, about three miles distant certainty be hung. There seems to be very little doubt-indeed I may say I know it was hauled alongside and the contest commenced so from private information—that the mur. in hot earnest. As seen from the shore they dered officer was a great martinet and had appeared to be running side by side, and punished the man again and again for the most trivial faults, which inspired a spirit of revenge. Nothing can excuse the crime, but the military authorities would do well to look into the state of many regiments in the service, where unhappily anything but a loyal spirit prevails, chiefly on account of the oversevere discipline of some one or other high in command. Whilst this affair was on everybody's tongue, a Yorkshire volunteer sees the girl to whom he had offered marriage dancing with an accepted lover, and immediately follows her home, knocks her down with the butt end of his rifle, breaking the stock in A discovery that is likely to lead to the open- nery early next season. The Discovery Comdoing so, and then stabs her and her mother with his bayonet, ending by attempting to commit spicide himself, in which he is demother, steeped in poverty up to the very lips, cuts the throats of her three children in London to save them, as she said, from starseems to be little doubt, her insanity being that which often results from ignorant people

> The whole country is in a state of ferment on account of the fearful visitation which has more than decimated cattle in every about the metropolis. Whether the disease be the Rinderpeste, or Steppe visitabe that it will soon pass away, and certainly the most energetic means are being resorted ter with spirit and every country being flocks and herds as far as possible. I hope in my next to be able to tell you that the worst is past; but the weather being most sap.

THE CATTLE PLAGUE.

it inevitable that prices will rule fearfully high during the approaching winter. is still at Coburgh, where there is quite an assemblage of Royalty. She is to go to-day to Bonn, to inaugurate a statue of the Prince Consort, this being his birth-day, that object being given out as the cause of her visit.

crop being below the average, and this visi-

tation accompanying such misfortunes make

Her Majesty will return in about a fortnight and will then proceed to Balmoral, where she will continue to reside for about a month, Particulars of Losses by the Typhoon! after which she will make Windsor her home for the winter, going occasionally to Osborne.

AUSTRIA AND PRUSSIA. The Convention between Austria and Prussia with regard to the Duchies has at military occupation and civil administration Islands : of Holstein are vested in Austria alone .-Prussia is to discharge the same duties in Schleewig. Kiel becomes a Prussian port. Austria receiving a pecuniary indemnity for felt in certain localities. a surrender of her rights therein. Thus it We cut the following from the North China will be seen that the lion's share falls to News, of July 27th :

view to providing relief to the more urgent the residence of his mother, Queen Hortense. and Oriflamme, we take the following from At this chateau many of his early days were late Shanghae papers : passed, and it was there, after his escape from Ham, he took a last farewell of his per Promise at so late an hour yesterday, that mother. The Emperor's reception was most we can do no more than give a bare abstract cordial, and testified loudly to the respect of

mark.

SANDWICH ISLANDS.

The schooner Domitila sailed on the 9th for Valparaiso with a cargo of molasses.

The U. S. S. Saranac, Capt. Scott, arrived from Victoria at Honolulu on the 10th. She was about to leave when the Alberni left. The local papers are occupied with lengthy dissertations on the disease of leprosy, which

is spreading in the Sandwich Islands. ket prices in Honolulu : bread, 61 cents \$ Ib; fresh butter, 37½ cts.; eggs, 50 cts ₩ doz.; hams, 30 cts # fb.; bacon, 38 cts.; beef 8 cts; mutton and veal, 10 cts.; turkeys, 50 to 75 icate a manner as possible points out the imcts. each; chickens, 25 cts; oysters, 1 lb tins prudence of which the masters of the missing 50cts.; 2 To do 75cts.; smoked salmon, 25cts vessels were guilty in leaving port in the teeth # to; pickled do 12cts.; salt codfish, 16cts.

Exciting Boat Race.—The race between ashore the following day, and a large hole the Neptune and Kearsage, took place ac- knocked in her starboard side. Assistance cording to agreement, from the foot of Third was afterward rendered her by the gun-boat street yesterday morning. A large number were transferred, with such portions of cargo of spectators were present. The ends of all as could be saved, this work continued till 8 the wharves and the decks of vessels lying a.m., on the 20th, when the ship settling fast. at them, which commanded a view of the she was abandoned, and a few minutes after she went down stern first, and remained with from the starting point, when the Neptune however, the Neptune darted in advance and ruled at 281 per cent. discount. came in ahead, winning the race and money, by, however, less than a length. The stakes were \$1000. The Neptune was built at ter received from Cariboo by the last express whole distance, about six miles, was made in 20 minutes and 30 seconds.— S. F. Flag.

ing up of new and extensive diggings in the pany have already taken a considerable hills on Williams Creek has lately taken feated. Ere the news was cold an unhappy place, nearly opposite Richfield. The companies having bill claims between Richfield and the canon have been washing away the ground extensively during the present season. vation. That this poor wretch is mad there One company called the Forest Hill, at a height of 300 feet above the bed of the creek, have discovered an old channel from which into great favor .- Sentinel.

THE COUNTRY IN DANGER-The following alarming document was picked up on the district, and none more so than in and sidewalk yesterday: " Notice-The friends tion, is in doubt, and veterinary surgeons are a meeting to be held at—on—. By or- Denman came over in the Governor's carquarrelling right and left about this, when der. N. B .- Tickets of admission may be riage, and is at Government House. We they had far better be employing their time obtained on application to any of the Broth- understand the Sutlej will remain for some in devising means for checking so fearful a erhood, who can be found generally around time, and it is rumored that Lady Denman calamity. The general impression seems to town." The place and date of meeting we will present the prizes to the victors at the withhold as the document savors too strongly late rifle contest. - Columbian. of an attempt to get up a sell. In the meanto the Government having taken up the mate time however we may add that the hand more or less agitated so as to preserve our author would do well to drop the acquaint- barrels and 75 half barrels of cranberries for ance of the Brotherhood around town or they may possibly lead him into trouble. Verb unpropitious for gathering in the harvest, the

G. H. Cary, Esq., have been added to the library of the Mechanics' Institute : Reade's Choister and the Hearth; Love me little, love day, Oct. 7th, 1865: Duties, import, £1,327 me long: Mrs. H. B. Stowe's Pearl of Orr's Not only are the Prince and Princess of Wales with her, but the Duke of Cambridge, his mother and sisters are also of the party.

dise Lost; Motley's history of the United Number of passengers entering at this port during same period, 48.—Columbian.

LATEST FROM CHINA

Shipping for Victoria and San

(DATES TO AUG. 1ST.)

By the arrival of the Alberni, we have the length been signed. By this Convention the following later news from China via Sandwich

A severe typhoon with heavy rains had visited the coast; several sailing vessels and five steamers are reported lost or unheard Rendsburg is to be a Federal fortress, garri- from, and the extensive inundations of rice soned by Prussians. The Duchy of Lauen- fields are said to have largely advanced this burgh is ceded to Prussia in consideration of staple, and in consequence much distress was

Prussia. Who is to succeed to the throne of Schleswig-Holstein is a matter that still of Changchow, and westward to Wusi, have awaits solution. The Emperor of Austria suffered dreadfully from the late rains. The and the King of Prussia had a meeting on fields are completely inundated, the crops dethe 19th instant at Salyburgh, when these stroyed, the cattle drowned, and numbers of matters were arranged. So ends the robber, the boat population lost. We understand that raid against the King and Kingdom of Den a subscription list is now being sent around

cases of distress. has been paying a visit, in company with the In regard to the wrecks of the steamers Empress, to Arenberg in Switzerland, once Hellespont, Lalla Rookh, Corea, Chanticleer,

amongst the more wealthy Chinese with a

the inhabitants, many of whom remember importance is comprised in a condensation of the log of the P. & O. str. Azoff, published in the Daily Press of the 17th inst., wherein all old friends is said to have been most gracious the facts known as to the fate of the Corea and Chanticleer are placed in a connected Money, 89 8 @ 893/4; for Account, 893/4 form. The Azoff had been sent on the 9th inst. in search of the missing steamers, and had made a searching examination of all the bays on the coast, into which either vessel might have been driven for shelter. Nothing was learned untill she reached Swatow, when it was ascertained from the master of the W. Gundall, that a steamer supposed to have been the Oriflamme, had been seen on shore after the gale, and that a quantity of wreck together with a considerable number of bodies had also been seen, but on account of the disabled state of the Wm. Gundall, no attention The following were some of the retail mar- had been paid to them. The Azoff subsequently visited the Pratas shoal, but discovered nothing to throw light upon the fate of either steamer. The Daily Press in as del-

of the typhoon.

The Lallah Rookh left Shanghae on the 18th of July, bound to Ningpo. She was driven Waratah, to which passengers, baggage, etc., she was abandoned, and a few minutes after

passage from Hongkong to Shanghae, had safely reached the latter port, saving all hands on board.

The American ship Lancashire, Hazard, had arrived from Puget Sound, and bark Panama, Johnson, was under daily dispatch for

Victoria, V. I. For San Francisco, the bark Mermaid, sailed from Shanghae-also ship Reindeer, on the 25th, to touch at Yokohama. The American ship Orion had also sailed for San Francisco, seeking employment. The ship Henry Har-beck, brig Emily W. Geyburn, and French they continued so until very near the goal, bark Port de Bordeaux, were all advertised the contest being so close that bets were for San Francisco, via Japan. Freights from made upon both boats when they were within Shanghae to London were £2 to £2.10, and only a few feet of the wharf. At the close, exchange 6s 4d. Exchange on Hongkong

QUARTZ MINING IN CARIBOO-From a let-Victoria, and the Kearsage at this city. The we extract the following: "The most imporson, is a quartz lead containing sufficient NEW DISCOVERY ON WILLIAMS CREEK .- gold and silver to justify several companies in making preparations for creeting machiquantity of quartz out, and are going to work all winter. I have seen some specimens from the ledge containing a great quantity of gold."-Columbian.

IMPROVEMENTS. - Messrs. Oppenheimer have recently built extensive underground vaults in the rear of their premises in Bar-LATEST FROM SANDWICH ISLANDS—The fast-sailing bark Constitution arrived at Port Angelos, W. T., on Monday, having left Honolulu on Sept. 20th, thus making the Honolulu on Sept. 20th, thus making the fast-sailing bark constitution arrived at Port able theology. I might enlarge the catalogue for the cases I have jotted down are only the most prominent; but, by this time, you of the claim. The general opinion is that have doubtless sufficiently "supped full of a rich and extensive lead has been dispersion of the claim. The general opinion is that have doubtless sufficiently "supped full of a rich and extensive lead has been dispersion. A large number of Chicago are kerville, for the storage of goods; they have covered that may soon bring hill claims office. A large number of Chinese are into great favor.—Sentinel. building houses close to Barkerville, with the intention of becoming residents of Cariboo .-

ARRIVAL OF THE SUTLEJ-Admiral Denman's flag ship Sutlej arrived in Burrard Inof 'Arrah-na-Pogue' are requested to attend let at 4 o'clock on yesterday evening. Lady

Exports-The schooner Wester, Mills, writing on the paper is recognised and the sailed for Nanaimo on Saturday with 315 Mr. L. Hoyt, of this city. These cranber-ries will be carried to San Francisco as deck load by some of the vessels carrying coal. MECHANICS' INSTITUTE — The following The schooner Marcella, Moore, sailed for Victoria, on Monday, with 100 barrels of cranberries for Mr. H. Devries, of this city. -Columbian.

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS for week ending Saturs Island; The Bay Path, a tale of New Eng- 3 2; do. (export) £33 9; harbor dues, £25 land Colonial Life, by J. G. Holand; Byron's 5 6; headmoney, £9 12; tonnage dues, Works; Longfellow's Works; Milton's Para- £131 9 6; fees, £0 4. Total, £1,527 3 2; THE COMMI

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our desire is to that men will leave the col like every other tries, so that domestic trade. tration to perse things needful rulers of Vanc They have sa worth retaining that promised t and all for v tioneers should pense of our les a few commis money by sto been cramped these men, wh boast that eve should bear the trial, however, the rest of the We are the mis the smallest of imported merc something short while we take mous value of shall export abo \$200,000, and to and pay for \$24 lay the Pacific morning conte astounded or t profitable positi himself with at not make its Consul's books. at a million doll remarkable doir smuggler;" b think Will wou mark in Vanco \$172,000 of mer rican territory a million dollar markable feat a our contempora Cariboo on its however, that o lation would a state of nudi importations a rican territory b or two million should not he enough dry goo enough flour and a fortnight. The only exp up to the mark Islands. For th

sent to Honolulu dise. Of home ed the very small American territor skins and coal last nine month give for the year 1864 of \$25,85 amounted to \$ te \$40,192 Du the export of much increased. American territo \$1973. As a w are truly pitiable ony of Anglo-Sa government we largest exporting according to ou coast. It is this of home industr population, that against the free p upion when it me adopt the policy -of Canada and and the Cape of what is at stake the Island. A union; but to en nership we must to inaugurate a

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